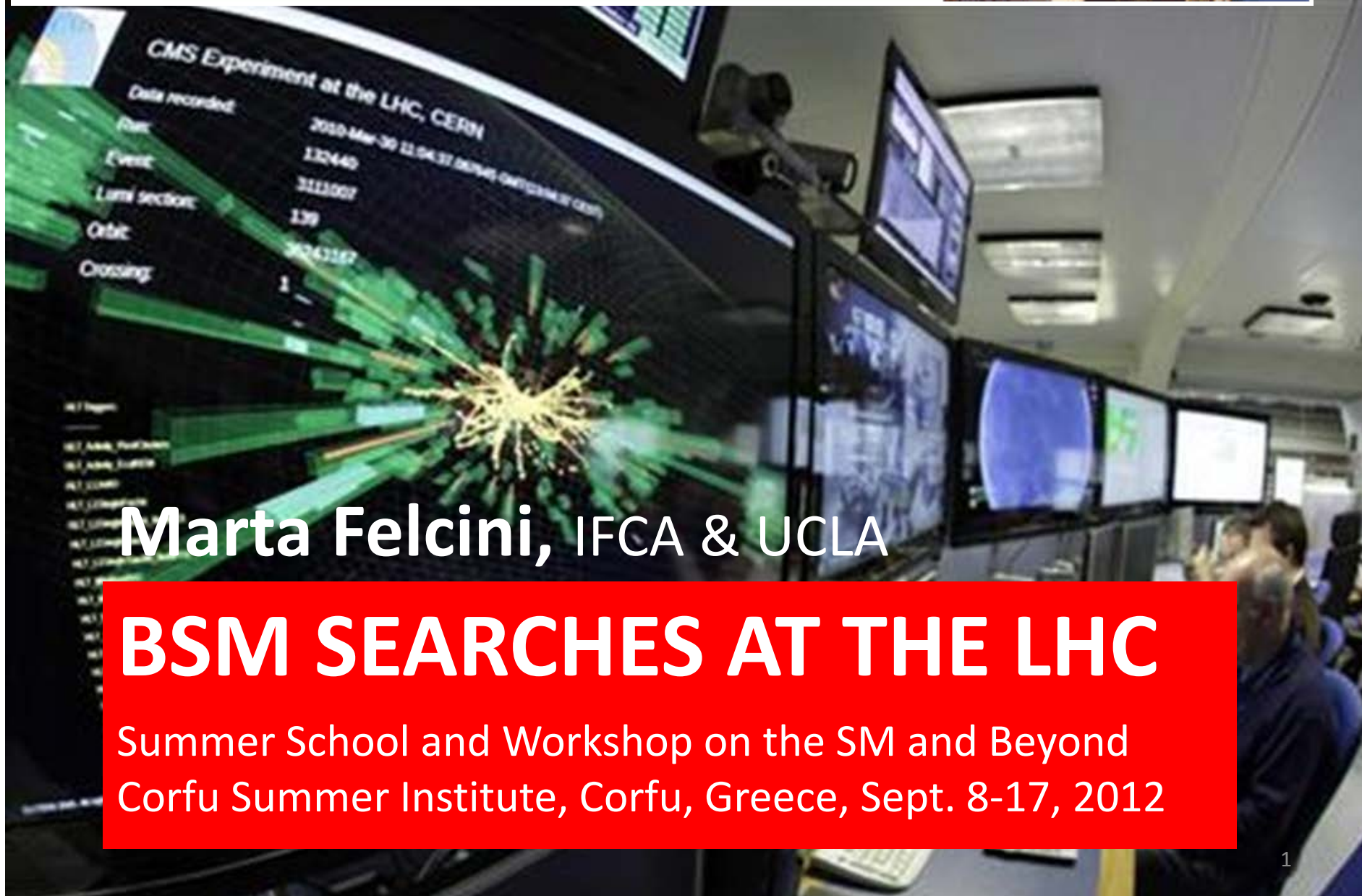




Corfu Summer Institute

12th Hellenic School and Workshops on Elementary Particle Physics and Gravity
Corfu, Greece 2012

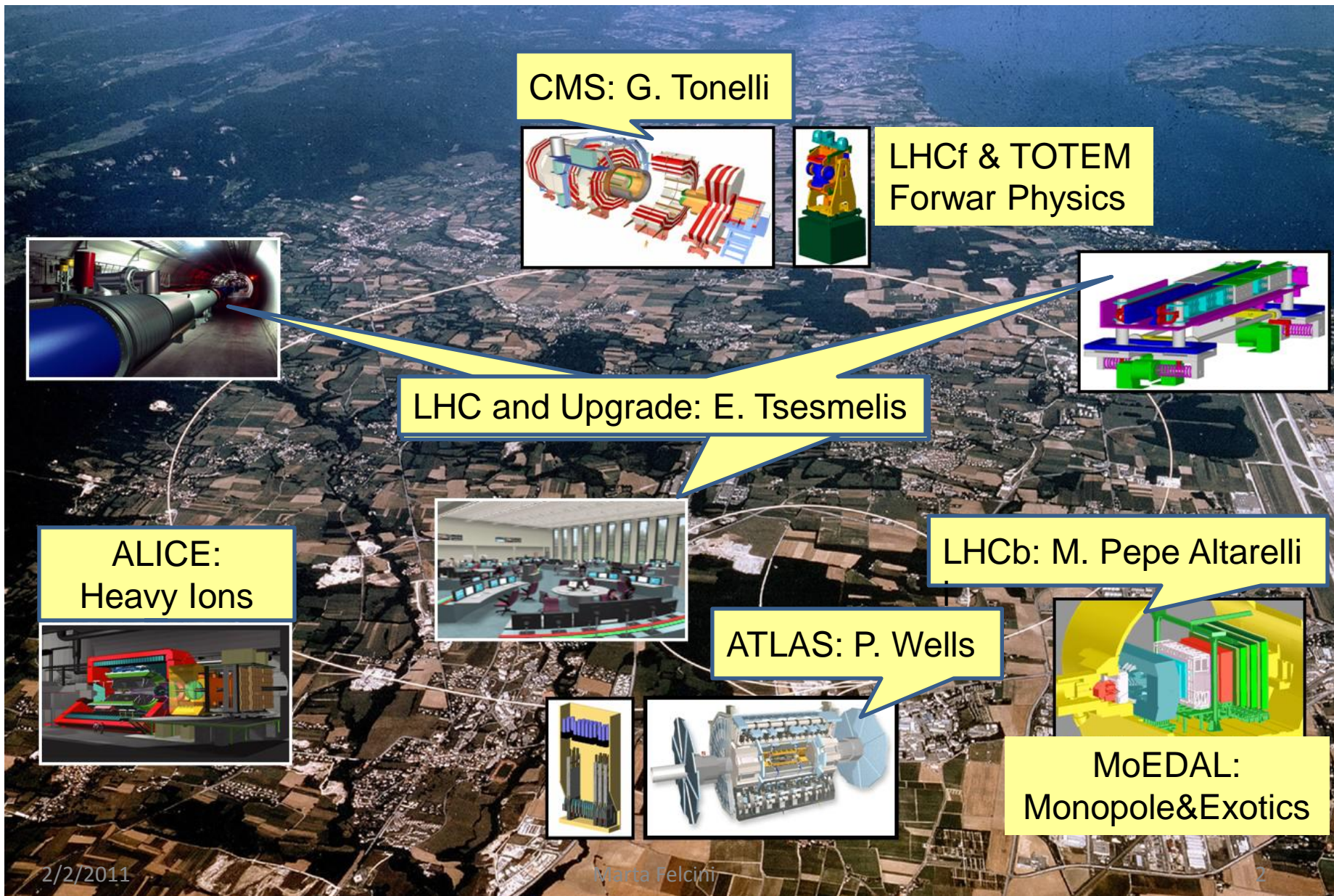


Marta Felcini, IFCA & UCLA

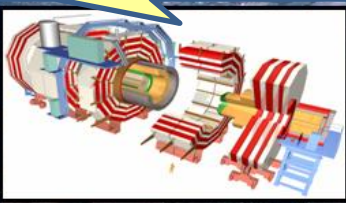
BSM SEARCHES AT THE LHC

Summer School and Workshop on the SM and Beyond
Corfu Summer Institute, Corfu, Greece, Sept. 8-17, 2012

LHC Collider and Detectors



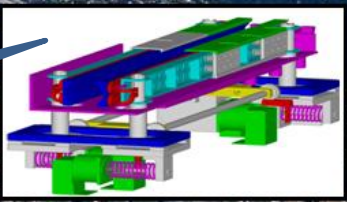
CMS: G. Tonelli



LHCf & TOTEM
Forwar Physics



LHC and Upgrade: E. Tsesmelis



ALICE:
Heavy Ions

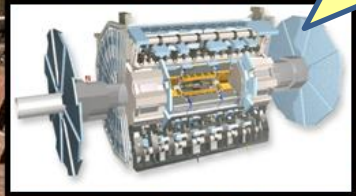
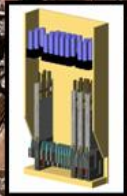


LHCb: M. Pepe Altarelli

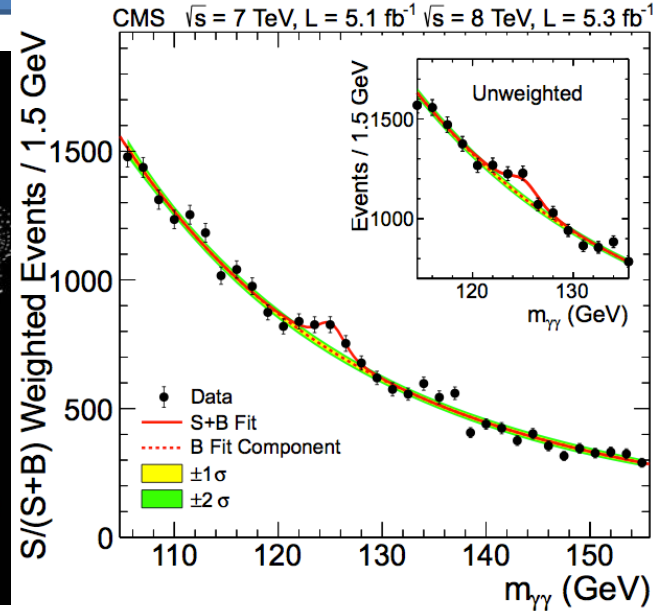
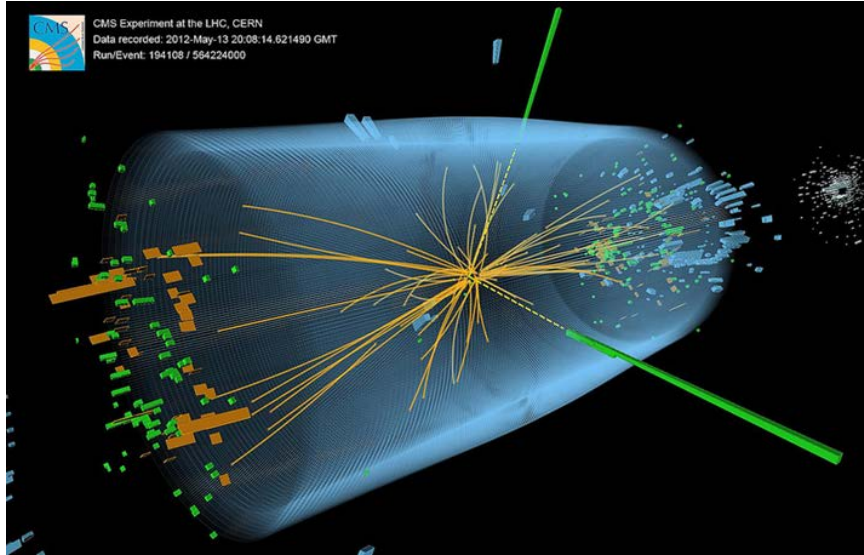
ATLAS: P. Wells



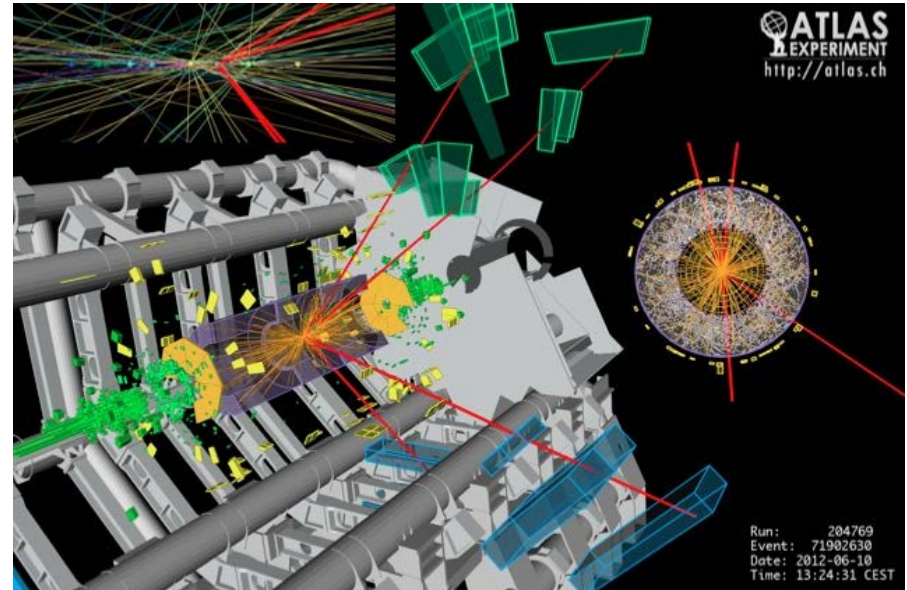
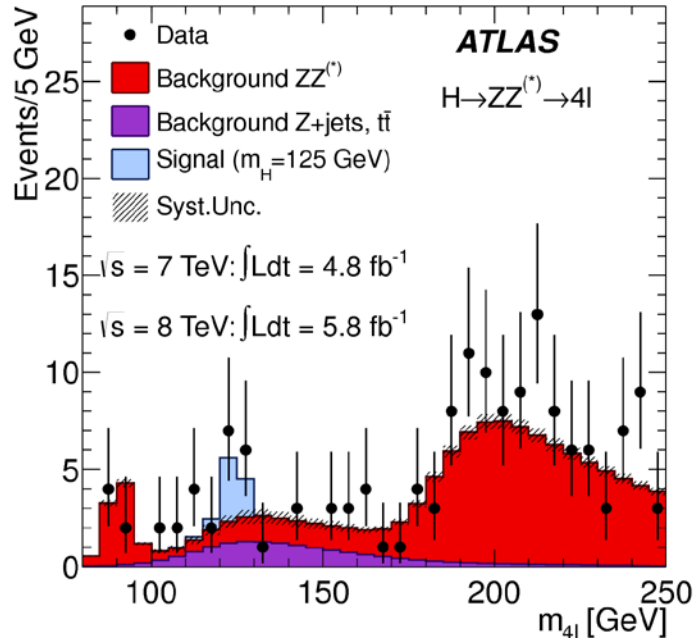
MoEDAL:
Monopole&Exotics



Higgs-like Boson Discovered



A. De Roeck
J. Varela
L. Fayard



Exhultation!



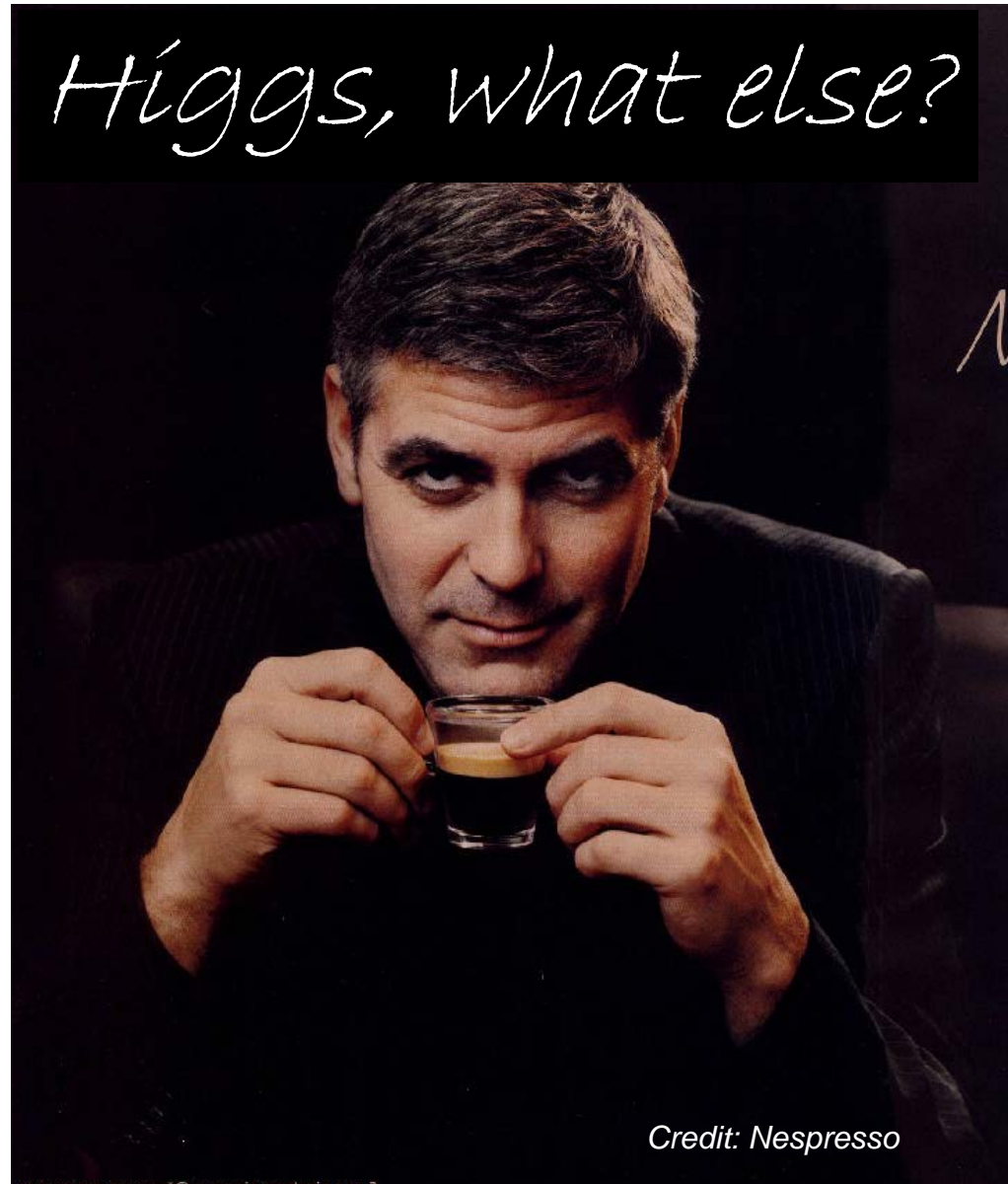
A question remains...

