A novel world-sheet functional approach to Liouville strings & Implications to Cosmology

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Motivation : (I) Free Bosonic String Theory

Free bosonic string propagating in D – dimensional flat space-time

$$S^* = -\frac{1}{4\pi\alpha'} \int d^2\sigma \sqrt{\gamma} \gamma^{ab} \eta_{\mu\nu} \partial_a X^{\mu} \partial_b X^{\nu}$$
$$\sigma^a = (\tau, \sigma) , \ X^{\mu} = \left(X^0, X^1, \dots X^{D-1}\right)$$

This is a conformal theory on the 2 – dim world – sheet.

Central charge :
$$c_{tot} = c_X + c_g = D - 26$$

Conformal invariance $D = 26$
Critical Bosonic String

Motivation : (II) Strings in Background fields

Now consider a deformed world – sheet action :



Motivation : (II) Strings in Background fields

e.g. for Graviton and Dilaton backgrounds :

World – sheet action (2 – dim) :

$$S = \frac{1}{4\pi\alpha'} \int d^2\sigma \sqrt{\gamma} \left[\gamma^{ab} G_{\mu\nu}(X) \partial_a X^{\mu} \partial_b X^{\nu} + \alpha' R^{(2)} \Phi(X) \right]$$

$$\hat{\beta}^{G}_{\mu\nu} = \alpha' R_{\mu\nu} + 2\alpha' \nabla_{\mu} \nabla_{\nu} \Phi + \mathcal{O} \left(\alpha'^{2} \right)$$
$$\hat{\beta}^{\Phi} = \frac{D - 26}{6} - \frac{\alpha'}{2} \nabla^{2} \Phi + \alpha' \nabla_{a} \Phi \nabla^{a} \Phi + \mathcal{O} \left(\alpha'^{2} \right)$$

Conformal invariance : $\hat{eta}^G_{\mu
u}=\hat{eta}^\Phi=0$ look like equations of motion!

Effective action in D – dim target space (in σ – model frame) :

$$S_{eff} \propto \int d^D x \sqrt{-G} e^{-2\Phi} \left[-\frac{2(D-26)}{3\alpha'} + R^{(D)} + 4\partial_\mu \Phi \partial^\mu \Phi \right] + \mathcal{O}\left(\alpha'\right)$$

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Motivation : (II) Strings in Background fields

$$\hat{\beta}^i = \beta^i + \delta g^i, \ \beta^i = \frac{dg_R^i}{d\ln\mu}$$

 δg^i : change under general coordinate diffeomorphisms in target space

- ι : world sheet RG scale
- g_R^i : renormalized coupling

more general, vacuum energy

$$\frac{D-26}{6} \to Q^2$$

Motivation: (III) Non - critical Strings

"String theory space" : space of coupling constants, $\left\{g^{i}\right\}$

(Zamolodchikov : metric space, $\mathcal{G}_{ij} = z^2 \bar{z}^2 < V_i(z, \bar{z}) V_j(0, 0) >_a \dots$)

fixed points : conformal invariance conditions are satisfied $\hat{\beta}^i = 0$

Non – equilibrium processes may result in **non – critical** (non – conformal) string configurations, i.e. configurations which lie away from fixed points in the string theory space.



Motivation : (III) Non - critical Strings

Example of such a non – equilibrium procedure :

Brane collision (early universe ?)



Motivation : (III) Non - critical Strings



Liouville string theory We are away from the critical theory : $\hat{\beta}^i \neq 0$ How do we restore conformal invariance ? Liouville - dressing procedure Couple our model with an extra world – sheet quantum field $|\phi(\tau, \sigma)|$ with action: $S_L = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int d^2 \sigma \sqrt{\gamma} \left(-\operatorname{sign} \left(Q^2 \right) \gamma^{ab} \partial_a \phi \partial_b \phi + Q R^{(2)} \phi + 4\pi \mu e^{2b\phi} \right)$ **Every non – conformal operator**, V_i , of conformal dimension h_i becomes "Liouville – dressed" : $V_i^L(\phi, X^{\mu}) \equiv e^{\alpha_i \phi(\tau, \sigma)} V_i(X^{\mu})$ **Conformal**, as long as : Q: "charge at infinity" $\alpha_i \left(\alpha_i + Q \right) = \Delta_i \equiv h_i - 2$ Q^2 : central charge deficit Universenet School, 28/09/07, Mytilene A. Kostouki 10

