

LHC: Searches for New Physics Beyond the Standard Model

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Physics case for new High Energy Machines

Understand the mechanism Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Discover physics beyond the Standard Model

Reminder: The Standard Model

- tells us **how** but not **why**
 - 3 flavour families? Mass spectra? Hierarchy?
- needs fine tuning of parameters to level of 10^{-30} !
- has no connection with gravity
- no unification of the forces at high energy

Most popular extensions these days

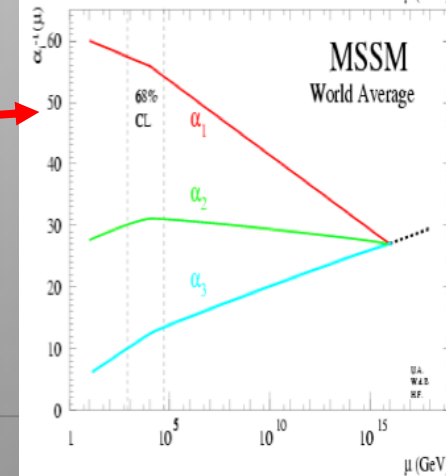
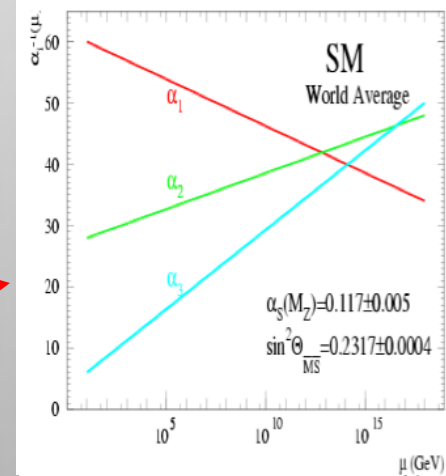
If a Higgs field exists:

- Supersymmetry
- Extra space dimensions

If there is no Higgs below ~ 700 GeV

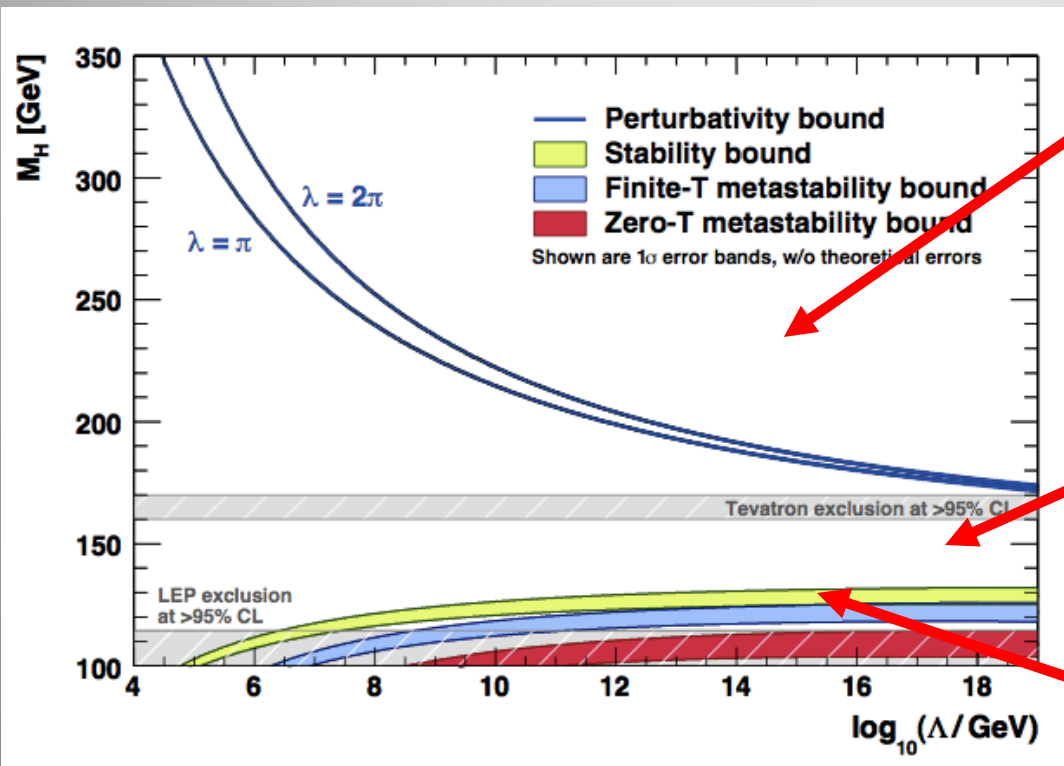
- Strong electroweak symmetry breaking around 1 TeV

Other ideas: more symmetry & gauge bosons, L-R symmetry, quark & lepton substructure, Little Higgs models, Technicolor, Hidden Valleys...



A Light Higgs: Consequences

A light Higgs implies that the Standard Model cannot be stable up to the GUT or Planck scale (10^{19} GeV)



The effective potential blows up, due to heavy top quark mass

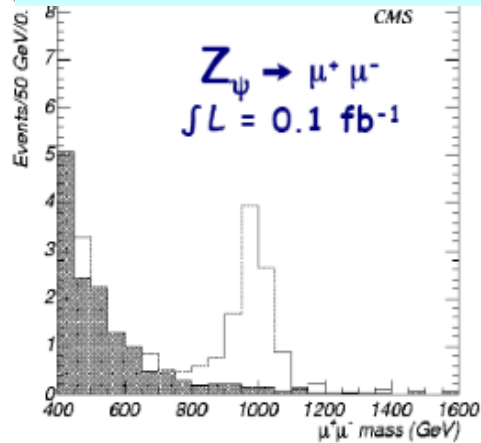
Allowed corridor
but needs strong fine-tuning...

The electroweak vacuum is unstable to corrections from scales $\Lambda \gg v = 246$ GeV

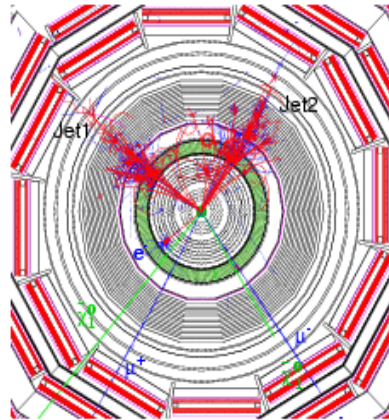
New physics expected in TeV range

New Physics at High Energies?

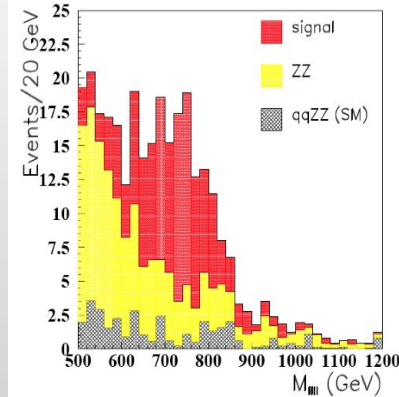
New Gauge Bosons?



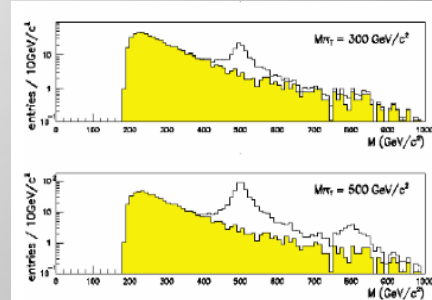
Supersymmetry



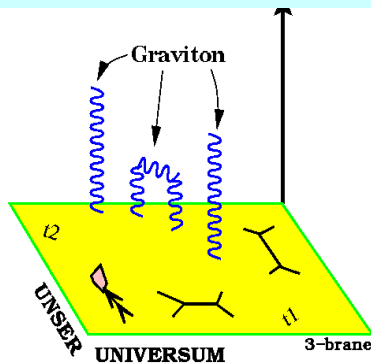
ZZ/WW resonances?



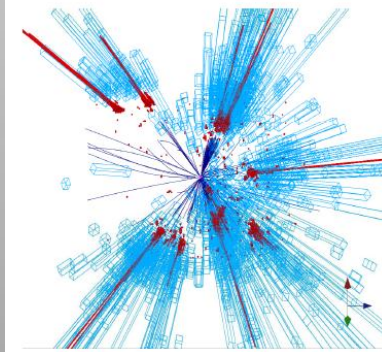
Technicolor?



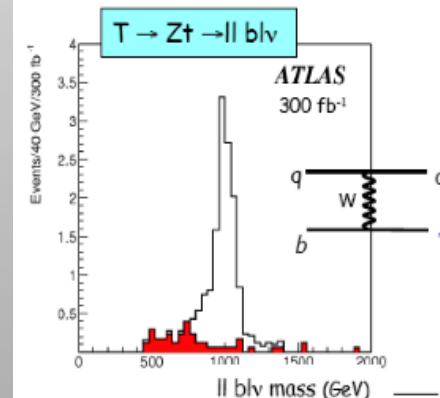
Extra Dimensions?



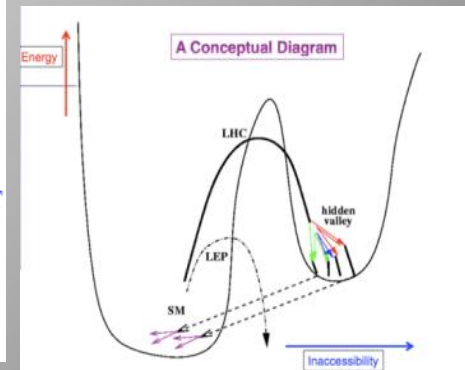
Black Holes???



Little Higgs?



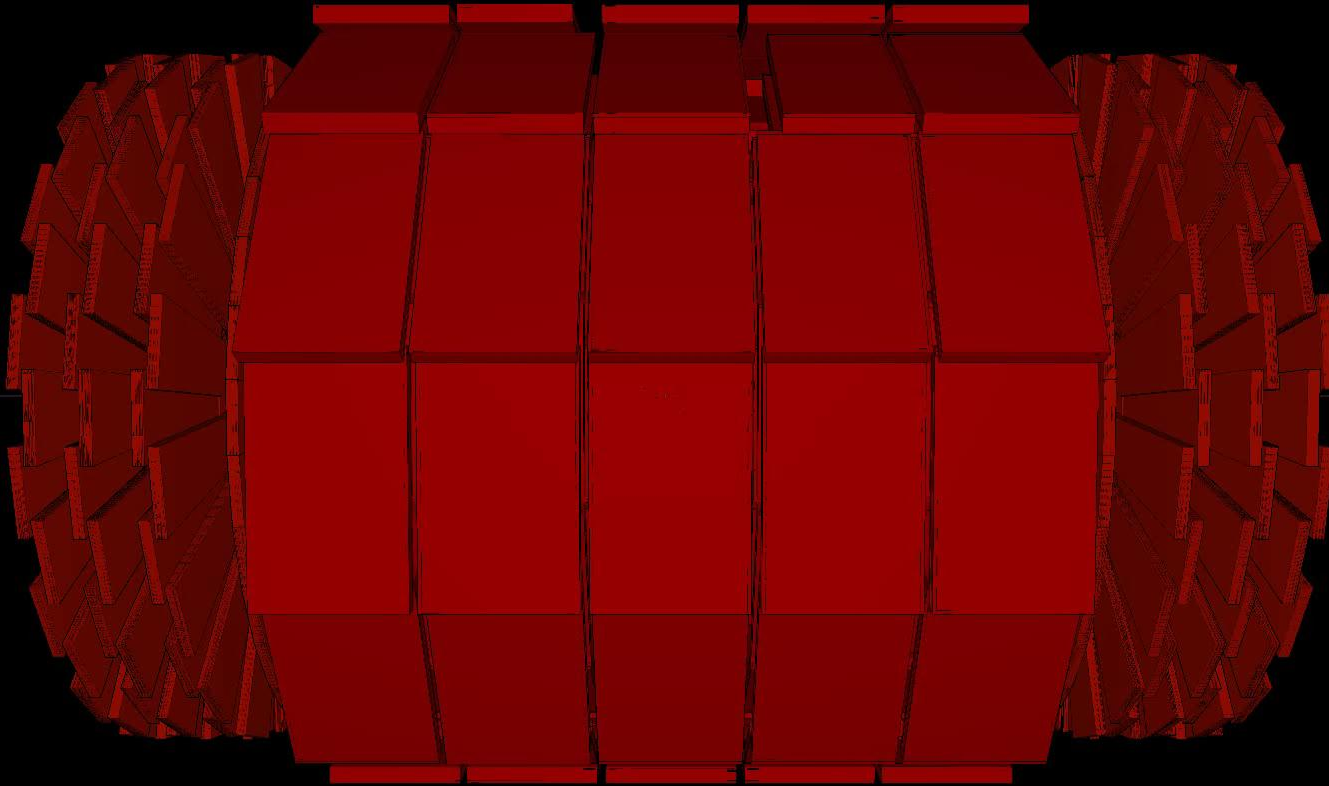
Hidden Valleys?



We do not know what is out there for us...
 A large variety of possible signals. We have to be ready for that