“Why not just **find the Higgs particle**, for completeness, and **declare that particle physics is closed?**

...

the reason is that **there are both conceptual problems and phenomenological indications for physics beyond the SM.**”

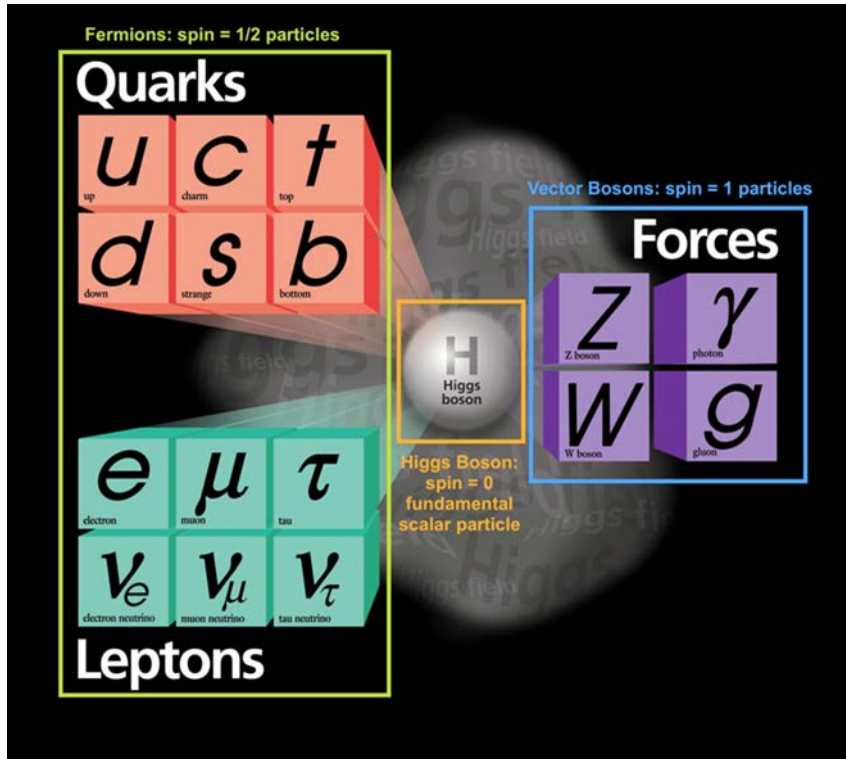
G. Altarelli,
Moriond 2012 Summary,
arXiv:1206.1476



Credit: Nespresso

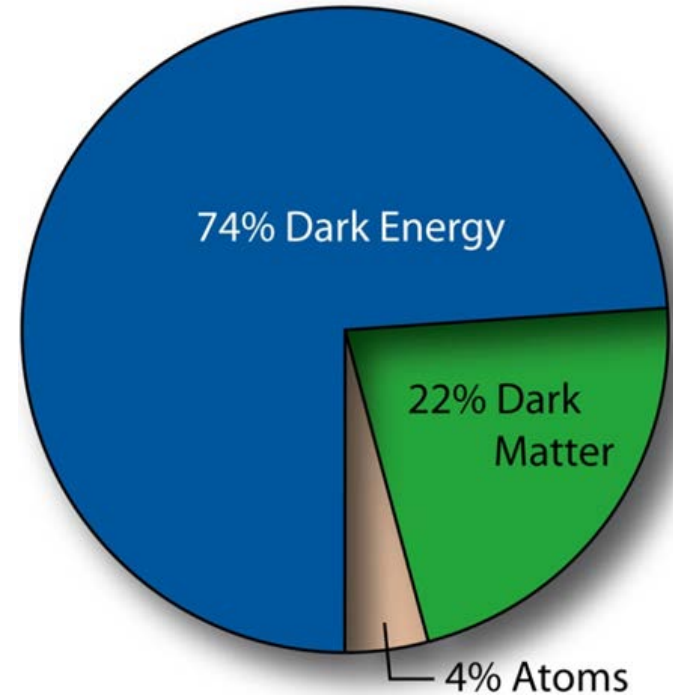
Present knowledge and problems

Standard Model



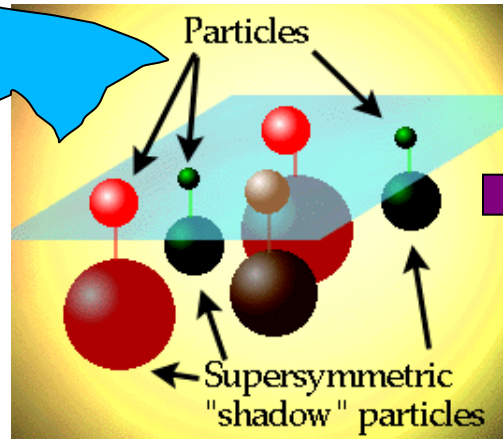
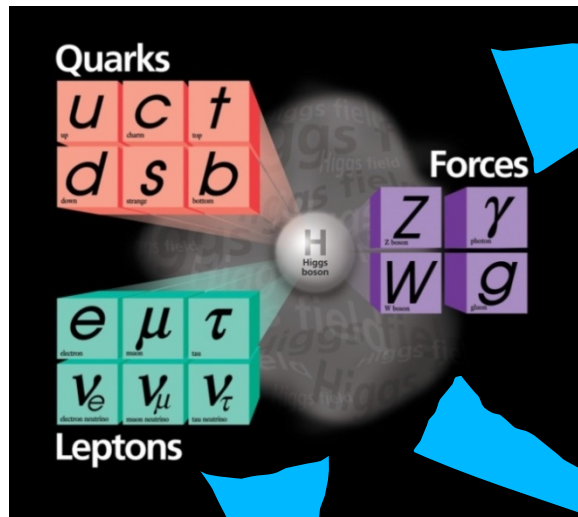
G. Degrassi, G. Altarelli, G. Perez,
G. Branco, F. Maltoni, G. Zanderighi,
R. Pittau, D. De Florian M. Rebelo

Beyond the Standard Model



A. Santamaria, M. Nemevsek, G. Ross,
E. Dudas, T Hahn, C. Hartmann,
A: Hebecker, V. Mukhanov, P. Osland,
G. Belanger, R. Harlander, D. Ghilencea
P. Nilles, K. Papadodimas, E. Kiritsis,
L. Covi, M. Krawczyk, A. Iyer, F.
Herrmann, M. Oleckowski, ...

Beyond the Standard Model



Dark matter candidates

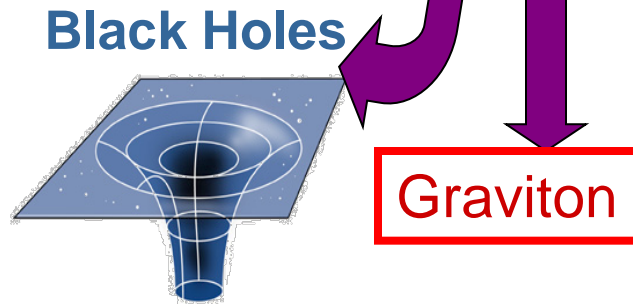
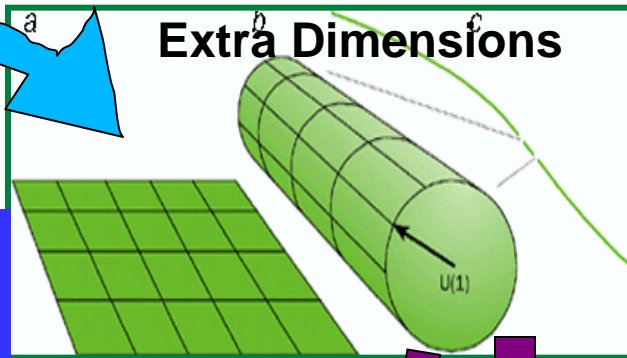
Many possible BSM directions...

Need navigation aid
=> specific BSM models: important benchmarks

to set-up the search strategies
=> particularly trigger (on-line) selections
“an event missing the trigger is lost forever”

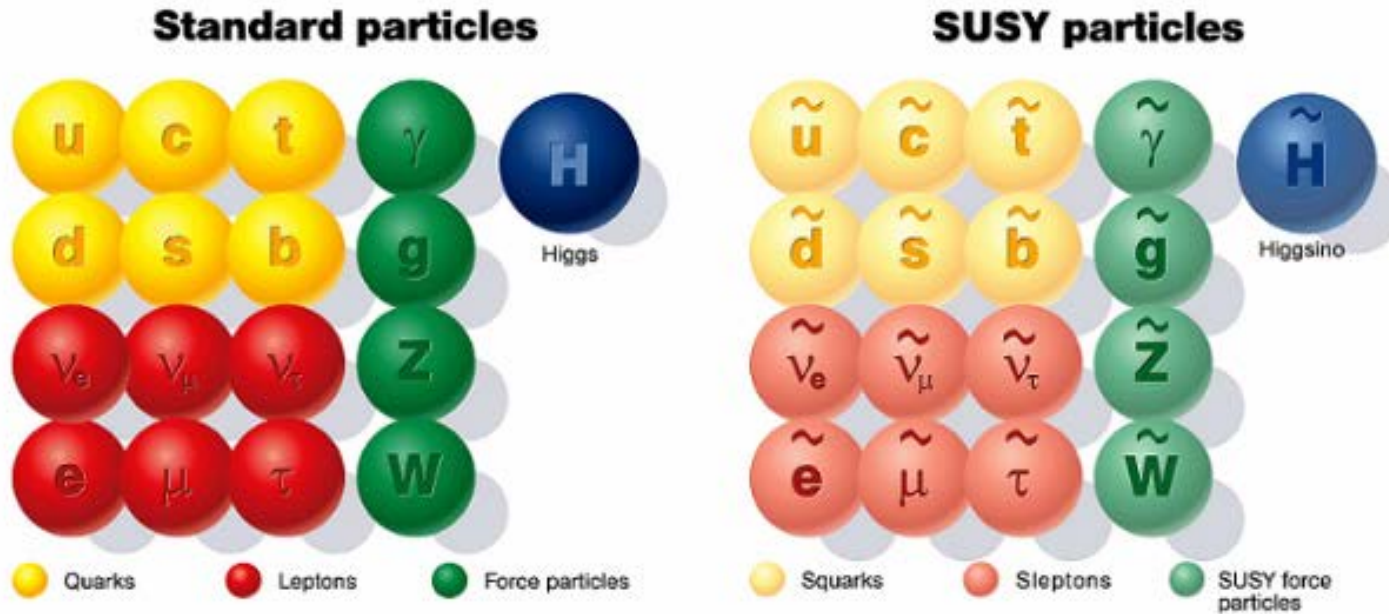
New Gauge Symmetries,
Higgs Compositeness,
...

New bosons
New fermions
 $Z', W', b', t', \nu', l', \dots$
LeptoQuarks, ...



Graviton

SUperSYmmetry



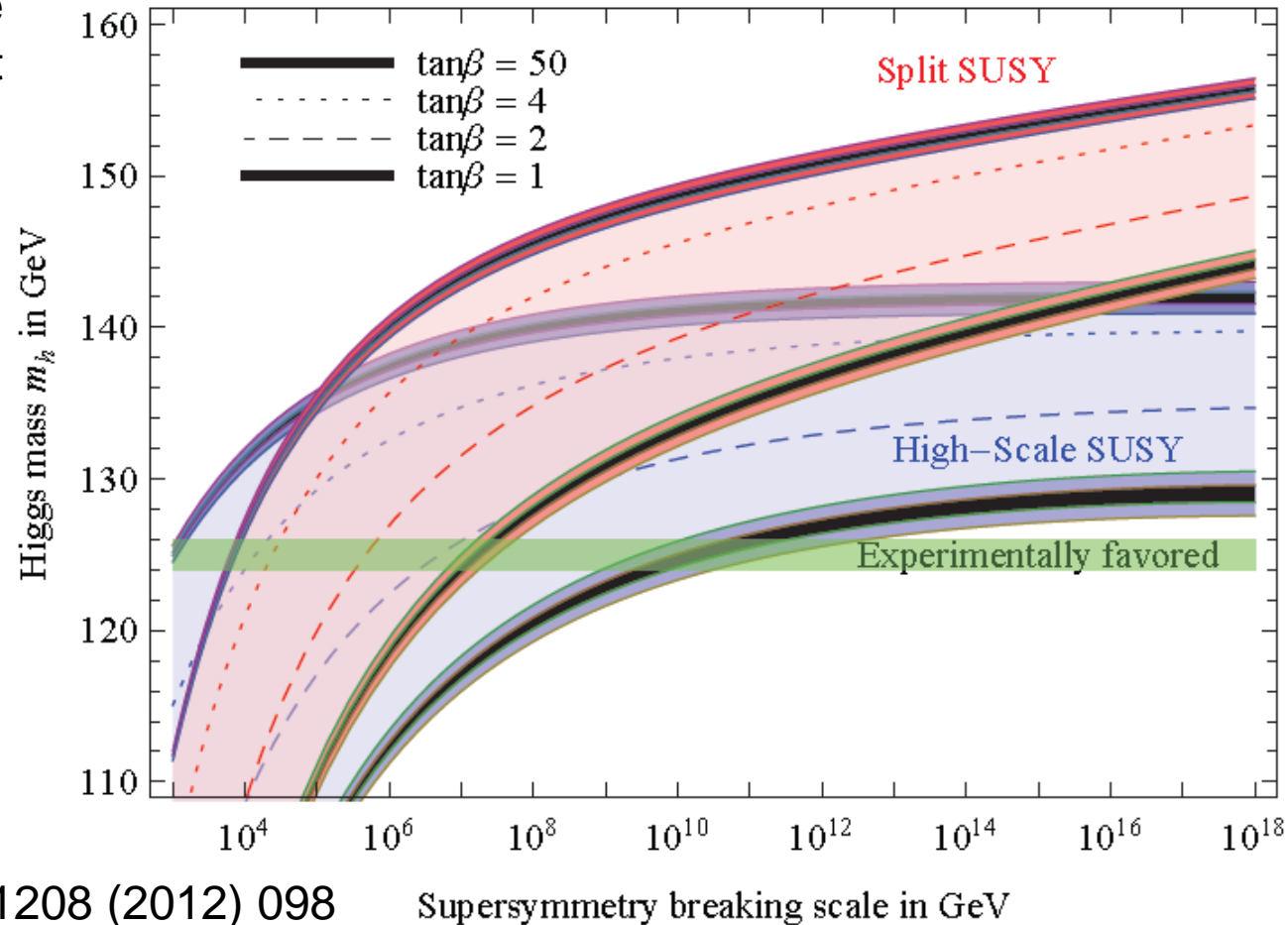
Credit: DESY

Higgs Mass and SUSY

Example of SUSY constraints after Higgs-like boson mass measurement

usual scenario of weak-scale supersymmetry can account for the measured Higgs mass only for extreme values of the parameters, such as, large $\tan\beta$, heavy stops, maximal stop mixing.

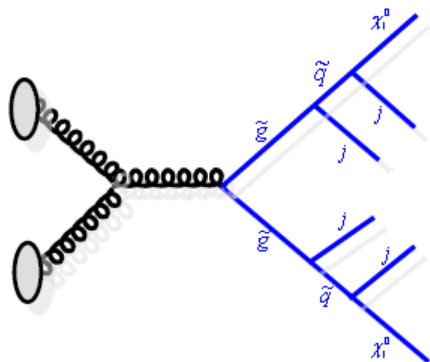
Predicted range for the Higgs mass



G. Degrandi et al., JHEP 1208 (2012) 098

Supersymmetry breaking scale in GeV

SUSY Inclusive Searches



pp → squarks, gluinos

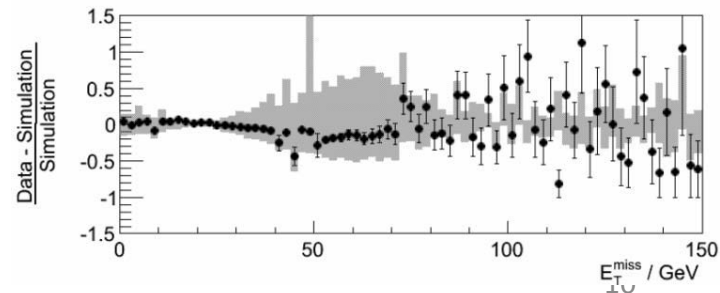
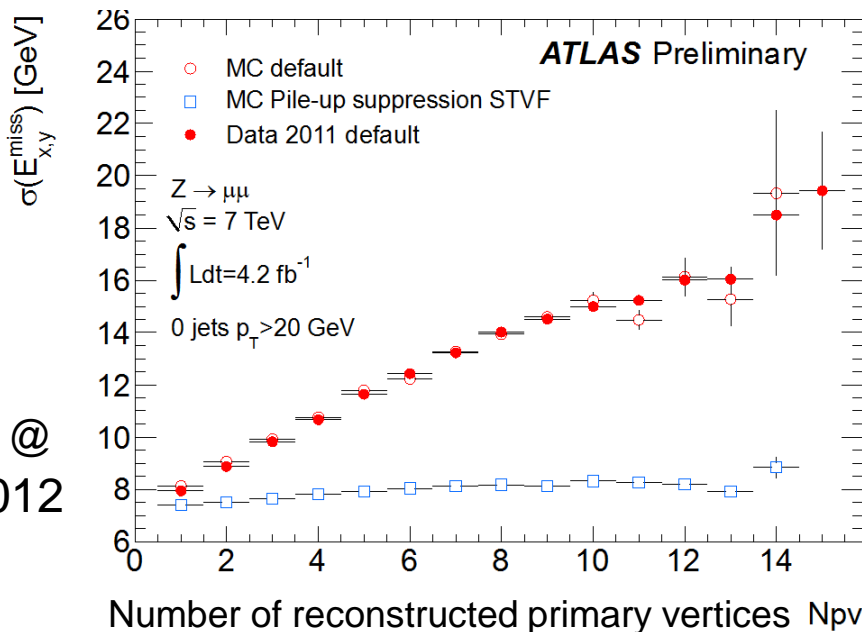
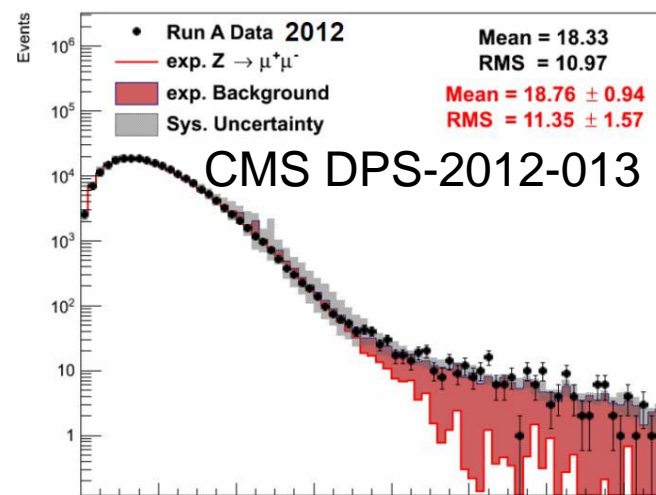
- hadronic
- Single lepton
- OS dileptons
- SS dileptons
- Multileptons

+ large Missing ET

MET sensitive to number of pp interactions/evt

- In 2011 in ave. ~ 10 interactions - doubled in 2012
- Good modelling and control of pileup effects

CMS preliminary, $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV L = 0.7 fb⁻¹

