Dark matter in three-Higgs-doublet models with S₃ symmetry

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In collaboration with: W. Khater, O. M. Øgreid, P. Osland, M. N. Rebelo Based on [2108.07026] and [2204.05684]

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Workshop on the Standard Model and Beyond

Building blocks SU(2) doublets, $h = \begin{pmatrix} h^+ \\ h^0 \end{pmatrix}$.

Bilinear $h_{ij} = h_i^{\dagger} h_j$.

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{V}_{2\text{HDM}} &= m_{11}^2 h_{11} + m_{22}^2 h_{22} - \left(m_{12}^2 h_{12} + \text{h.c.} \right) \\ &+ \frac{1}{2} \lambda_1 h_{11}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_2 h_{22}^2 + \lambda_3 h_{11} h_{22} + \lambda_4 h_{12} h_{21} \\ &+ \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \lambda_5 h_{12}^2 + \lambda_6 h_{11} h_{12} + \lambda_7 h_{22} h_{12} + \text{h.c.} \right\} \end{split}$$

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$$\mathbb{Z}_2: \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} h_1 \to h_1, \\ h_2 \to -h_2, \end{array} \right. \quad \text{vacuum:} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \langle 0|h_1|0 \rangle \neq 0, \\ \langle 0|h_2|0 \rangle = 0. \end{array} \right.$$

Dark Matter in Inert Doublet Model and Three-Higgs-Doublet Models



IDM: **[1612.00511]**, **[1809.07712]**; IDM2 (one inert doublet): **[1911.06477]**; (Two inert doublets) 3HDM: **[1407.7859]**, **[1507.08433]**, **[1712.09598]**; CP-3HDM: **[1608.01673]**;



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S₃-Symmetric Three-Higgs-Doublet Models: S₃ Group

Possible permutations: (1)(2)(3), (12)(3)..., (132)...

Transformations of an equilateral triangle:



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 S_3 irreducible representation: $\chi_1 \oplus \chi_{1'} \oplus \chi_2$.

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Transformations of an equilateral triangle:



 S_3 irreducible representation: $\chi_1 \oplus \chi_{1'} \oplus \chi_2$. Assume $(h_S)_1 \oplus \begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix}_2$.

Symmetries reduce free parameters: NHDM $\xrightarrow{\text{3HDM}}$ 46 $\xrightarrow{S_3}$ (12) $\xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}e}$ 10.

Transformations of an equilateral triangle:



 S_3 irreducible representation: $\chi_1 \oplus \chi_{1'} \oplus \chi_2$. Assume $(h_S)_1 \oplus \begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix}_2$.

Symmetries reduce free parameters: NHDM $\xrightarrow{3\text{HDM}} 46 \xrightarrow{S_3} (12) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{R}e} 10$. S₃-3HDM models were classified in **[1601.04654]**:

vacuum:
$$\begin{cases} 11 \text{ real } (w_1, w_2, w_S), \\ 18 \text{ complex } (\hat{w}_1 e^{i\sigma_1}, \hat{w}_2 e^{i\sigma_2}, \hat{w}_S). \end{cases}$$

S₃-Symmetric Three-Higgs-Doublet Models: Yukawa Interactions

Whenever $w_S \neq 0$ we can construct a trivial Yukawa sector:

$$\mathcal{M}_{u}=rac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(y_{ij}^{u}
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Fermions can transform non-trivially under S_3 :

 $\mathbf{2}:\left(\mathit{Q}_{1}\;\mathit{Q}_{2}\right)^{\mathrm{T}},\;\left(\mathit{u}_{1R}\;\mathit{u}_{2R}\right)^{\mathrm{T}},\;\left(\mathit{d}_{1R}\;\mathit{d}_{2R}\right)^{\mathrm{T}}\quad\text{and}\quad\mathbf{1}:\mathit{Q}_{3},\;\mathit{u}_{3R},\;\mathit{d}_{3R},$

$$\mathcal{M}_{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} y_{1}^{u} w_{5}^{*} + y_{2}^{u} w_{2}^{*} & y_{2}^{u} w_{1}^{*} & y_{4}^{u} w_{1}^{*} \\ y_{2}^{u} w_{1}^{*} & y_{1}^{u} w_{5}^{*} - y_{2}^{u} w_{2}^{*} & y_{4}^{u} w_{2}^{*} \\ y_{5}^{u} w_{1}^{*} & y_{5}^{u} w_{2}^{*} & y_{3}^{u} w_{5}^{*} \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \mathcal{M}_{d} = \dots$$

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Suppose that $w_1 = 0$:

$$\mathcal{M}_{u} = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} egin{pmatrix} y_{1}^{u}w_{5}^{*} + y_{2}^{u}w_{2}^{*} & 0 & 0 \ 0 & y_{1}^{u}w_{5}^{*} - y_{2}^{u}w_{2}^{*} & y_{4}^{u}w_{2}^{*} \ 0 & y_{5}^{u}w_{2}^{*} & y_{3}^{u}w_{5}^{*} \end{pmatrix} \, ,$$

	R-II-1a	C-III-a
Vacuum	$\{0, w_2, w_5\}$	$\{0, \hat{w}_2 e^{i\sigma}, \hat{w}_5\}$ CP-violation

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Models are analysed using 8 input parameters.