Liouville string theory

generalized conformal invariance conditions :

$$\ddot{g}^{i} + Q\dot{g}^{i} = -\hat{\beta}^{i} + \mathcal{O}\left(\dot{g}^{2}\right)$$

$$\dot{g}^i \equiv \frac{\partial g^i}{\partial \phi_0}$$
, $\hat{\beta}^i = d$ -dim beta functions

In supercritical (central charge surplus, $Q^2 > 0$) models : ϕ_0 can be identified with target time, and conformal invariance can be restored in one dimension higher



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Novel non-perturbative functional field theory method :

Apparent technical similarities with usual (Wilsonian) renormalization, but essential differences :

Fixed world – sheet cutoff

Fixed world – sheet area,
$$A$$
 (Distler – Kawai)
 $Z(A) = \int \mathcal{D}\phi \mathcal{D}X e^{-S} \delta \left(\int d^2 \sigma e^{\alpha \phi} \sqrt{\gamma} - A \right)$

Running bare parameter(s)

Liouville field theory : Q^2 = vacuum energy

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Liouville field theory on 2 – dim flat world – sheet

Bare action :

$$S = \int d^2 \xi \left\{ \frac{Q^2}{2} \partial_a \phi \partial^a \phi + V_Q \left(\phi \right) \right\}$$

Path integral quantization leads to the effective action, Γ , whose evolution equation with respect to the bare parameter, Q^2 , is :

$$\dot{\Gamma} \equiv \frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial Q^2} = \int d^2 \xi \frac{1}{2} \partial_a \phi \partial^a \phi + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Tr} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi^a} \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_a} \left(\frac{\delta^2 \Gamma}{\delta \phi_\xi \delta \phi_\zeta} \right)^{-1} \right]$$

Exact evolution equation, independent of any loop expansion

We assume the following functional dependence of the effective action :

$$\Gamma[\phi] = \int d^2 \xi \left\{ \frac{Z_Q(\phi)}{2} \partial_a \phi \partial^a \phi + V_Q(\phi) \right\}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{Alexandre, Ellis,} \\ \text{Mavromatos,} \\ \text{JHEP} \\ \text{0703 (2007) 060} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} Z_Q = \text{independent of } \phi \\ \dot{Z}_Q = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{Z_Q = Q^2}{Z_Q = Q^2}$$

$$\dot{V} = \frac{\Lambda^2}{8\pi Z} - \frac{V''}{8\pi Z^2} \ln \left(1 + \frac{Z\Lambda^2}{V''}\right)$$

$$\dot{Z} = 1 + \frac{5(Z')^2}{8\pi Z^3} \ln \left(1 + \frac{Z\Lambda^2}{V''}\right) + \frac{7}{24\pi} \frac{Z'}{Z^2} \frac{V^{(3)}}{V''} - \frac{47}{48\pi} \frac{(Z')^2}{Z^3}$$

Solution :

 Z_Q



no quantum corrections for Z_Q , consistent with conformal invariance

• In the limit $Q^2 >> 1$:

$$V(\phi) = \mu^2 P_Q(\phi) e^{\phi} \simeq \mu^2 \left(1 + \frac{\ln(Q^2)}{8\pi Q^2} \right) \exp\left\{ \left(1 - \frac{1}{8\pi Q^2} \right) \phi \right\}$$

• In the limit
$$Q^2 \to 0$$
:

$$V(\phi) = \mu^2 P_Q(\phi) e^{\phi} \simeq \frac{\Lambda^2}{8\pi} \left| \ln(Q^2) \right| \exp\left\{ \frac{\phi}{|\ln(Q^2)|} \right\} \simeq \frac{\Lambda^2}{8\pi} \left| \ln(Q^2) \right|$$
Jackiw

Conclusions & Outlook

We tested a novel functional method in the context of Liouville strings, motivated by non – critical stringy Q – cosmologies

We found no wave function renormalization in the Liouville model, as expected from the general conformal invariance restoring properties of Liouville mode.

Outlook :

Application to violent cosmic phenomena such as colliding brane – worlds, D-particle space – time foam (capture of strings by DO – branes as source of non – conformal invariance) etc.

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