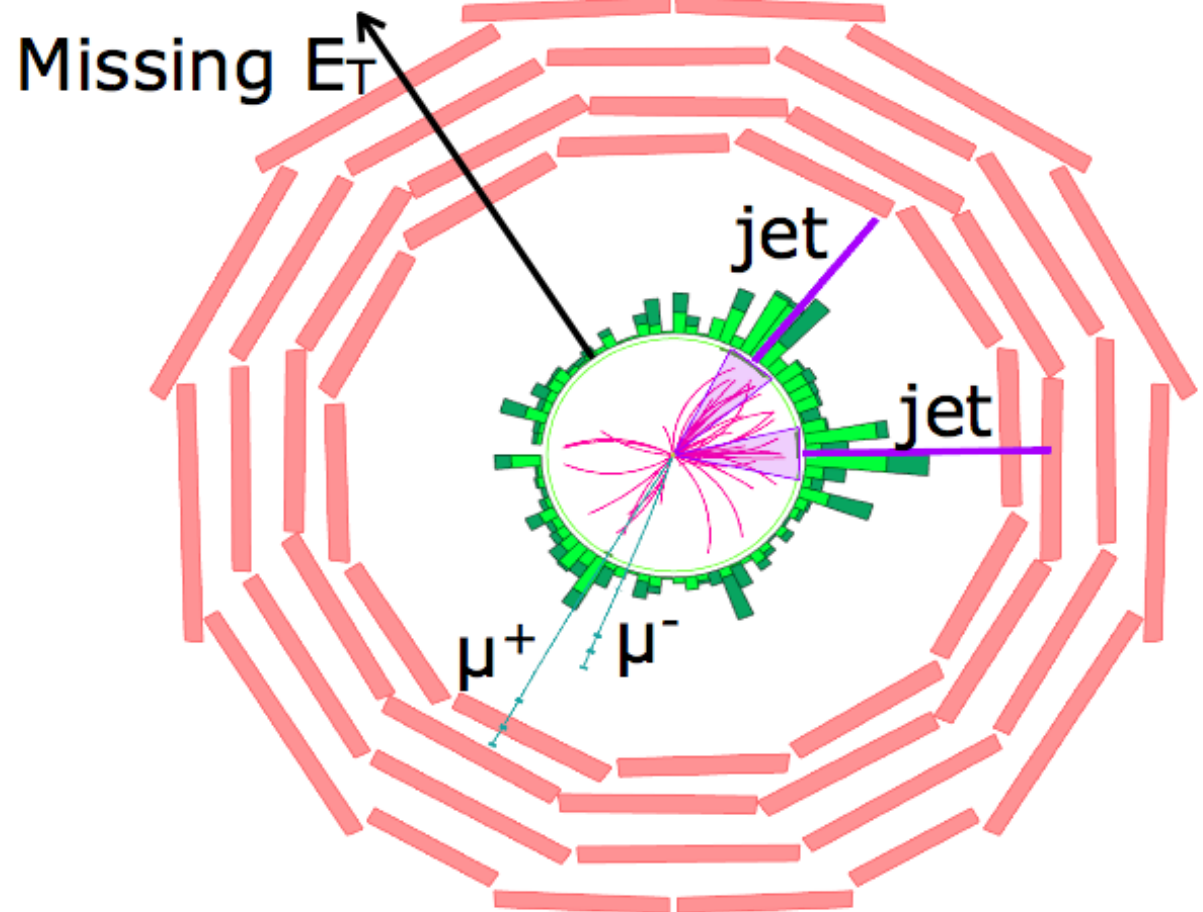
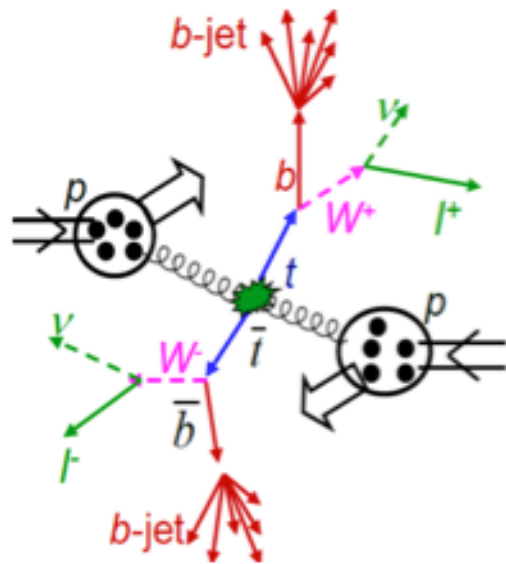
7 TeV pp Collisions

CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN
Sun 2010-Jul-18 11:13:22 CET
Run 140379 Event 136650665
C.O.M. Energy 7.00TeV



An event containing “top” quarks

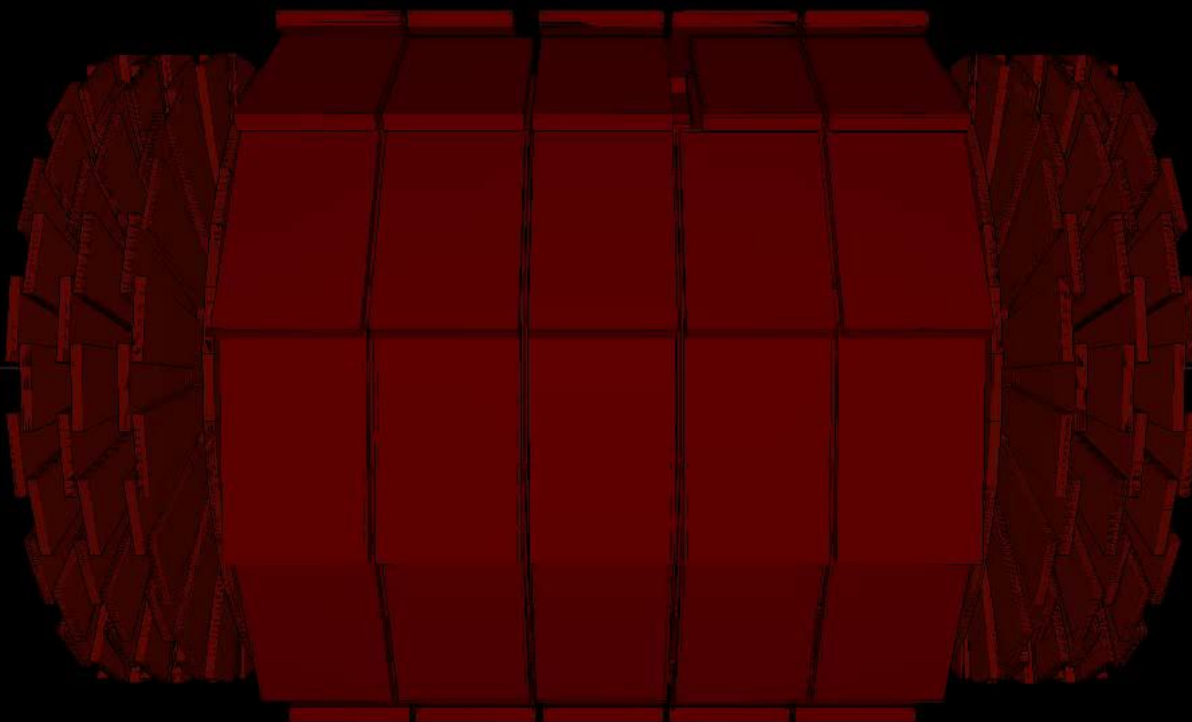
Candidate Event for Top Production



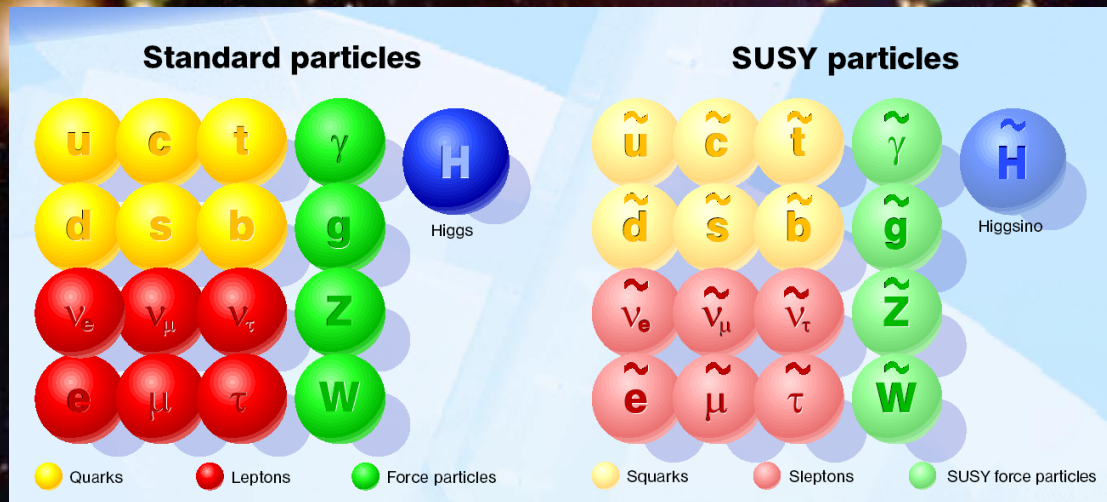
Top Di-Muon Candidate Event

A Recorded Heavy Ion Collision

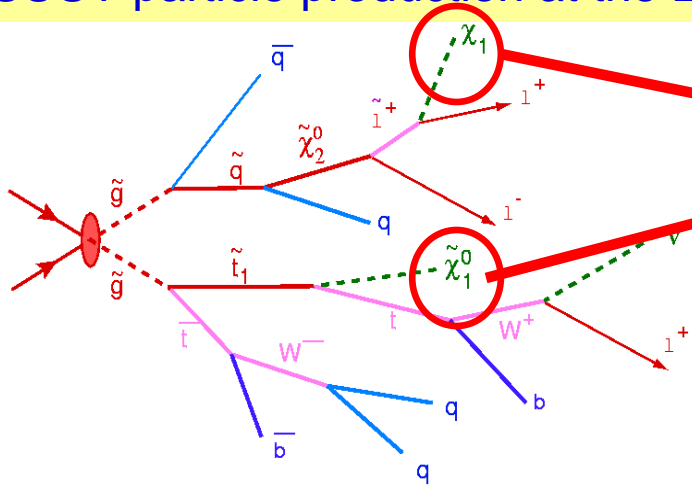
CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN
Mon 2010-Nov-08 11:22:07 CET
Run 150431 Event 541464
C.O.M. Energy 7Z TeV



Supersymmetry: a new symmetry of Nature?

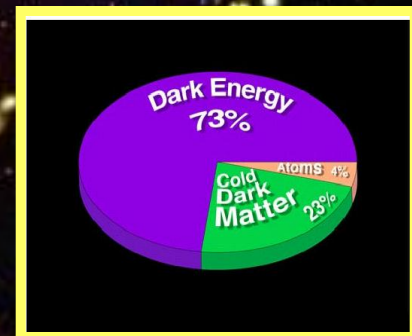


SUSY particle production at the LHC



Candidate particles for Dark Matter
 \Rightarrow Produce Dark Matter in the lab

Assume “R-Parity” Conservation



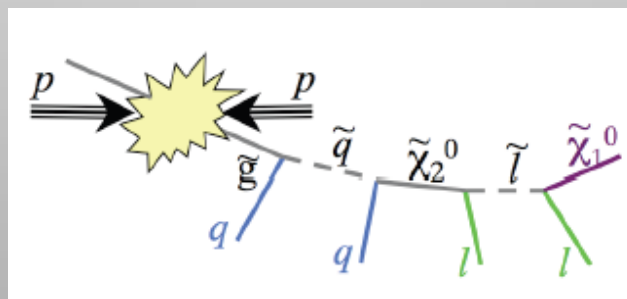
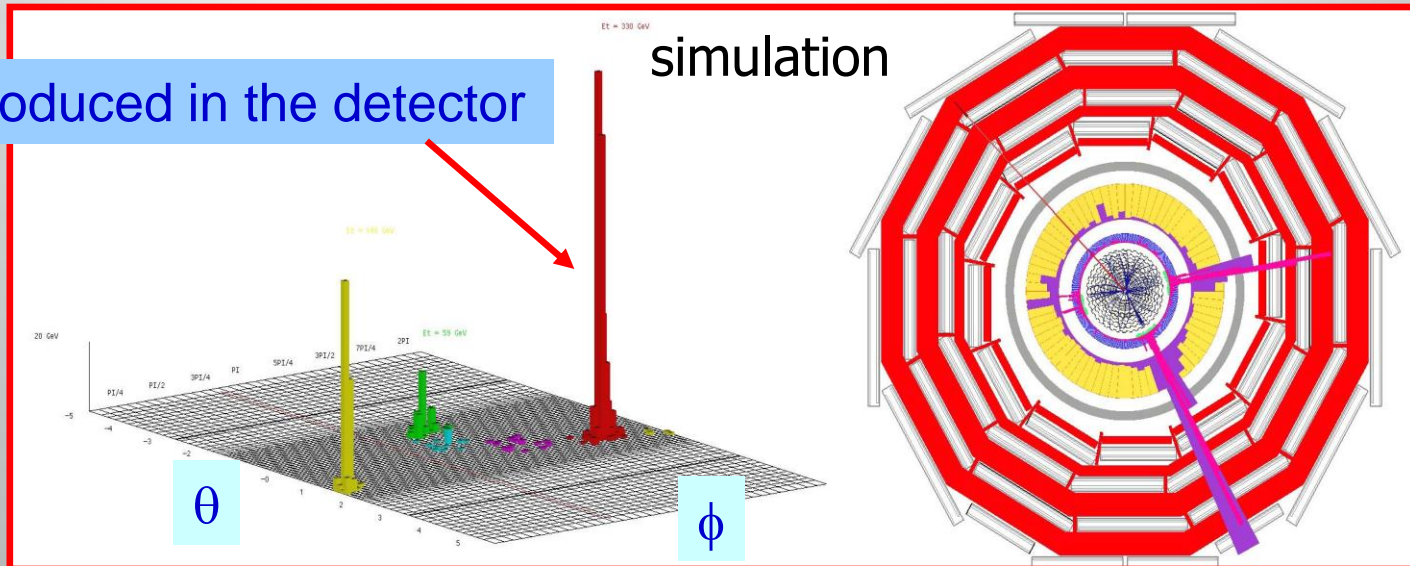
Why weak-scale SUSY ?

- stabilises the EW scale: $|m_F - m_B| < O(1 \text{ TeV})$
- predicts a light Higgs $m_h \lesssim 130 \text{ GeV}$
- Predicts/allows gauge unification
- accomodates heavy top quark
- **dark matter candidate:** neutralino, sneutrino, gravitino, ...
- consistent with Electro-Weak precision data

Discovering SUSY – A revolution in particle physics!!

Detecting Supersymmetric Particles

Energy produced in the detector



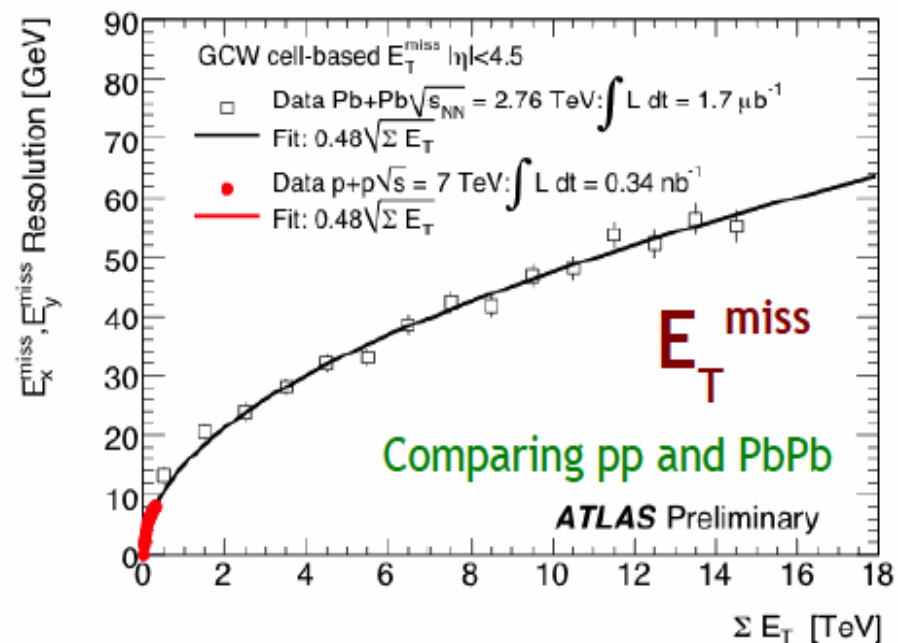
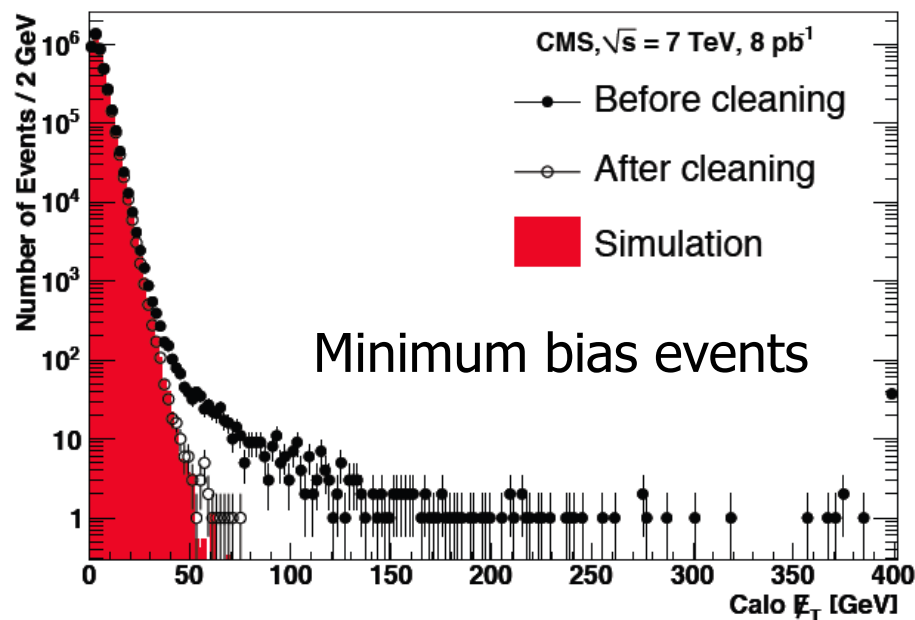
Supersymmetric particles decay and produce a cascade of jets, leptons and missing transverse energy (MET) due to escaping 'dark matter' particle candidates