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Both theoretical and experimental constraints, at 3- σ , are evaluated:

- Cut 1: perturbativity, stability, unitarity checks, LEP constraints;
- Cut 2: $h \rightarrow \{VV, FF\}$, S and T, $\overline{B} \rightarrow X(s)\gamma$;
- Cut 3: $h \rightarrow \{\text{invisible}, \gamma\gamma\}$, $\Omega_{\text{CDM}}h^2$, direct searches;



Scans performed using micrOMEGAs 5.3.35.



Scans performed using micrOMEGAs 5.3.35.



Trilinear and quartic couplings are not tuneable!

 $\text{R-II-1a: } \left. \frac{g(XXh)}{v} \right|_{\text{SM}} = g(XXhh) \big|_{\text{SM}} = \frac{1}{v^2} \left[m_h^2 + 2m_X^2 \right].$

Results: Scalar Masses



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Results: Direct Detection of Dark Matter



Dark Matter in S₃-Symmetric Three-Higgs-Doublet Models



- Multi-Higgs-doublet models are phenomenologically rich and can accommodate a dark matter candidate;
- Possible dark matter candidates were identified within S₃-3HDM;
- Viable dark matter regions: R-II-1a [52.5, 89] GeV, C-III-a [6.5, 44.5] GeV;

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$$\begin{split} \mathcal{V}_{3\text{HDM}} &= \mu_1^2 \left(h_{11} + h_{22} \right) + \mu_0^2 h_{55} \\ &+ \lambda_1 \left(h_{11} + h_{22} \right)^2 + \lambda_2 \left(h_{12} - h_{21} \right)^2 + \lambda_3 \left[\left(h_{11} - h_{22} \right)^2 + \left(h_{12} + h_{21} \right)^2 \right] \\ &+ \left\{ \lambda_4 \left[h_{51} \left(h_{12} + h_{21} \right) + h_{52} \left(h_{11} - h_{22} \right) \right] + \text{h.c.} \right\} + \lambda_5 \left[h_{55} \left(h_{11} + h_{22} \right) \right] \\ &+ \lambda_6 \left[h_{15} h_{51} + h_{25} h_{52} \right] + \left\{ \lambda_7 \left[h_{51}^2 + h_{52}^2 \right] + \text{h.c.} \right\} + \lambda_8 h_{55}^2. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{1} &: \ [2 \otimes 2]_1, \ [1 \otimes 1]_1, \ [1' \otimes 1']_1; \\ \mathbf{1}' &: \ [2 \otimes 2]_{1'}, \ [1 \otimes 1']_{1'}, \ [1' \otimes 1]_{1'}; \\ \mathbf{2} &: \ [2 \otimes 2]_2, \ [1 \otimes 2]_2, \ [2 \otimes 1]_2, \ [1' \otimes 2]_2, \ [2 \otimes 1']_2; \\ \mathcal{V}_{3HDM} &= \mu_1^2 [2 \otimes 2]_1 + \mu_0^2 [1 \otimes 1]_1 \\ &+ \lambda_1 \left([2 \otimes 2]_1 \otimes [2 \otimes 2]_1 \right) + \lambda_2 \left([2 \otimes 2]_{1'} \otimes [2 \otimes 2]_{1'} \right) + \lambda_3 \left([2 \otimes 2]_2 \otimes [2 \otimes 2]_2 \right) \\ &+ \lambda_4 \left\{ \left([2 \otimes 2]_2 \otimes [1 \otimes 2]_2 \right) + \stackrel{\mathrm{sym}}{\longleftrightarrow} \right\} + \lambda_5 \left([2 \otimes 2]_1 \otimes [1 \otimes 1]_1 \right) + \lambda_6 \left([1 \otimes 2]_2 \otimes [2 \otimes 1]_2 \right) \\ &+ \lambda_7 \left\{ \left([1 \otimes 2]_2 \otimes [1 \otimes 2]_2 \right) + \stackrel{\mathrm{sym}}{\longleftrightarrow} \right\} + \lambda_8 \left([1 \otimes 1]_1 \otimes [1 \otimes 1]_1 \right). \end{split}$$

