

Summer School and Workshop on the Standard Model and Beyond

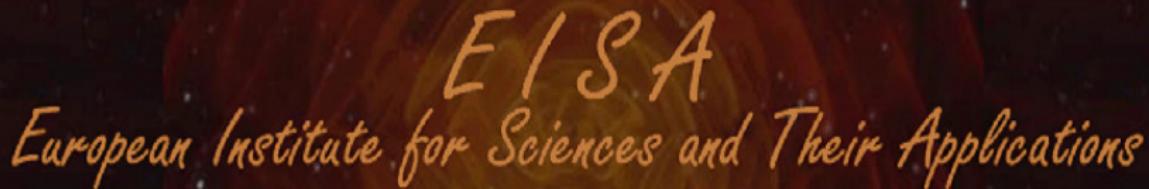
Corfu, Greece 2013

Neutrino Mixing from SUSY breaking

in collaboration with Ulrich Nierste

Wolfgang Gregor Hollik | September 5, 2013

INSTITUT FOR THEORETICAL PARTICLE PHYSICS — KARLSRUHE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (KIT)



Corfu Summer Institute

13th Hellenic School and Workshops on Elementary Particle Physics and Gravity

Corfu, Greece 2013



CKM vs. PMNS matrix

- CKM matrix close to unity

$$V_{\text{CKM}} = \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \bullet & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \bullet \end{pmatrix}$$

- small off-diagonal: get them from loops?
- different pattern for the leptonic mixing matrix:

$$U_{\text{PMNS}} = \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet & \cdot \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \cdot & \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix}$$

- large mixings
- non-vanishing θ_{13} : possible CP violation in ν oscillations
[T2K, DoubleChooz, Reno, DayaBay]
- try to model quark and lepton mixing using the same mechanism?

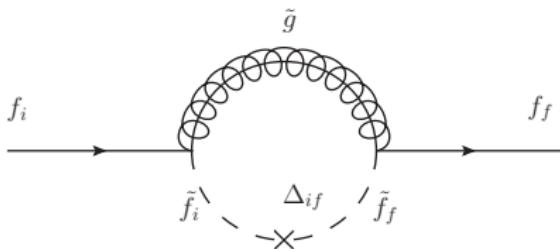
Radiative Flavour Violation in the MSSM

Theories with Additional Sources of Flavour Violation

- non-minimal flavour violating MSSM
- arbitrary flavour structure in the soft breaking terms?

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{Q}}^2, \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{u}}^2, \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{d}}^2, \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}}^2, \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{e}}^2, \quad A^u, A^d, A^e$$

- additional flavour mixing in fermion–sfermion–gaugino interaction
- especially non-CKM-like: e.g. quark–squark–gluino and lepton–slepton–neutralino



[Crivellin, Nierste 2009]

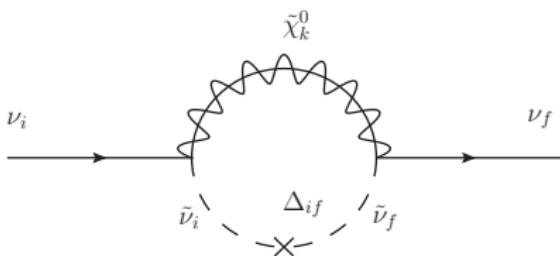
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Do the same for sleptons
and sneutrinos!

The MSSM with righthanded neutrinos

Superpotential of the ν MSSM

$$\mathcal{W}^\ell = \mu H_d \cdot H_u - Y_\ell^{IJ} H_d \cdot L_L^I E_R^J + Y_\nu^{IJ} H_u \cdot L_L^I N_R^J + \frac{1}{2} m_R^{IJ} N_R^I N_R^J,$$

with $L_L = (\ell_L, \tilde{\ell}_L) \in SU(2)_L$ and $E_R = (e_L^c, \tilde{e}_R^*)$, $N_R = (\nu_L^c, \tilde{\nu}_R^*)$.

