

The Minimal $SU(5)$ Unification Model^{*}

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*I.D. and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 101 (2020) 1, 015009, arXiv:1910.09008.

I.D., Emina Džaferović-Mašić, and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 1, 015023, arXiv:2105.01678.

OUTLINE

- A NOVEL $SU(5)$ MODEL PROPOSAL
- A PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS
- CONCLUSIONS

GEORGI-GLASHOW MODEL*

| $SU(5)$ | $SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$ | $SU(5)$ | $SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$ |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| $5_H \equiv \Lambda$ | $\Lambda_1 (1, 2, \frac{1}{2})$ $\Lambda_3 (3, 1, -\frac{1}{3})$ | $\bar{5}_{F_i} \equiv F_i$ | $L_i (1, 2, -\frac{1}{2})$ $d_i^c (\bar{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3})$ |
| $24_H \equiv \phi$ | $\phi_0 (1, 1, 0)$ $\phi_1 (1, 3, 0)$ $\phi_3 (3, 2, -\frac{5}{6})$ $\phi_{\bar{3}} (\bar{3}, 2, \frac{5}{6})$ $\phi_8 (8, 1, 0)$ | $10_{F_i} \equiv T_i$ | $Q_i (3, 2, \frac{1}{6})$ $u_i^c (\bar{3}, 1, -\frac{2}{3})$ $e_i^c (1, 1, 1)$ |

*H. Georgi and S.L. Glashow, Phys. Rev. Lett. 32 (1974) 438–441.

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- NEUTRINOS ARE MASSLESS
- GAUGE COUPLING UNIFICATION DOES NOT TAKE PLACE
- $m_e = m_d$, $m_\mu = m_s$, $m_\tau = m_b$

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| | $\phi_3 (3, 2, -\frac{5}{6})$ | | $e_i^c (1, 1, 1)$ |
| | $\phi_{\bar{3}} (\bar{3}, 2, \frac{5}{6})$ | | $\Sigma_1 (1, 3, 1)$ |
| | $\phi_8 (8, 1, 0)$ | | $\Sigma_3 (3, 2, \frac{1}{6})$ |
| $35_H \equiv \Phi$ | $\Phi_1 (1, 4, -\frac{3}{2})$ | $15_F \equiv \Sigma$ | $\Sigma_6 (6, 1, -\frac{2}{3})$ |
| | $\Phi_3 (\bar{3}, 3, -\frac{2}{3})$ | | $\bar{\Sigma}_1 (1, 3, -1)$ |
| | $\Phi_6 (\bar{6}, 2, \frac{1}{6})$ | | $\bar{\Sigma}_3 (\bar{3}, 2, -\frac{1}{6})$ |
| | $\Phi_{10} (\overline{10}, 1, 1)$ | | $\bar{\Sigma}_6 (\bar{6}, 1, \frac{2}{3})$ |

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v_5 - electroweak VEV

v_{24} - $SU(5)$ breaking VEV

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*N. Oshimo,, Phys.Rev.D 80 (2009) 075011, arXiv:0907.3400.

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$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} \supset & \left\{ +Y_{ij}^u T_i^{\alpha\beta} T_j^{\gamma\delta} \Lambda^\rho \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\rho} + Y_{ij}^d T_i^{\alpha\beta} F_{\alpha j} \Lambda_\beta^* + Y_i^a \Sigma^{\alpha\beta} F_{\alpha i} \Lambda_\beta^* + Y_i^b \bar{\Sigma}_{\beta\gamma} F_{\alpha i} \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \right. \\ & + Y_i^c T_i^{\alpha\beta} \bar{\Sigma}_{\beta\gamma} \phi_\alpha^\gamma + \text{h.c.} \Big\} + M_\Sigma \bar{\Sigma}_{\alpha\beta} \Sigma^{\alpha\beta} + y \bar{\Sigma}_{\alpha\beta} \Sigma^{\beta\gamma} \phi_\gamma^\alpha \\ & - \mu_\Lambda^2 (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha) + \lambda_0^\Lambda (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha)^2 + \mu_1 \Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\beta \phi_\beta^\alpha + \lambda_1^\Lambda (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha) (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma) + \lambda_2^\Lambda \Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma \phi_\gamma^\alpha \\ & - \mu_\phi^2 (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma) + \mu_2 \phi_\beta^\alpha \phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\alpha^\gamma + \lambda_0^\phi (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma)^2 + \lambda_1^\phi \phi_\beta^\alpha \phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\delta^\gamma \phi_\alpha^\delta + \mu_\Phi^2 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) \\ & + \lambda_0^\Phi (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma})^2 + \lambda_1^\Phi \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\delta} \Phi^{*\delta\rho\sigma} \Phi_{\rho\sigma\gamma} + \lambda_0 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) (\phi_\rho^\delta \phi_\delta^\rho) \\ & + \lambda'_0 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) (\Lambda_\rho^* \Lambda^\rho) + \lambda''_0 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\beta\gamma\delta} \Lambda^\delta \Lambda_\alpha^* + \mu_3 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\beta\gamma\delta} \phi_\alpha^\delta \\ & \left. + \lambda_1 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\delta\rho} \phi_\beta^\delta \phi_\gamma^\rho + \lambda_2 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\rho} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\delta} \phi_\rho^\gamma \phi_\gamma^\delta + \{ \lambda' \Lambda^\alpha \Lambda^\beta \Lambda^\gamma \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma} + \text{h.c.} \} \right\},\end{aligned}$$

A NOVEL $SU(5)$ MODEL PROPOSAL

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} \supset & \left\{ + Y_{ij}^u T_i^{\alpha\beta} T_j^{\gamma\delta} \Lambda^\rho \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma\delta\rho} + Y_{ij}^d T_i^{\alpha\beta} F_{\alpha j} \Lambda_\beta^* + Y_i^a \Sigma^{\alpha\beta} F_{\alpha i} \Lambda_\beta^* + Y_i^b \bar{\Sigma}_{\beta\gamma} F_{\alpha i} \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \right. \\ & \left. + Y_i^c T_i^{\alpha\beta} \bar{\Sigma}_{\beta\gamma} \phi_\alpha^\gamma + \text{h.c.} \right\} + M_\Sigma \bar{\Sigma}_{\alpha\beta} \Sigma^{\alpha\beta} + y \bar{\Sigma}_{\alpha\beta} \Sigma^{\beta\gamma} \phi_\gamma^\alpha \\ & - \mu_\Lambda^2 (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha) + \lambda_0^\Lambda (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha)^2 + \mu_1 \Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\beta \phi_\beta^\alpha + \lambda_1^\Lambda (\Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\alpha) (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma) + \lambda_2^\Lambda \Lambda_\alpha^* \Lambda^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma \phi_\gamma^\alpha \\ & - \mu_\phi^2 (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma) + \mu_2 \phi_\beta^\alpha \phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\alpha^\gamma + \lambda_0^\phi (\phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\beta^\gamma)^2 + \lambda_1^\phi \phi_\beta^\alpha \phi_\gamma^\beta \phi_\delta^\gamma \phi_\alpha^\delta + \mu_\Phi^2 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) \\ & + \lambda_0^\Phi (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma})^2 + \lambda_1^\Phi \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\delta} \Phi^{*\delta\rho\sigma} \Phi_{\rho\sigma\gamma} + \lambda_0 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) (\phi_\rho^\delta \phi_\delta^\rho) \\ & + \lambda'_0 (\Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma}) (\Lambda_\rho^* \Lambda^\rho) + \lambda''_0 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\beta\gamma\delta} \Lambda^\delta \Lambda_\alpha^* + \mu_3 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\beta\gamma\delta} \phi_\alpha^\delta \\ & + \lambda_1 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_{\alpha\delta\rho} \phi_\beta^\delta \phi_\gamma^\rho + \lambda_2 \Phi^{*\alpha\beta\rho} \Phi_{\alpha\beta\delta} \phi_\rho^\gamma \phi_\gamma^\delta + \{ \lambda' \Lambda^\alpha \Lambda^\beta \Lambda^\gamma \Phi_{\alpha\beta\gamma} + \text{h.c.} \}, \end{aligned}$$