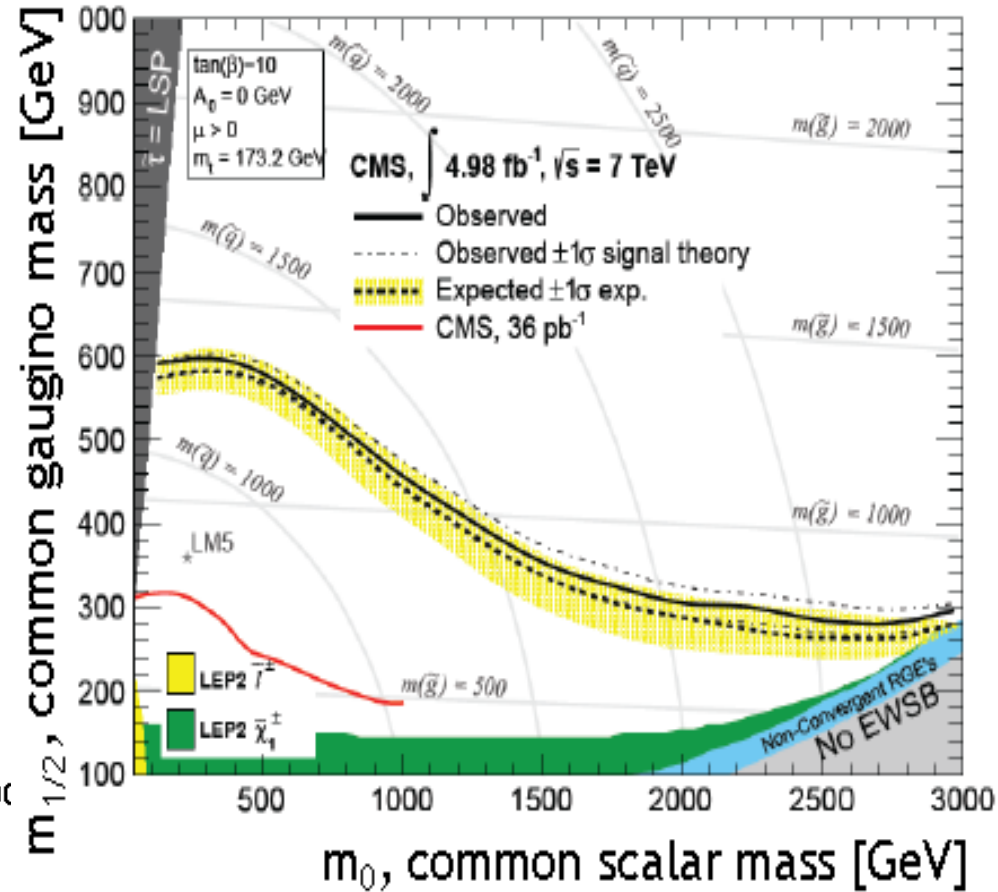
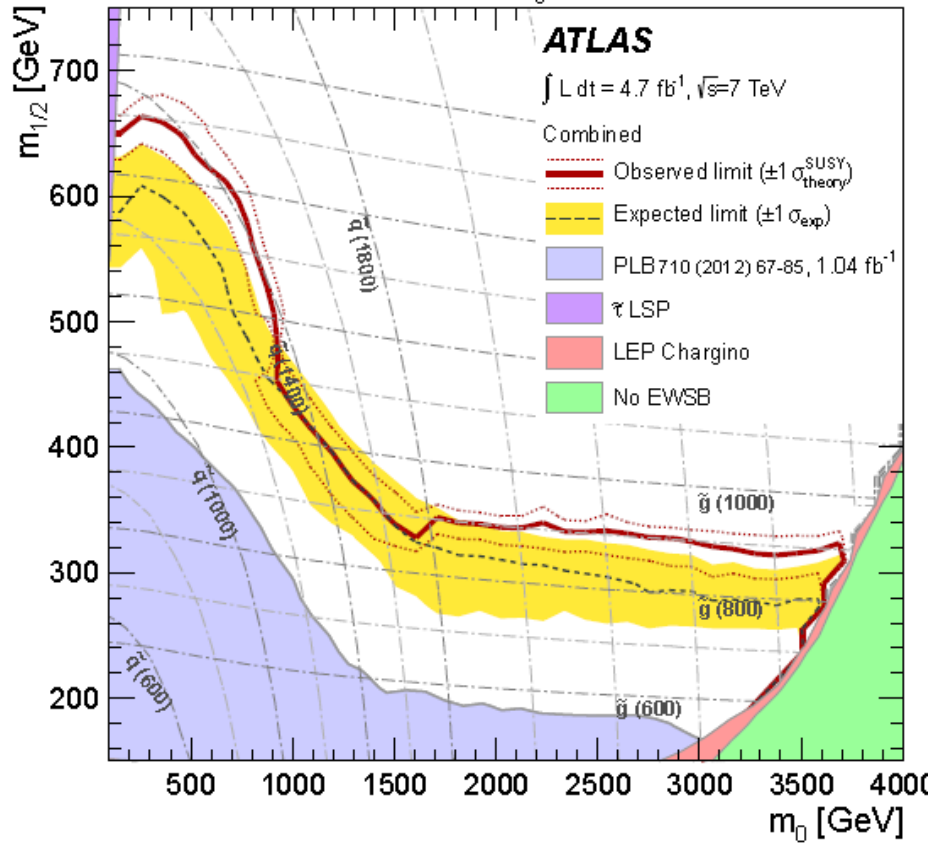


Interpretation in minimal SUSYscenarios

MSUGRA/CMSSM - five parameters:

common scalar, m_0 , and gaugino, $m_{1/2}$, masses, A_0 , $\tan\beta$, $\text{sign}(\mu)$

MSUGRA/CMSSM: $\tan\beta = 10$, $A_0 = 0$, $\mu > 0$

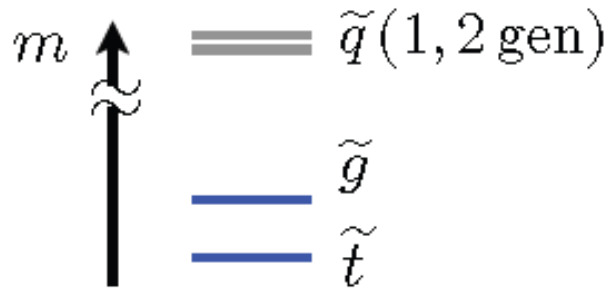


ICHEP2012

$m(\text{gluino}) > 720 \text{ GeV}$, $m(\text{squark}) > 1.2 \text{ TeV}$

Other SUSY scenarios investigated

Split generation

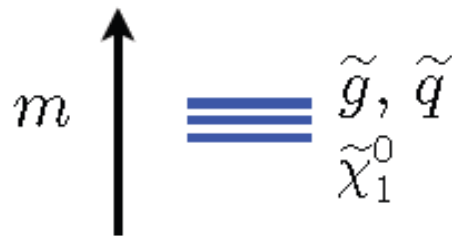


Exclusive t and b squarks or gauginos searches...

- small cross sections of stop and gluino productions
- large # of final particles --> smaller p_T, \cancel{E}_T

$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}t \rightarrow 2b + 4j + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

Compressed SUSY



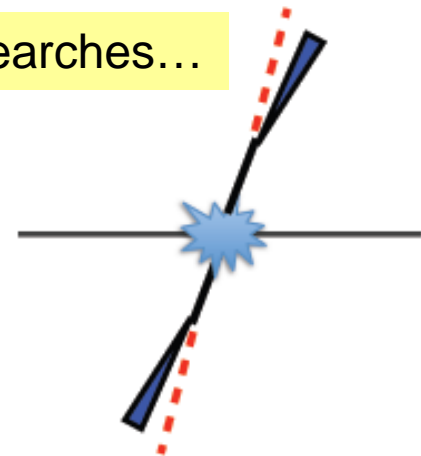
Topology based searches...

- small jet p_T

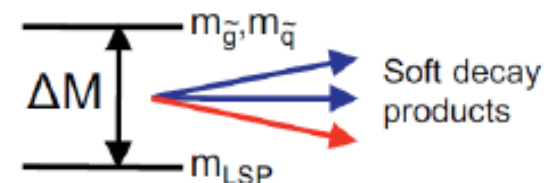
$$p_T \sim m_{\tilde{q}} - m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$$

- small \cancel{E}_T

(LSPs are back-to-back and cancel each other in \cancel{E}_T)

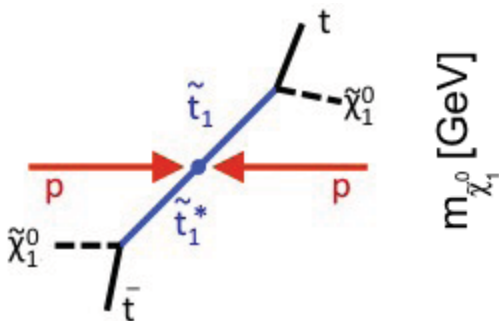


Experimental detection efficiency depends on splitting between the decaying particle and the LSP (MET)



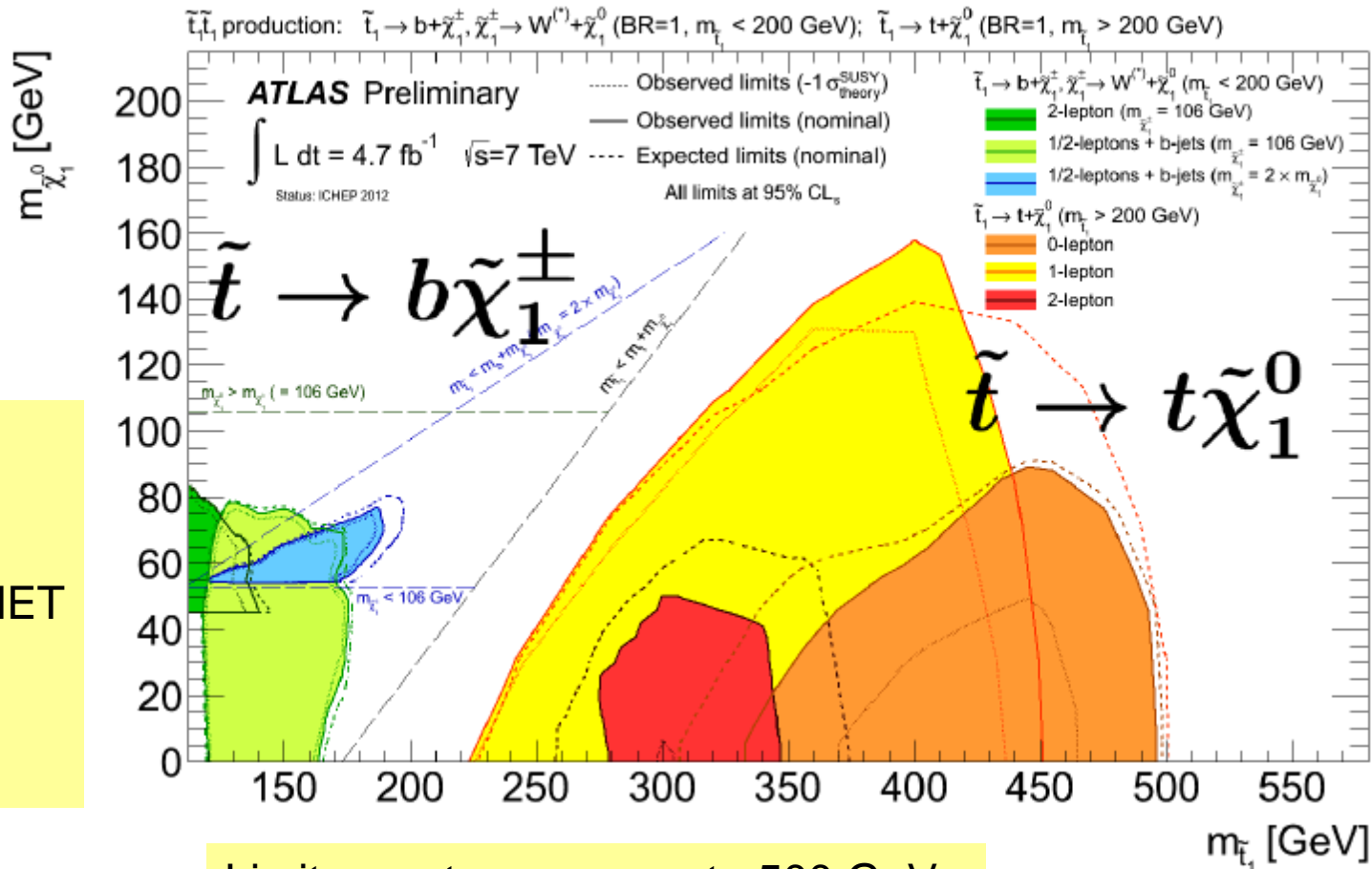
Exclusive Stop Searches

ATLAS-CONF-2012-074



Search in two channels with
 $tt \rightarrow$ fully hadronic
 $tt \rightarrow$ 1 lepton + jets + MET

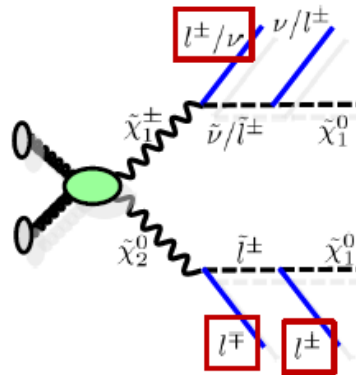
Shown the
 Combined result



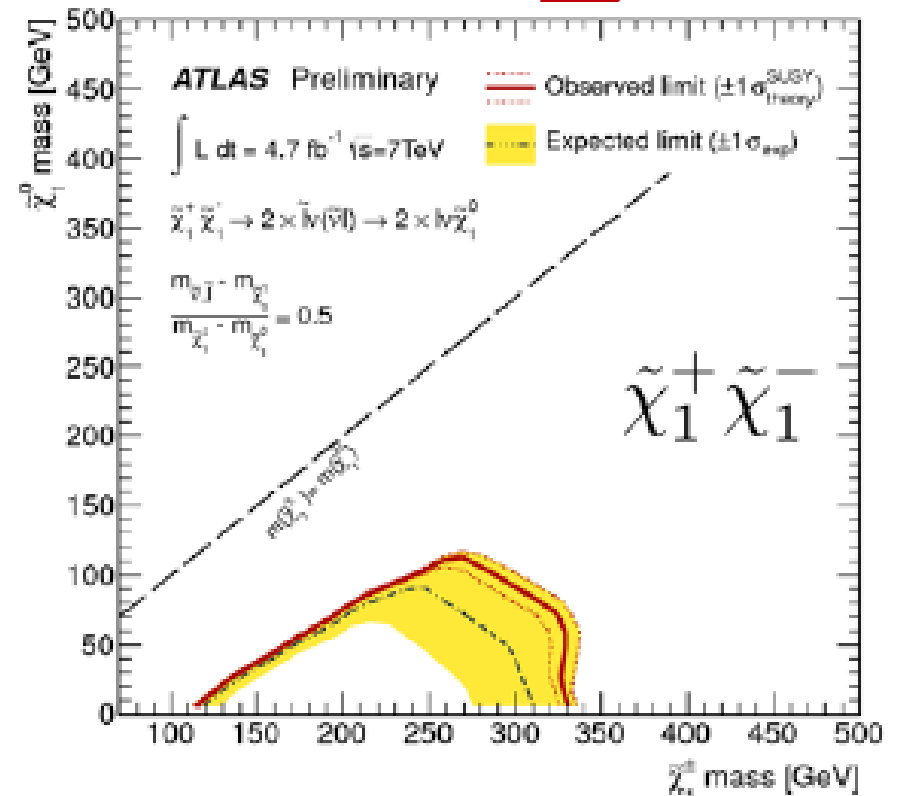
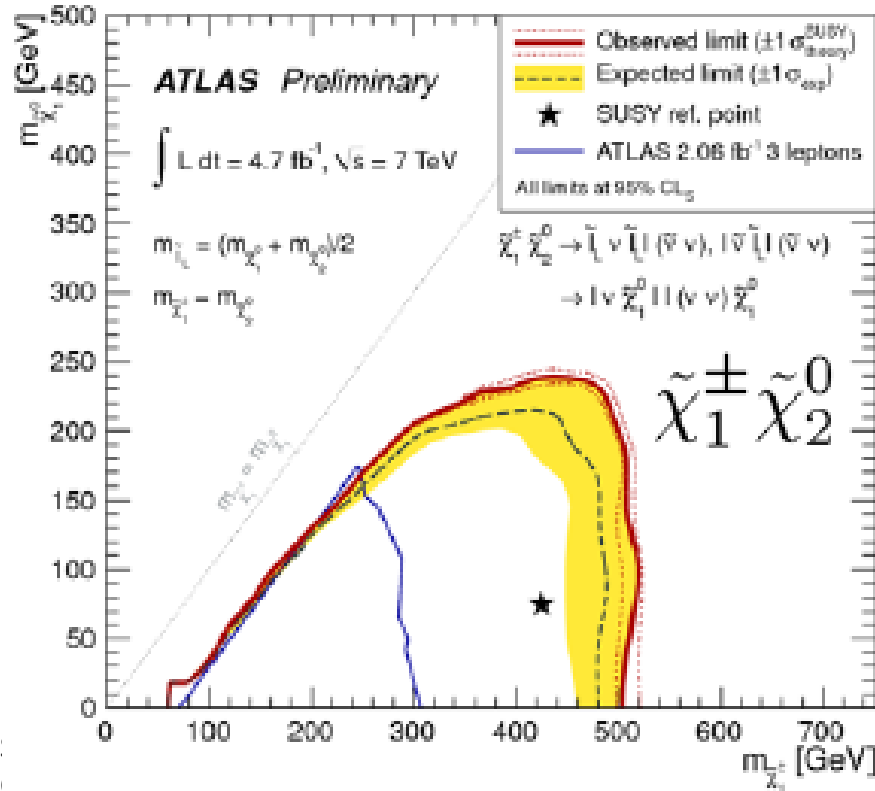
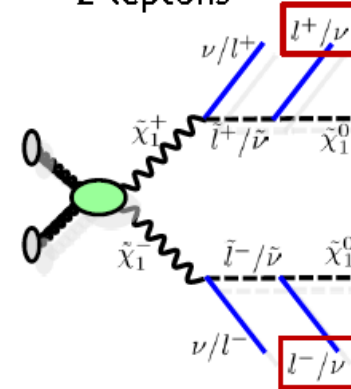
Limits on stop mass up to 500 GeV
 depending on LSP mass)

Exclusive Gaugino Searches

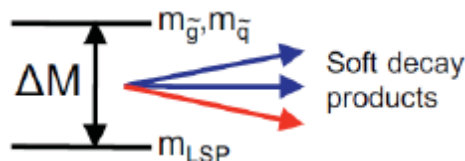
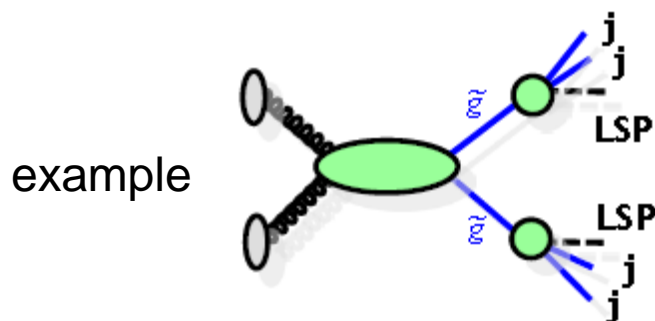
3-leptons



