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**Simplicial principal bundles and higher connections**

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- Flight through the simplicial geometry
- Reminder of the Atiyah's approach to connections
- Introduction to higher connections

# Flight through the simplicial geometry

Basic ingredients of the simplicial (super)geometry are simplicial (super)manifolds and smooth/super simplicial morphisms

Definition: The **simplicial (super)manifold** is a simplicial object in the category (S)Mfd of (super)manifolds, i.e. a contravariant functor  $\mathcal{K}: \Delta^{op} \rightarrow (\text{S})\text{Mfd}$ .

Definition: A simplicial (super)manifold is called **Kan simplicial (super)manifold** when it fulfills *Kan property*:

$\forall i \leq n \in \mathbb{N}_0$  the natural morphism  $\text{hom}(\Delta^n, \mathcal{K}) \rightarrow \text{hom}(\Lambda_i^n, \mathcal{K})$  of manifolds is a surjective submersion

Definition: The **smooth/super simplicial morphism** is a natural transformation between simplicial (super)manifolds which is smooth/super

These ingredients combined give a category of **smooth/super simplicial manifolds**  $s(S)Mfd$  and Kan simplicial manifolds form its sub-category

This category generalizes the category of supermanifolds in the sense of an embedding functor  $\mathcal{F} : \mathbf{SMfd} \hookrightarrow \mathbf{sSMfd}$  given on objects as  $\mathcal{F}(X) = \mathbf{X}_c$ , where  $\mathbf{X}_c([n]) = X$  for all  $[n] \in \Delta^{op}$  and all  $X \in \mathbf{SMfd}$ .

Thus, we may define and generalize any concept witnessed in ordinary differential geometry – we will focus on the theory of fiber bundles

Definition: A **simplicial super Lie group**  $\mathcal{G}$  is a group object internalized in the category sSMfd.

Definition: A **simplicial principal bundle** is a pair of simplicial maps  $(\pi, \alpha)$ , where  $\pi : \mathcal{P} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$  is a *fibration* and  $\alpha : \mathcal{P} \times \mathcal{G} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}$  the *right action* such that the following is satisfied:

- $\pi_n : \mathcal{P}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_n$  is the surjective submersion for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$
- $\alpha_n : \mathcal{P}_n \times \mathcal{G}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_n$  is principal for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$
- Categorical quotient  $\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{G}$  (equalizer of mappings  $\alpha, \pi_1 : \mathcal{P} \times \mathcal{G} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}$ ) is isomorphic to  $\mathcal{M}$

Considerably large class of examples of simplicial principal bundles are **principal twisted cartesian products**

Definition: Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be a Kan simplicial super manifold and  $\mathcal{G}$  a simplicial Lie super group. Then, a **twisting function**  $\tau : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$  is a family of super maps  $\{\tau^n : \mathcal{X}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{G}_{n-1} \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  subject to

$$(\mathbf{f}_i^{n-1} \circ \tau^n)(x) = \begin{cases} (\tau^{n-1} \circ \mathbf{f}_1^n)(x) ((\tau^{n-1} \circ \mathbf{f}_0^n)(x))^{-1} & \text{for } i = 0 \\ (\tau^{n-1} \circ \mathbf{f}_{i+1}^n)(x) & \text{else} \end{cases},$$

$$(\tau^{n+1} \circ \mathbf{d}_i^n)(x) = \begin{cases} 1_{\mathcal{G}_n} & \text{for } i = 0 \\ (\mathbf{d}_{i-1}^{n-1} \circ \tau^n)(x) & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

for all  $x \in \mathcal{X}_n$ .

Definition: Let  $\mathcal{X}$  and  $\mathcal{Y}$  be Kan simplicial manifolds and let  $\mathcal{G}$  be a simplicial Lie group. Furthermore, let  $\triangleleft : \mathcal{Y} \times \mathcal{G} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$  be a right-action of  $\mathcal{G}$  on  $\mathcal{Y}$  and let  $\tau : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$  be a twisting function. Then, the **twisted cartesian product**, denoted by  $\mathcal{Y} \times_{\tau} \mathcal{X}$ , is the simplicial set

$$(\mathcal{Y} \times_{\tau} \mathcal{X})_n := \mathcal{Y}_n \times \mathcal{X}_n$$

with face and degeneracy maps defined by

$$f_i^n(y, x) := \begin{cases} (f_0^n(y) \triangleleft \tau(x), f_0^n(x)) & \text{for } i = 0 \\ (f_i^n(y), f_i^n(x)) & \text{else} \end{cases},$$
$$d_i^n(y, x) := (d_i^n(y), d_i^n(x))$$

for all  $x \in \mathcal{X}_n$ ,  $y \in \mathcal{Y}_n$ , and  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ .



Definition: A twisted cartesian product is called **principal** if and only if  $\mathcal{Y} = \mathcal{G}$  and the right  $\mathcal{G}$ -action is just group multiplication.

This class of simplicial principal bundles has also prominent position in another sense – exactly these bundles can be constructed as categorial pullbacks along classifying maps. [May; Goers & Jardine]

This is why these bundles arise naturally in the construction of *1-jets of Kan simplicial manifolds*

# Reminder of the Atiyah's approach to connections

In the sense of Ehresmann, connections on principal fiber bundle  $P \rightarrow M$  can be globally given by horizontal distribution on tangent bundle  $TP$ , i.e. by a morphism of vector bundles  $H \rightarrow TP$ , such that  $TP \cong H \oplus V$

Sir M. Atiyah proposed a method of encoding the Ehreshmann connection into the sections of the following exact sequence of Lie algebroids

$$0 \rightarrow P \times_G \mathfrak{g} \rightarrow TP/G \xrightarrow{\rho} TM \rightarrow 0.$$

This exact sequence of Lie algebroids can be derived by differentiating the exact sequence of Lie groupoids

$$0 \rightarrow P \times_G G \rightarrow P \times_G P \xrightarrow{r} \text{Pair}(M) \rightarrow 0$$

The Lie groupoid  $P \times_G P$  is the **Atiyah-Lie groupoid**

The aim is to reproduce the same construction, but in the different category, category **sSMfd**.

Definition: Let  $\mathcal{G}$  be a simplicial Lie group and  $\mathcal{X}$  a Kan simplicial manifold. Furthermore, let  $\mathcal{P} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$  be a simplicial principal  $\mathcal{G}$ -bundle over  $\mathcal{X}$ . The **simplicial Atiyah-Lie groupoid** of  $\mathcal{P}$ , denoted by  $\text{At}(\mathcal{P})$ , is the simplicial Lie groupoid

$$\text{At}(\mathcal{P}) := \left\{ \begin{array}{ccccc} & \mathcal{P}_2 \times_{\mathcal{G}_2} \mathcal{P}_2 & & \mathcal{P}_1 \times_{\mathcal{G}_1} \mathcal{P}_1 & & \mathcal{P}_0 \times_{\mathcal{G}_0} \mathcal{P}_0 \\ \cdots \Rightarrow & \Downarrow & \Rightarrow & \Downarrow & \Rightarrow & \Downarrow \\ & \mathcal{X}_2 & & \mathcal{X}_1 & & \mathcal{X}_0 \end{array} \right\}$$

with  $\mathcal{G}_n$  acting diagonally. Face and degeneracy maps are defined

$$\begin{aligned} f_i^n([(p_0, p_1)]) &:= ([(f_i^n(p_0), f_i^n(p_1))]) , \\ d_i^n([(p_0, p_1)]) &:= ([(d_i^n(p_0), d_i^n(p_1))]) , \end{aligned}$$

for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}_0$ ,  $0 \leq i \leq n$ , and  $p_{0,1} \in \mathcal{P}_n$ .

To obtain a sequence of  $L_\infty$  algebroids analogical to original Atiyah sequence, we need some tool to differentiate simplicial groupoids

Theorem [Ševera '06]: Let us have  $\mathcal{K}$  Kan simplicial manifold. Then the **1-jet functor**  $\text{hom}(\mathbf{N}(Y \times_X Y \rightrightarrows Y), \mathcal{K}) : \text{SSM}^{op} \rightarrow \text{Set}$  is a representable presheaf

If we moreover restrict this functor on the subcategory of surjective submersions of type  $\mathbb{R}^{0|n} \times X \rightarrow X$ , the 1-jet functor turns out to be naturally identifiable with  $\text{hom}(\mathbb{R}^{0|n}, \mathbb{R}^{0|n})$ -equivariant presheaf on  $\text{SMfd}$

How does it provide us a method of differentiating simplicial groupoids?