Soft-breaking terms

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{V}_{\text{soft}} = & (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{L}_L^{I*} \tilde{L}_L^J + (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{e}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{e}_R^I \tilde{e}_R^{J*} + (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{\nu}_R^I \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} \\ & - \left[(B_\nu)^{IJ} \tilde{\nu}_R^{I*} \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} + A_e^{IJ} H_1 \cdot \tilde{L}_L^I \tilde{e}_R^{J*} - A_\nu^{IJ} H_2 \cdot \tilde{L}_L^I \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} + \text{h.c.} \right]. \end{aligned}$$

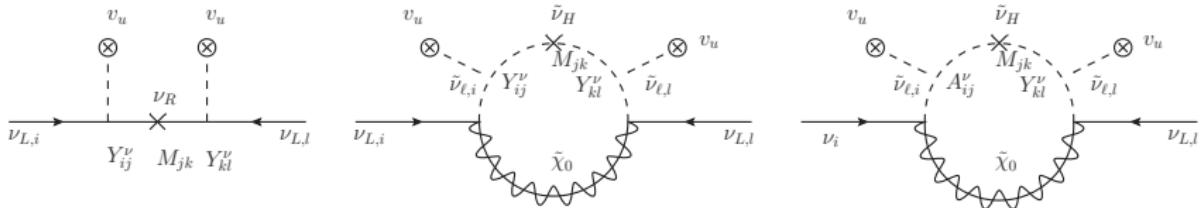
Neutrino masses and seesaw

Standard Model + righthanded Neutrinos = Seesaw Type I

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\nu, \text{mass}} = \underbrace{\bar{\nu}_L m_D \nu_R}_{\text{Dirac mass}} + \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\overline{\nu_L^c} m_R \nu_R}_{\text{Majorana mass}} + \text{h. c.}$$

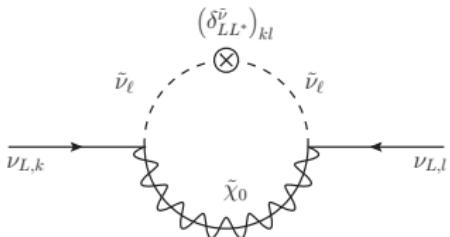


SUSY seesaw loops



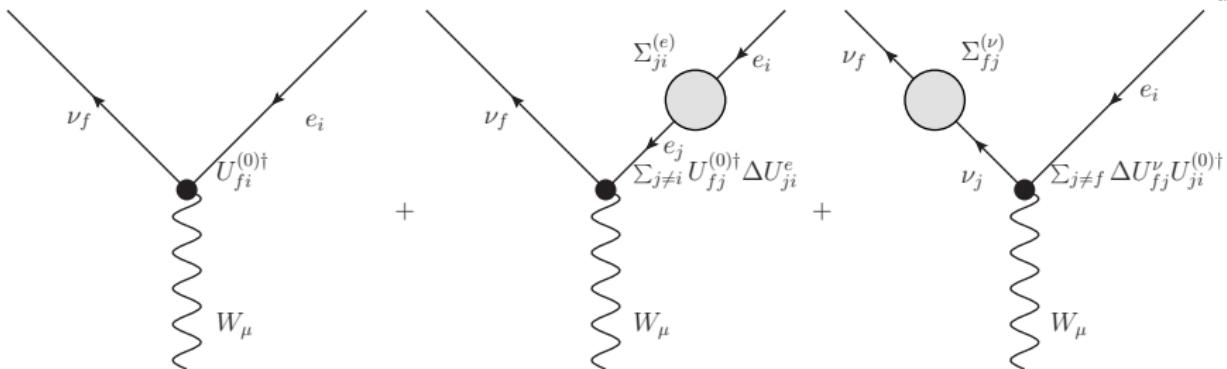
effects of righthanded Neutrinos

- trilinear couplings A_ν
- see-saw-like terms in sneutrino mass matrix



$$\begin{aligned} \delta^{\tilde{\nu}}_{LL^*} &\sim X_\nu \mathbf{m}_\nu^D (\mathbf{m}_R^2 + \mathcal{M}_\nu^2)^{-1} \mathbf{m}_R \mathbf{m}_\nu^{DT} \\ &\sim \frac{\nu_u A_\nu}{m_R} \end{aligned}$$

radiative lepton flavour violation



PMNS matrix renormalization

$$i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L U_{\text{PMNS}}^\dagger \rightarrow i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L \left(U^{(0)\dagger} + \Delta U^e U^{(0\dagger)\dagger} + \Delta U^\nu U^{(0\dagger)\dagger} \right),$$