2-leptons



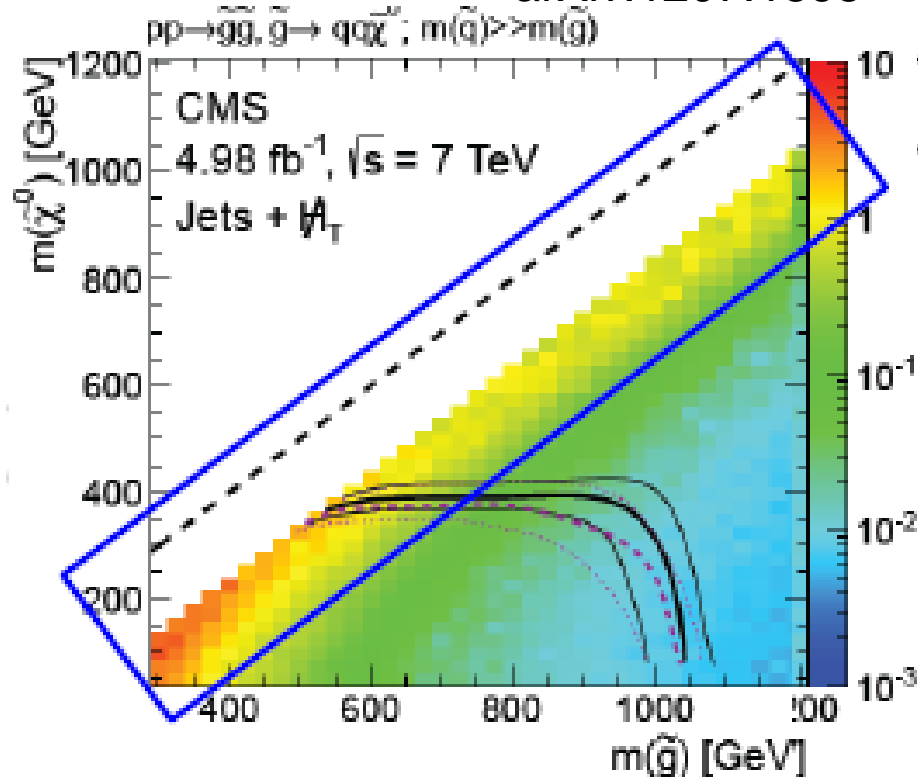
Simple Model (SM) Interpretation



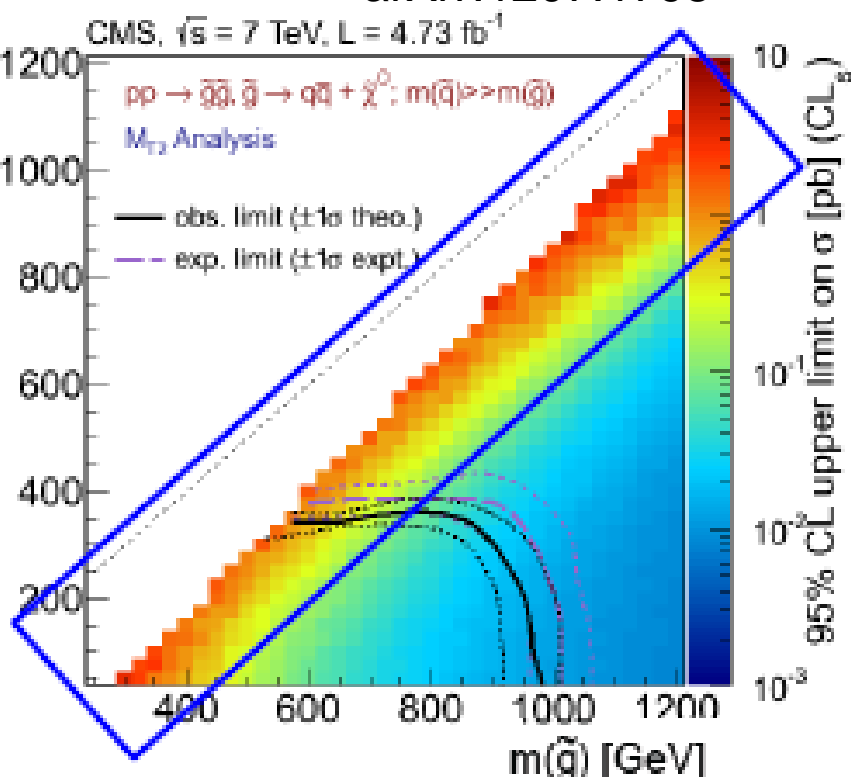
Detection efficiency depends on mass splitting

Results are presented in terms of cross-section upper limits in the relevant mass plane

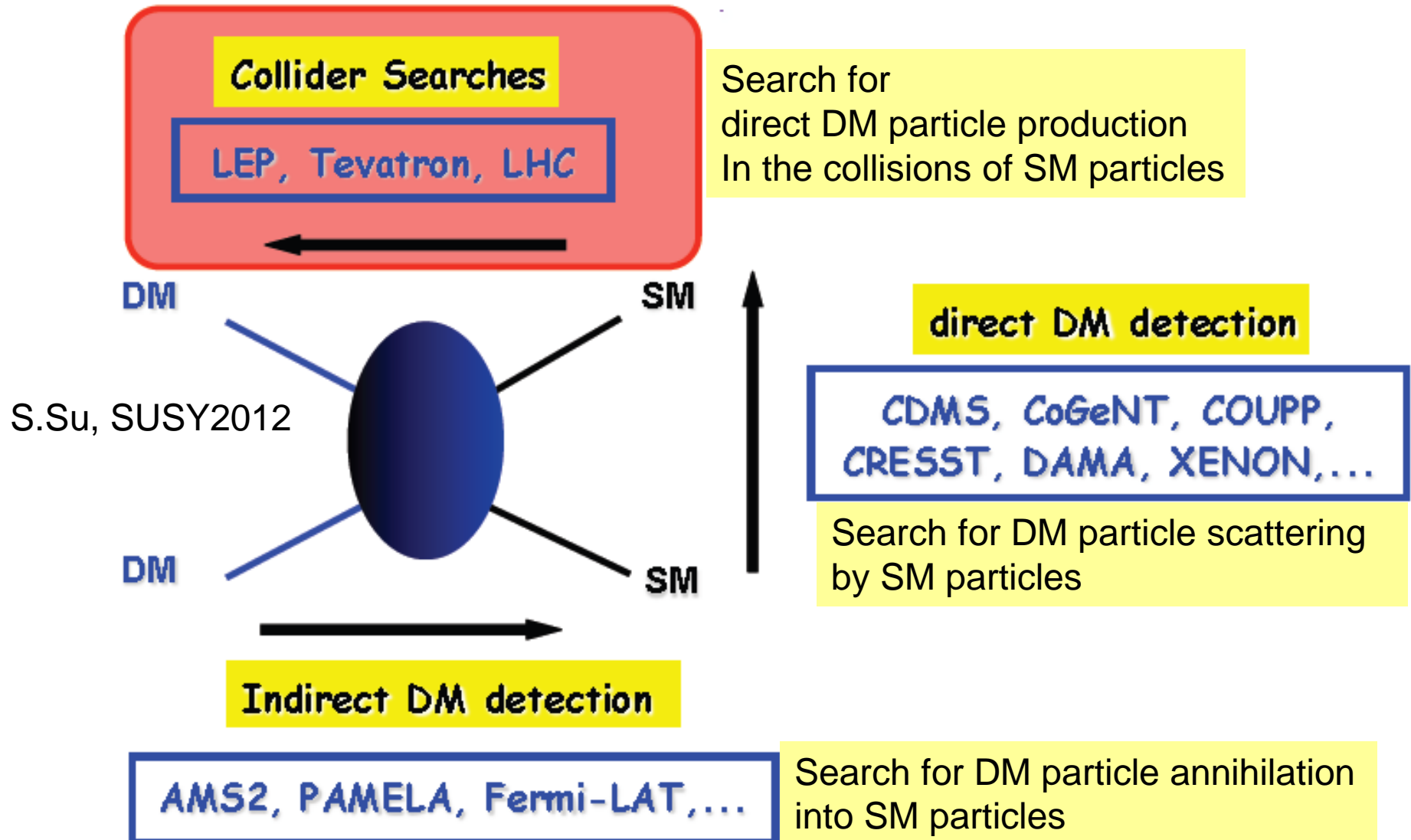
arXiv:1207.1898



arXiv:1207.1798

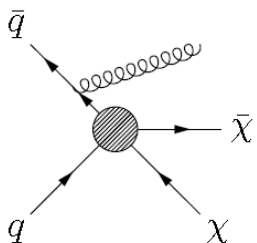


DM Candidate Search

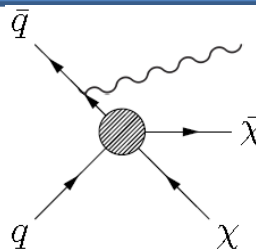


Results of DM search at the LHC

Search Channels

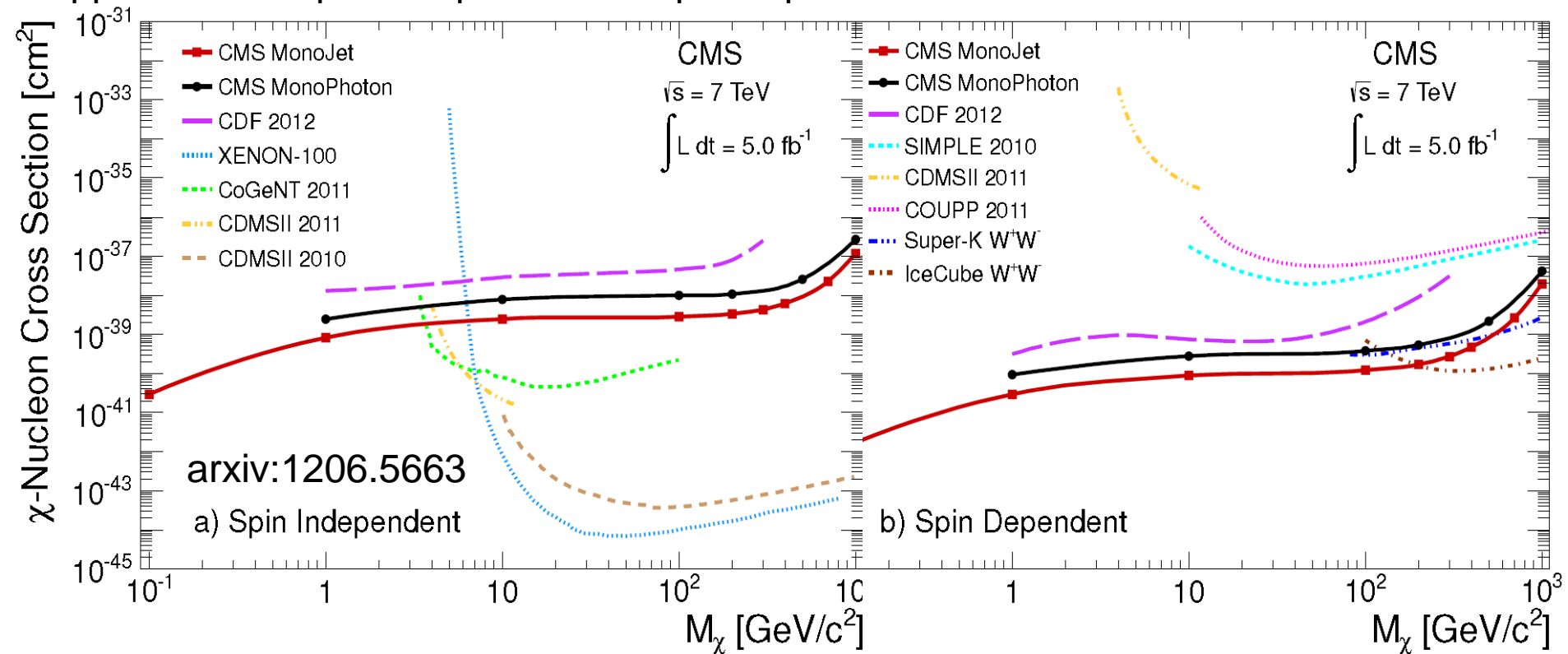


Single jet
+ MET



Single photon
+ MET

Upper limit on spin-independent or spin-dependent of Neutralino-Nucleon cross-section

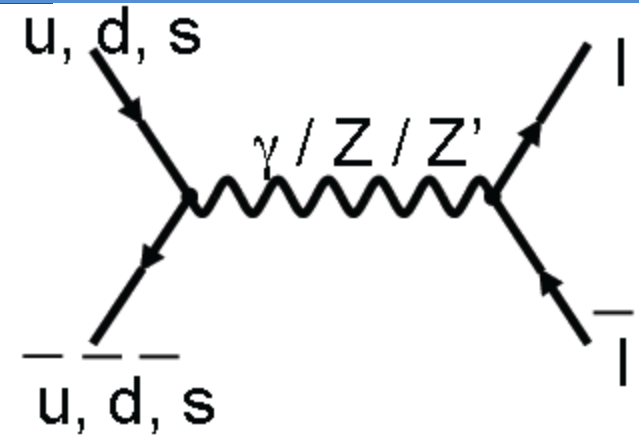


Similar results for single photon+MET channel: ATLAS-CONF-2012-085

New Bosons - Heavy Resonances

Extended Gauge Symmetries:

- Z'_{SSM}/W'_{SSM} in Sequential Standard Model
- Z'/W from E6 and SO(10) GUT
- Narrow heavy particles from Technicolor
- ...



Signatures

Z' → narrow resonance in dilepton/dijet mass

W' → narrow resonance

Extra Dimensions Models

Randall Sundrum Kaluza Klein Graviton (1) exchange or (2) emission

...

Signatures

G → narrow resonance

Multi KK states → broad peak

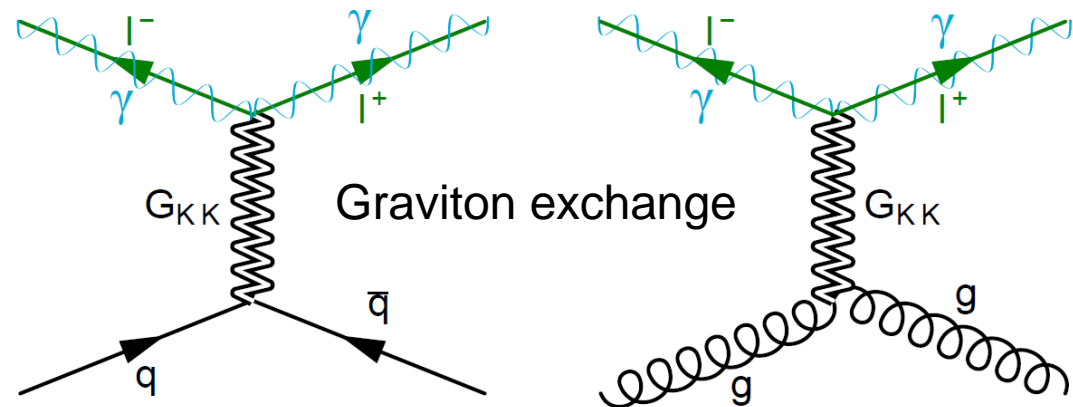
In e^+e^- , $\mu^+\mu^-$, dijet mass

Or

(2) Graviton emission

single jet/photon + missing E_T

same as DM searches (above)



Dijets Resonances – several searches

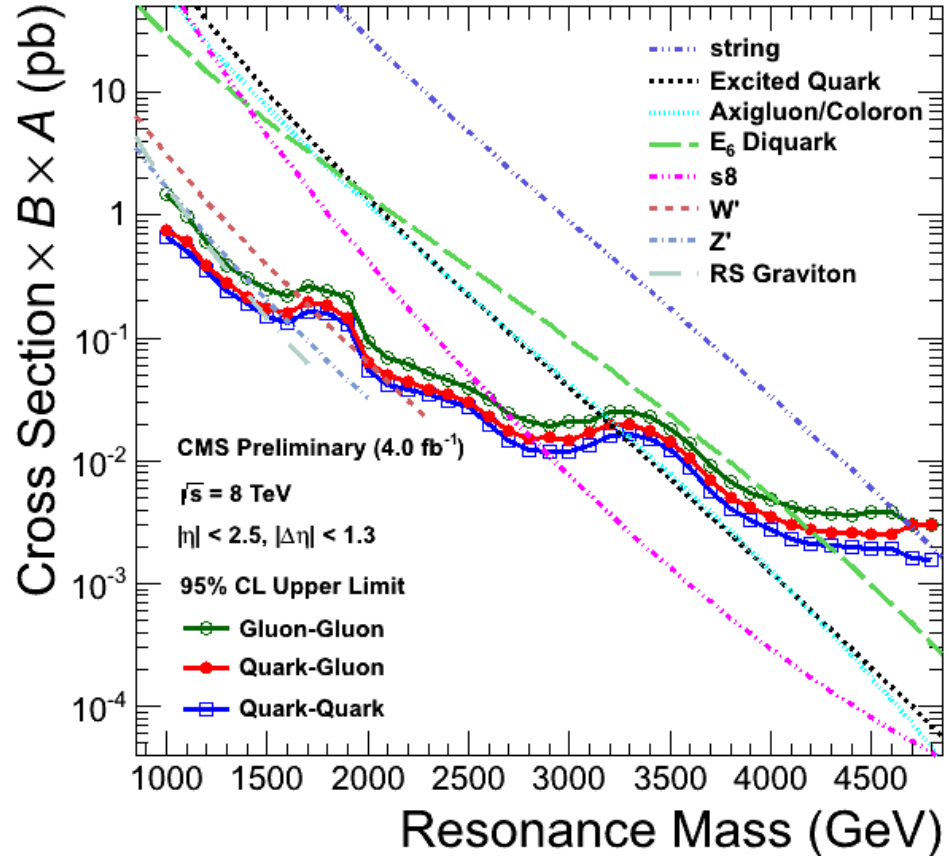
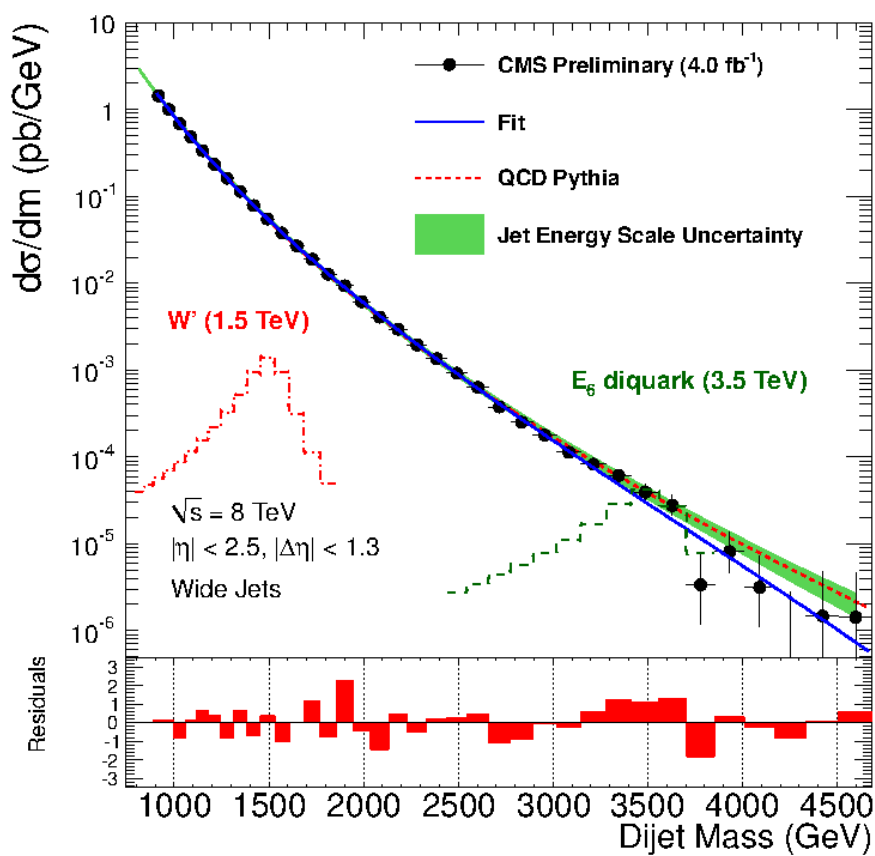
Models with a narrow s-channel dijet resonance:

Randall-Sundrum Gravitons,

W' , Z' strings, diquarks, excited quarks, axigluons, colorons,..