A NOVEL $SU(5)$ MODEL PROPOSAL

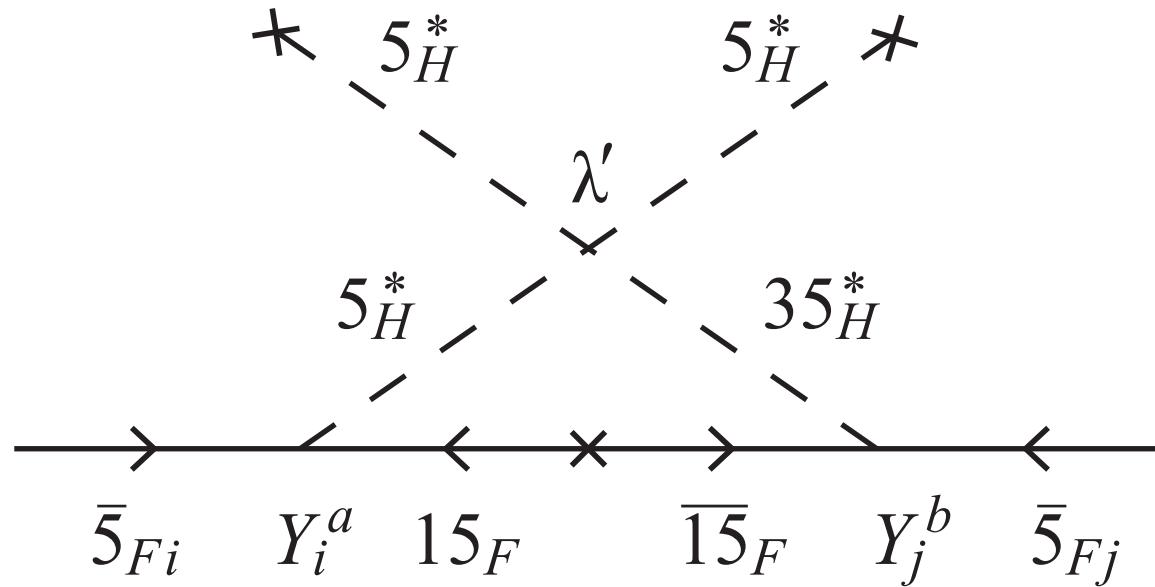
PARTICLE CONTENT:

$$5_H, 24_H, 35_H, \bar{5}_{F_i}, 10_{F_i}, 15_F, \bar{15}_F \quad i = 1, 2, 3$$

YUKAWA COUPLINGS:

$$Y_i^a, Y_i^b, Y_i^c, Y_{ij}^u, Y_{ij}^d, y \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3$$

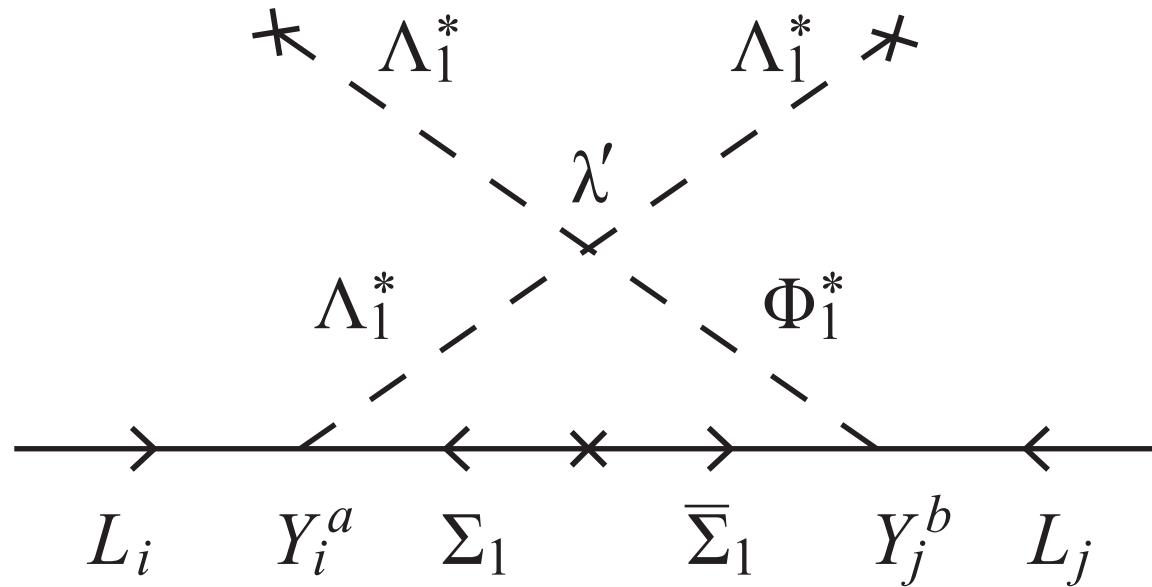
NEUTRINO MASSES



$$\mathcal{L} \supset \lambda' \, 5_H 5_H 5_H 35_H + Y_i^a \, 15_F \bar{5}_{F_i} 5_H^* + Y_i^b \, \bar{15}_F \bar{5}_{F_i} 35_H^*$$

^{*}I.D. and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 101 (2020) 1, 015009, arXiv:1910.09008.

NEUTRINO MASSES *



$$(M_N)_{ij} = m_0 (Y_i^a Y_j^b + Y_i^b Y_j^a) \quad m_0 = \frac{\lambda' v_5^2}{16\pi^2} \frac{M_{\Sigma_1}}{M_{\Sigma_1}^2 - M_{\Phi_1}^2} \log \left(\frac{M_{\Sigma_1}^2}{M_{\Phi_1}^2} \right)$$

*K.S. Babu, S. Nandi, and Z. Tavartkiladze, Phys.Rev.D 80 (2009) 071702, arXiv:0905.2710.

CHARGED FERMION MASSES

GEORGI-GLASHOW MODEL:^{*}

$$(M_U)_{ij} = 4v_5(Y_{ij}^u + Y_{ji}^u)$$

$$(M_D)_{ij} = v_5 (Y_{ij}^d \quad \quad \quad)$$

$$(M_E)_{ij} = v_5 Y_{ji}^d$$

^{*}H. Georgi and S.L. Glashow, Phys. Rev. Lett. 32 (1974) 438–441.