Claim: A representative of a presheaf  $\text{hom}(\mathbf{N}(Y \times_X Y \rightrightarrows Y), \mathbf{NBG})$  is an NQ manifold corresponding to the Lie algebra of  $G$ .

We can generalise this claim to the category of simplicial groupoids since there is a generalization of the classifying functor  $B$ , also known as delooping functor  $\bar{W} : \mathbf{sGrpd} \rightarrow \mathbf{sSMfd}$

Thus we are interested in finding representatives for 1-jets of presheaves of type  $\text{hom}(\mathbf{N}(Y \times_X Y \rightrightarrows Y), \bar{W}(\mathcal{G}))$  for  $\mathcal{G}$  being the simplicial Atiyah-Lie groupoid

Definition: Let  $\mathcal{G}$  be a simplicial Lie group and  $\mathcal{P} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$  a simplicial principal  $\mathcal{G}$ -bundle over a Kan simplicial manifold  $\mathcal{X}$ . A **higher connection** on  $\mathcal{P}$  is a section of the anchor map

$$\rho : \mathcal{J}^1(\bar{W}(\text{At}(\mathcal{P}))) \rightarrow \mathcal{J}^1(\bar{W}(\text{Pair}(\mathcal{X}))).$$

## Example: 2-Connection on principal twisted cartesian product

Let us have a crossed module  $\partial : \mathbf{H} \rightarrow \mathbf{G}$  as a structure 2-group and a simplicial constant base  $X$

As a simplicial Atiyah-Lie groupoid we get the nerve of the double groupoid

$$(\mathcal{P} \times_{\mathbf{G}} \mathcal{P} \rightrightarrows \mathcal{X}) = \left( \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{P}_1 & \mathcal{P}_1 \\ \Downarrow & \Downarrow \\ \mathcal{P}_0 & \mathcal{P}_0 \end{array} \right) & \times_{\mathbf{G}} & \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mathcal{P}_1 & \mathcal{P}_1 \\ \Downarrow & \Downarrow \\ \mathcal{P}_0 & \mathcal{P}_0 \end{array} \right) & \rightrightarrows & \left( \begin{array}{c} X \\ \Downarrow \\ X \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$



After applying the delooping functor  $\bar{W}$  on simplicial Atiyah-Lie algebroid we get

$$\bar{W}_0(\text{At}(\mathcal{P})) \cong X ,$$

$$\bar{W}_1(\text{At}(\mathcal{P})) \cong \mathcal{P}_0 \times_{\mathcal{G}_0} \mathcal{P}_0 ,$$

$$\bar{W}_2(\text{At}(\mathcal{P})) \cong (\mathcal{P}_1 \times_{\mathcal{G}_1} \mathcal{P}_1)_{f_0^Y \circ f_0^h \times f_1^Y} (\mathcal{P}_0 \times_{\mathcal{G}_0} \mathcal{P}_0)$$

Differentiation procedure gives categorified Atiyah sequence

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 & & & & TX & & 0 \\
 \Downarrow & \longrightarrow & \text{ad}(\mathcal{P}) & \longrightarrow & \text{At}(\mathcal{P}) := T\mathcal{P}/\mathcal{G} & \xrightarrow{\rho} & \Downarrow & \longrightarrow & \Downarrow \\
 0 & & & & TX & & 0
 \end{array}$$

where

$$T\mathcal{P} := \begin{array}{c} T\mathcal{P}_1 \\ \downarrow \text{t}_* \downarrow \text{s}_* \\ T\mathcal{P}_0 \end{array} \quad \text{and} \quad \text{ad}(\mathcal{P}) := \begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{P}_1 & & \mathfrak{h} \times \mathfrak{g} \\ \downarrow & \times \mathcal{G} & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{P}_0 & & \mathfrak{g} \end{array}$$

- 1 Interpreting morphisms in dual picture  $CE(\text{At}(P)) \rightarrow CE(TX)$  as well known fields
- 2 Simplicial Atiyah sequences for non-strict cases
- 3 Computing Atiyah algebroids for higher groups
- 4 Generalisation the notion of higher connection to all simplicial principal bundles (not only PTCP)

**Thank you :-)**