➔ Very prominent signatures in CMS and ATLAS

Missing Transverse Energy

Total transverse momentum imbalance

Generally appreciated to be a difficult quantity to measure
Very sensitive to fluctuations, miss-measurements, noise, backgrounds



- In practice, rather well under control, from the start
- Good resolution using 'particle flow' ie maximally identifying particles
- More Pile-up in future will NOT make this simpler

SUSY Searches

0-leptons	1-lepton	OSDL	SSDL	≥3 leptons	2-photons	γ+lepton
Jets + MET	Single lepton + Jets + MET	Opposite-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Same-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Multi-lepton	Di-photon + jet + MET	Photon + lepton + MET

Large

SM backgrounds

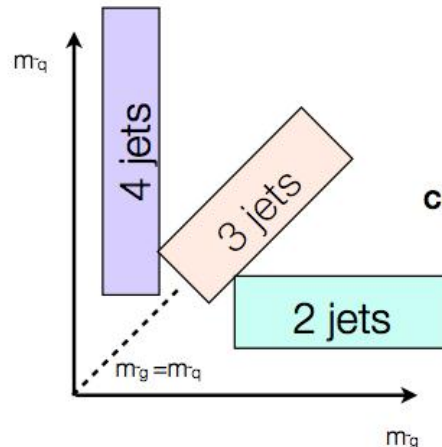
Low

sensitivity to strongly produced SUSY

sensitivity to gauge-mediated SUSY

All Analyses (CMS)

JET+MET (ATLAS)



Trigger requirements

Channel definition

Reduce QCD

Enhance signal

Signal Region	≥ 2 jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 4 jets	High mass
E_T^{miss}	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Leading jet p_T	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Second jet p_T	> 40	> 40	> 40	> 80
Third jet p_T	–	> 40	> 40	> 80
Fourth jet p_T	–	–	> 40	> 80
$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, E_T^{\text{miss}})_{\text{min}}$	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/m_{\text{eff}}$	> 0.3	> 0.25	> 0.25	> 0.2
m_{eff} [GeV]	> 1000	> 1000	> 500/1000	> 1100

$$m_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{i=1}^n |\vec{p}_T^{\text{jet } i}| + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

Note: Strong effort to get background (tail) estimates from data itself

Example: Search for SUSY

Take one example to show steps involved:

- Define event selection criteria
- Go through $\sim 2.000.000.000$ events triggered and stored on-line, to select candidates
- Use eg kinematical cuts to suppress background
- “Predict” backgrounds in signal region
- Determine efficiencies and systematics
- Excess or no excess?

Jets+Missing E_T channel

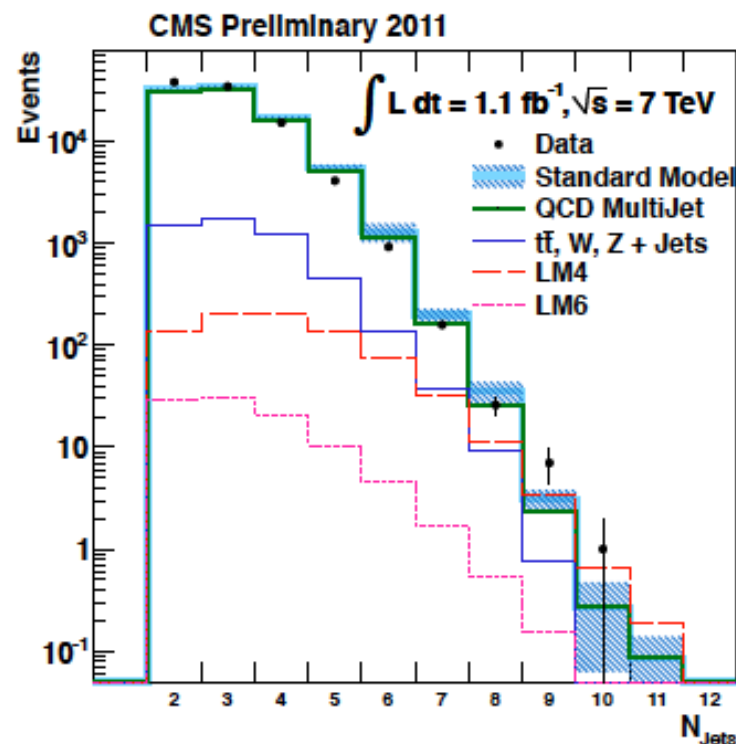
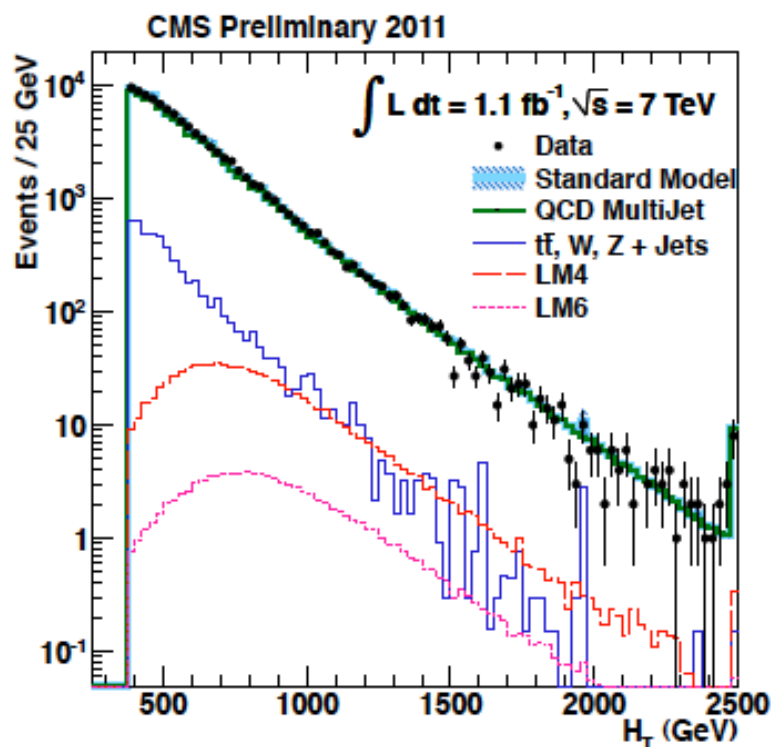
Kinematic Glossary

- $HT = \sum_j E_T$ Jets with $p_{T>50}$ GeV
- $MHT = |\vec{p}_T|$ Jets with $p_{T>50}$ GeV
- $\Delta\phi^* = \min_j \Delta\phi(\text{jet}, MHT \text{ computed without the jet})$

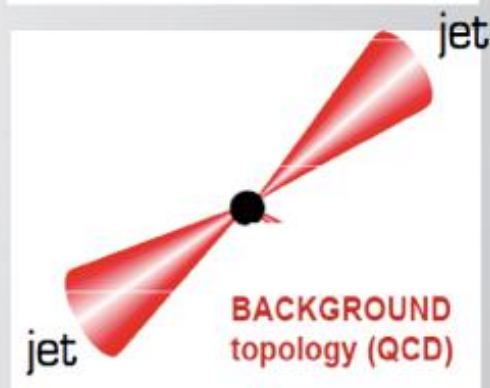
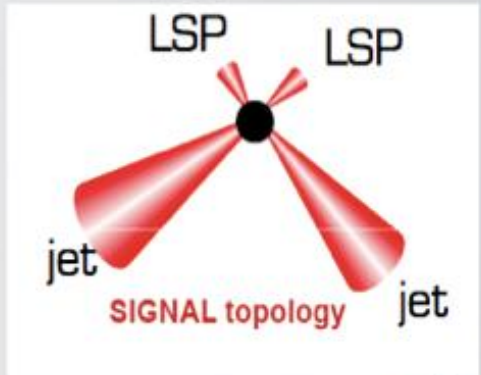
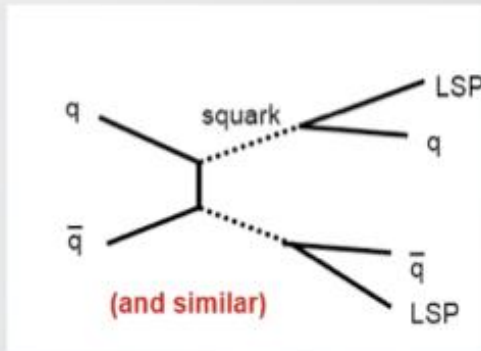
Select events with (main cuts)

- At least 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV; $|\eta| < 3$
- No leptons (e, μ) present
- $a_T > 0.55$
- $HT > 275$ GeV

Dominated by background!!



Example: Jets+Missing E_T channel



Simplest topology: 2 jets + missing E_T

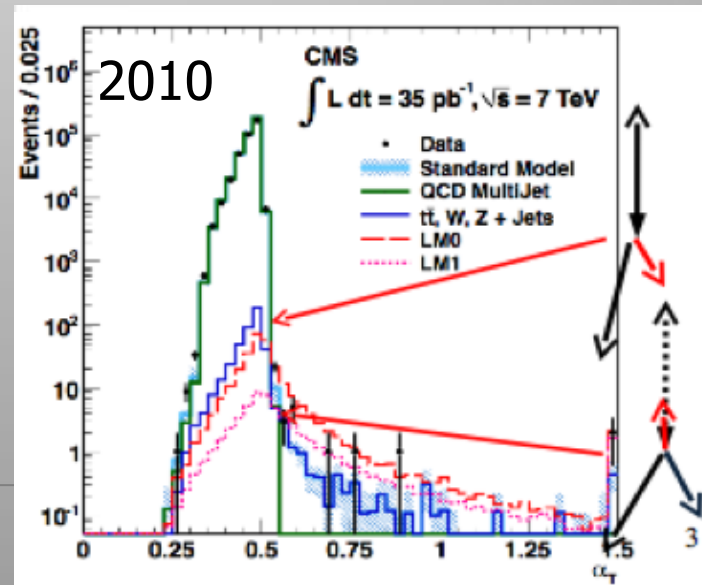
Signal topology is different from the background topology

We define a variable α_T defined as

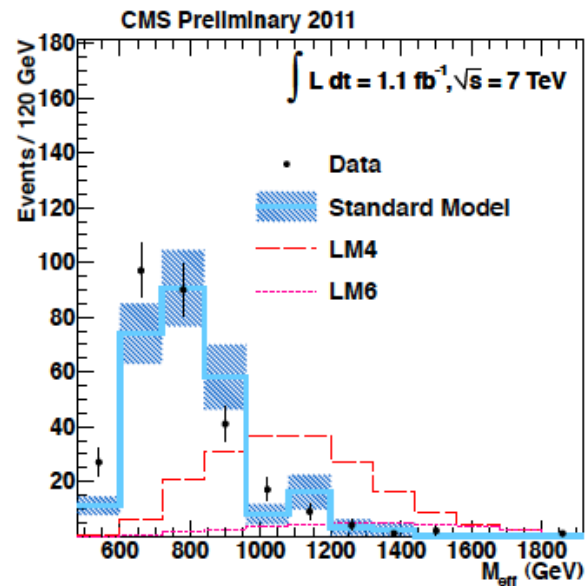
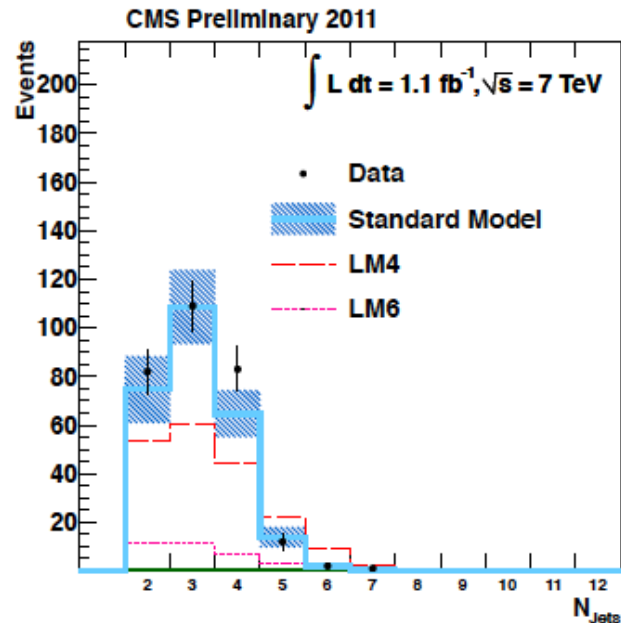
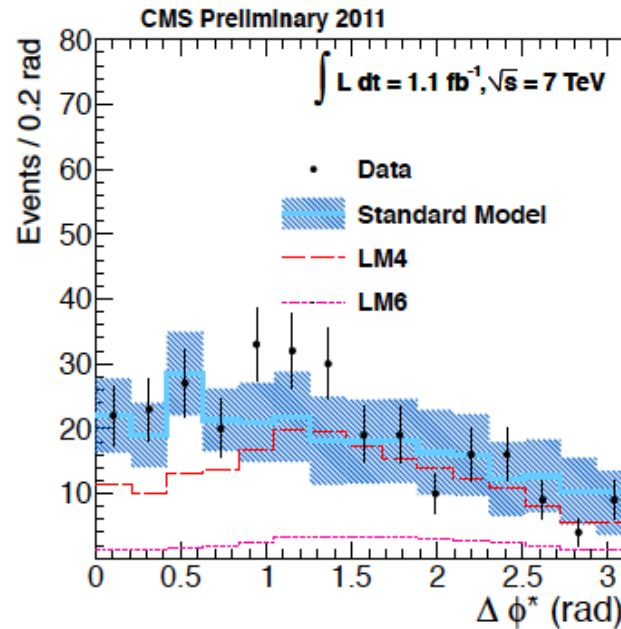
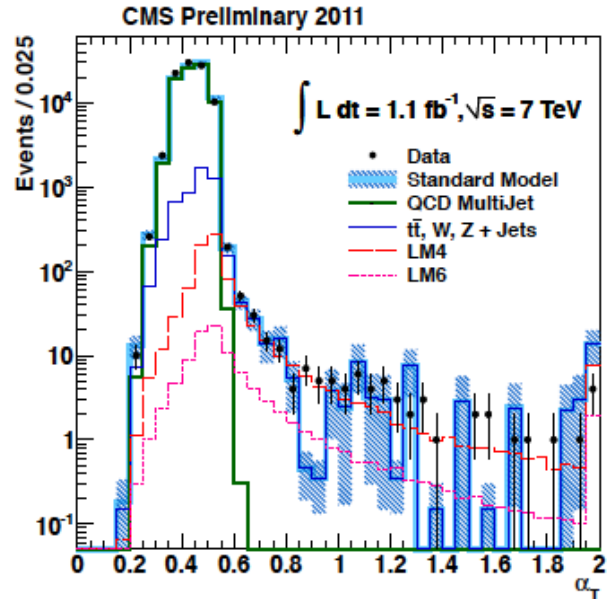
$$\alpha_T = \frac{E_T^{\text{jet}_2}}{M_T} = \frac{E_T^{\text{jet}_2}}{\sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^2 E_T^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_x^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_y^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2}},$$

We know from MC studies that $\alpha_T < 0.5$ for QCD

We will select events with $\alpha_T > 0.55$!