CHARGED FERMION MASSES *

$$(M_U)_{ij} = 4v_5(Y_{ij}^u + Y_{ji}^u)$$

$$(M_D)_{ij} = v_5 \left(Y_{ij}^d + \delta' Y_i^c Y_j^a \right)$$

$$(M_E)_{ij} = v_5 Y_{ji}^d$$

$$\delta' \equiv \sqrt{10/3}v_{24}/(4M_{\Sigma_3})$$

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FERMION MASSES *

$$(M_U)_{ij} = 4v_5(Y_{ij}^u + Y_{ji}^u)$$

$$(M_D)_{ij} = v_5 \left(Y_{ij}^d + \delta' Y_i^c Y_j^a \right)$$

$$(M_E)_{ij} = v_5 Y_{ji}^d$$

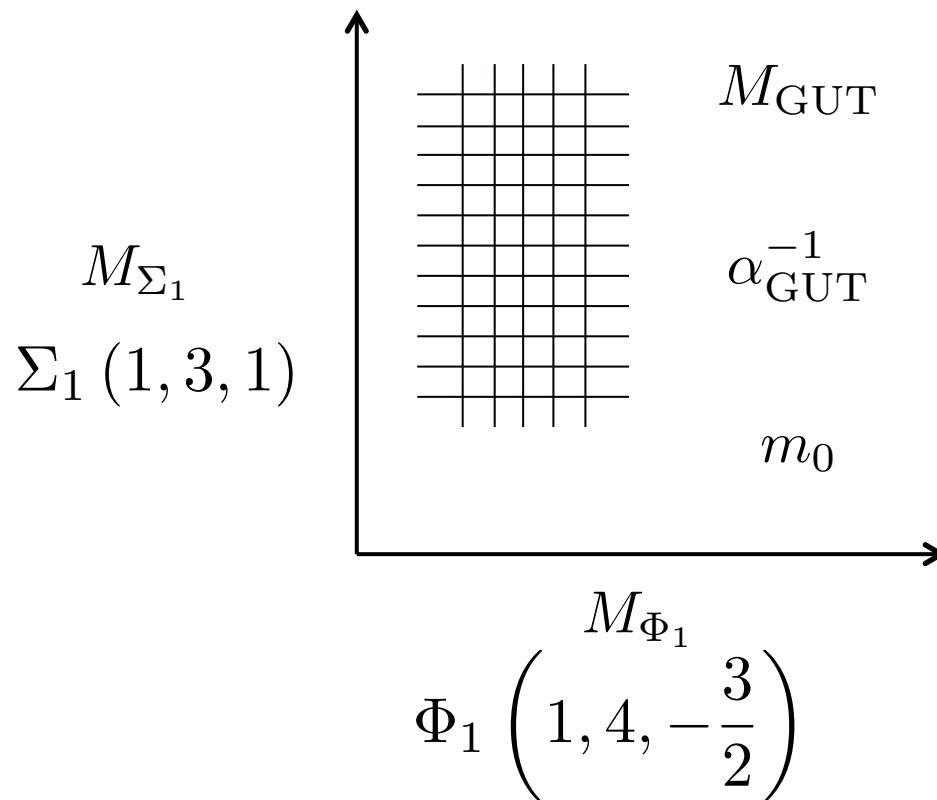
$$(M_N)_{ij} = m_0 \left(Y_i^a Y_j^b + Y_i^b Y_j^a \right)$$

*I.D. and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 101 (2020) 1, 015009, arXiv:1910.09008.

PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS *

- GAUGE COUPLING UNIFICATION ($\max(M_{\text{GUT}})$)

$$M \equiv \min(M_J), \quad J = \Phi_1, \Phi_3, \Phi_6, \Phi_{10}, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_3, \Sigma_6, \phi_1, \phi_8, \Lambda_3$$

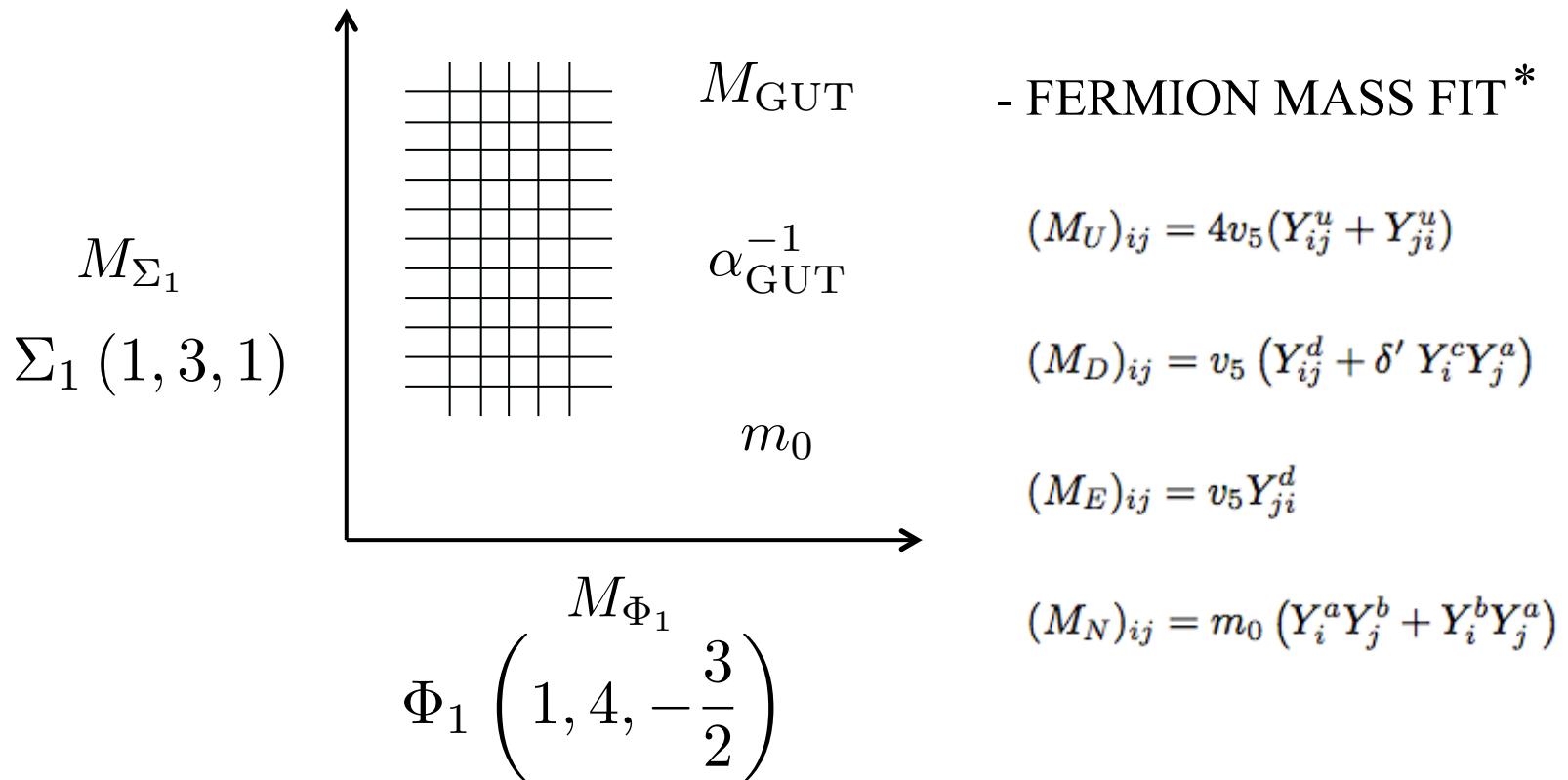


*I.D., Emina Džaferović-Mašić, and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 1, 015023, arXiv:2105.01678.

PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS

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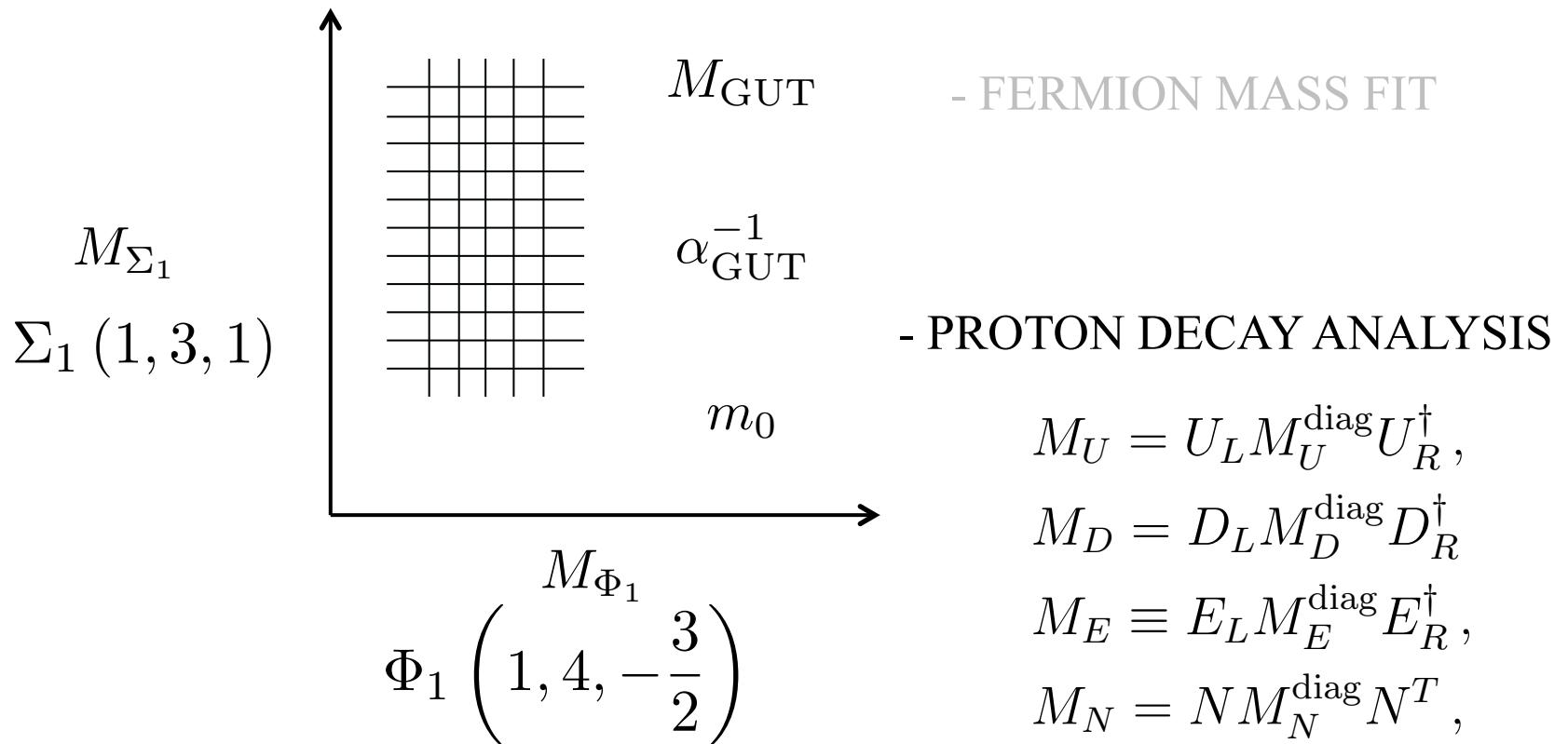


*I. Cordero-Carrión, M. Hirsch, and A. Vicente,, Phys.Rev.D 101 no. 7, (2020) 075032, arXiv:1912.08858.

PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS *

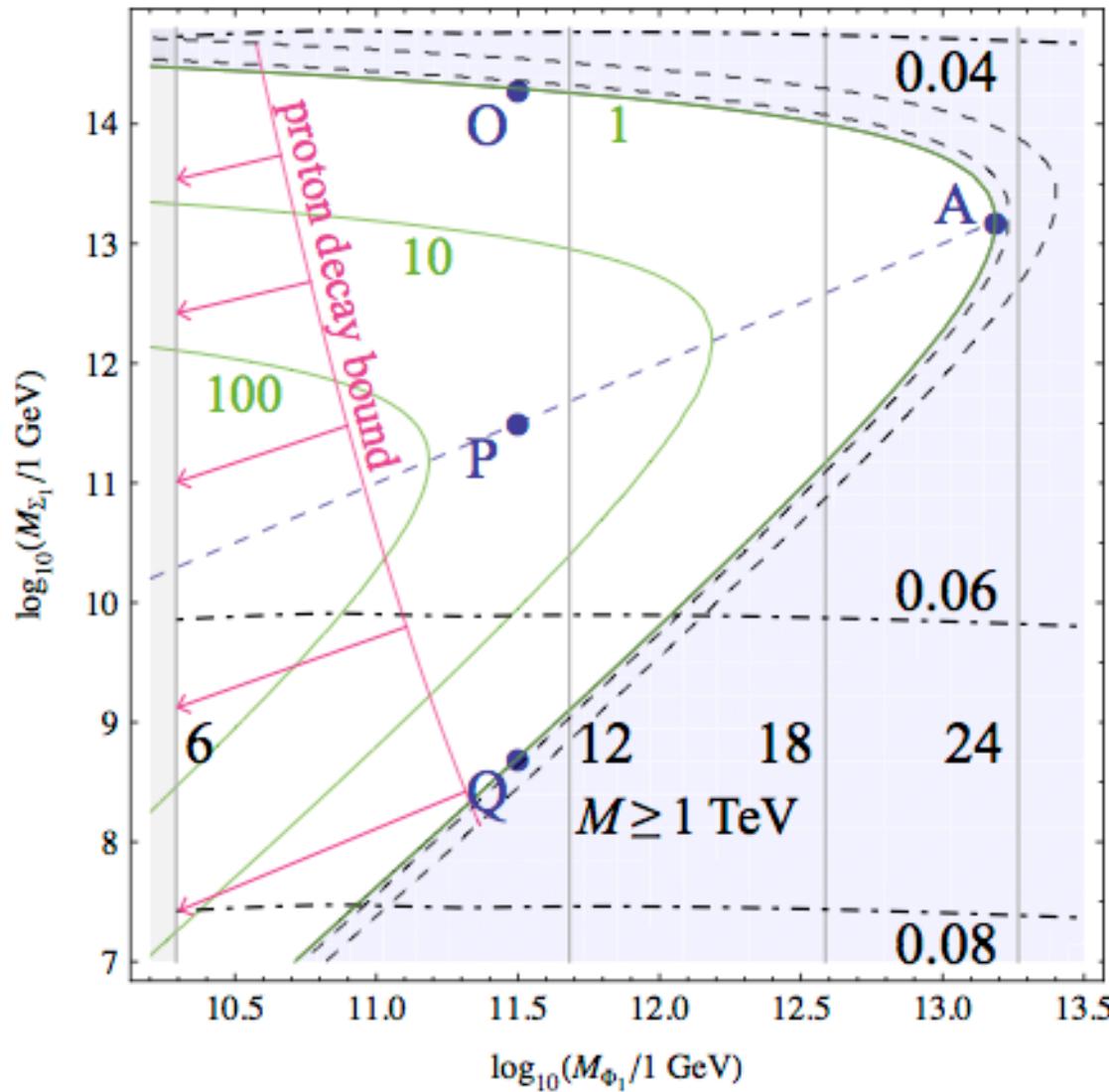
- GAUGE COUPLING UNIFICATION

$$M \equiv \min(M_J), \quad J = \Phi_1, \Phi_3, \Phi_6, \Phi_{10}, \Sigma_1, \Sigma_3, \Sigma_6, \phi_1, \phi_8, \Lambda_3$$