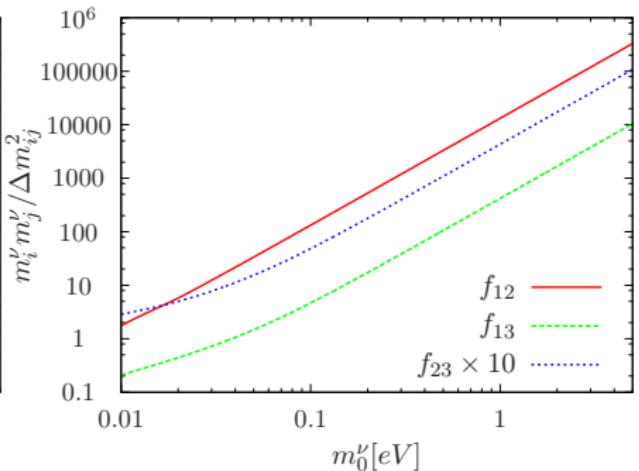
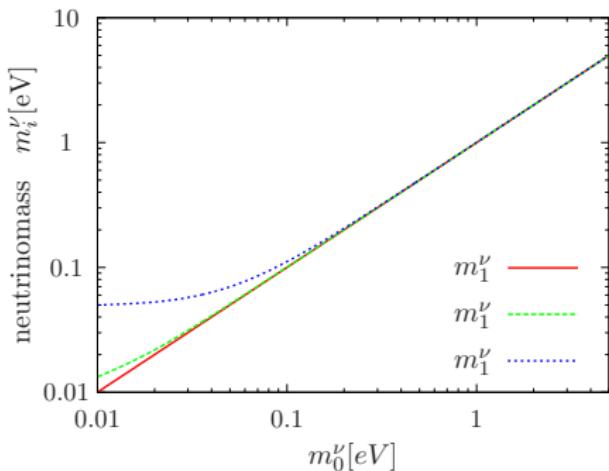
flavour changing self energies and sensitivity to neutrino mass

$$\Delta U_{fi}^\nu \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fi}}{\Delta m_{fi}^2}$$

enhanced corrections to PMNS mixing

enhancement by degeneracy of neutrino mass spectrum

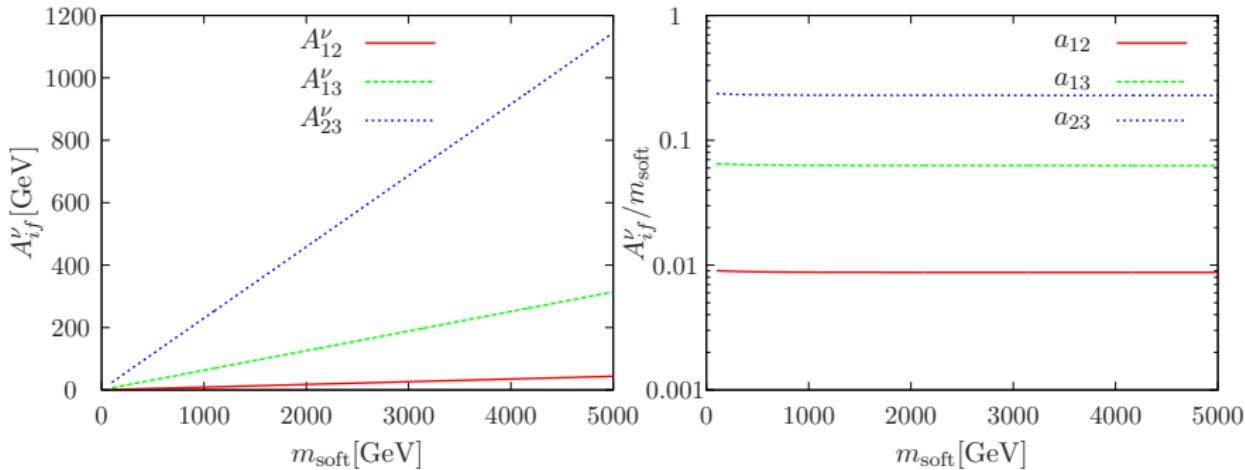
$$\Delta U_{fi}^\nu \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fi}}{\Delta m_\nu^2} \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} m_{\nu_i}}{\Delta m_{fi}^2} \leq 5 \times 10^3 \text{ for } m_\nu^{(0)} \sim 0.35 \text{ eV and } f, i = 1, 2$$