Massless state:

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{V}\left(Uh\right) &= \mathcal{V}\left(h\right),\\ \left<0\right|\left(Uh\right)\left|0\right> &= \left<0\right|h|0\right>. \end{split}$$

Results of [2001.01994]:

Constraints	Continuous symmetries	# of massless		
Constraints	Continuous symmetries	states		
$[\lambda_4 = 0]$	O(2)	1		
$\cdots + [\lambda_7 = 0]$	$O(2) \otimes U(1)_{h_S}$	2		
(1)	SU(2)	3		
$\cdots + [\lambda_2 + \lambda_3 = 0]$	$[O(2) \otimes U(1)_{h_1} \otimes U(1)_{h_2} \otimes U(1)_{h_5}]$	5		

Vacuum	vevs	λ_4	symmetry	# massless states	fermions under S_3
R-I-1	$(0, 0, w_S)$	\checkmark	$S_3, h_1 \rightarrow -h_1$	none	trivial
R-I-2a	(w, 0, 0)	\checkmark	<i>S</i> ₂	none	non-trivial
R-I-2b,2c	$(w, \pm \sqrt{3}w, 0)$	\checkmark	<i>S</i> ₂	none	non-trivial
R-II-1a	$(0, w_2, w_S)$	\checkmark	$S_2, h_1 \rightarrow -h_1$	none	trivial
R-II-2	(0, w, 0)	0	$h_1 \rightarrow -h_1, h_S \rightarrow -h_S$	1	non-trivial
R-II-3	$(w_1, w_2, 0)$	0	$h_S \rightarrow -h_S$	1	non-trivial
R-III-s	$(w_1, 0, w_S)$	0	$h_2 \rightarrow -h_2$	1	trivial
C-I-a	$(\hat{w}_1,\pm i\hat{w}_1,0)$	\checkmark	cyclic \mathbb{Z}_3	none	non-trivial
C-III-a	$(0, \hat{w}_2 e^{i\sigma_2}, \hat{w}_S)$	\checkmark	$S_2, h_1 \rightarrow -h_1$	none	trivial
C-III-b	$(\pm i\hat{w}_1,0,\hat{w}_S)$	0	$h_2 \rightarrow -h_2$	1	trivial
C-III-c	$(\hat{w}_1 e^{i\sigma_1}, \hat{w}_2 e^{i\sigma_2}, 0)$	0	$h_S \rightarrow -h_S$	2	non-trivial
C-IV-a	$(\hat{w}_1 e^{i\sigma_1}, 0, \hat{w}_S)$	0	$h_2 \rightarrow -h_2$	2	trivial

Possible DM candidates: 3 (exact S_3) and 8 (softly broken S_3) solutions.

Appendix: SU(2) Doublets in Terms of the Mass Eigenstates

R-II-1a:

$$h_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} h^{+} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\eta + i\chi) \end{pmatrix},$$

$$h_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin\beta G^{+} - \cos\beta H^{+} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin\beta v + \cos\alpha h - \sin\alpha H + i(\sin\beta G^{0} - \cos\beta A)) \end{pmatrix},$$

$$h_{S} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\beta G^{+} + \sin\beta H^{+} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos\beta v + \sin\alpha h + \cos\alpha H + i(\cos\beta G^{0} + \sin\beta A)) \end{pmatrix}.$$

C-III-a:

$$\begin{split} h_1 &= e^{i\gamma} \begin{pmatrix} h^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\varphi_1 + i\varphi_2) \end{pmatrix}, \\ h_2 &= e^{i\sigma} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\beta G^+ - \cos\beta H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sin\beta v + i\sin\beta G^0 + \sum_{i=1}^3 \left[\sin\beta \mathcal{R}_{i1}^0 - \cos\beta \left(\mathcal{R}_{i2}^0 + i\mathcal{R}_{i3}^0 \right) \right] H_i) \end{pmatrix}, \\ h_S &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos\beta G^+ + \sin\beta H^+ \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\cos\beta v + i\cos\beta G^0 + \sum_{i=1}^3 \left[\cos\beta \mathcal{R}_{i1}^0 + \sin\beta \left(\mathcal{R}_{i2}^0 + i\mathcal{R}_{i3}^0 \right) \right] H_i) \end{pmatrix}. \end{split}$$

R-II-1a (2 angles + 6 masses):

- Diagonalisation angles $\{\beta, \alpha\}$;
- Charged masses $m_{_{\!\mathcal{O}^{\pm}}} \in$ [0.07, 1] TeV;
- Inert masses $m_{\varphi_i} \in [0, 1]$ TeV;
- Active masses $\{m_H, m_A\} \in [m_h, 1 \text{ TeV}];$