CMS EXO-12-016

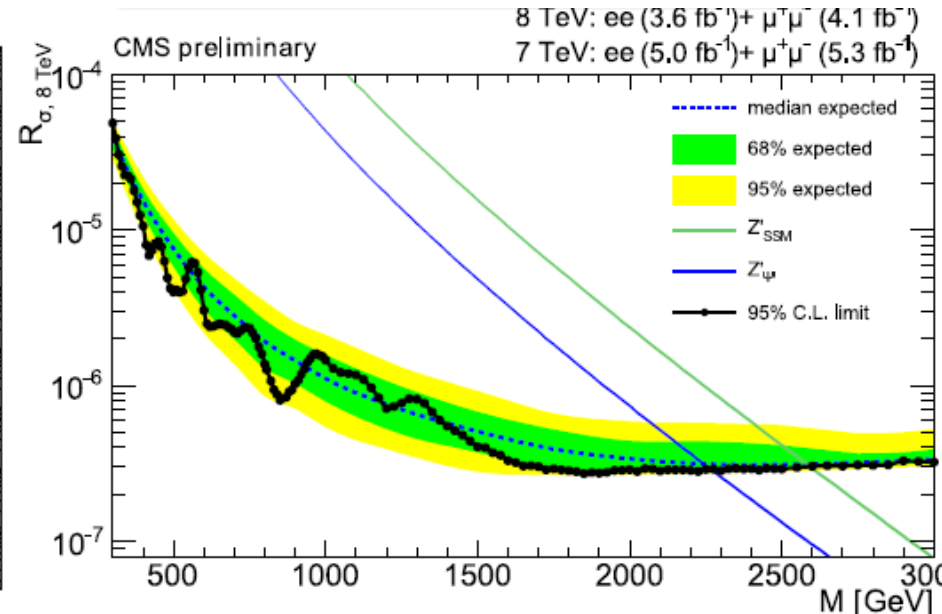
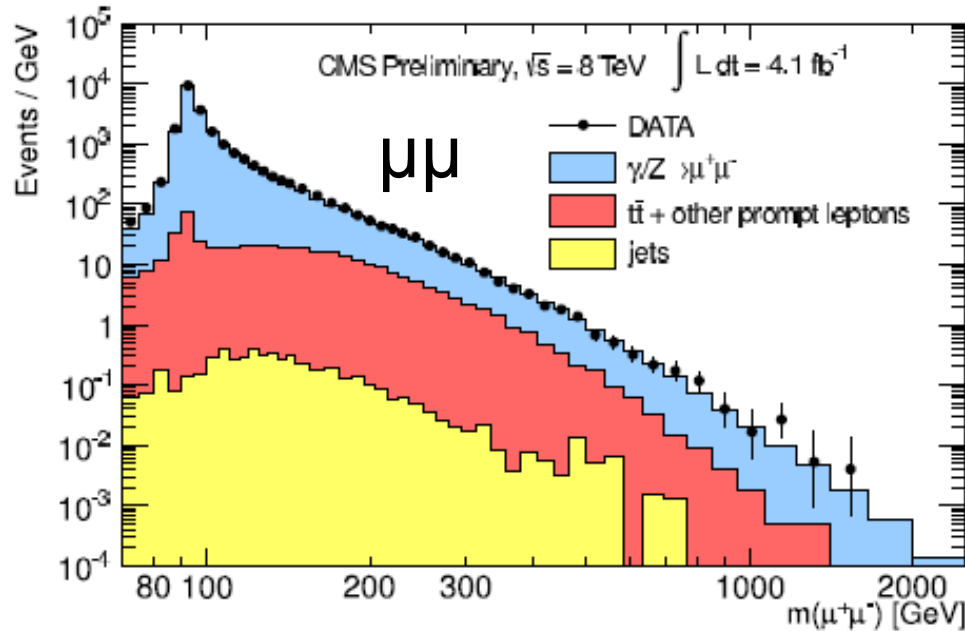
8 TeV data



Dilepton Resonances – Z' searches

CMS EXO-12-015
8 TeV data

Search for narrow resonances
decaying to muon (electron, tau) pairs



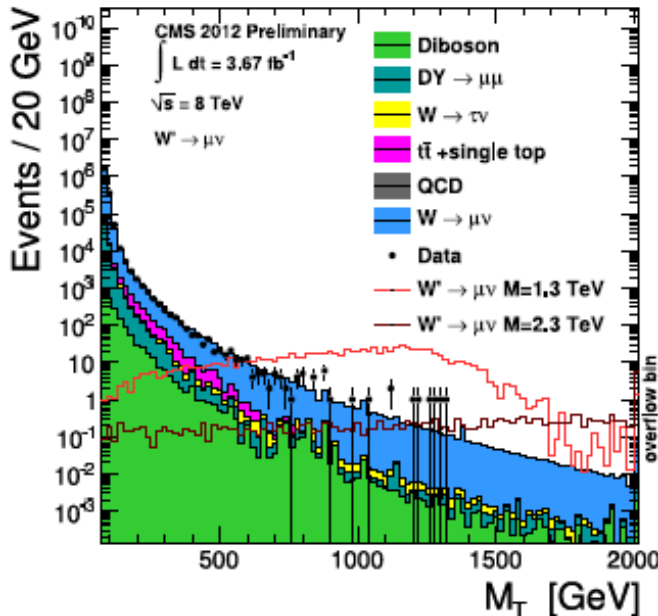
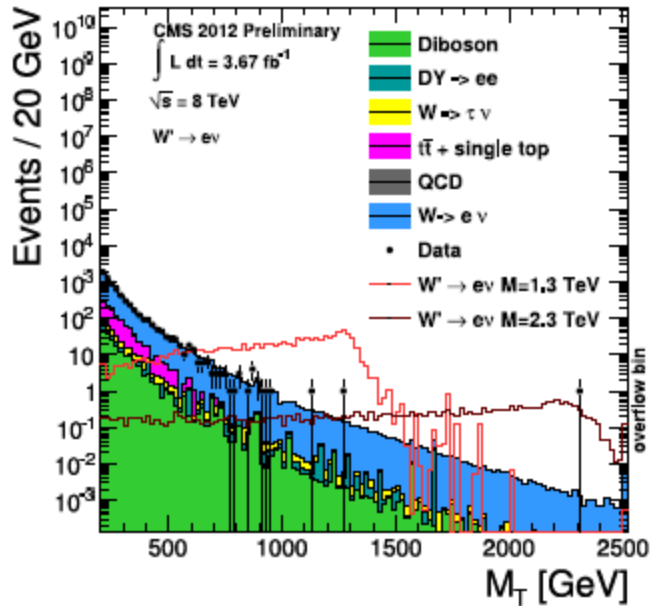
No excess observed:
Set limit on Z_i mass for

- Sequential Standard Model: Z'_{SSM}
- Super-strings inspired Model: Z'_{ψ}

Signal	Mass Limit (TeV)
Z'_{SSM}	2.59
Z'_{ψ}	2.26

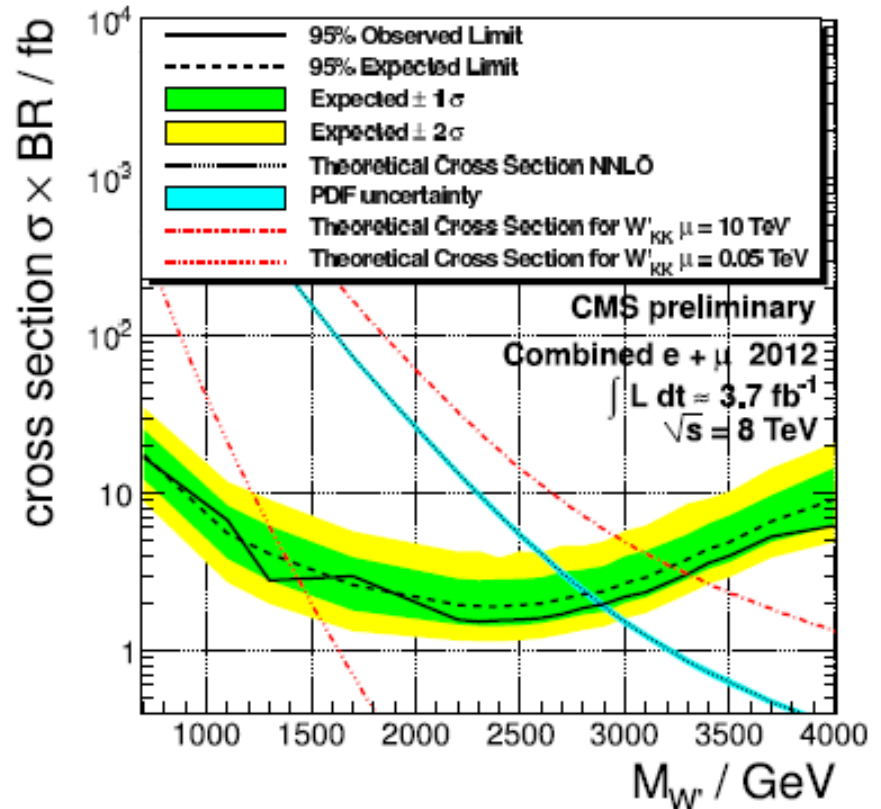
Lepton + MET – W' search

Search for
Jacobian
peak in
transverse
l + MET
mass



- Data agree with SM expectation
- Use data to set limit on W' production

CMS EXO-12-010 - 8 TeV data

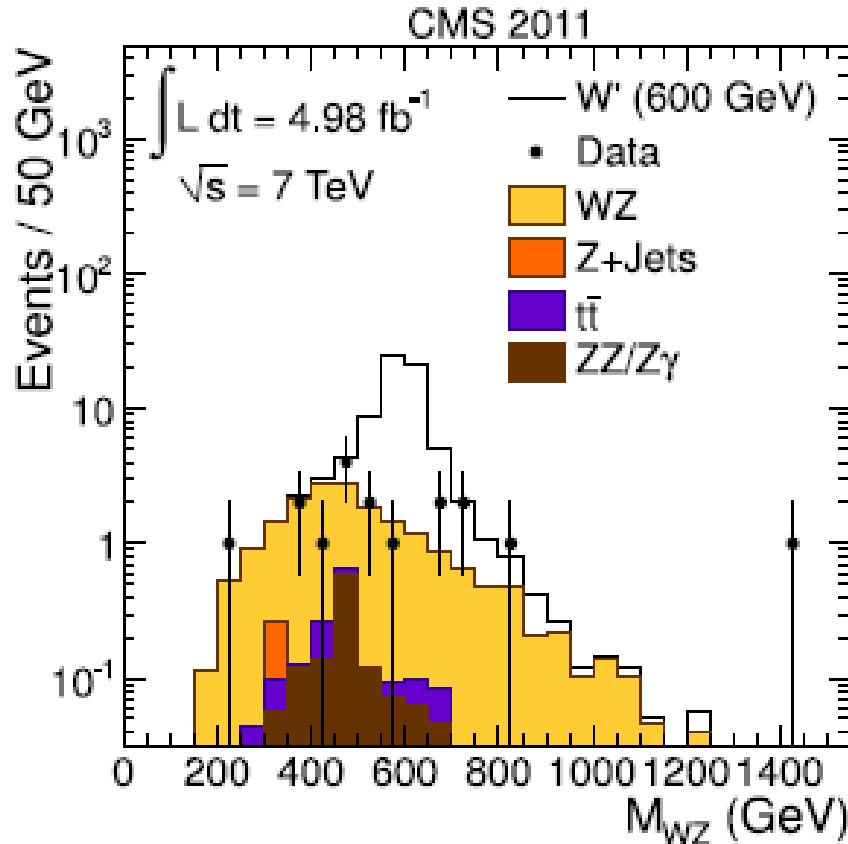


Sequential W' $M(W'_{SSM}) > 2.85 \text{ TeV}$
 KK resonance $M(W'_{SSM}) > 1.4\text{-}3.3 \text{ TeV}$
 depending on μ value

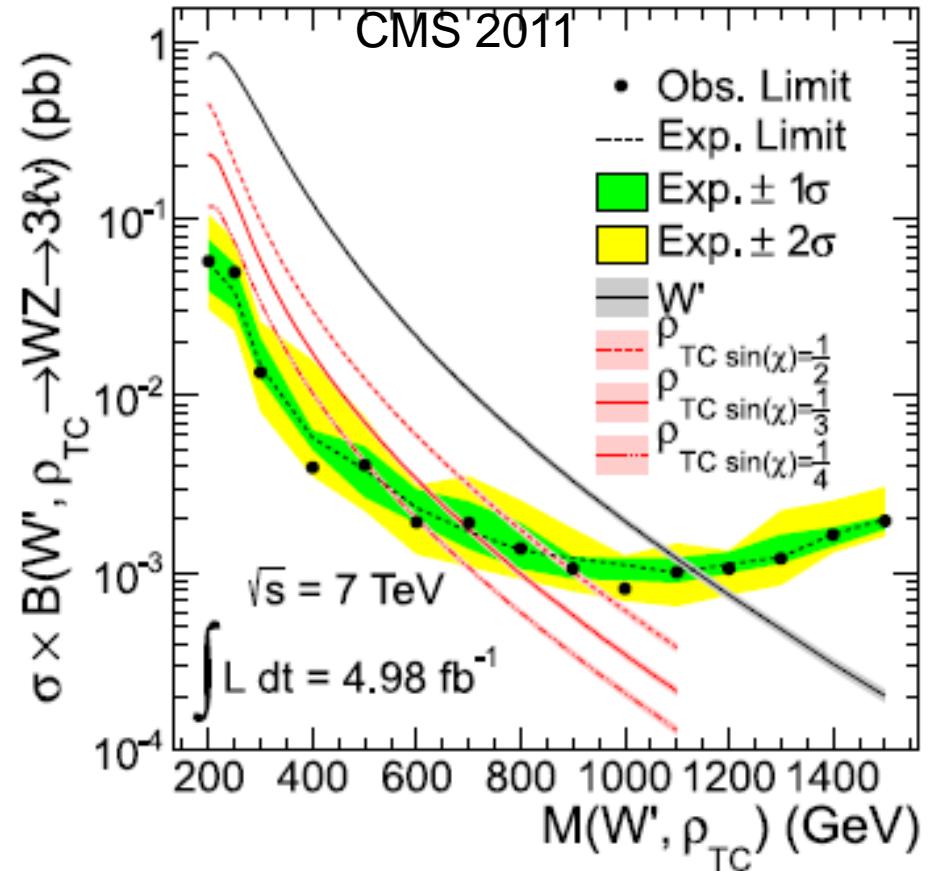
WZ Resonances – W' , Techni- ρ search

Select 3 isolated leptons + some MET
 Compute transverse mass of WZ candidate

CMS EXO-11-041



No excess observed
 -> exclusion of Techni-rho or W' signals



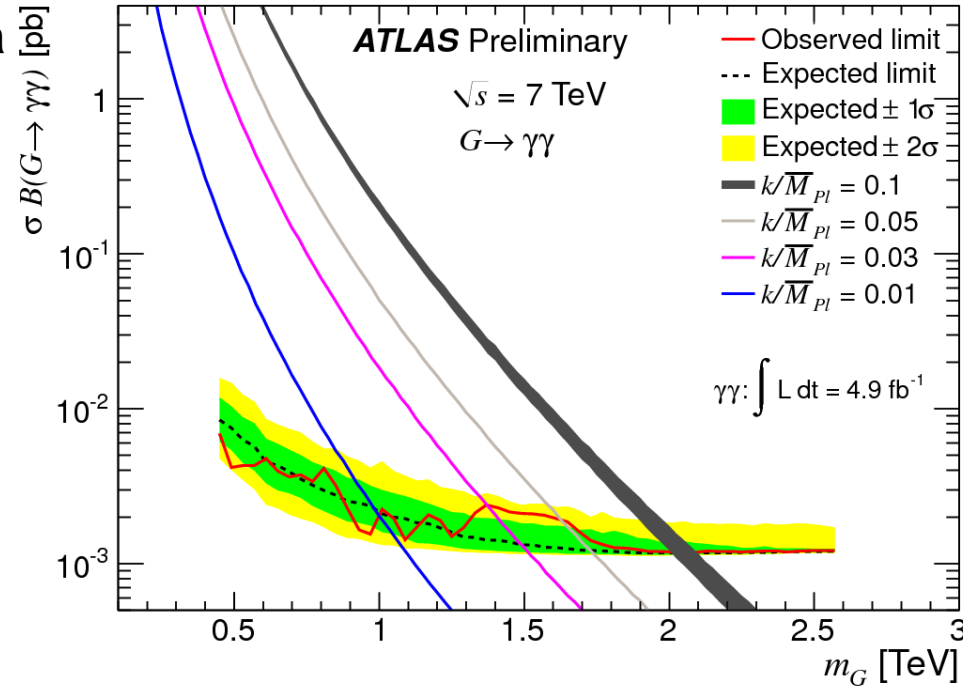
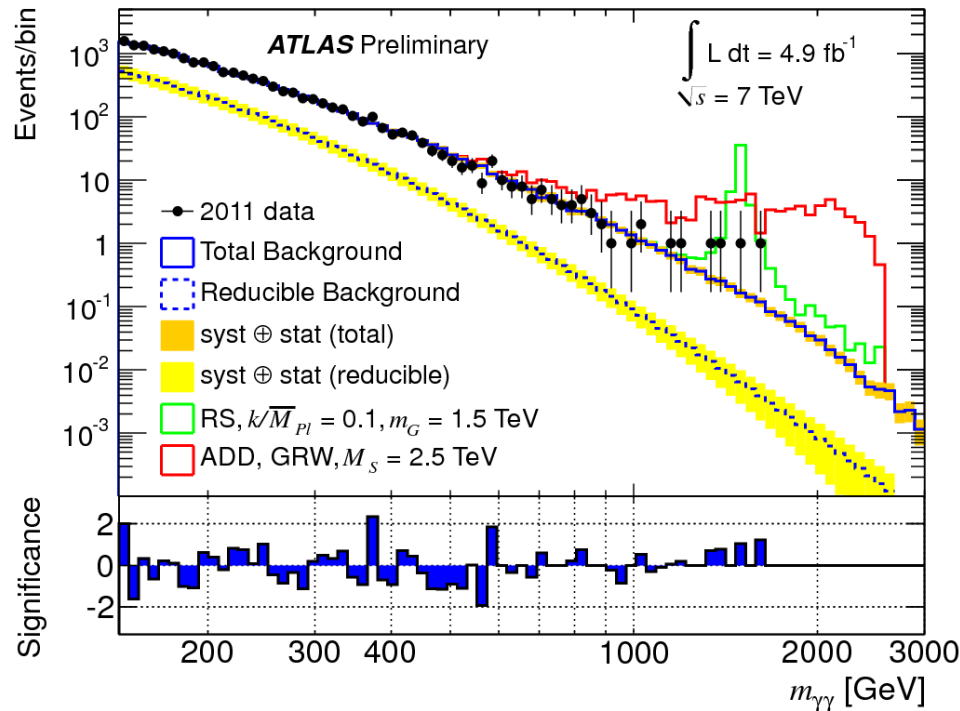
$M(W'_{SSM}) > 1.14 \text{ TeV}$
 $M(\text{techni-rho}) > 540 - 850 \text{ GeV}$
 in the parameter range investigated

Diphoton Resonances – Graviton search

Same final state as for low mass Higgs:

- irreducible background from MC
- reducible backgr. (fake photon) from data

ATLAS-CONF-2012-088



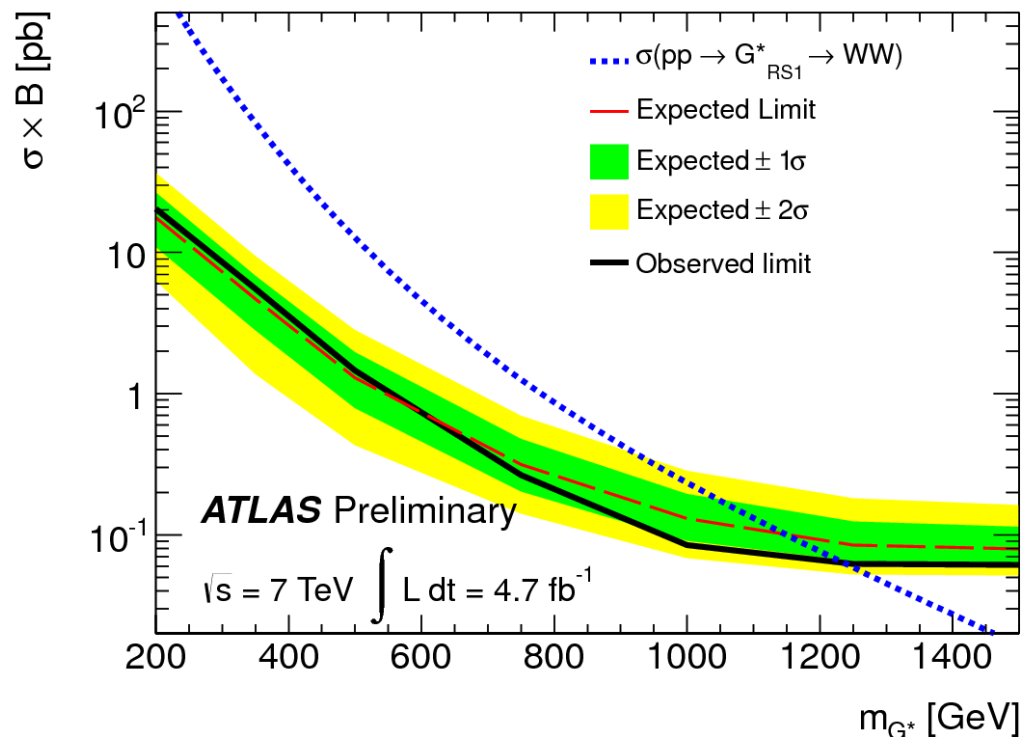
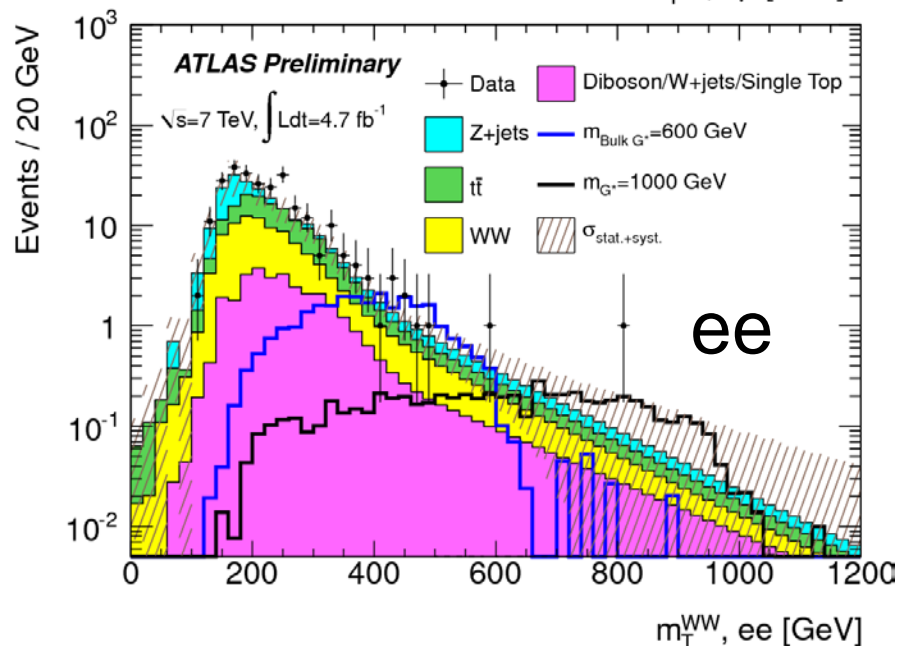
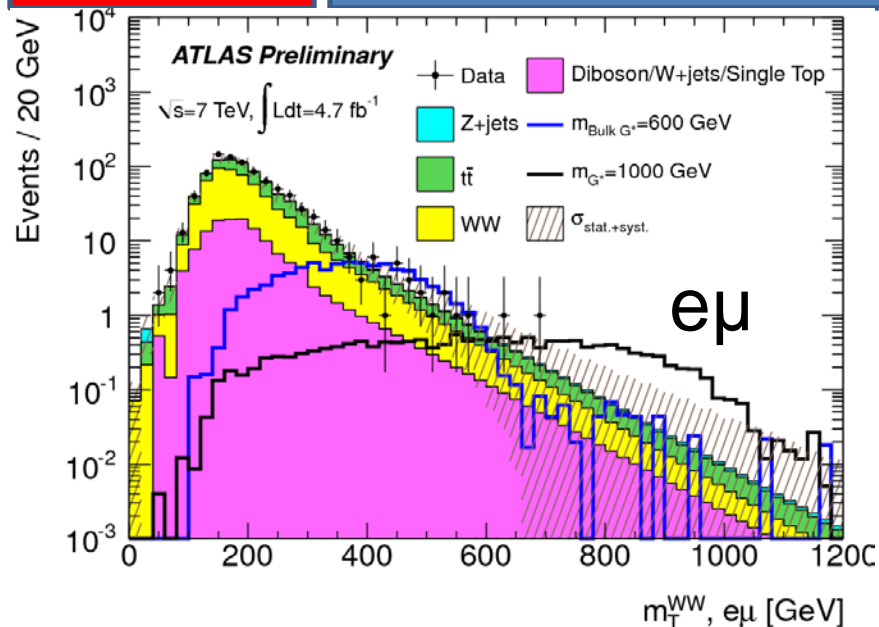
Data consistent with expected background

- Limit on RS graviton mass

K-factor value	95 % CL Observed (Expected) Limit [TeV]			
	k/\overline{M}_{Pl} value			
	0.01	0.03	0.05	0.1
1	0.87 (0.88)	1.31 (1.36)	1.49 (1.60)	1.91 (1.92)
1.75	1.00 (0.98)	1.37 (1.49)	1.63 (1.73)	2.06 (2.05)

WW Resonances – Graviton search

ATLAS-CONF-2012-068



No excess observed -> signal exclusion:
 RS graviton mass > 1.23 TeV

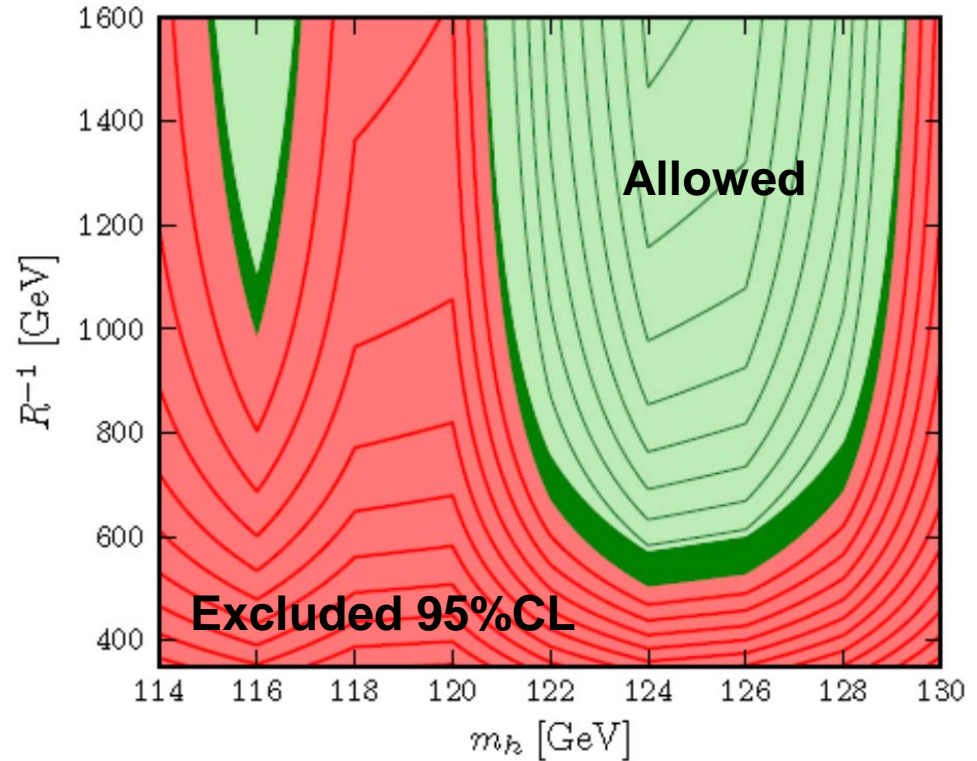
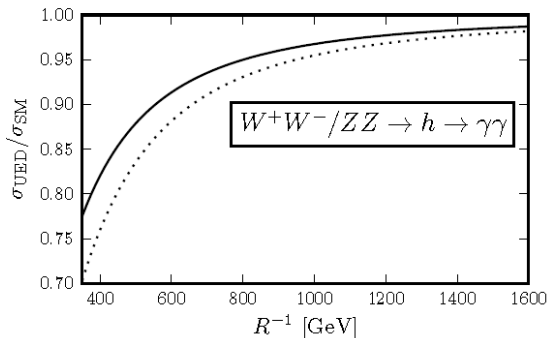
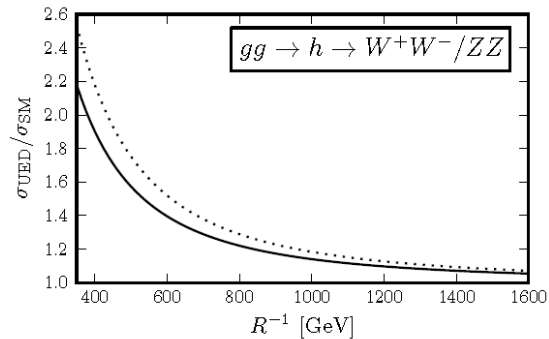
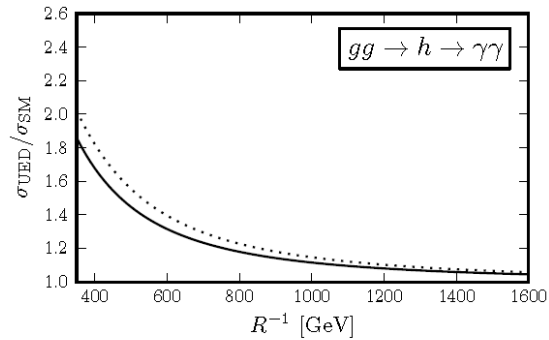
Higgs Constraints on Extra Dimensions

Example of constraints on a ED model after Higgs-like boson cross-section xBR measurement

effect of KK-particles on Higgs production and decay

Minimal Universal Extra Dimensions (mUED) Model

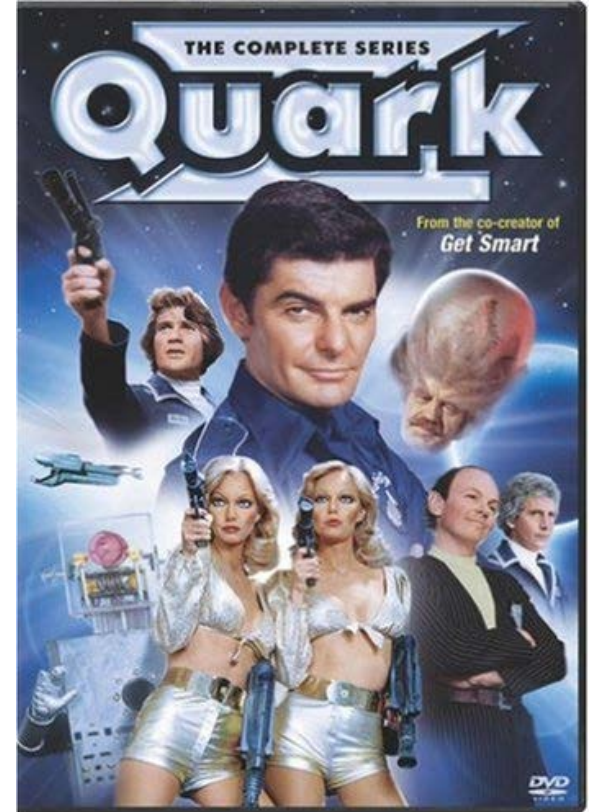
G. Belanger et al, <http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1207.0798>



Lower limit on mass scale:
 $R^{-1} > 500$ GeV at 95% CL,

New Heavy Fermions

$2.4 \text{ MeV}c^2$ $2/3$ $1/2$ u up	$1.27 \text{ GeV}c^2$ $2/3$ $1/2$ c charm	$172.5 \text{ GeV}c^2$ $2/3$ $1/2$ t top	$?$ $2/3$ $1/2$ t'? ?
$4.8 \text{ MeV}c^2$ $-1/3$ $1/2$ d up	$104 \text{ MeV}c^2$ $-1/3$ $1/2$ s strange	$4.2 \text{ GeV}c^2$ $-1/3$ $1/2$ b bottom	$?$ $-1/3$ $1/2$ b'? ?
$< 2.2 \text{ eV}c^2$ 0 $1/2$ ν_e electron neutrino	$< 0.17 \text{ MeV}c^2$ 0 $1/2$ ν_μ muon neutrino	$< 15.5 \text{ MeV}c^2$ 0 $1/2$ ν_τ tau neutrino	$?$ 0 $1/2$ $\nu_4?$?
$0.511 \text{ MeV}c^2$ -1 $1/2$ e electron	$105.7 \text{ MeV}c^2$ -1 $1/2$ μ muon	$1.777 \text{ GeV}c^2$ -1 $1/2$ τ tau	$?$ -1 $1/2$ $l_4?$?



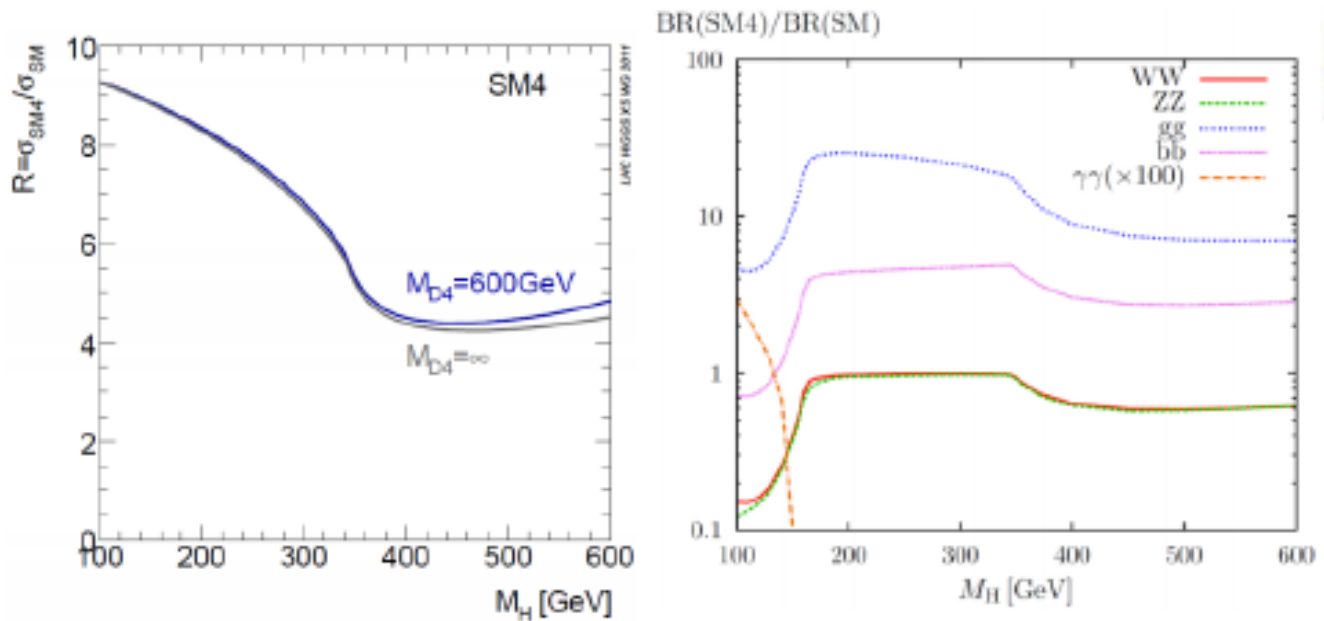
Also called
 Q = T, B (Quark – already a TV series)
 L = N, E (Lepton – coming soon...)

Higgs and Sequential 4th Generation

Higgs production cross-section greatly enhanced by 4th Generation



LHC Higgs XS
working group



Observation of the SM-like Higgs boson would rule out simple sequential 4G
Additional new physics (eg heavy neutrinos or extended Higgs sector) is
needed to reconcile the Higgs-like boson observation with sequential 4G.

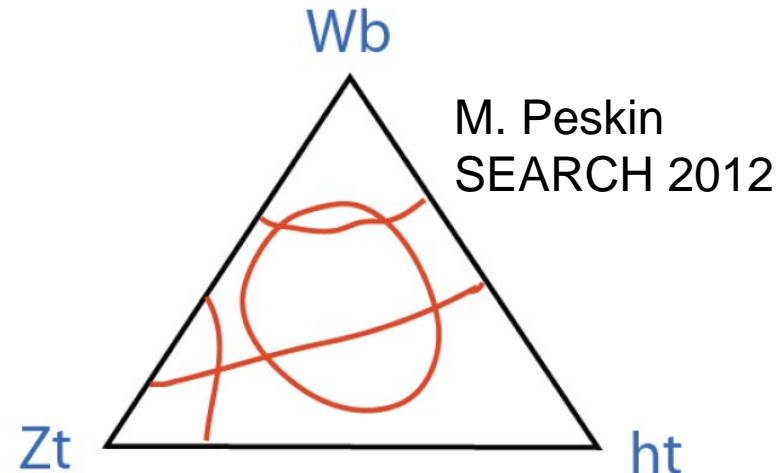
Beyond S4G: Vector-like quarks

Vector-like quarks predicted by many models:
extra-dimensions, Composite Higgs, GUTs,...

Richer phenomenology than for minimal S4G:

J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra, JHEP 11, 030 (2009)

	Label	Charge	Decay mode
T singlet	T_S	+2/3	$T \rightarrow W^+ b, Zt, ht$
B singlet	B_S	-1/3	$B \rightarrow W^- t, Zb, hb$
(T,B) doublet	TB_d	(+2/3, -1/3)	$T \rightarrow W^+ b, Zt, ht$ $B \rightarrow W^- t, Zb, hb$
(X,T) doublet	XT_d	(+5/3, +2/3)	$X \rightarrow W^+ t$ $T \rightarrow Zt, ht$
(B,Y) doublet	BY_d	(-1/3, -4/3)	$B \rightarrow Zb, hb$ $Y \rightarrow W^- b$



Search for all possible FS
Note: h is a Higgs-like particle

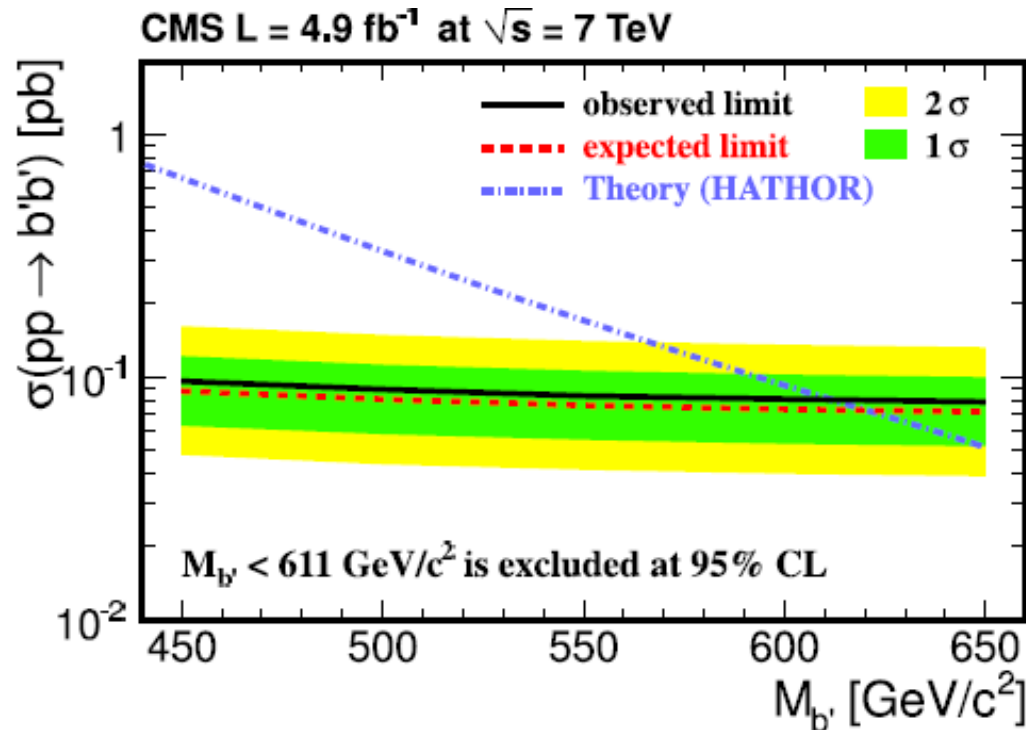
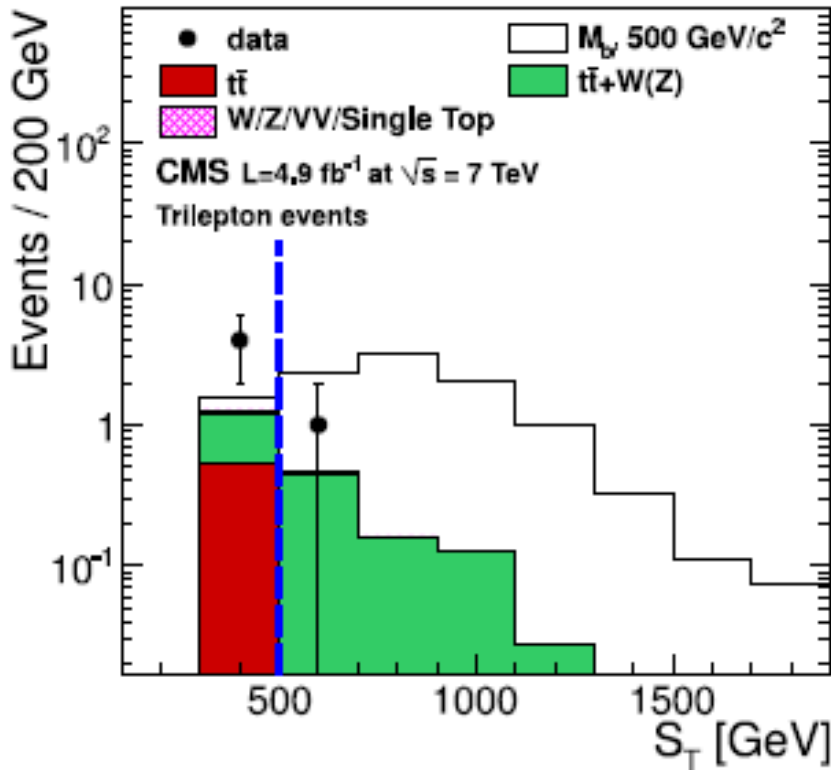
Pair produced, as in S4G, but the two quarks may each have a different decay
Singly produced, in association with an ordinary quark, eg $pp \rightarrow Qq$