Several Control Variables

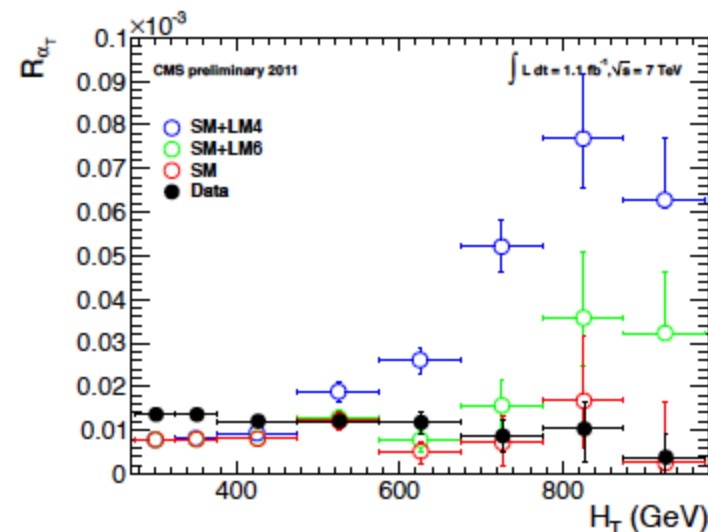


Jets + Missing E_T Channel

H_T Bin (GeV)	275–325	325–375	375–475	475–575
p_T^{leading} (GeV)	73	87	100	100
p_T^{second} (GeV)	73	87	100	100
p_T^{other} (GeV)	37	43	50	50
$\alpha_T > 0.55$	782	321	196	62
$\alpha_T < 0.55$	$5.73 \cdot 10^7$	$2.36 \cdot 10^7$	$1.62 \cdot 10^7$	$5.12 \cdot 10^6$
$R_{\alpha_T} (10^{-5})$	$1.36 \pm 0.05_{\text{stat}}$	$1.36 \pm 0.08_{\text{stat}}$	$1.21 \pm 0.09_{\text{stat}}$	$1.21 \pm 0.15_{\text{stat}}$
H_T Bin (GeV)	575–675	675–775	775–875	875– ∞
p_T^{leading} (GeV)	100	100	100	100
p_T^{second} (GeV)	100	100	100	100
p_T^{other} (GeV)	50	50	50	50
$\alpha_T > 0.55$	21	6	3	1
$\alpha_T < 0.55$	$1.78 \cdot 10^6$	$6.89 \cdot 10^5$	$2.90 \cdot 10^5$	$2.60 \cdot 10^5$
$R_{\alpha_T} (10^{-5})$	$1.18 \pm 0.26_{\text{stat}}$	$0.87 \pm 0.36_{\text{stat}}$	$1.03 \pm 0.60_{\text{stat}}$	$0.39 \pm 0.52_{\text{stat}}$

- Define 8 bins in HT
- Add requirements on the leading and sub-leading jet p_T values

Expect different HT shape for SM background only and signal



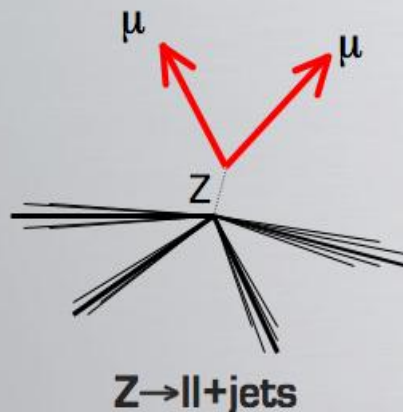
Data Driven Background Estimates

An illustrative example: $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu + \text{jets}$

Irreducible background for $\text{Jets} + E_t^{\text{mis}}$ search

Data driven strategy:

- define control samples and understand their strength and weaknesses:

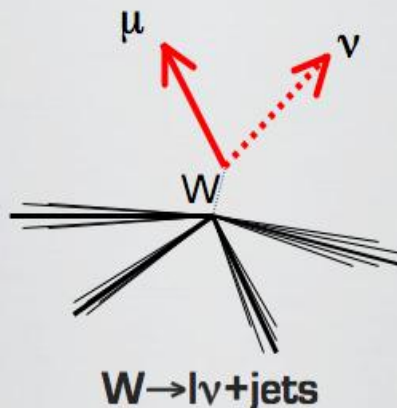


Strength:

- very clean, easy to select

Weakness:

- low statistic: factor 6 suppressed wrt. to $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$

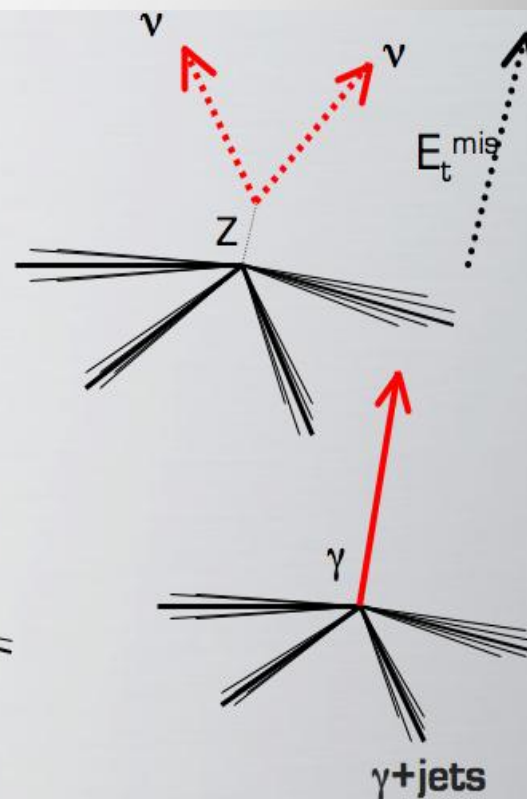


Strength:

- larger statistic

Weakness:

- not so clean, SM and signal contamination



Strength:

- large stat, clean for high E_γ

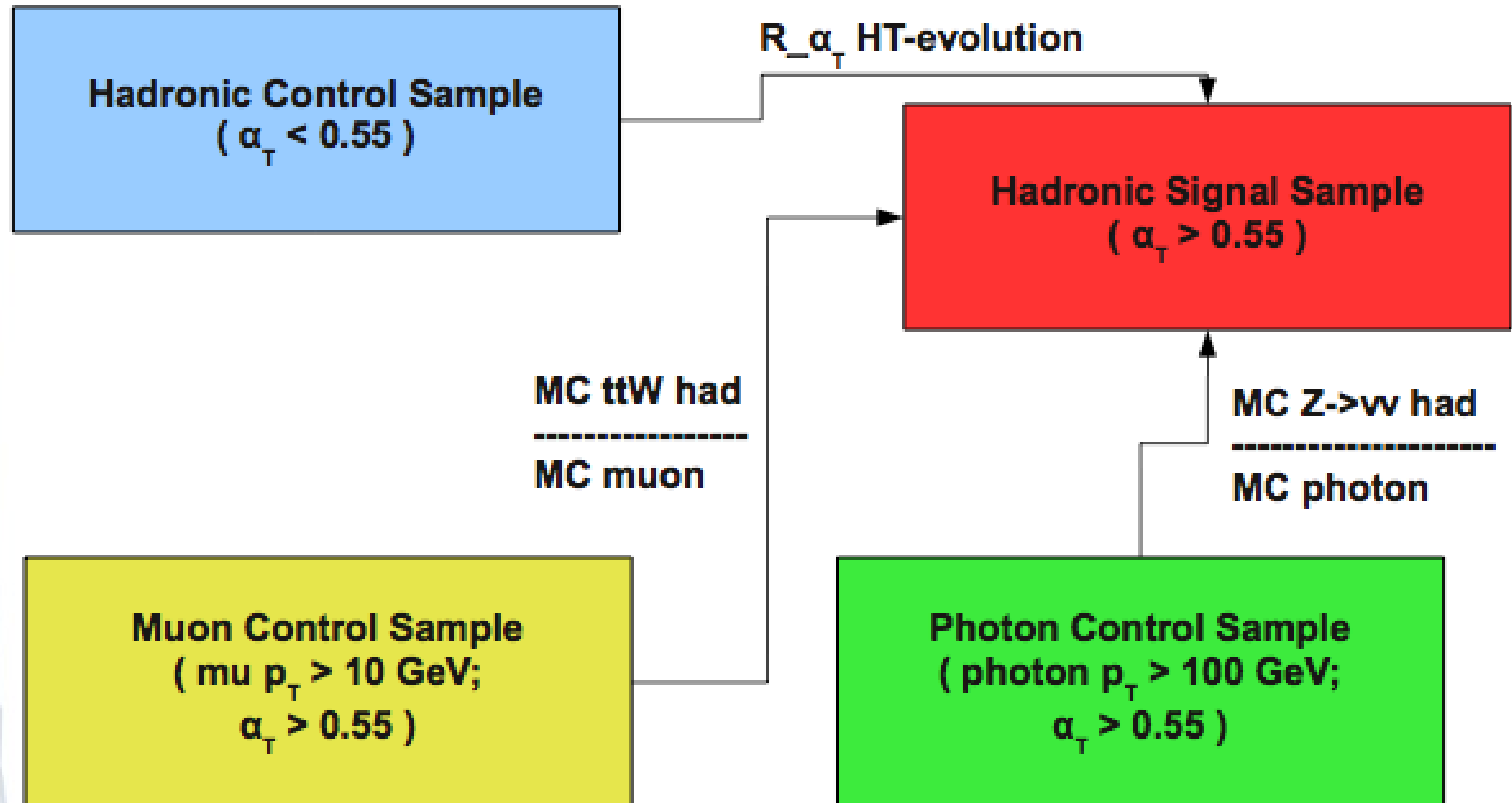
Weakness:

- not clean for $E_\gamma < 100 \text{ GeV}$,
- possible theo. issues for normalization (u. investigation)

All have been used in the data analysis

Analysis Flow

Tying together signal and control samples



Results

H_T Bin (GeV)	275–325	325–375	375–475	475–575
$W + t\bar{t}$ background	363.7	152.2	88.9	28.8
$Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$ background	251.4	103.1	86.4	26.6
QCD background	172.4	55.1	26.9	5.0
Total Background	787.4	310.4	202.1	60.4
Data	782	321	196	62
H_T Bin (GeV)	575–675	675–775	775–875	875– ∞
$W + t\bar{t}$ background	10.6	3.1	0.6	0.6
$Z \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$ background	8.7	4.3	2.5	2.2
QCD background	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0
Total Background	20.3	7.7	3.2	2.9
Data	21	6	3	1

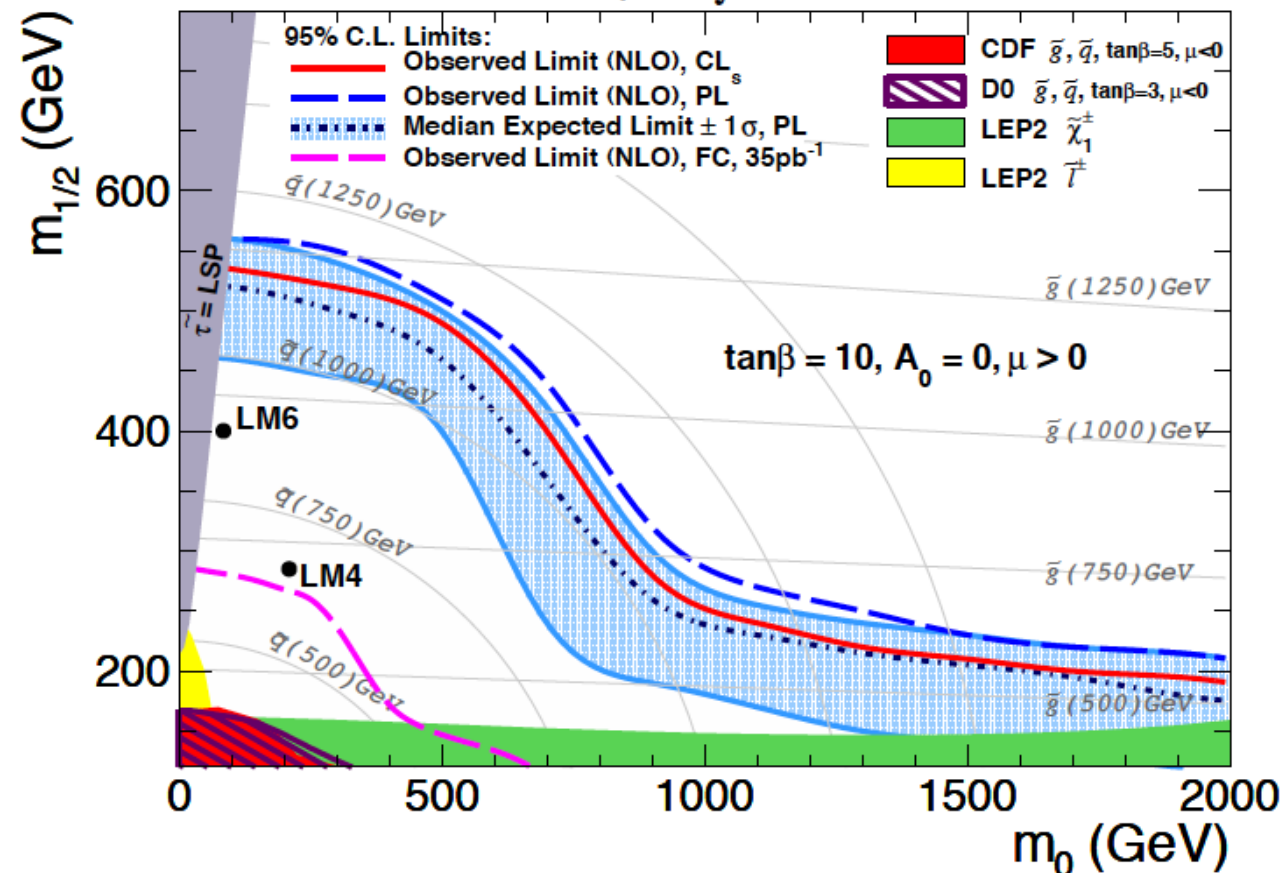
No excess seen in data compared to predicted background

SUSY Search: Jets + Missing E_T Channel

CMS-SUS-11-003

Using 1 fb^{-1}

CMS preliminary $\alpha_T \quad \int \mathcal{L} dt = 1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$



So far Constrained Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model **CMSSM** is often used as a benchmark model for presenting the search results...