C-III-a (5 angles + 3 masses):

- Diagonalisation angles $\{\beta, \gamma, \theta_2, \theta_3\}$ and phase σ ;
- Charged masses $\{m_{h^+}, m_{H^+}\} \in [0.07, 1]$ TeV;
- DM mass $m_{\varphi_1} \in [0, 1]$ TeV;

Appendix: R-II-1a Benchmark Points

Parameter	BP 1	BP 2	BP 3	BP 4	BP 5	BP6	BP7	BP8	BP9
DM (χ) mass [GeV]	52.6	56.1	59.6	63.02	65.7	70.3	75.0	82.2	88.6
$\eta \text{ mass [GeV]}$	62.7	203.8	270.4	169.38	150.5	157.7	202.8	127.8	210.7
h ⁺ mass [GeV]	115.4	167.4	273.6	188.6	214.1	170.5	232.0	151.8	243.0
H^+ mass [GeV]	192.6	369.5	367.4	246.6	265.5	405.8	319.8	410.6	311.9
H mass [GeV]	263.9	349.3	352.9	276.3	298.2	402.0	368.5	405.2	317.6
A mass [GeV]	179.2	208.0	190.7	173.9	205.2	255.3	251.3	330.0	247.0
β/π	0.162	-0.204	-0.201	-0.165	0.163	0.220	0.203	-0.218	0.183
α/π	0.252	0.763	0.765	0.752	0.254	0.225	0.239	0.769	0.238
$\sigma_{\rm SI} [10^{-11} \text{ pb}]$	0.029	1.456	4.928	0.176	5.326	1.341	2.711	8.553	4.491
$\eta \rightarrow \chi q \bar{q} ~ [\%]$	63.27				54.38	54.35		53.95	
$\eta \rightarrow \chi b \bar{b}$ [%]	0.48				14.80	14.85		13.90	
$\eta \rightarrow \chi \nu \bar{\nu}$ [%]	24.62				20.48	20.46		20.72	
$\eta \rightarrow \chi l\bar{l}$ [%]	11.61				10.33	10.33		11.42	
$\eta \rightarrow \chi Z ~[\%]$		99.98	53.09	100			100		100
$\eta \rightarrow \chi A ~[\%]$			46.91						
$h^+ \rightarrow \chi W^+$ [%]		100	100	99.98	99.89	99.99	99.99		99.99
$h^+ \rightarrow \eta q \bar{q} ~[\%]$	20.18							0.30	
$h^+ \rightarrow \eta \nu \bar{l} [\%]$	9.88							0.16	
$h^+ \rightarrow \chi q \bar{q} ~[\%]$	46.94							66.82	
$h^+ \rightarrow \chi \nu \bar{l} ~[\%]$	22.99							32.71	
$H^+ \rightarrow t \bar{b} ~[\%]$	9.07	43.69	58.23	95.09	95.78	30.95	96.25	31.54	93.59
$H^+ \rightarrow AW^+$ [%]		20.56	35.74	0.29	0.06	8.66	0.05	0.05	0.05
$H^+ \rightarrow h W^+$ [%]		1.94	2.67	4.46	4.00	1.23	2.86	1.15	6.20
$H^+ \rightarrow h^+ \eta ~[\%]$	85.9					43.74		61.68	
$H^+ \rightarrow h^+ \chi ~[\%]$	5.0	33.74	3.26			15.36	0.68	5.53	
$H \rightarrow \chi \chi$ [%]	0.15	0.03	0.07	0.87	15.03		11.34	7.63	63.75
$H \rightarrow \eta \eta ~[\%]$	89.9					24.89		25.31	
$H \rightarrow hh~[\%]$	3.07	2.64	9.40	34.59	33.53	1.33	13.43	0.88	14.72
$H \rightarrow AZ ~[\%]$	0.09	13.55	70.93	13.91	2.87	7.61	22.78		0.07
$H \to W^+ W^- ~[\%]$	4.06	3.13	10.40	34.98	33.35	1.89	16.32	1.26	14.70
$H \rightarrow ZZ ~[\%]$	1.75	1.43	4.77	15.29	14.82	0.88	7.53	0.59	6.62
$H \rightarrow h^+ h^- ~[\%]$	0.8	78.59				52.94		56.33	
$H \rightarrow q\bar{q} ~[\%]$		0.62	4.40	0.32	0.34	10.43	28.52	8.00	0.12
$A \rightarrow \eta \chi ~[\%]$	99.97					99.32		99.01	
$A \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ [%]	0.02	79.78	84.15	84.63	75.28	0.07	8.84	0.02	4.76
$A \rightarrow q\bar{q} \ [\%]$		3.56	3.75	3.77	3.36		0.39		0.21
$A \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ [%]		9.85	10.19	10.00	9.24		1.13		0.61
$A \rightarrow hZ$ [%]		6.81	1.87	1.55	12.08	0.6	89.63	0.96	94.42