$$f_{ij} = m_{\nu_i} m_{\nu_j} / \Delta m_{ij}^2$$

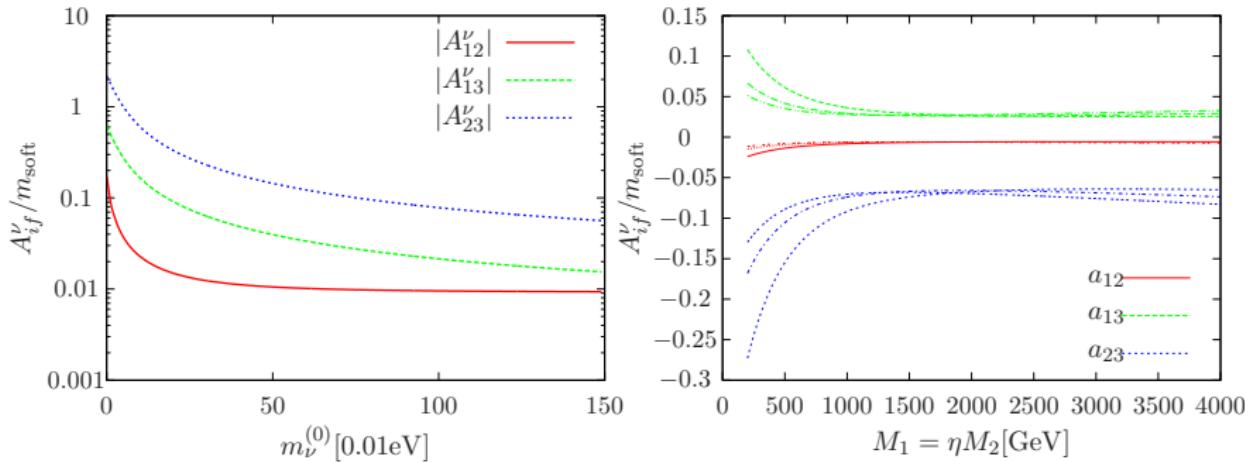
Some results

- non-decoupling effect if all SUSY parameters scaled the same way
- e.g. $\tan \beta = 24$, $m_\nu^{(0)} = 0.3\text{eV}$, $\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}, \tilde{e}, \tilde{\nu}}^2 = m_{\text{soft}}^2 \mathbb{1}$, $M_{1,2} = m_{\text{soft}}$:



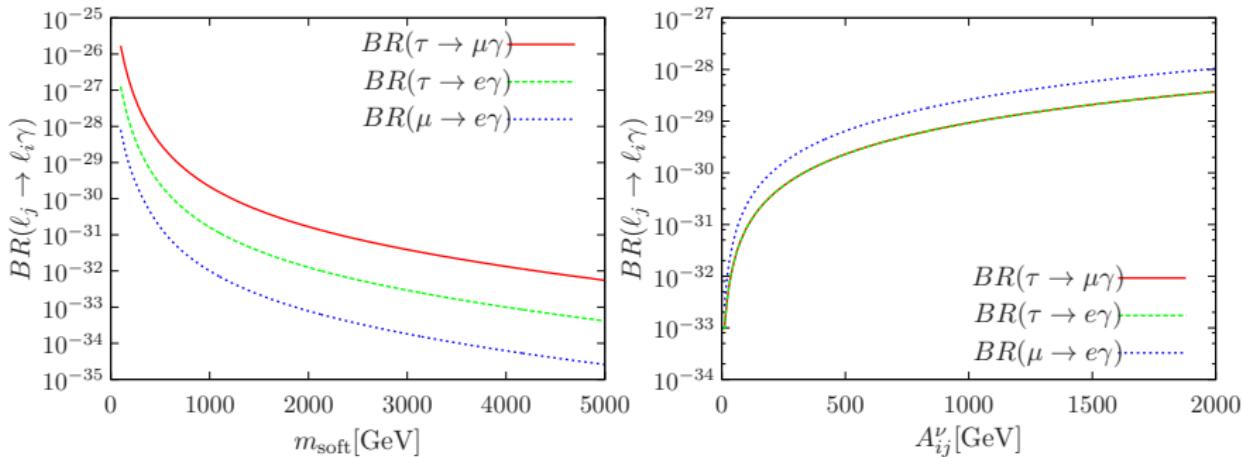
Some results

- correlation: light neutrino mass scale \Leftrightarrow flavour changing SUSY breaking parameters
- left: basically no influence from gaugino masses ($m_{\text{soft}} = 2000 \text{ GeV}$)



Some results

- safe: contributions to radiative lepton flavour decays on top of others negligible
- charged lepton effects neglected so far



Conclusion

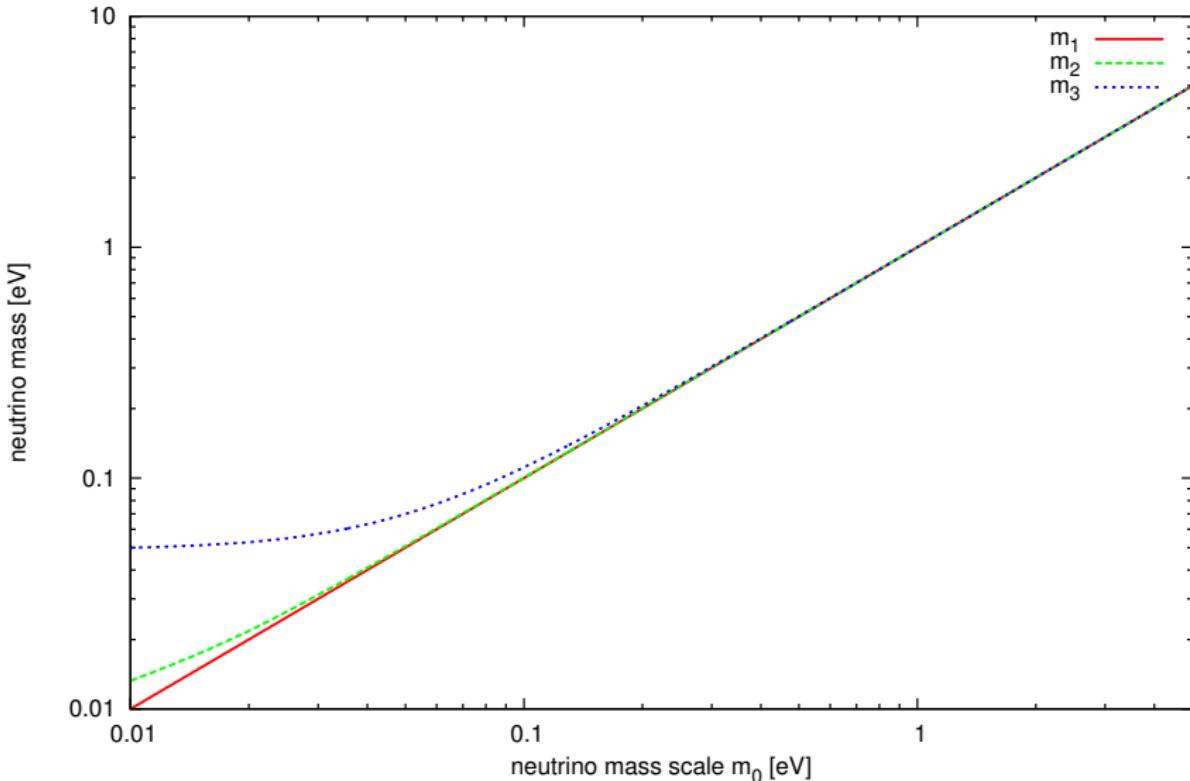
- described corrections very general to theories with new flavour structures
- can completely spoil tree-level mixing patterns
- simple extension of MSSM to incorporate ν masses can lead to lepton mixing from SUSY breaking in *sneutrino* sector
- non-decoupling effect
- most likely for quasi-degenerate neutrino masses
- new flavour structure in sneutrino sector: no large $\mathcal{BR}(\ell_j \rightarrow \ell_i \gamma)$