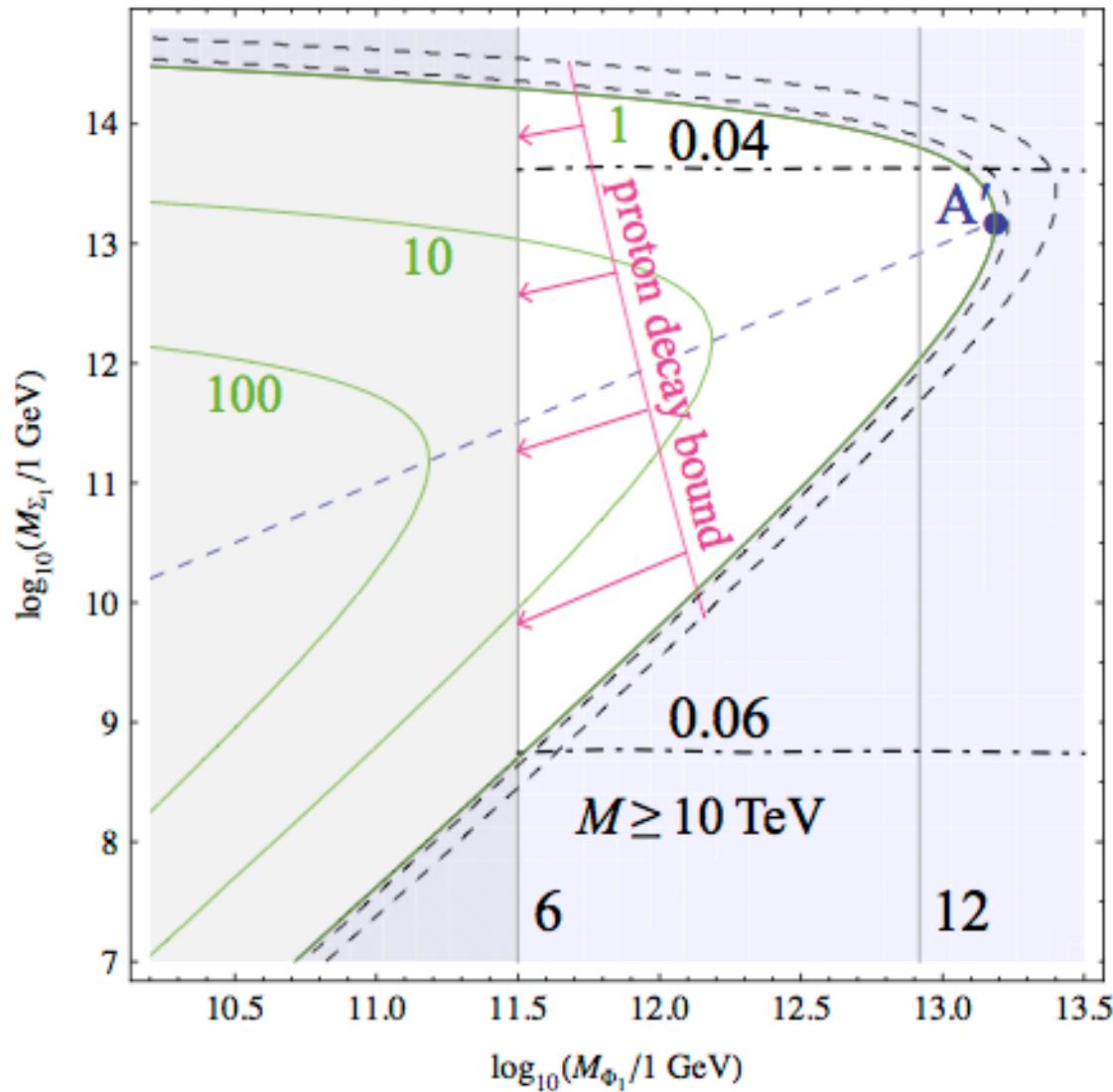
*I.D., Emina Džaferović-Mašić, and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 1, 015023, arXiv:2105.01678.

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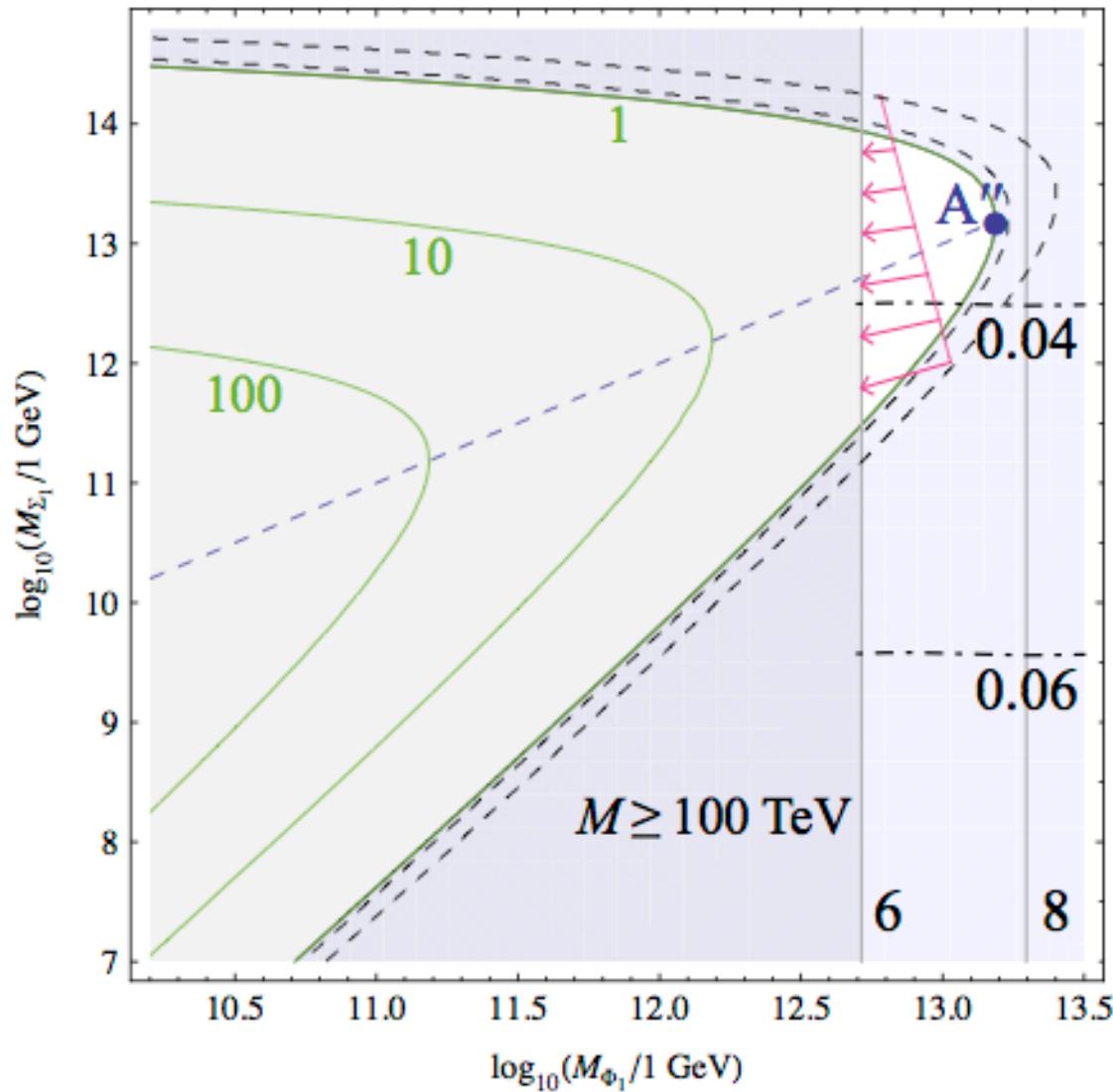