Heavy Bottom-like Quark $b' \rightarrow t + W$

CMS: 7 TeV, 4.9 fb⁻¹, EXO-11-036

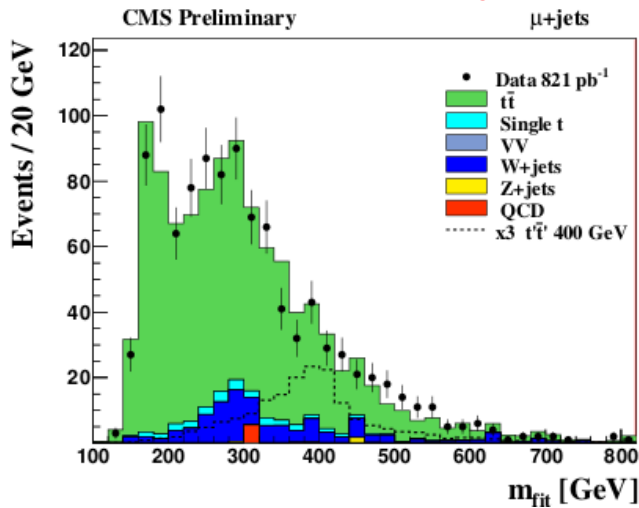
- $b'b'$ pair production
- BR($b' \rightarrow tW$) = 100%
- Decay : $b'b' \rightarrow tWtW \rightarrow bbW+W-W+W-$
- Same sign dileptons or trileptons

Cross-section upper limit to
 b' mass lower limit $M_{b'} > 611$ GeV
 for BR($b' \rightarrow tW$)=100%



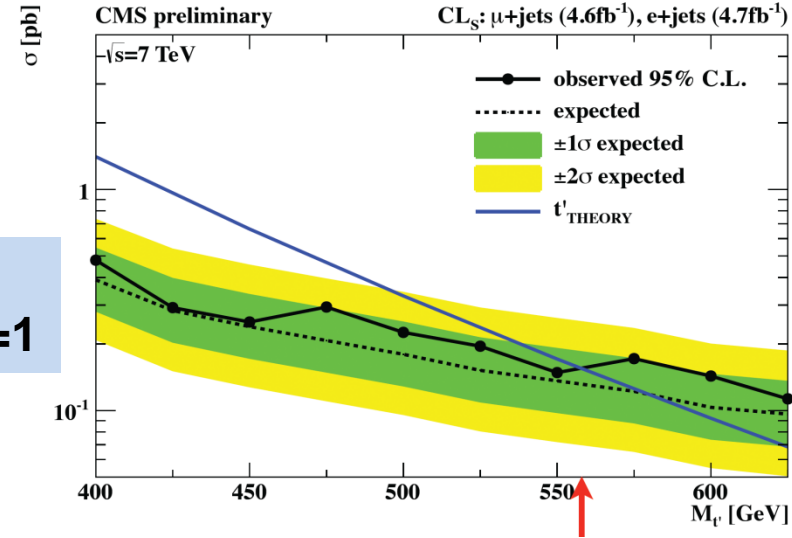
Heavy Top-Like Quark $t' \rightarrow b+W$

$t't' \rightarrow bWbW \rightarrow \text{lepton+jets}$

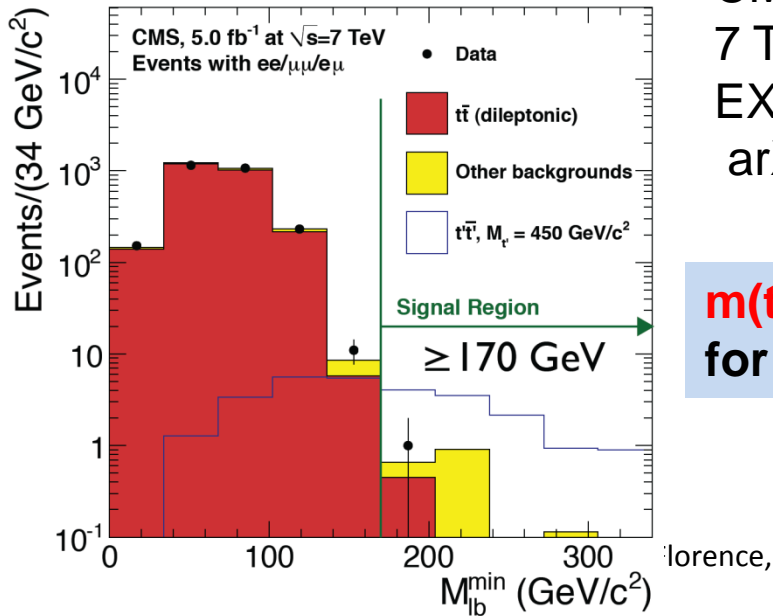


CMS:
7 TeV, 4.7 fb⁻¹,
EXO-11-099

$m(t') > 560$ GeV
for BR($t' \rightarrow bW$)=1

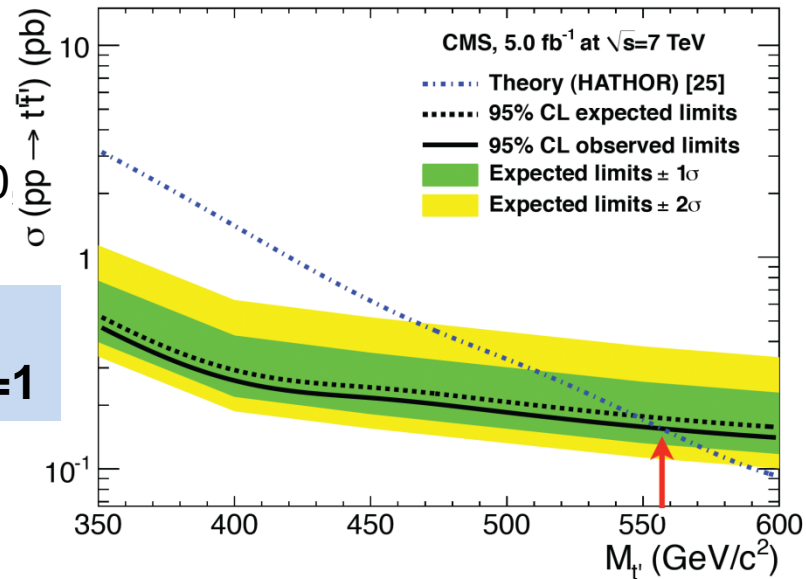


$t't' \rightarrow bWbW \rightarrow \text{dilepton+jets}$



CMS:
7 TeV, 4.7 fb⁻¹, ,
EXO-11-050,
arXiv:1203.5410

$m(t') > 557$ GeV
for BR($t' \rightarrow bW$)=1



Simultaneous t' , b' search, with $m_{t'} = m_{b'}$

Search for multiple b and W FS

→ $t'b \rightarrow bWb$

→ $b't \rightarrow tWbW \rightarrow bWWbW$

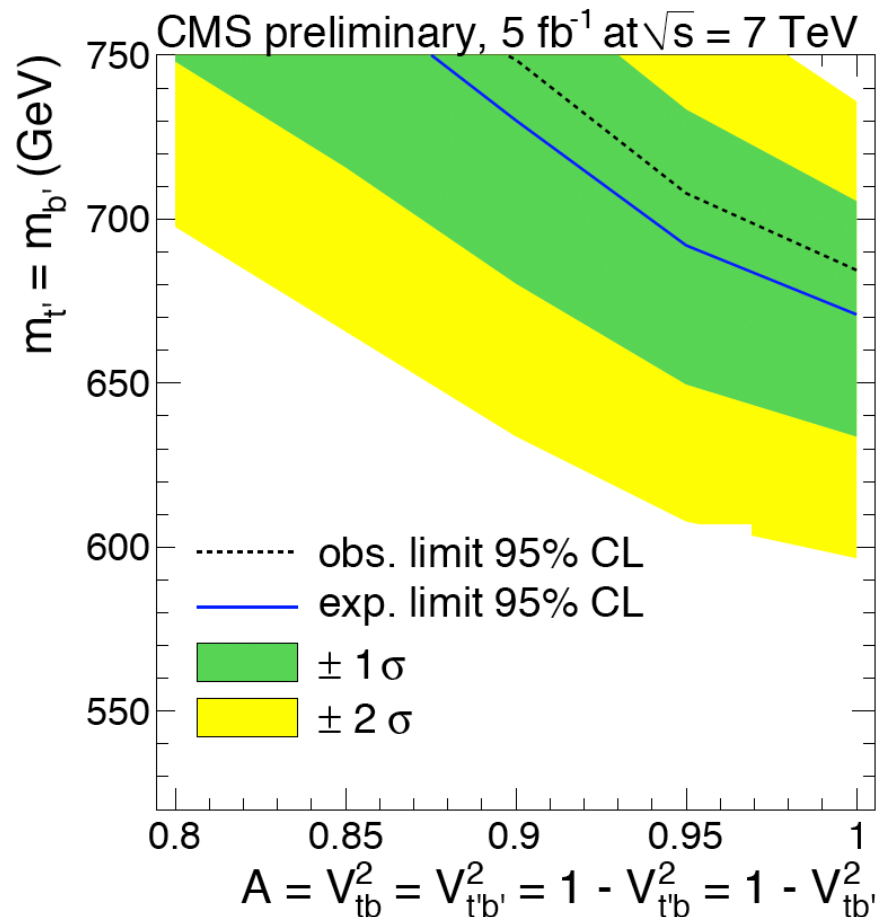
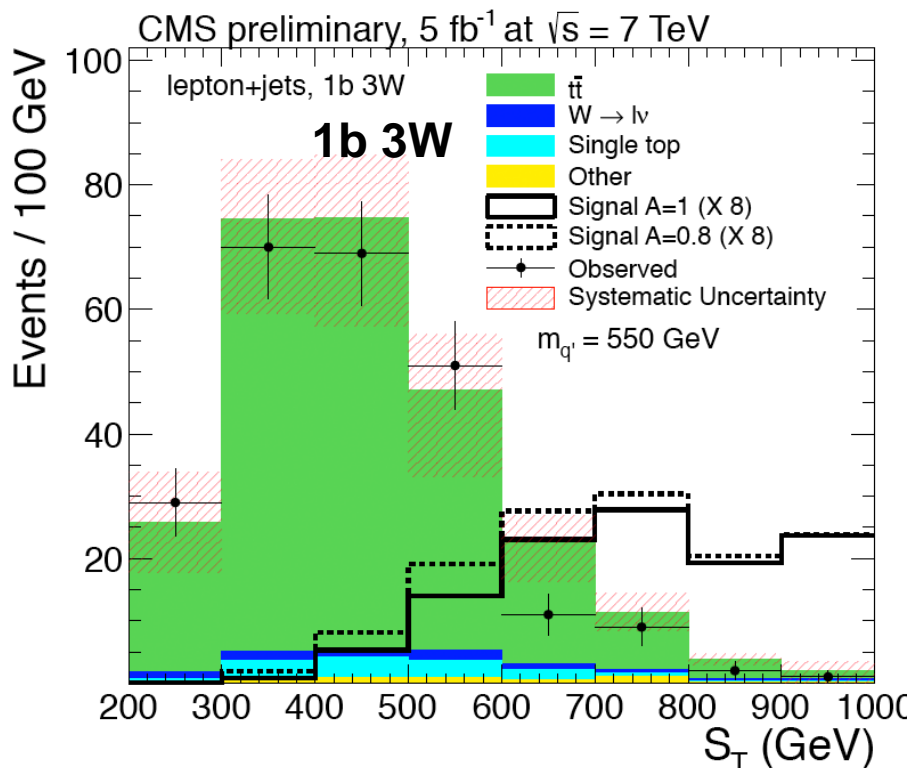
→ $t't' \rightarrow bWbW$

→ $b'b' \rightarrow tWtW \rightarrow bWWbWW$

CMS: 7 TeV, 5 fb⁻¹, EXO-11-098

Interpretation in terms of $m_{t'} = m_{b'}$ and $A = |V_{tb}|^2 = |V_{t'b'}|^2$

$m(t') = m(b') > 685$ GeV for $A=1$

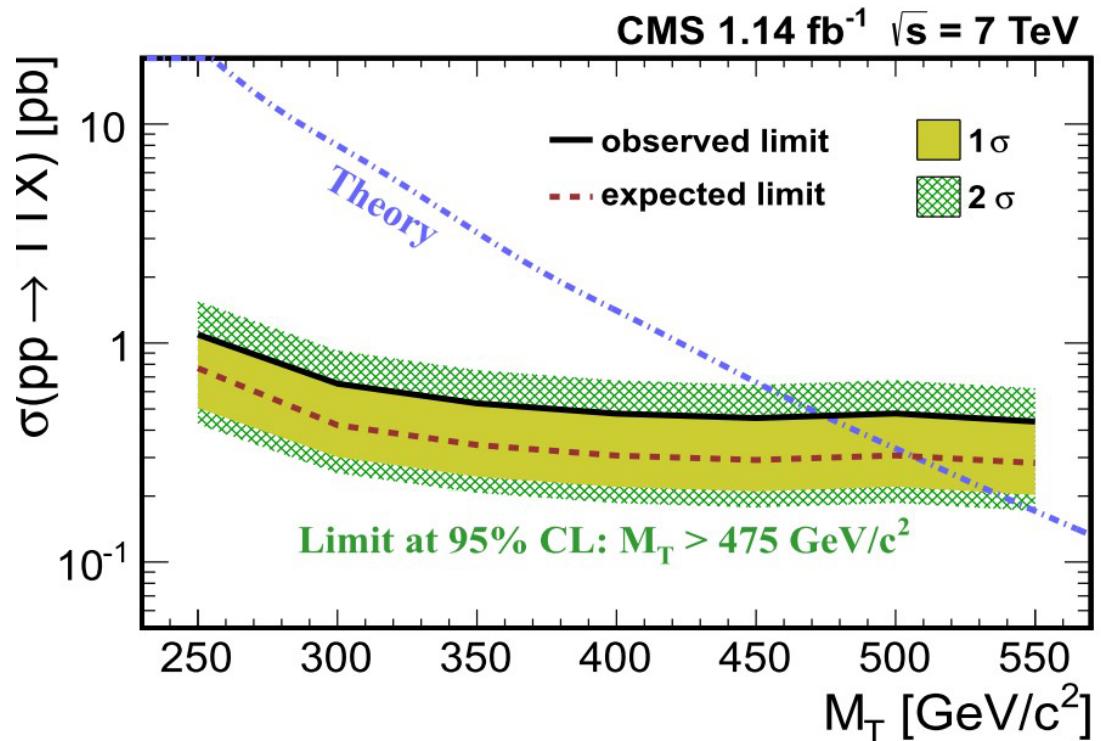
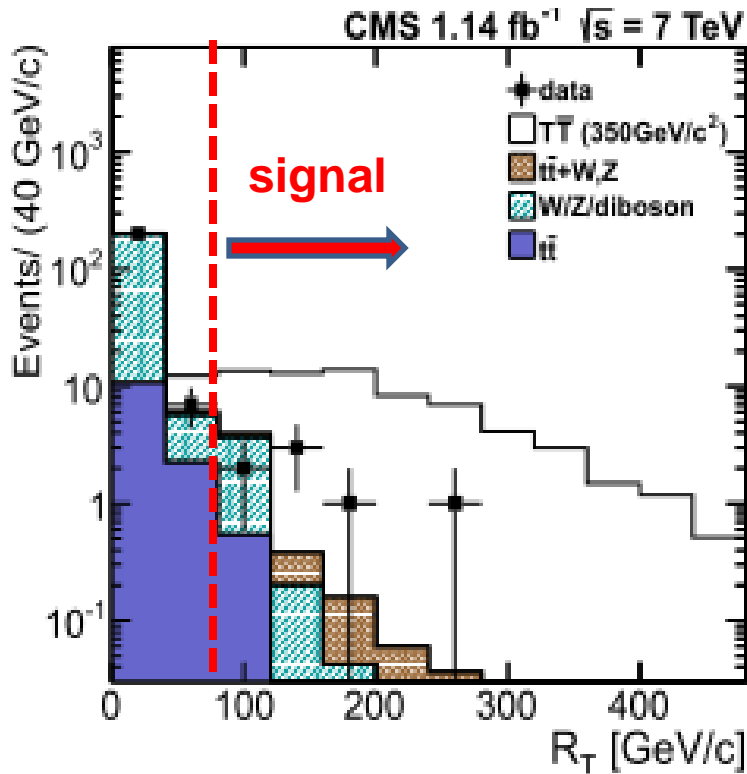


Vector-like Heavy T quark, $T \rightarrow tZ$

- **Vector-like charge 2/3 heavy top (T)**
- **FCNC tZ decay**
- Decay Chain: $TT \rightarrow tZtZ \rightarrow bbWWZZ$
- **Signature : 3 leptons+jets**