Backup

Slides

Splitting of the neutrino mass spectrum

degeneracy of neutrino mass spectrum



Superpotential of the ν MSSM

$$\mathcal{W}^\ell = \mu H_d \cdot H_u - Y_\ell^{IJ} H_d \cdot L_L^I E_R^J + Y_\nu^{IJ} H_u \cdot L_L^I N_R^J + \frac{1}{2} m_R^{IJ} N_R^I N_R^J,$$

where the chiral superfields are $L_L = (\ell_L, \tilde{\ell}_L) \in SU(2)_L$ and $E_R = (e_R^c \equiv (e_R)^c, \tilde{e}_R^*)$, $N_R = (\nu_L^c, \tilde{\nu}_R^*) \in SU(2)_R$, but leftchiral.

Soft-breaking terms

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{V}_{\text{soft}} = & (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{L}_L^{I*} \tilde{L}_L^J + (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{e}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{e}_R^I \tilde{e}_R^{J*} + (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^{IJ} \tilde{\nu}_R^I \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} \\ & - \left[(B_\nu)^{IJ} \tilde{\nu}_R^{I*} \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} + A_e^{IJ} H_1 \cdot \tilde{L}_L^I \tilde{e}_R^{J*} - A_\nu^{IJ} H_2 \cdot \tilde{L}_L^I \tilde{\nu}_R^{J*} + \text{h.c.} \right], \end{aligned}$$

effects on sneutrino mass matrix

- charged slepton mass matrix as in the MSSM
- sneutrino mass matrix in the MSSM: simple

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}}^2 + M_Z^2 T_{3L}^{\tilde{\nu}} \cos 2\beta \mathbb{1} & \mathbb{1} \\ \mathbb{1} & \mathbb{0} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Majorana mass term $\nu_R^T m_R \nu_R$ inflates sneutrino mass matrix:
additional terms $\sim \tilde{\nu}_R \tilde{\nu}_R, \tilde{\nu}_R^* \tilde{\nu}_R^*$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{L^* L}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{L^* L^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{L^* R^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{L^* R}^2 \\ \mathcal{M}_{LL}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{LL^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{LR^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{LR}^2 \\ \mathcal{M}_{RL}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{RL^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{RR^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{RR}^2 \\ \mathcal{M}_{R^* L}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{R^* L^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{R^* R^*}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{R^* R}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

12 × 12-Matrix

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additional terms $\sim \tilde{\nu}_R \tilde{\nu}_R, \tilde{\nu}_R^* \tilde{\nu}_R^*$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{LL}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{LR}^2 \\ (\mathcal{M}_{LR}^2)^\dagger & \mathcal{M}_{RR}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