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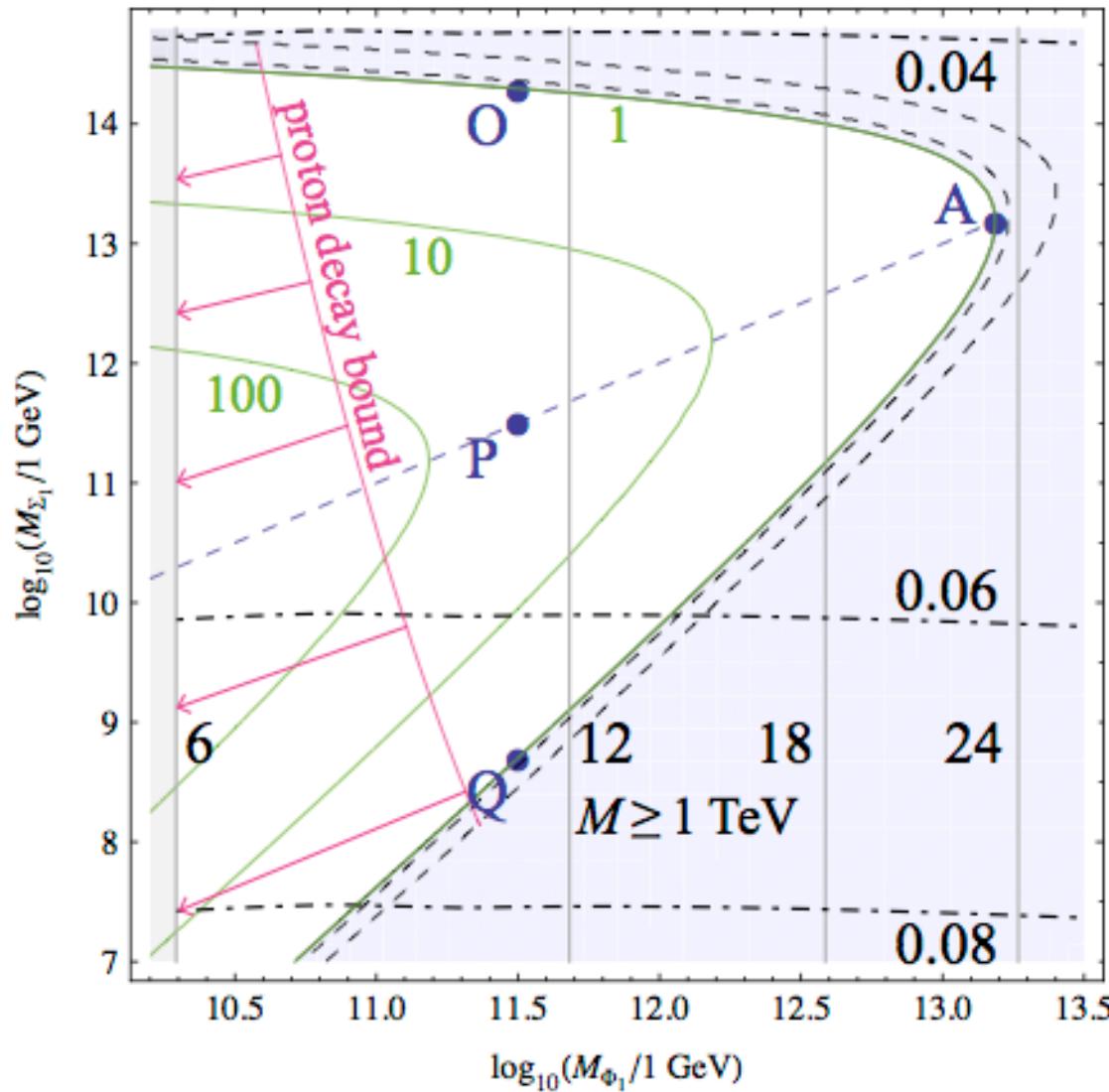
PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS



PARAMETER SPACE ANALYSIS

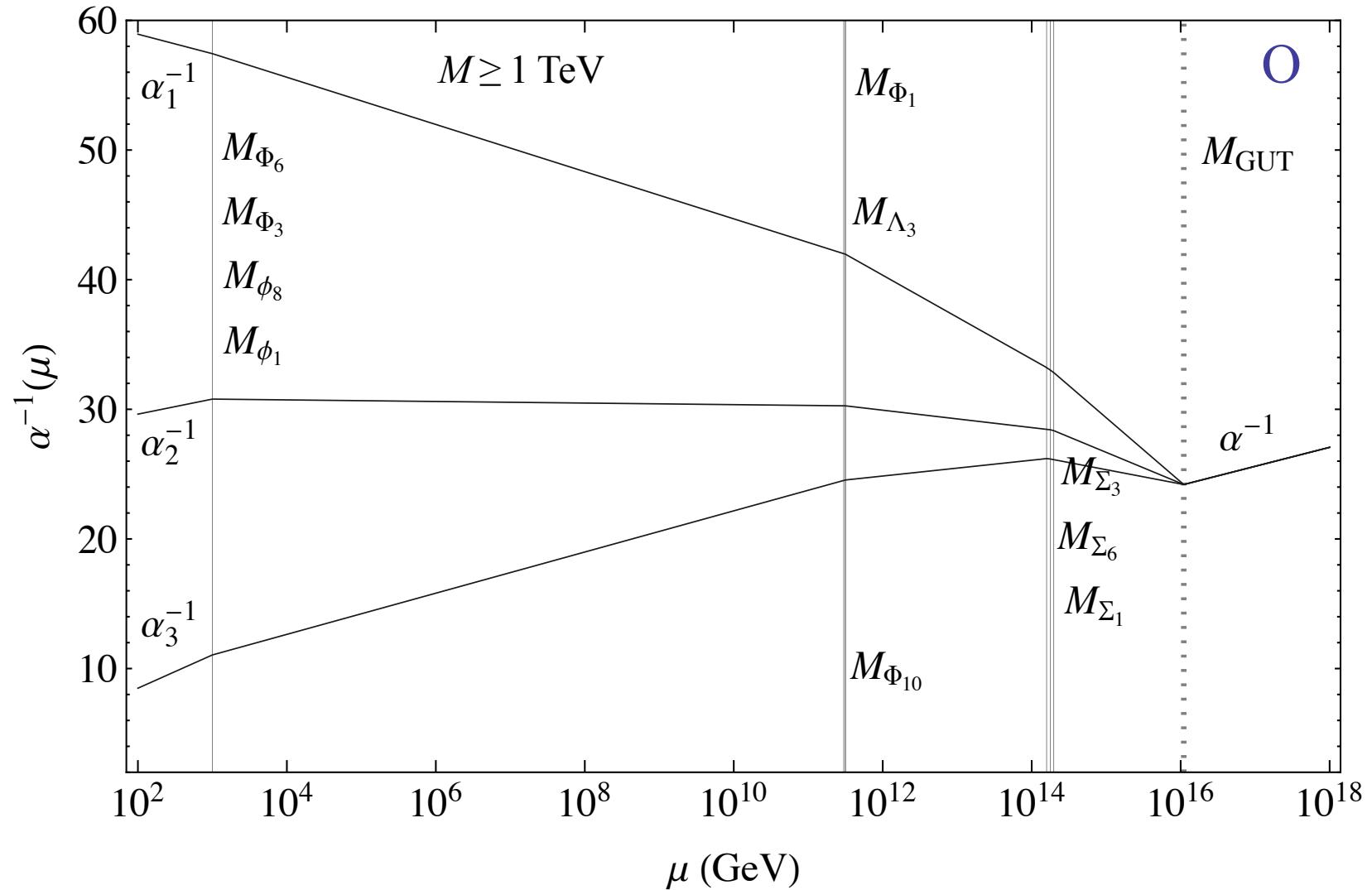


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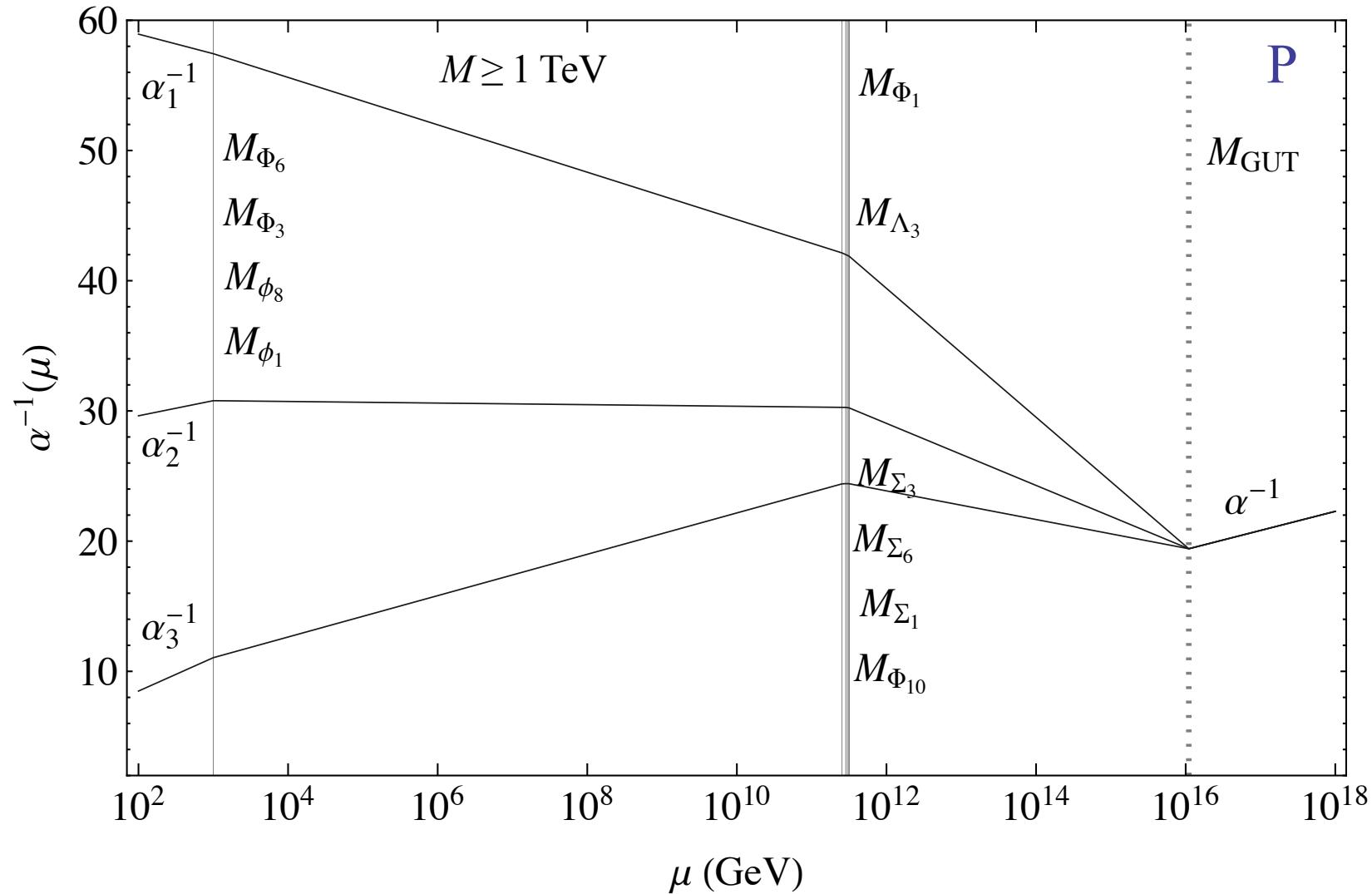
*I.D., Emina Džaferović-Mašić, and Shaikh Saad, Phys.Rev.D 104 (2021) 1, 015023, arXiv:2105.01678.