The CMSSM has 4 parameters

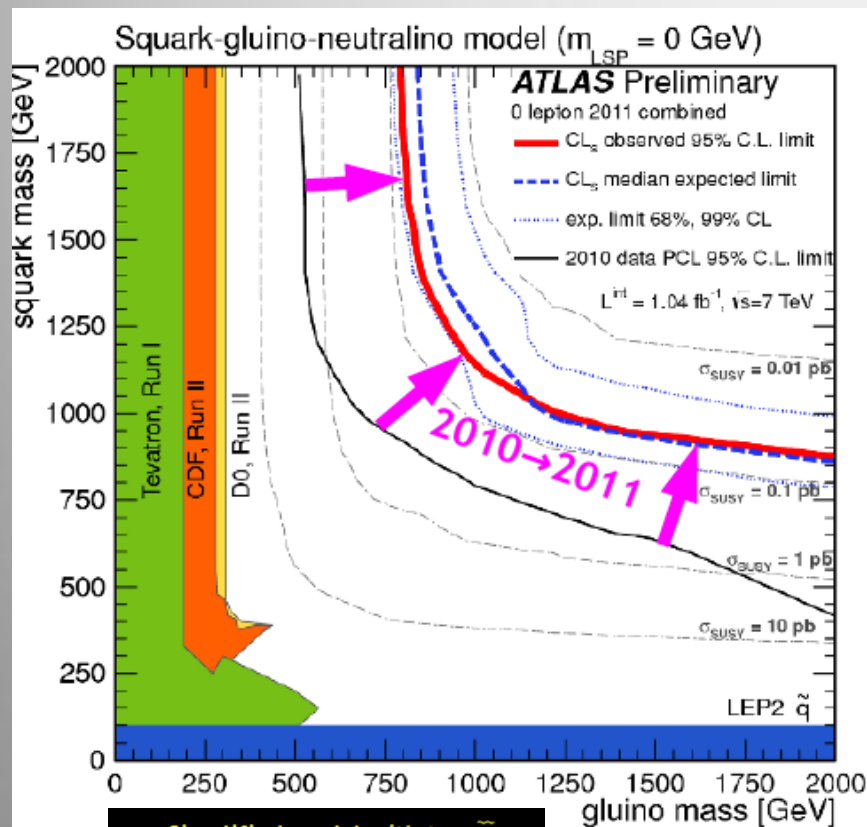
- $m_{1/2}$: universal gaugino mass at GUT scale
- m_0 : universal scalar mass at GUT scale
- $\tan\beta$: vev ratio for 2 Higgs doublets
- A_0 : trilinear coupling and the sign of Higgs mixing parameter μ

SUSY Search: Jets + Missing E_T Channel

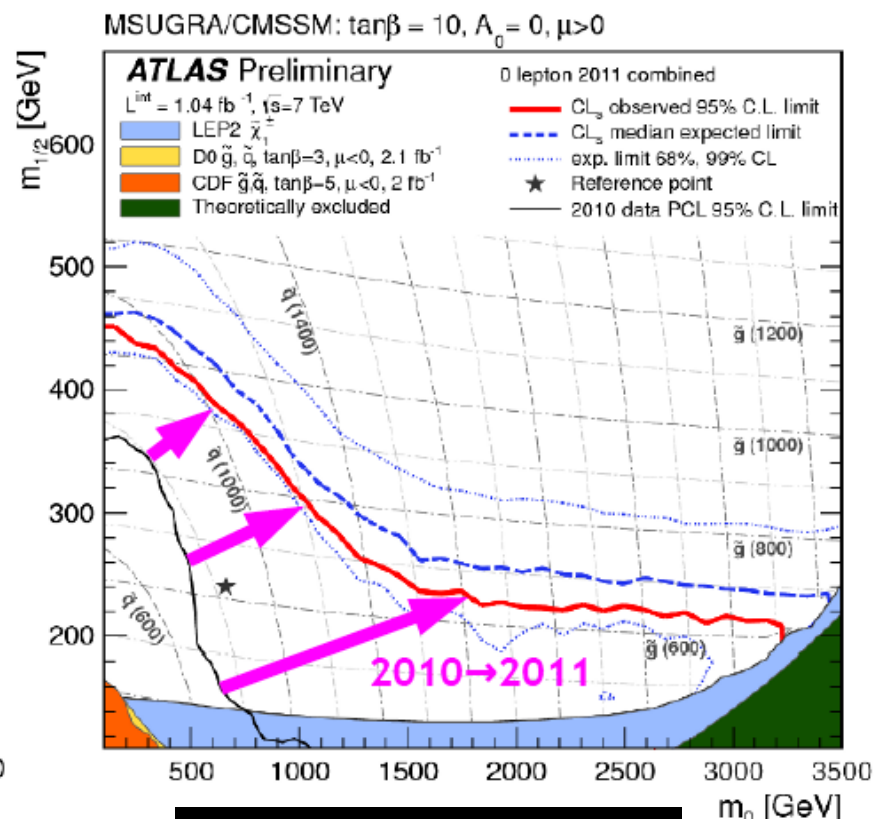
Limits in a simplified model

Using 1 fb^{-1}

Limits in CMSSM



Simplified model with two \tilde{q} generations, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 0$
 $m_{\tilde{g}} > 800 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tilde{q}} > 850 \text{ GeV}$
 Equal mass case: $m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{q}} > 1.075 \text{ TeV}$

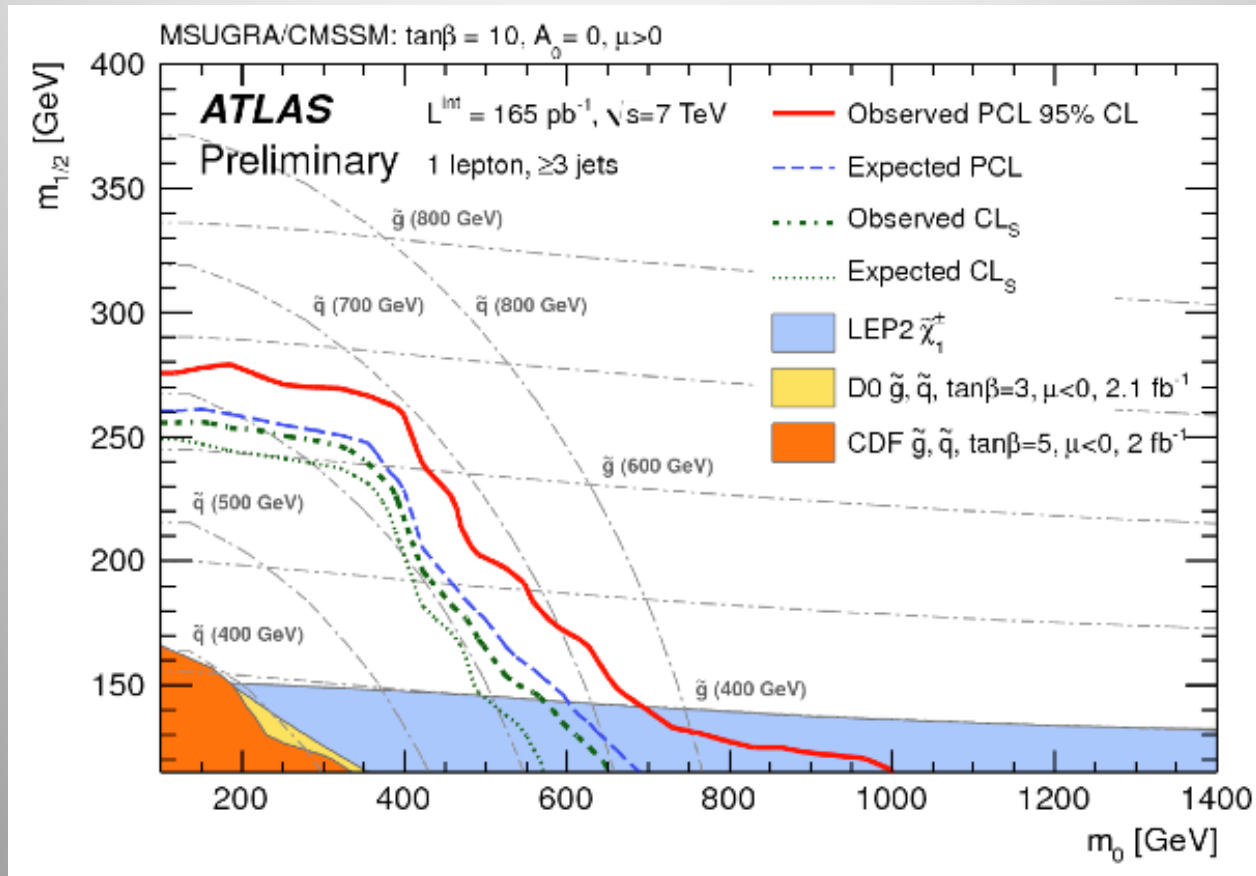


MSUGRA/CMSSM: $\tan\beta=10$, $A_0=0$, $\mu>0$
 Equal mass case: $m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}} > 980 \text{ GeV}$

Up to masses of 1 TeV excluded for equal gluino-squark masses
 Extends the 2010 data limits by $\sim 250 \text{ GeV}$

SUSY Search: 1 Lepton + jets + MET

ATLAS-CONF-2011-90



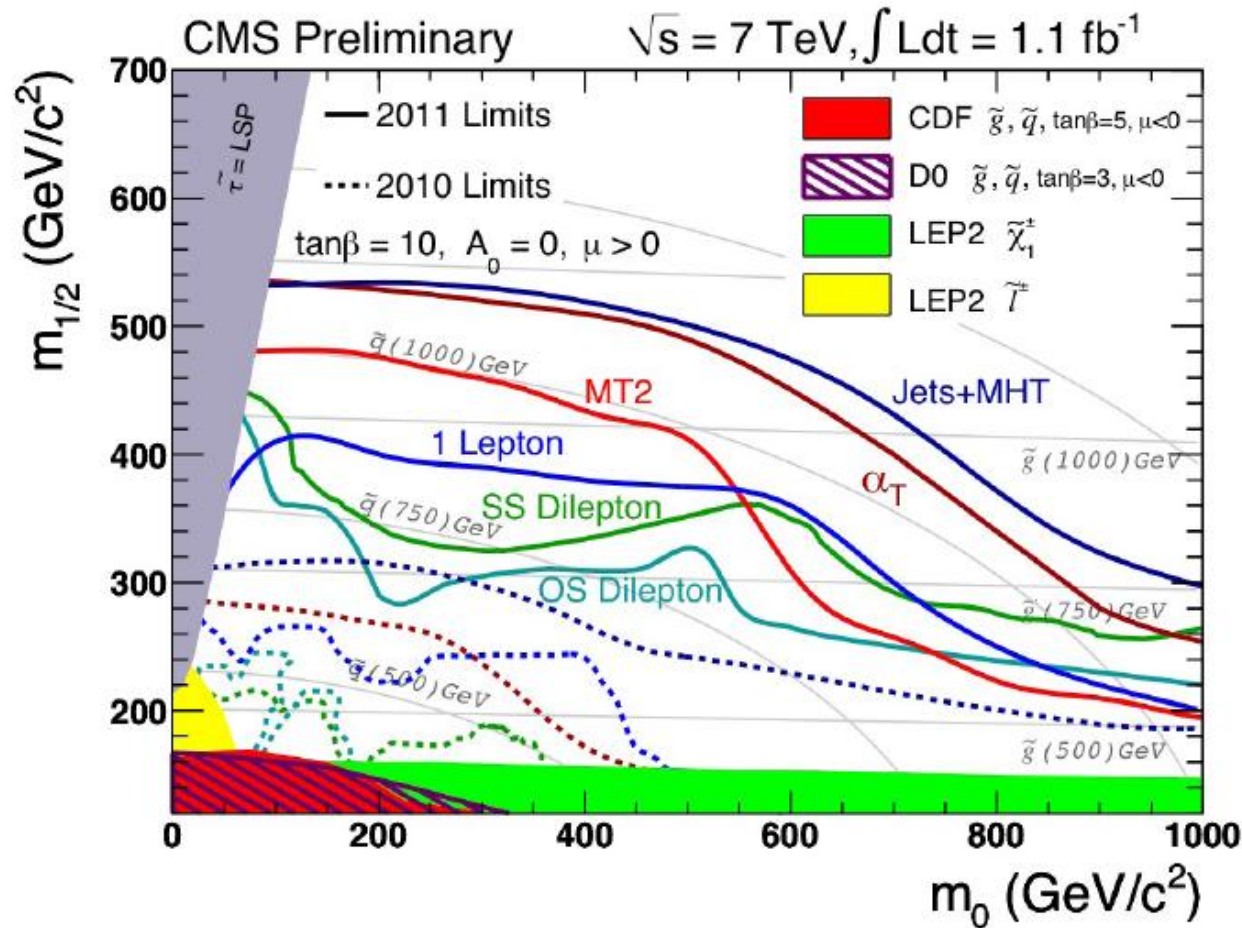
Base on 165 pb^{-1}

In CMSSM: less strong limits

SUSY Search: lepton and hadronic channels

CMS summary of channels with new data

Using 1 fb⁻¹



Results of three SUSY analyses completed on full summer 2011 data (α_T , Same Sign and Opposite Sign dileptons).