12 × 12-Matrix

full sneutrino squared mass matrix in the ν MSSM

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{LL}^2 & \mathcal{M}_{LR}^2 \\ (\mathcal{M}_{LR}^2)^\dagger & \mathcal{M}_{RR}^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{LL}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\ell}}^2 + \frac{1}{2} M_Z^2 \cos 2\beta \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{m}_\nu \mathbf{m}_\nu^\dagger & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & (\searrow)^* \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{RL}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_\nu \mathbf{m}_R & -\mu \cot \beta \mathbf{m}_\nu - v_2 \mathbf{A}_\nu^* \\ -\mu^* \cot \beta \mathbf{m}_\nu^* - v_2 \mathbf{A}_\nu & \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_\nu^* \mathbf{m}_R^* \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{RR}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^T + \mathbf{m}_\nu^T \mathbf{m}_\nu^* + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_R^* \mathbf{m}_R & -2 \mathbf{B}^* \\ -2 \mathbf{B} & \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2 + \mathbf{m}_\nu^\dagger \mathbf{m}_\nu + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_R \mathbf{m}_R^* \end{pmatrix}.$$

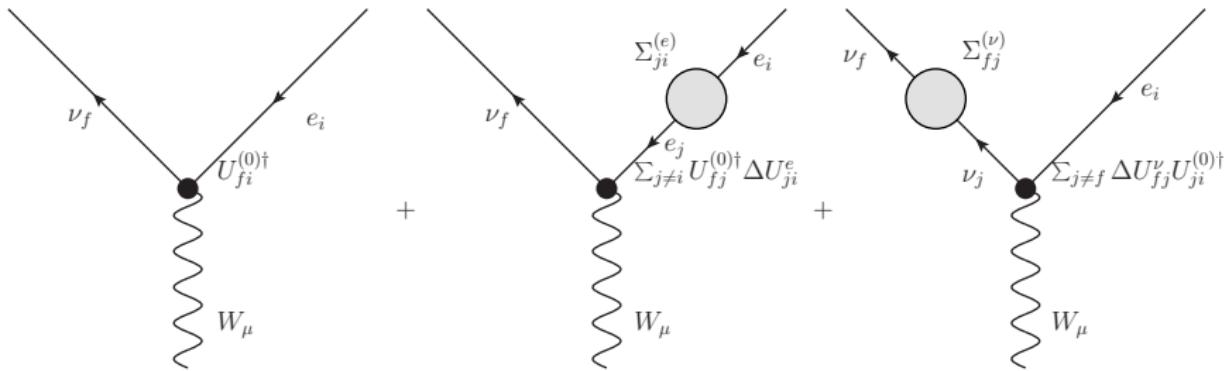
effective sneutrino mass matrix

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}\ell}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=0}^2 & (\mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=2}^2)^* \\ \mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=2}^2 & (\mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=0}^2)^* \end{pmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(M_{\text{SUSY}}^2 m_R^{-2}),$$

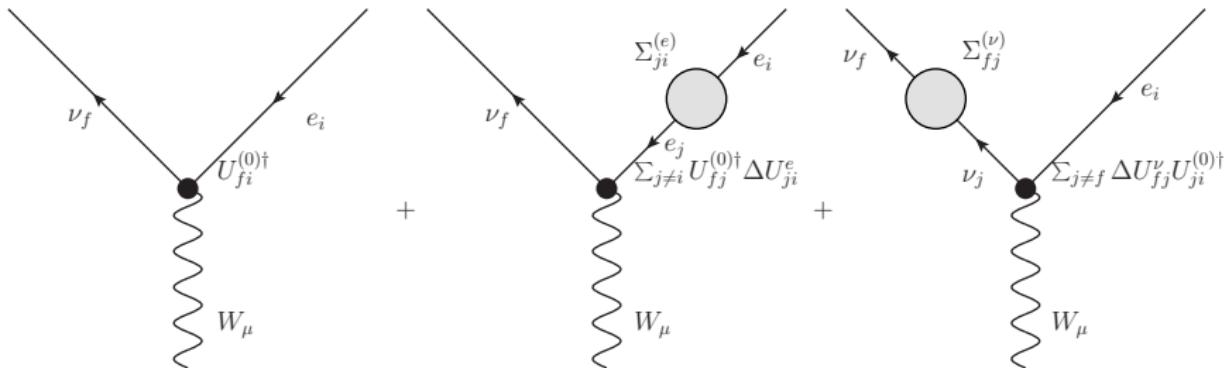
$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=0}^2 &= \text{MSSM} + \mathbf{m}_\nu^D \mathbf{m}_\nu^{D\dagger} - \mathbf{m}_\nu^D \mathbf{m}_R (\mathbf{m}_R^2 + \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^{-1} \mathbf{m}_R \mathbf{m}_\nu^D, \\ \mathbf{m}_{\Delta L=2}^2 &= X_\nu \mathbf{m}_\nu^D (\mathbf{m}_R^2 + \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^{-1} \mathbf{m}_R \mathbf{m}_\nu^{DT} + (\rightarrow)^T \\ &\quad - 2 \mathbf{m}_\nu^{D*} \mathbf{m}_R \left[\mathbf{m}_R^2 + (\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^T \right]^{-1} \mathbf{B} (\mathbf{m}_R^2 + \mathcal{M}_{\tilde{\nu}}^2)^{-1} \mathbf{m}_R \mathbf{m}_\nu^{D\dagger}. \end{aligned}$$