Appendix: C-III-a Benchmark Points

Parameter	BP 1	BP 2	BP 3	BP 4	BP 5	BP6	BP7	BP8	BP9
DM (φ_1) mass [GeV]	6.85	11.55	16.24	20.82	25.50	30.36	35.13	39.73	44.24
$\varphi_2 \text{ mass [GeV]}$	192.43	247.91	294.06	224.63	223.13	171.54	153.74	268.90	265.78
h^+ mass [GeV]	183.55	273.87	314.66	150.90	238.64	196.77	143.47	200.65	193.85
H^+ mass [GeV]	290.50	152.52	202.09	317.17	145.92	124.49	180.35	259.35	285.91
H_2 mass [GeV]	126.49	142.01	156.26	164.17	143.09	128.72	128.29	138.87	149.83
$H_3 \text{ mass } [\text{GeV}]$	244.54	216.75	244.67	259.36	205.77	178.37	182.78	195.88	222.07
σ/π	0.365	0.633	-0.370	-0.622	-0.615	-0.590	0.564	-0.538	-0.541
β/π	0.167	0.146	0.160	0.191	0.139	0.128	0.138	0.152	0.150
$\sigma_{\rm SI} [10^{-11} \text{ pb}]$	9.23	1.55	1.45	0.01	0.10	1.65	1.23	0.67	3.09
$\varphi_2 \rightarrow \varphi_1 H_1 \ [\%]$	0.88	0.15	1.28	3.26	0.80	0.07		3.77	2.71
$\varphi_2 \rightarrow \varphi_1 H_2 \ [\%]$	7.49	0.44	2.88			0.07		64.02	60.25
$\varphi_2 \rightarrow \varphi_1 H_3 \ [\%]$		24.80	21.13						
$\varphi_2 \rightarrow \varphi_1 Z ~ [\%]$	91.63	74.61	74.70	96.73	99.20	99.85	100	32.21	37.04
$h^+ \rightarrow \varphi_1 H^+$ [%]		63.84	44.92		60.98	65.40			
$h^+ \rightarrow \varphi_1 W^+$ [%]	100	36.16	55.08	100	39.02	34.60	100	100	100
$H^+ \rightarrow h^+ \varphi_1 [\%]$	33.91			45.61			72.07	16.74	33.83
$H^+ \rightarrow H_1 W^+$ [%]	2.26			3.10				2.25	2.50
$H^+ \rightarrow H_2 W^+$ [%]	15.19			9.34				10.73	10.55
$H^+ \rightarrow t \bar{b} ~[\%]$	48.56		99.78	41.88			27.68	70.15	53.03
$H^+ \rightarrow q\bar{q} [\%]$	0.08	29.32	0.17	0.06	29.49	30.14		0.10	0.08
$H^+ \rightarrow \nu \bar{l} ~[\%]$	0.08	70.68	0.05		70.51	69.86	0.15		
$H_2 \rightarrow \varphi_1 \varphi_1 [\%]$	99.96	99.99	99.99	99.36	99.99	99.99	99.96	99.94	99.95
$H_2 \rightarrow W^+W^-$ [%]				0.60					
$H_2 \rightarrow q\bar{q} \ [\%]$	0.03			0.03		0.01	0.04	0.06	0.04
$H_3 \rightarrow \varphi_1 \varphi_1 [\%]$	81.99	96.04	79.32	83.49	98.17	99.93	99.90	98.08	96.95
$H_3 \rightarrow \varphi_1 \varphi_2 ~[\%]$	9.10			7.57					
$H_3 \rightarrow H_1H_1$ [%]				0.08					
$H_3 \rightarrow H_1Z$ [%]	1.20		15.82	2.57					0.01
$H_3 \rightarrow H_2 Z ~ [\%]$	7.67			0.40					
$H_3 \rightarrow W^+W^-$ [%]		2.64	3.18	4.10	1.26	0.04	0.08	1.44	2.17
$H_3 \rightarrow ZZ$ [%]		1.05	1.34	1.76	0.47			0.48	0.87
$H_3 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ [%]	0.03	0.27	0.34		0.08	0.02	0.01		

Appendix: HiggsBounds Applied to R-II-1a (Preliminary)