CMS-SUS-11-003

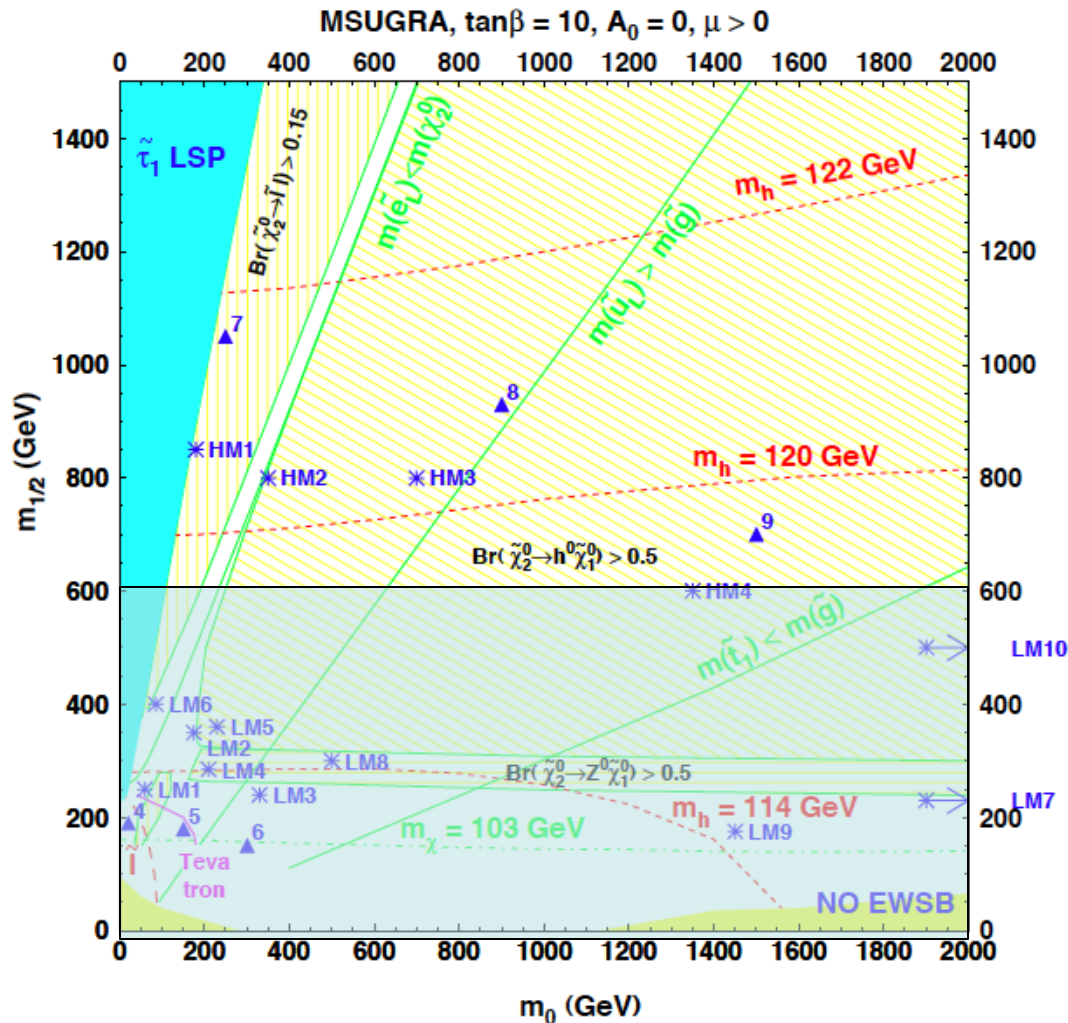
CMS-SUS-11-004

CMS-SUS-11-010

CMS-SUS-11-011

Within the Constrained MSSM model we are crossing the border of excluding gluinos up to 1TeV and squarks up to 1.25TeV

Previous Benchmark Points

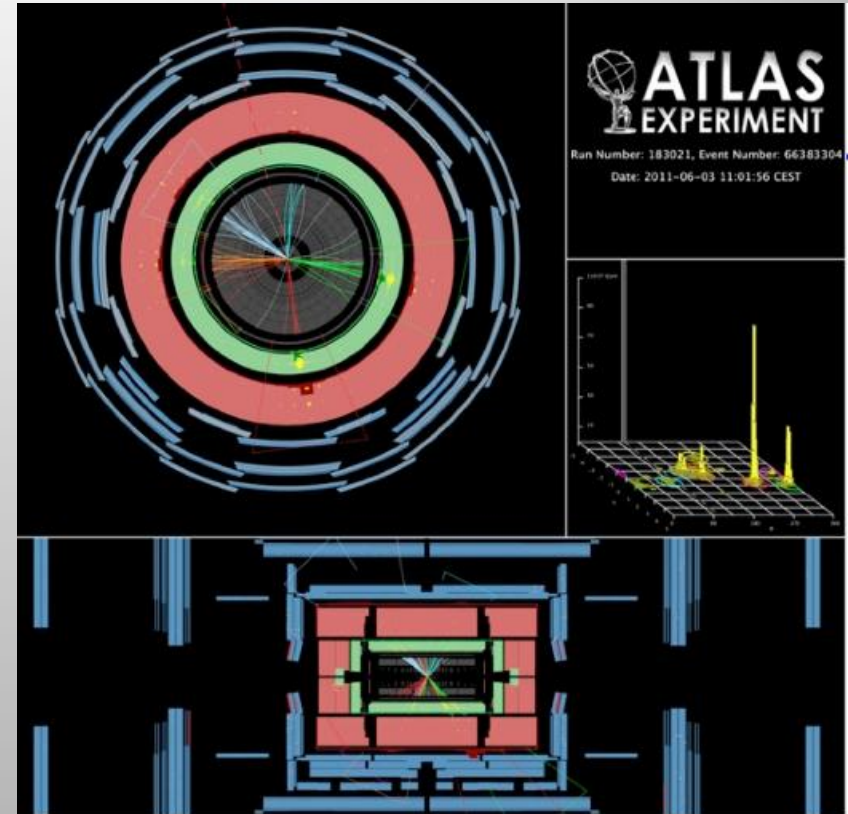
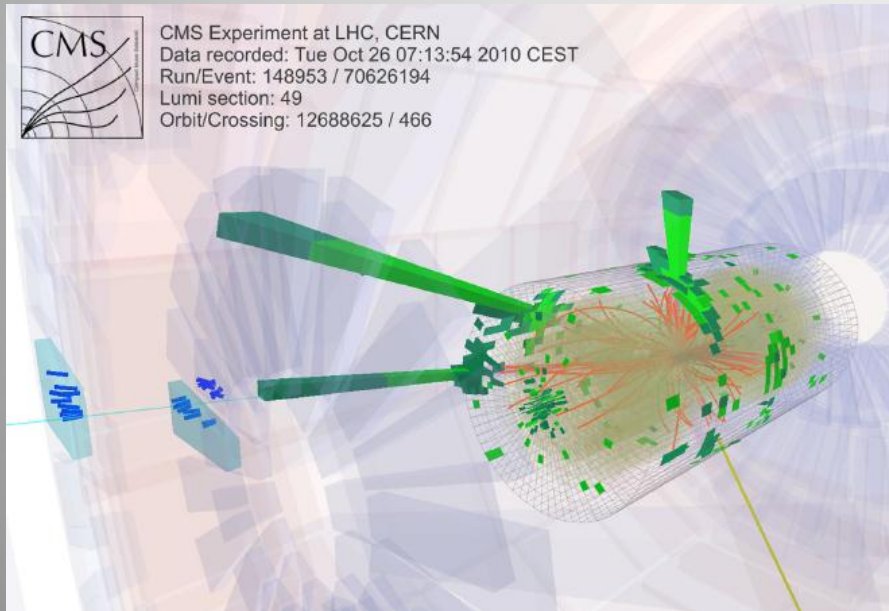


Example CMS

For our 2006 studies
we chose 13 benchmark
points (LMx, HMx...)

9 of these points are
already washed away
by the "tsunami" of data
this year

...Some Interesting Events...

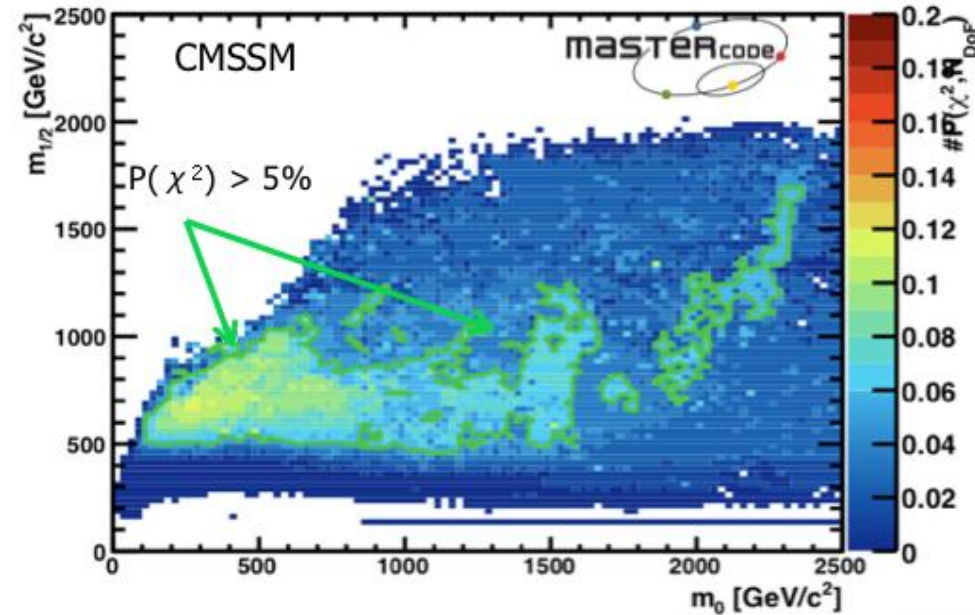
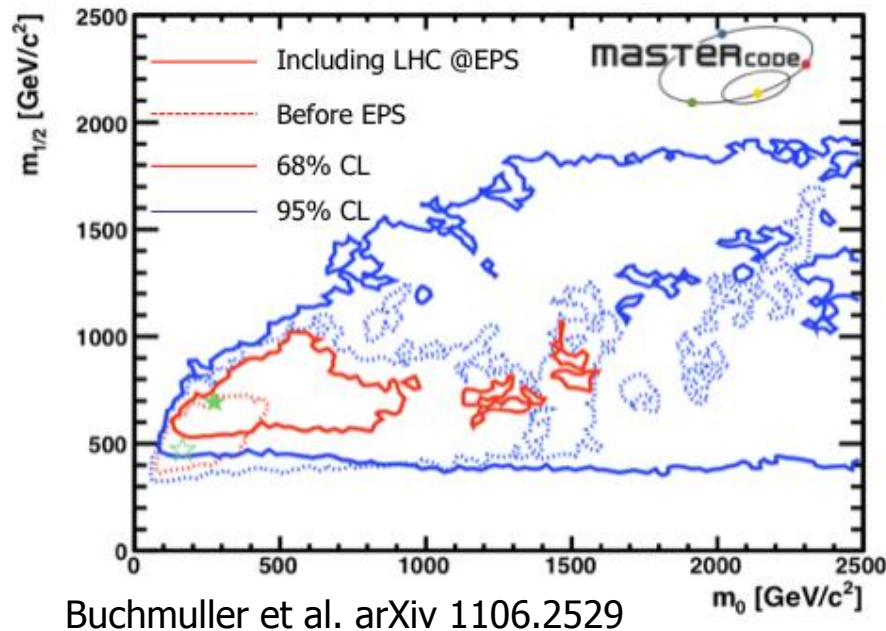


- Events with five jets and large missing transverse energy
- CMS: Total sum of transverse momentum $H_T = 1132 \text{ GeV}$ and missing transverse energy $H_{T\text{Miss}} = 693 \text{ GeV}$

Impact of LHC EPS Results on SUSY

Simultaneous fit of CMSSM parameters m_0 , $m_{1/2}$, A_0 , $\tan\beta$ ($\mu > 0$) to more than 30 collider and cosmology data (e.g. M_W , M_{top} , $g-2$, $BR(B \rightarrow X\gamma)$, relic density)

"Predict" on the basis of present data what the preferred region for SUSY is (in constrained MSSM SUSY)



χ^2 probability: $P(\chi^2)$ for CMSSM

Before EPS: 16%

Including EPS results: <10%

LHC direct searches significantly constrain allowed CMSSM parameter space!

The way the Press sees it (Example)

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27 August 2011 Last updated at 06:41 GMT 5,753 [Share](#) [f](#) [t](#) [e](#) [p](#)

LHC results put supersymmetry theory 'on the spot'


By Pallab Ghosh
Science correspondent, BBC News



Results from the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) have all but killed the simplest version of an enticing theory of sub-atomic physics.

Researchers failed to find evidence of so-called "supersymmetric" particles, which many physicists had hoped would plug holes in the current theory.

Theorists working in the field have told BBC News that they may have to come up with a completely new idea.



Supersymmetry predicts the existence of mysterious super particles.

A slight wave of panic?

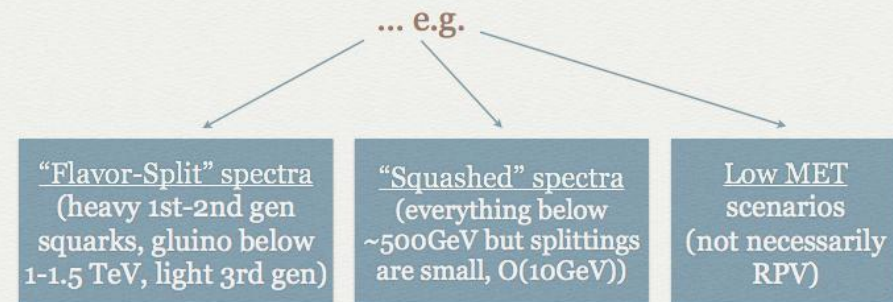
What is Next?

- Think beyond the simplest or most constrained models and optimize searches
 - pMSSM
 - NMSSM
 - Degenerate mass spectra
 - Light 3rd generation
 - Split SUSY
 - RPV SUSY
 - ...
- How much of the “theory space” do we really cover?
May have to revise our searches for other scenarios
- More ideas at the LPCC Workshop@CERN last week

A lot!!

Missing something?

- Important to **push limits up**, but with more statistics more important to systematically **close windows** for light sparticles with suppressed xsec...



Searches in Different Channels

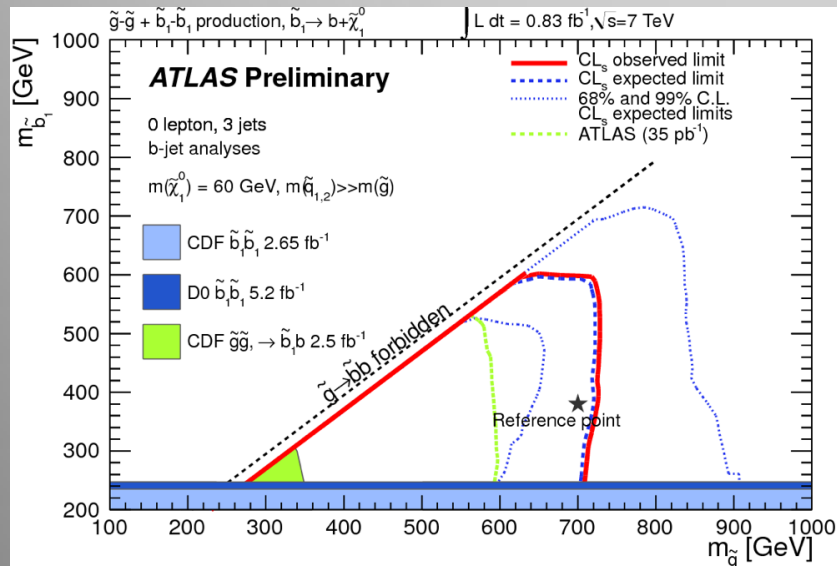
- Extend the searches using also to leptons and jets coming from **b-quarks** or **Z bosons**
- Sensitive to different part of the SUSY phase space

$$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}(\text{production})$$

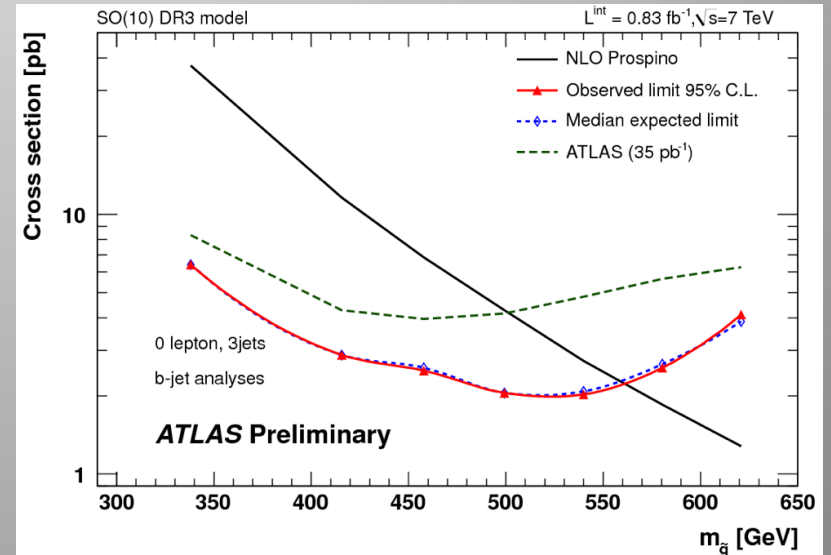
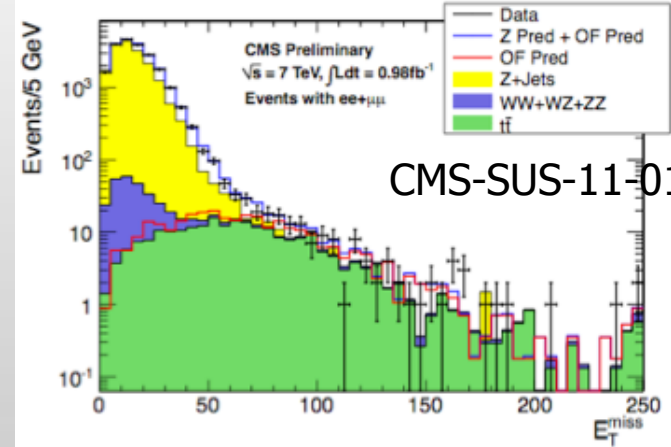
$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}_1$$

$$\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0$$

ATLAS-CONF-2011-98



Z+2 or more jets and missing transverse energy.