CMS: 7 TeV, 1.14 fb⁻¹ arXiv:1109.4985v1

**Cross-section upper limit translating into
T mass lower limit $M_T > 475$ GeV
for BR($T \rightarrow tZ$)=100%**

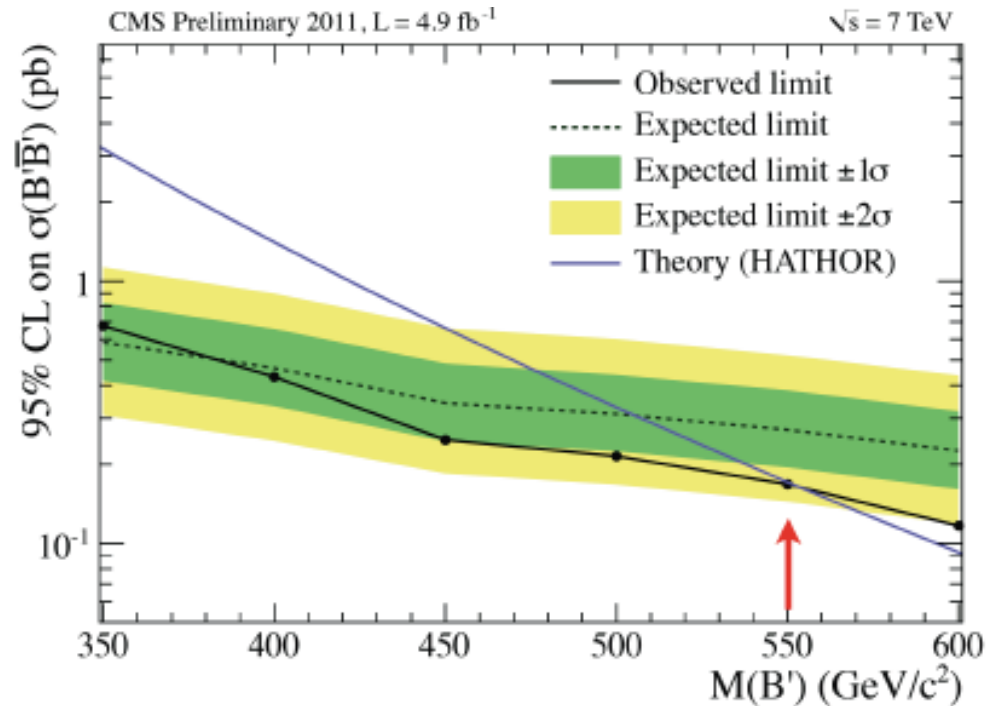
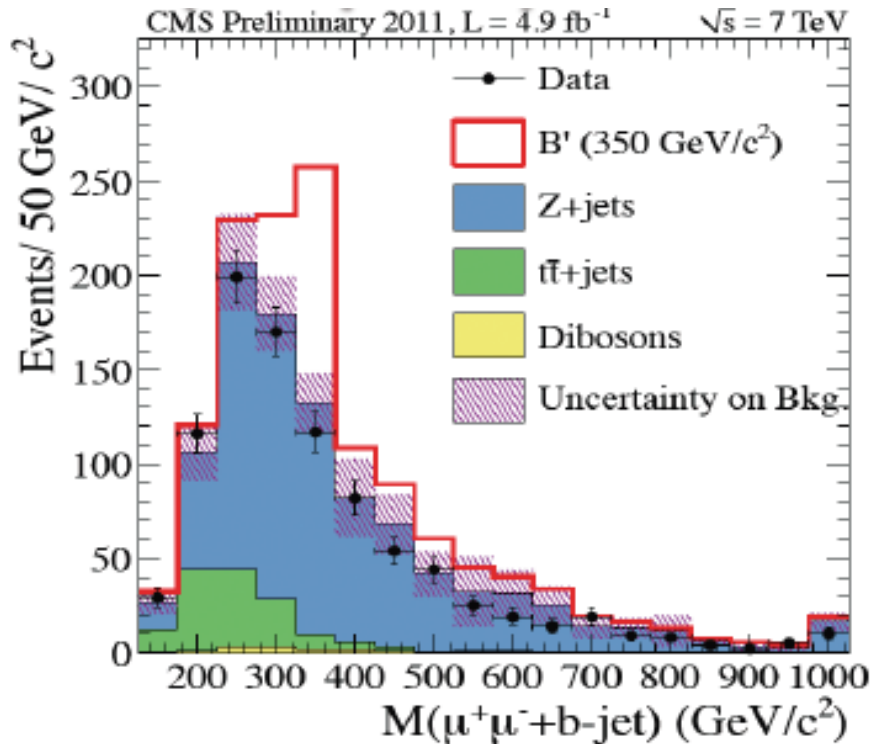


Vector-like Heavy B quark, $B \rightarrow bZ$

- **Vector-like charge 1/3 heavy b-quark (b)**
- **FCNC bZ decay**
- **Decay Chain: $BB \rightarrow bZbZ \rightarrow bbZZ$**
- **Signature : 2 leptons (Z) +1 jet + b-jet**

CMS: 7 TeV, 4.9 fb⁻¹
EXO-11-066

**Cross-section upper limit to
B mass lower limit $M_T > 550$ GeV
for $BR(T \rightarrow tZ) = 100\%$**

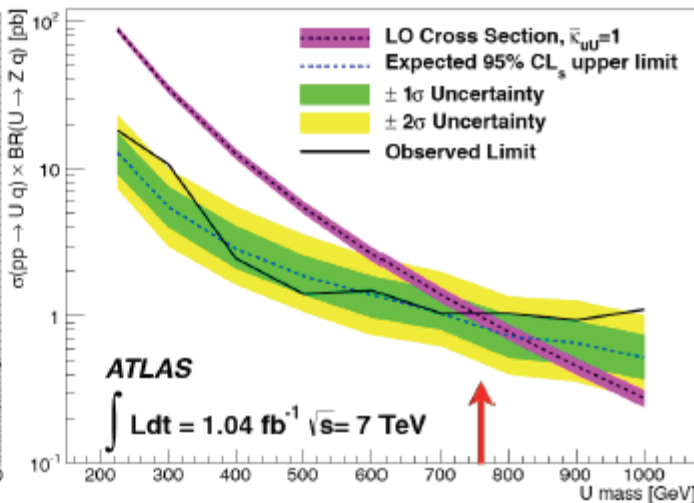
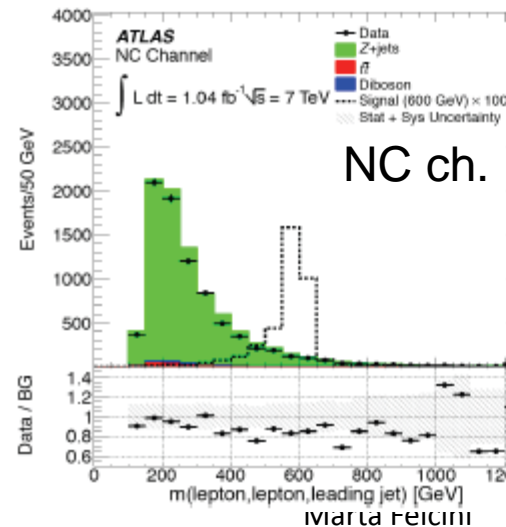
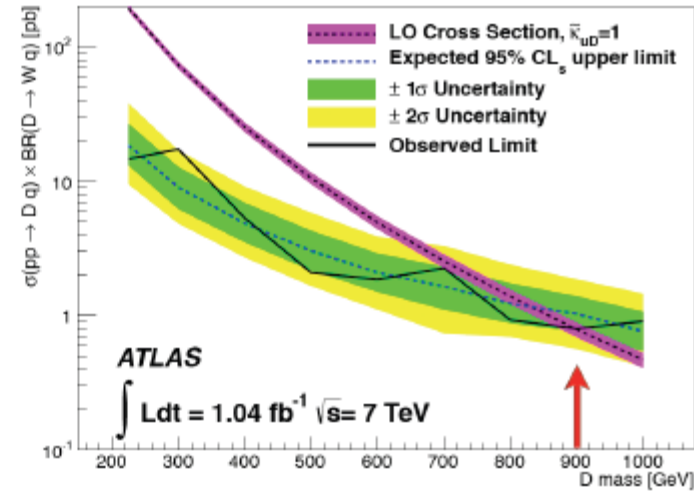
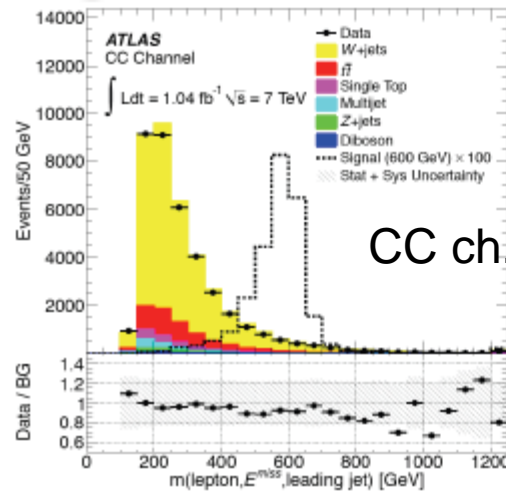
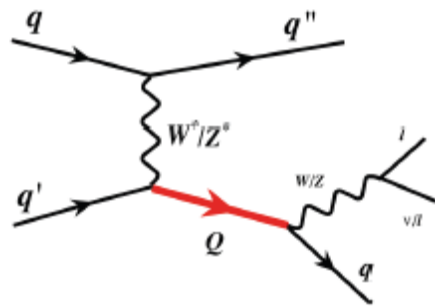


Vector-Like Quark in single production

Some models, e.g. Atre, et al., arXiv:0806.396 predict two VLQ doublets.

ATLAS: 7TeV, 1.04 fb⁻¹, arXiv:1112.5755

$$\begin{pmatrix} U \\ D \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix} \quad Q_U = \frac{2}{3}, Q_D = -\frac{1}{3}, Q_X = -\frac{5}{3} \text{ and } Q_Y = \frac{4}{3}$$



No excess in either channel

compute limits with assumption that uU and uD couplings = 1

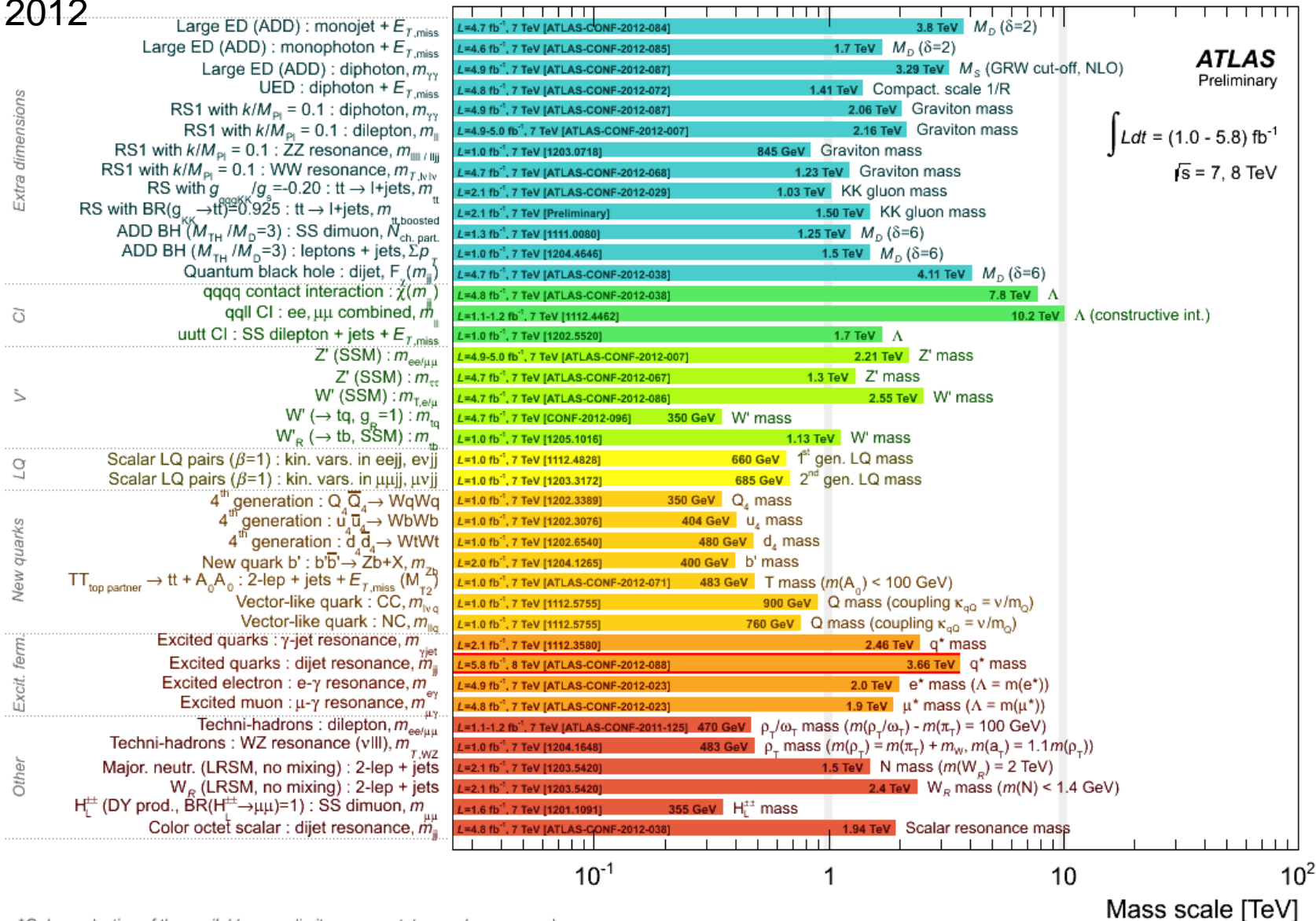
CC channel: $m_D > 900 \text{ GeV}$

NC channel: $m_U > 760 \text{ GeV}$

ATLAS mass limits from BSM searches

ICHEP 2012

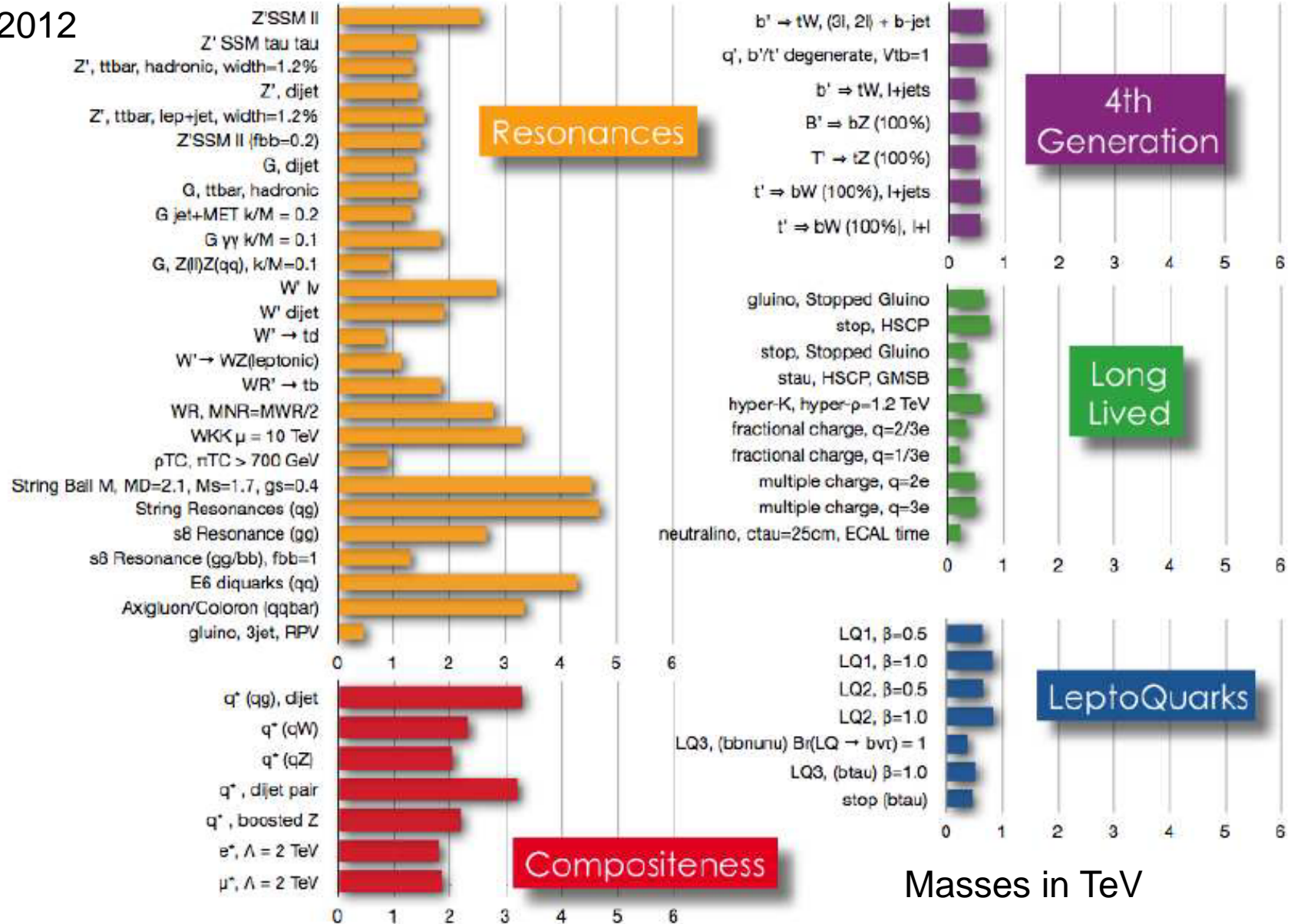
ATLAS Exotics Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits (Status: ICHEP 2012)



*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena shown

CMS mass limits from BSM searches

ICHEP 2012



Summary

A **Higgs-like boson exists** -> set **important constraints on many BSM scenarios**

- Precise measurements of the **new boson's properties** may reveal BSM physics
- Search for **additional Higgs-like bosons** may also reveal BSM physics (not discussed here but see M. Krakwicz and P. Osland talks)

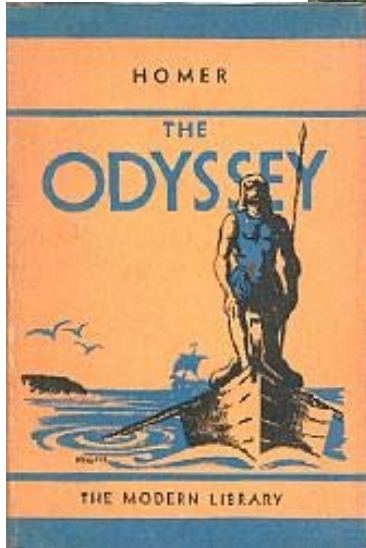
From the searches for other particles predicted by most popular BSM scenarios

- **Minimal SUSY models (cMSSM, mSUGRA)** constrained **~>1TeV scale**
(Signals from heavier SUSY could still appear especially at the 14 TeV LHC)
New SUSY models being considered: **split SUSY, compressed SUSY**, ...
Many SUSY signals expected to be within discovery reach
light 3rd generation squarks, light gauginos -> DM candidates, ...
- New resonances (Graviton, W' , Z' , ...) no signals yet -> constrained $\sim 1 - 4$ TeV
- Minimal **sequential 4th generation disfavoured** if Higgs proven to be SM-like
- **New heavy vector like quarks** from eg ED; GUT; composite Higgs models -> new signals expected, to be searched for...
- Many others BSM signals (...) expected
Many searches ongoing (much more than I could cover here), see public results
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/>
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/>

The journey continues...

Epilogue... for now...

Suggested reading:



ΟΔΥΣΣΕΙΑ

a Higgs-like boson appeared. «We got it!» they said.

For one brief moment, the clouds parted, the sun shone, and ~~Ithaca~~, Odysseus' island home appeared. "Ithaca!" But then the seas and clouds closed in again, and the ships were torn away from that sight and banished to farther waters.

They were now sailing to unknown lands...

...to be continued...

Terra incognita



Fermions: spin = 1/2 particles

Quarks

u <small>up</small>	c <small>charm</small>	t <small>top</small>
d <small>down</small>	s <small>strange</small>	b <small>bottom</small>

e <small>electron</small>	μ <small>muon</small>	τ <small>tau</small>
ν_e <small>electron neutrino</small>	ν_μ <small>muon neutrino</small>	ν_τ <small>tau neutrino</small>

Leptons

Vector Bosons: spin = 1 particles

Forces

Z <small>Z boson</small>	γ <small>photon</small>
W <small>W boson</small>	g <small>gluon</small>



Higgs Boson: spin = 0 fundamental scalar particle

New particles...



New forces...



Marta Felcini