$$X_\nu \mathbf{m}_\nu^D = -\mu^* \cot \beta \mathbf{m}_\nu^{D*} - v_2 \mathbf{A}_\nu$$

radiative flavour violation in the lepton sector



radiative flavour violation in the lepton sector



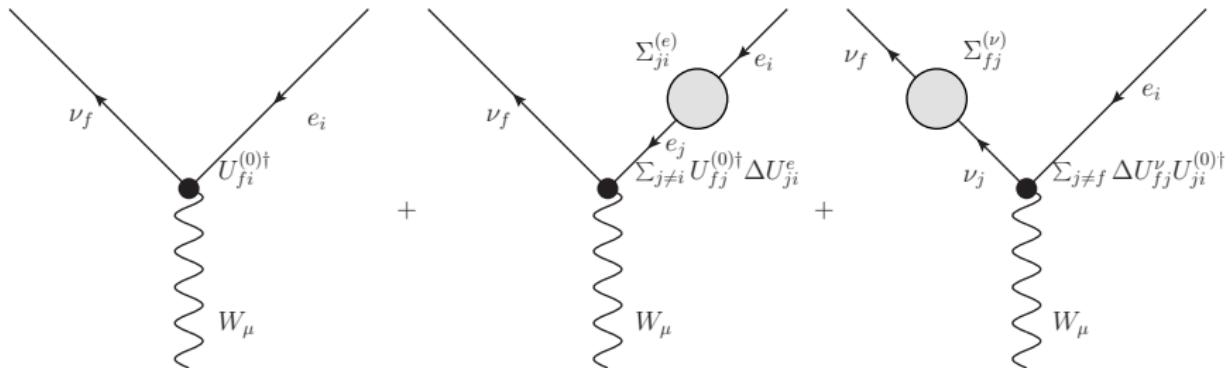
flavour changing self energies

$$\Sigma_{fi}^\ell(p) = \Sigma_{fi}^{\ell RL}(p^2)P_L + \Sigma_{fi}^{\ell LR}(p^2)P_R + \not{p} \left[\Sigma_{fi}^{\ell LL}(p^2)P_L + \Sigma_{fi}^{\ell RR}(p^2)P_R \right]$$

PMNS matrix renormalization

$$i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L U^\dagger \rightarrow i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L (\mathbb{1} + D_{L,fi} + D_{R,fi}),$$

radiative flavour violation in the lepton sector



PMNS matrix renormalization

$$D_{L,fi} = \sum_{j \neq f} \frac{m_{\nu_f} \left(\Sigma_{fj}^{(\nu)LR} + m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fj}^{(\nu)RR} \right) + m_{\nu_j} \left(\Sigma_{fj}^{(\nu)RL} + m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fi}^{(\nu)LL} \right)}{m_{\nu_j}^2 - m_{\nu_f}^2} U_{ji}^{(0)\dagger}$$
$$\equiv \sum_{j=1}^3 [\Delta U_L^\nu]_{fj} U_{ji}^{(0)\dagger}$$