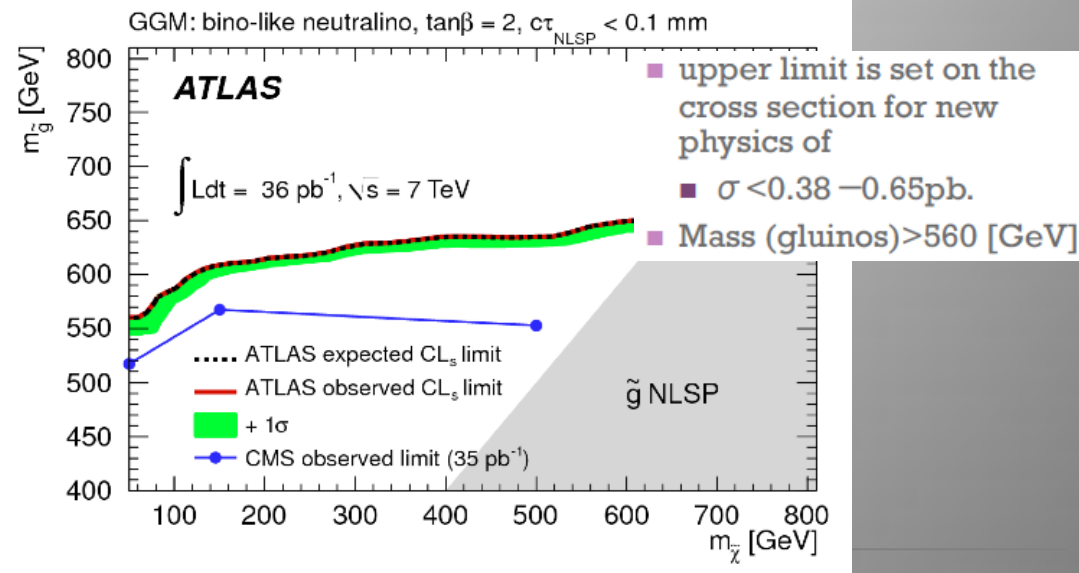
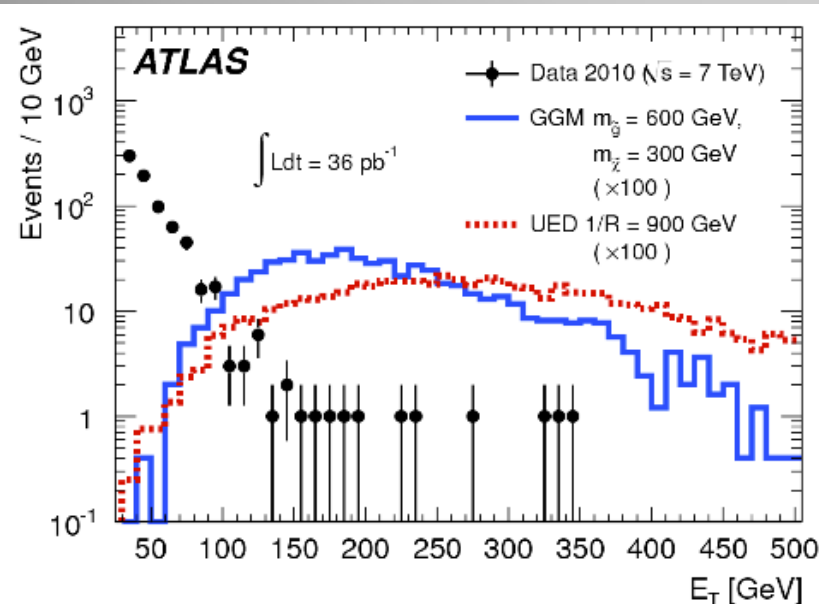
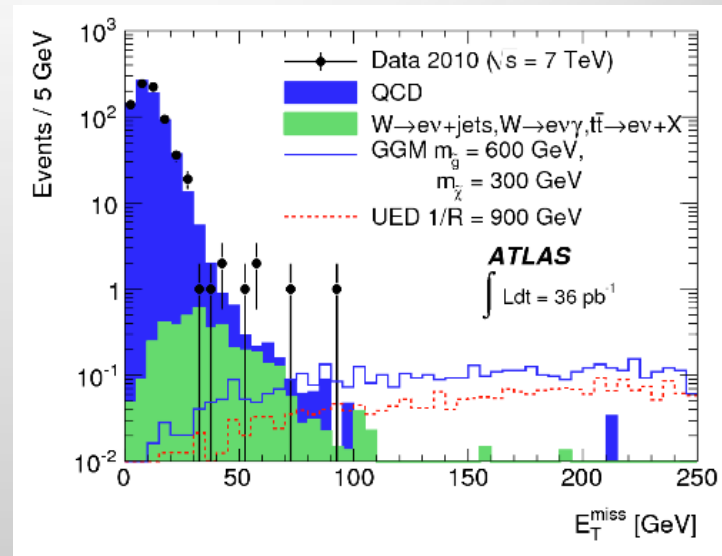


Gluinos have to be heavier than $\sim 550 \text{ GeV}$ from this search

Search for Gauge Mediated SUSY

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G}\gamma$$

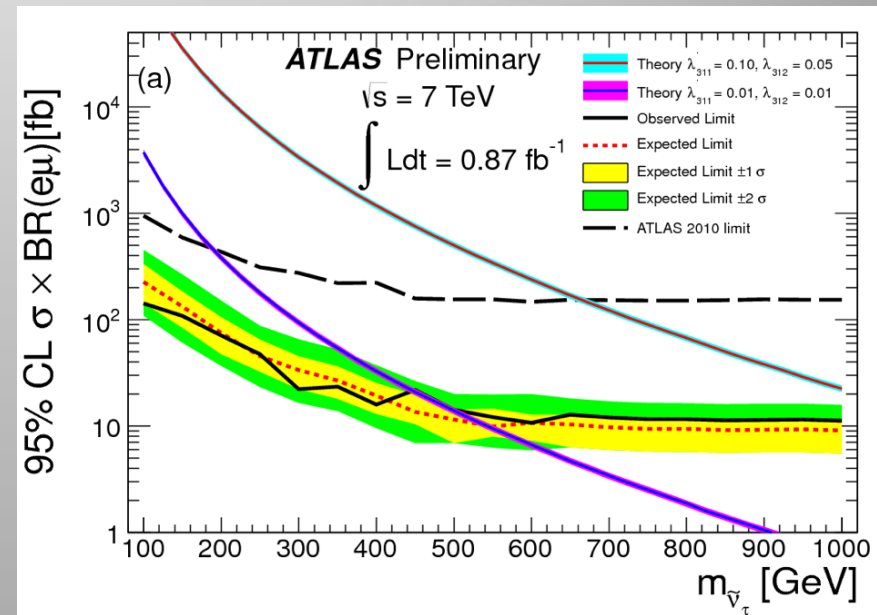
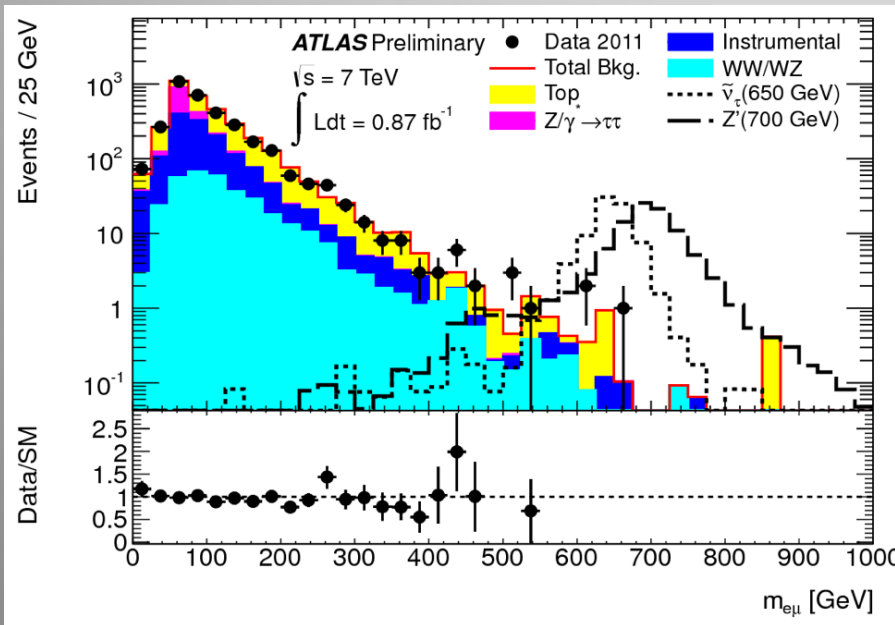
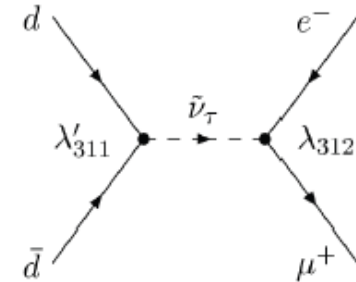
- 2 photons ($p_T > 30, 20 \text{ GeV}$)
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 125 \text{ GeV}$
- $N_{\text{signal}} = 0$
- $N_{\text{background}} = 0.10 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst})$



RP Violating SUSY Searches

$e\mu$ resonance

- With λ' RPV coupling, resonant sneutrino (or Z') can decay into an electron-muon pair
- Use single lepton triggers and select signal candidates with exactly one high p_T electron and muon
- Using 0.87 fb^{-1} of 2011 dataset to update analysis published in PRL analyzing 2010 data

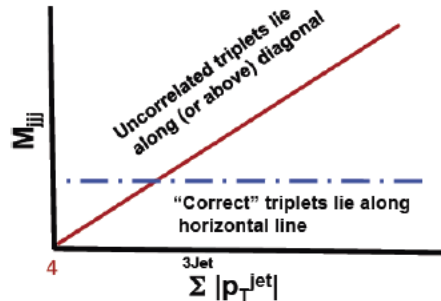


Limits on sneutrino mass between 0.5 and 1 TeV depending on the couplings

RP Violating SUSY Searches



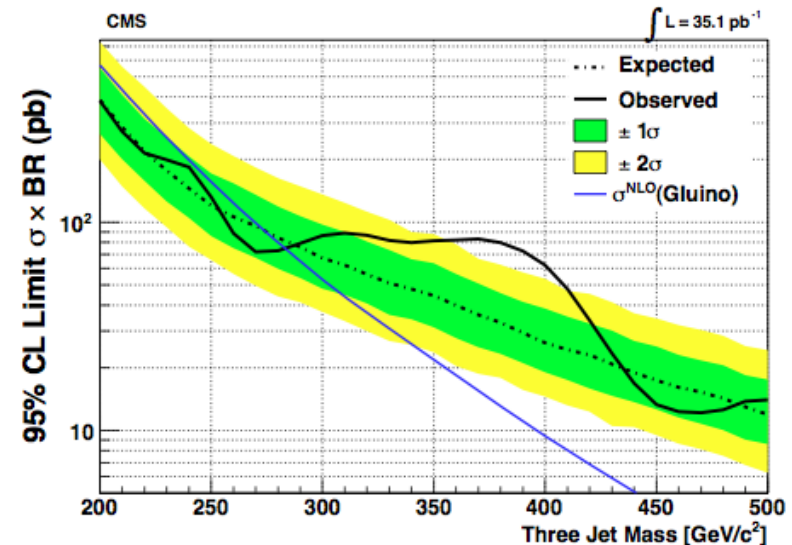
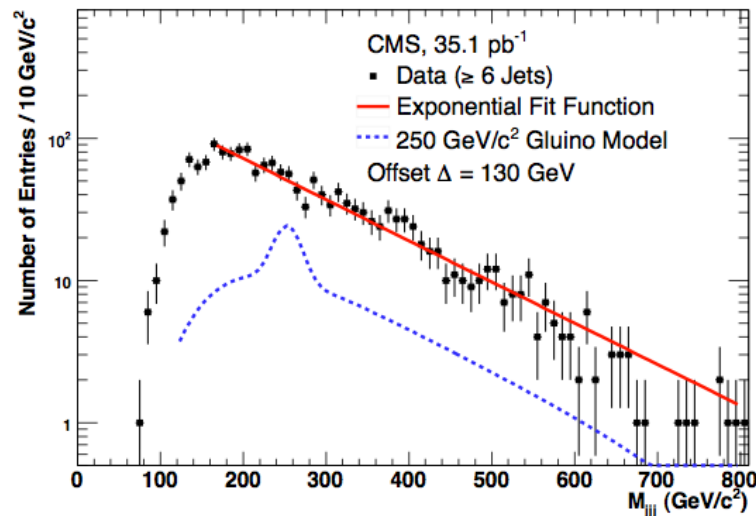
Sparticle decays into 3 jets