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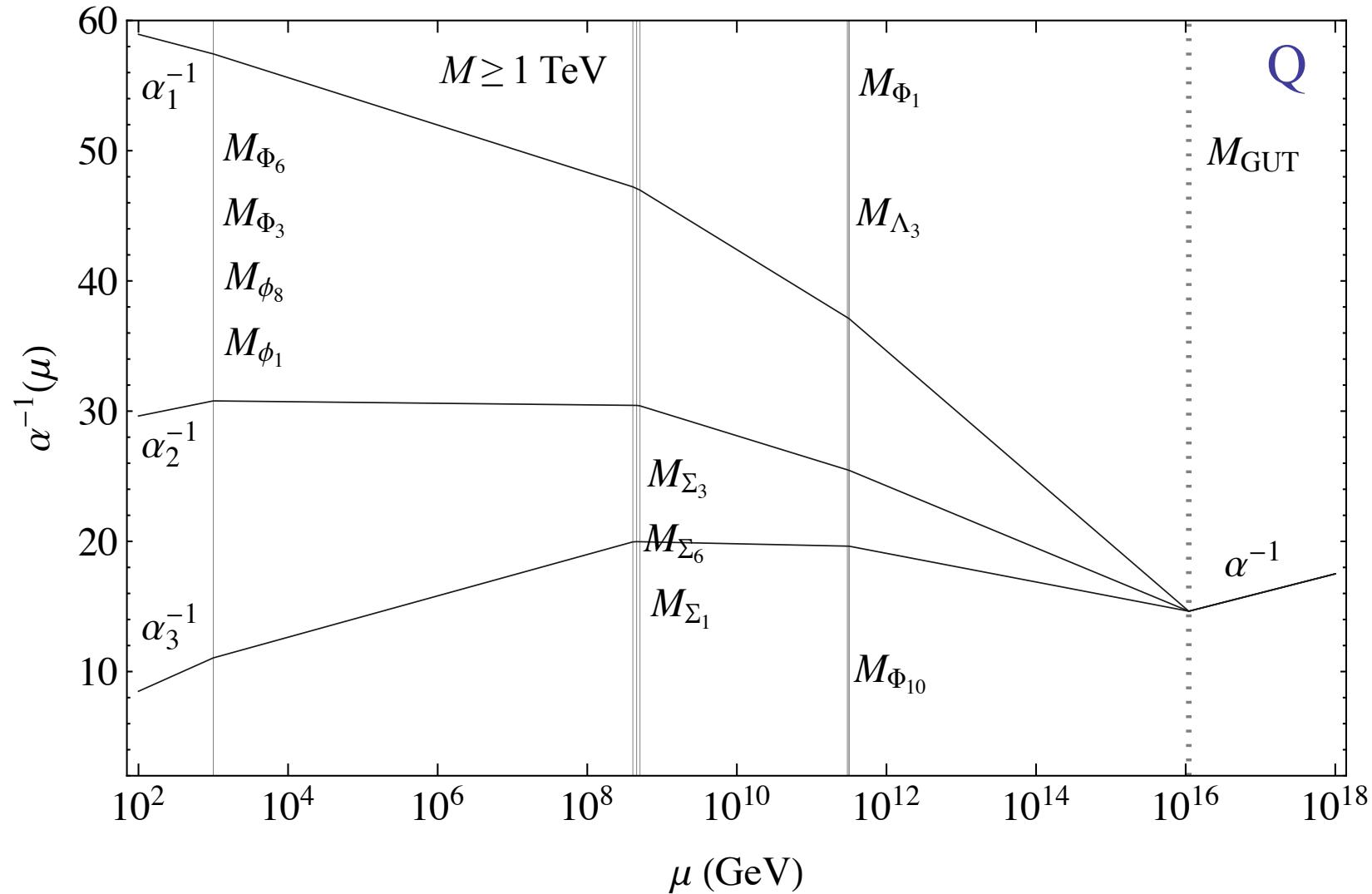
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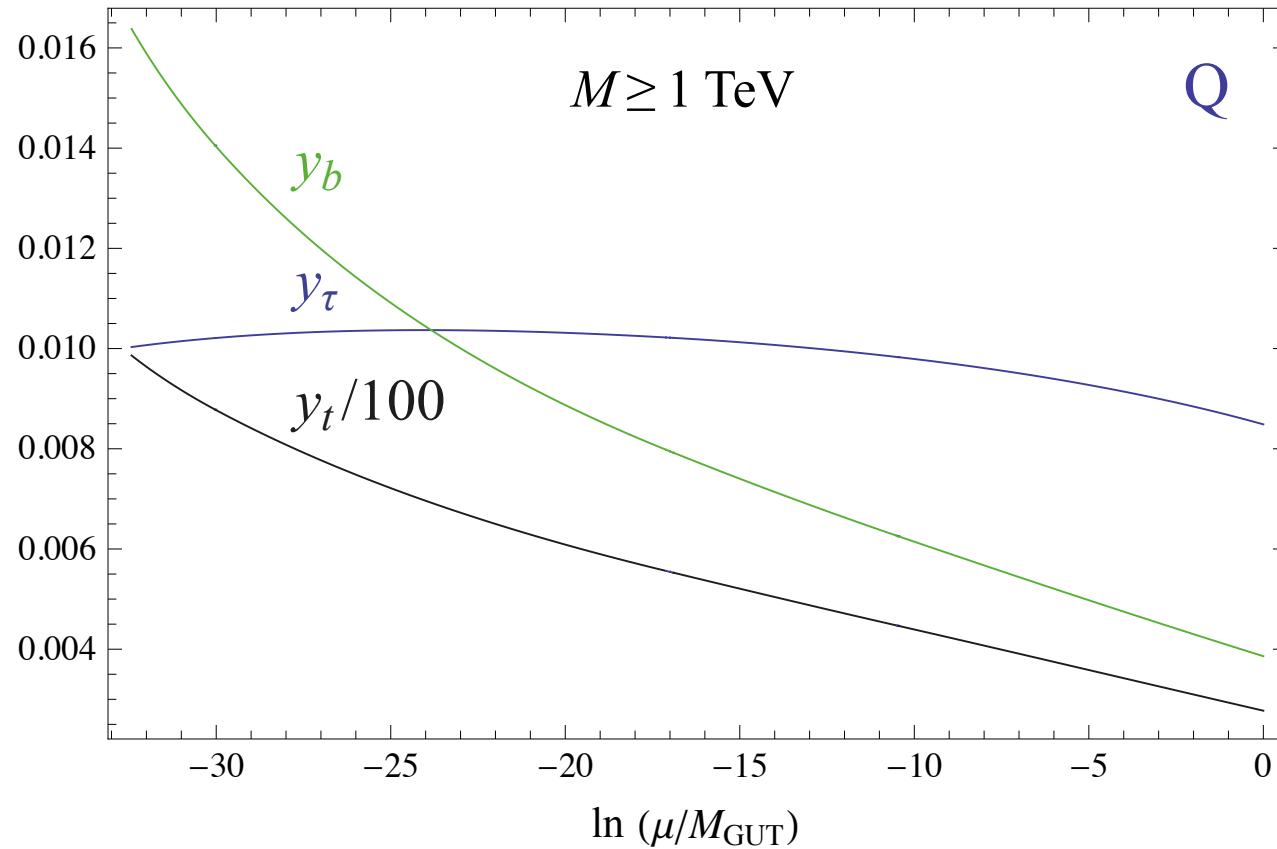
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CONCLUSIONS

PARTICLE CONTENT:

$$5_H, 24_H, 35_H, \bar{5}_{F_i}, 10_{F_i}, 15_F, \bar{15}_F \quad i = 1, 2, 3$$

YUKAWA COUPLINGS:

$$Y_i^a, Y_i^b, Y_i^c, Y_{ij}^u, Y_{ij}^d, y \quad i, j = 1, 2, 3$$

- NEUTRINOS ARE MAJORANA PARTICLES
- ONE NEUTRINO IS MASSLESS
- NEUTRINO MASSES HAVE NORMAL ORDERING

CONCLUSIONS

- IF THE CURRENT PROTON DECAY LIMITS ARE SATURATED,
THERE ARE FOUR SCALAR MULTIPLETS AT 120 TeV.
- THESE MULTIPLETS ARE: $\phi_1 (1, 3, 0)$

$$\phi_8 (8, 1, 0)$$

$$\Phi_3 \left(\bar{3}, 3, -\frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$$\Phi_6 \left(\bar{6}, 2, \frac{1}{6} \right)$$

CONCLUSIONS

- AN IMPROVEMENT OF THE CURRENT $p \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+$ LIFETIME LIMIT BY A FACTOR OF 2, 15, AND 96 WOULD REQUIRE THESE FOUR SCALAR MULTIPLETS TO RESIDE AT OR BELOW THE 100 TeV, 10 TeV, AND 1 TeV MASS SCALES, RESPECTIVELY.

THANK YOU

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