- Use a diagonal cut to remove combinatorial background as well as QCD background:

$$m_{JJJ} < \sum |p_T(\text{triplet})| - \alpha \text{ (Offset)}$$

arXiv:1107.3084

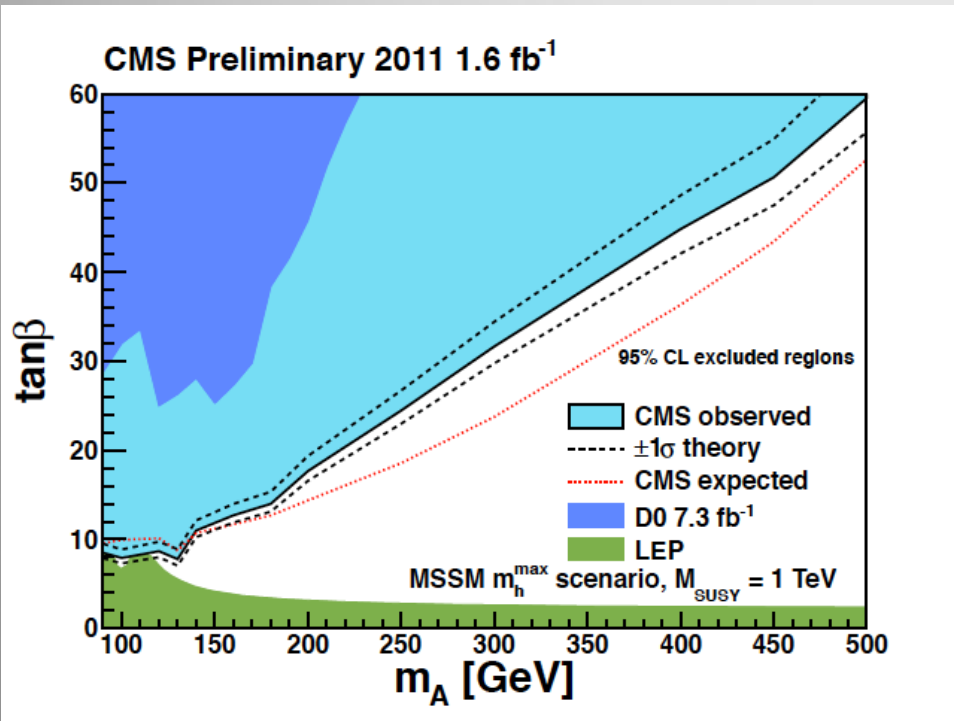


No signal for gluino masses up to 280 GeV

High mass excursion is less than 2σ taking into account look elsewhere effect

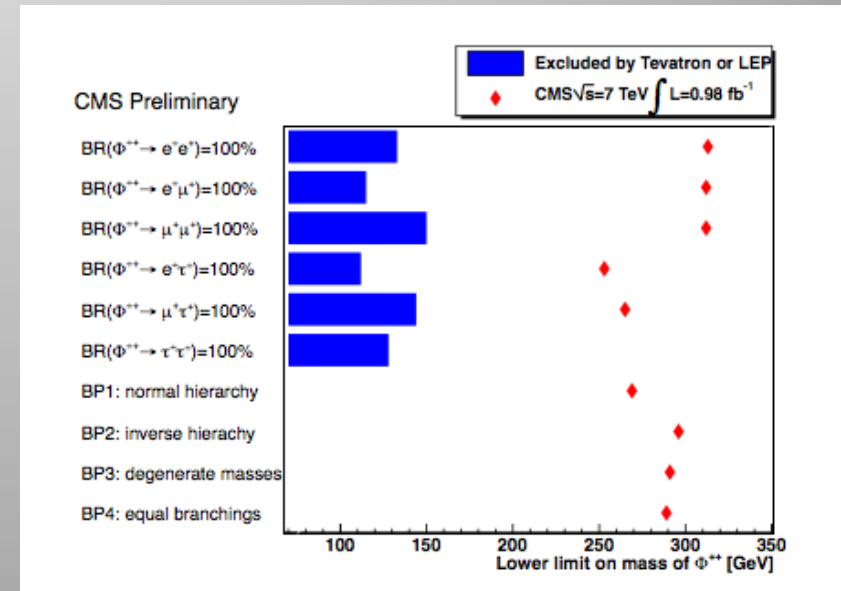
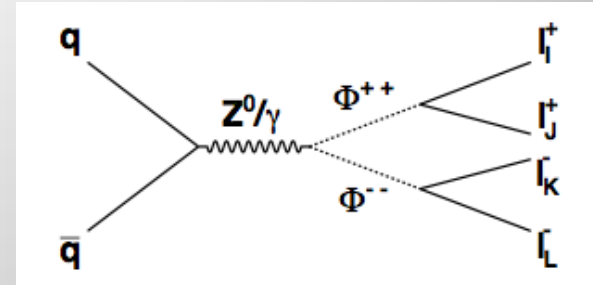
Search for BSM Higgses

MSSM Higgs $\rightarrow \tau\tau$



Impressive Exclusion Limits

Double Charged Higgs



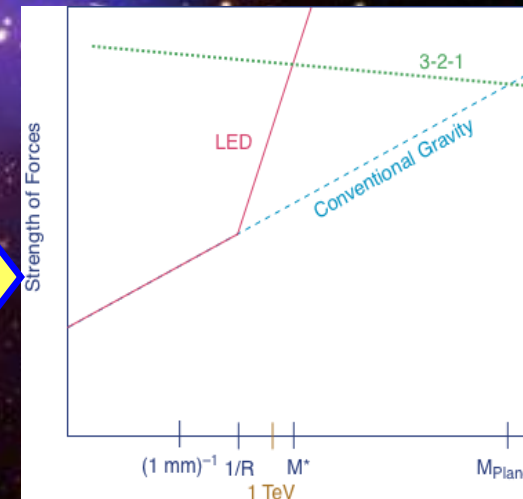
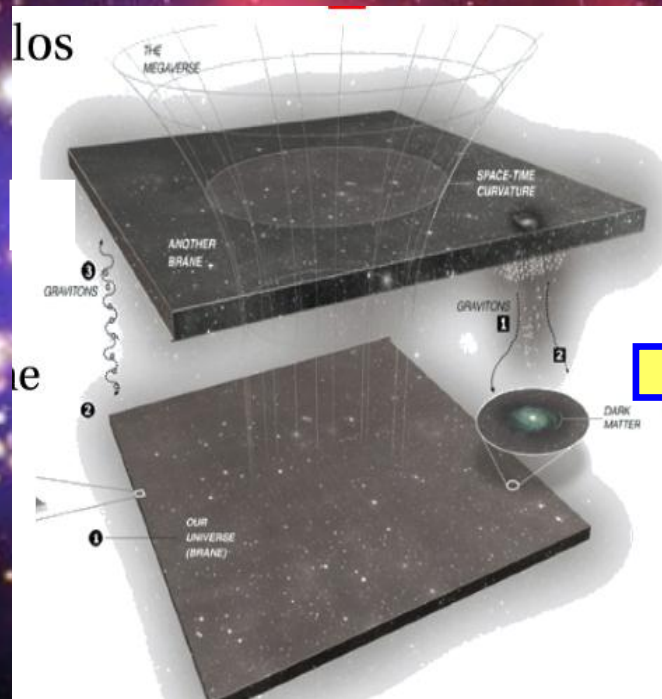
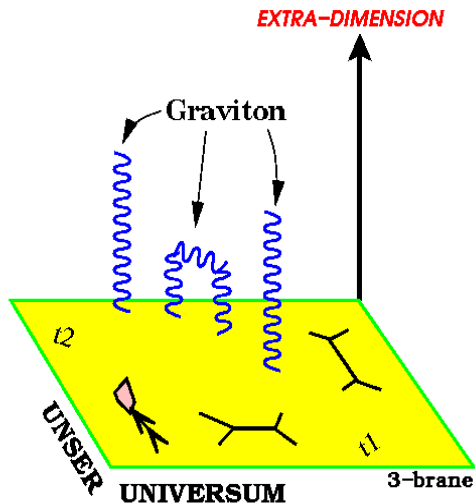
Extra Space Dimensions

Problem:

$$m_{EW} = \frac{1}{(G_F \cdot \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 246 \text{ GeV}$$



$$M_{Pl} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{G_N}} = 1.2 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$$



Gravity becomes strong!

Models with Extra Dimensions

Large Extra Dimensions Planck scale (M_D) \sim TeV

Size: \gg TeV^{-1} ; SM-particles on brane; gravity in bulk
KK-towers (small spacing); KK-exchange; graviton prod.

Signature: e.g. x-section deviations; $\text{jet} + E_{T,\text{miss}}$

ADD

Arkani-Hamed Dimopoulos Dvali

Warped Extra Dimensions

RS

Randall Sundrum

5-dimensional spacetime with warped geometry
Graviton KK-modes (large spacing); graviton resonances

Signature: e.g. resonance in ee , $\mu\mu$, $\gamma\gamma$ -mass distributions ...

TeV-Scale Extra Dimensions look-like SUSY

SM particles allowed to propagate in ED of size TeV^{-1}
[scenarios: gauge fields only (nUED) or all SM particles (UED)]

Antoniadis

UED

Universal Extra Dimensions

nUED : KK excitations of gauge bosons

UED : KK number conservation; KK states pair produced (at tree-level) ...

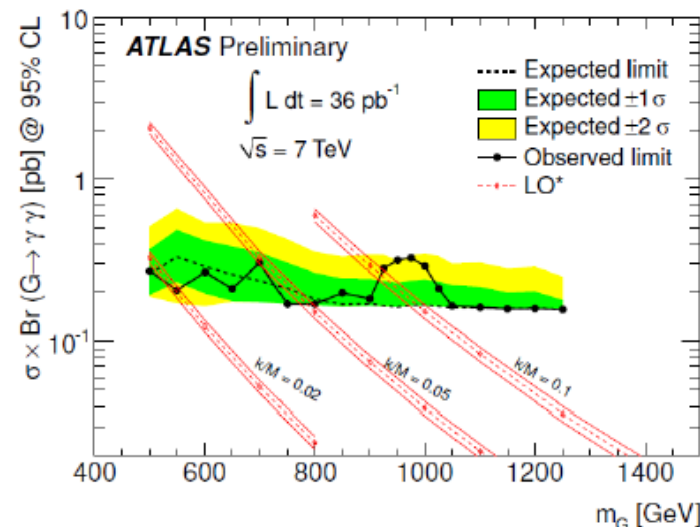
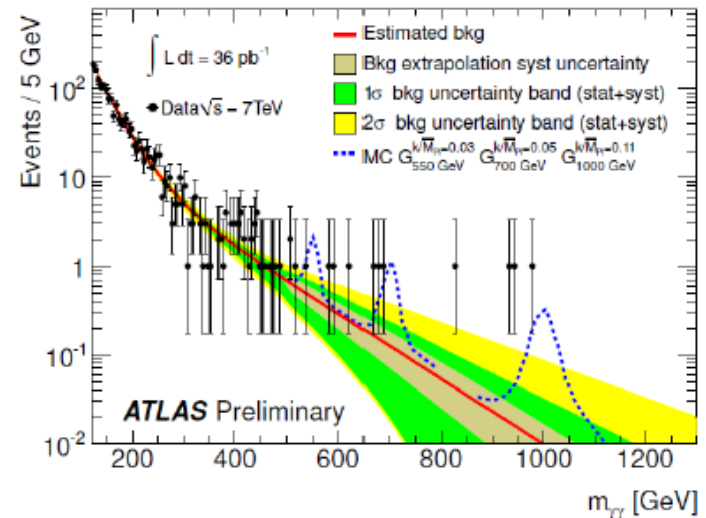
Signature: e.g. Z'/W' resonances, $\text{dijets} + E_{T,\text{miss}}$, heavy stable quarks/gluons...



Search for Extra Dimensions

2-photon resonance (RS)

- Benchmark Signal RS Gravitons (G)
- 5-D space-time bound by two 3+1D branes with SM particles localized on one and gravity on the other
- Only G propagate in bulk resulting in massive spin-2 Kaluza-Klein (KK) excitations
- Narrow intrinsic width if $k/M_{\text{Pl}} < 0.1$ (k is space-time curvature in ED)
- Graviton decays to SM fermions or bosons: Diphoton branching fraction is twice higher than dilepton one
- Data consistent with SM predictions
- Limit @ 95% CL $> 920(545)$ GeV for $k/M_{\text{Pl}} = 0.1(0.02)$

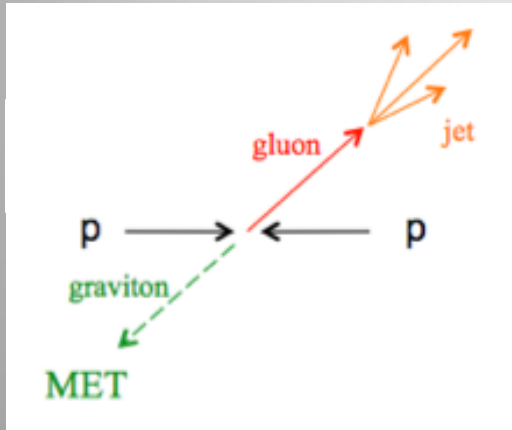


Search for Extra Dimensions

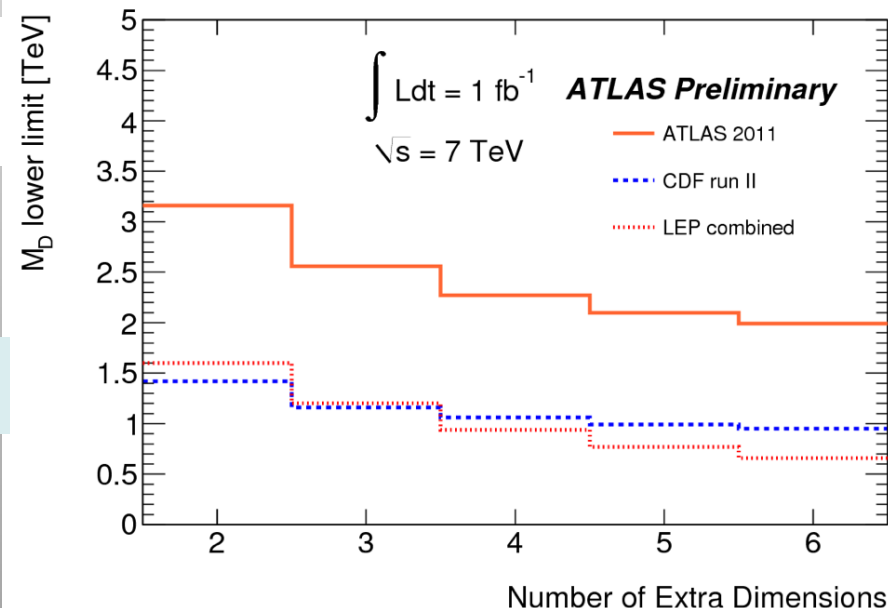
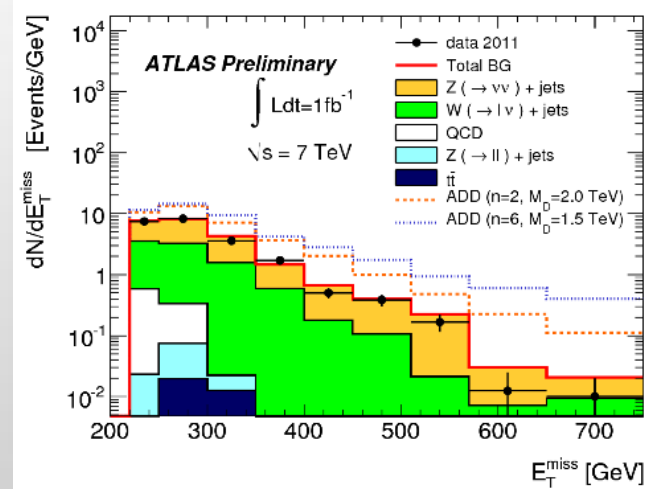
Mono-jet final state + Missing E_T (ADD)

ATLAS-CONF-2011-95

$p_T \text{ jet} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
 $\text{MET} > 220 \text{ GeV}$

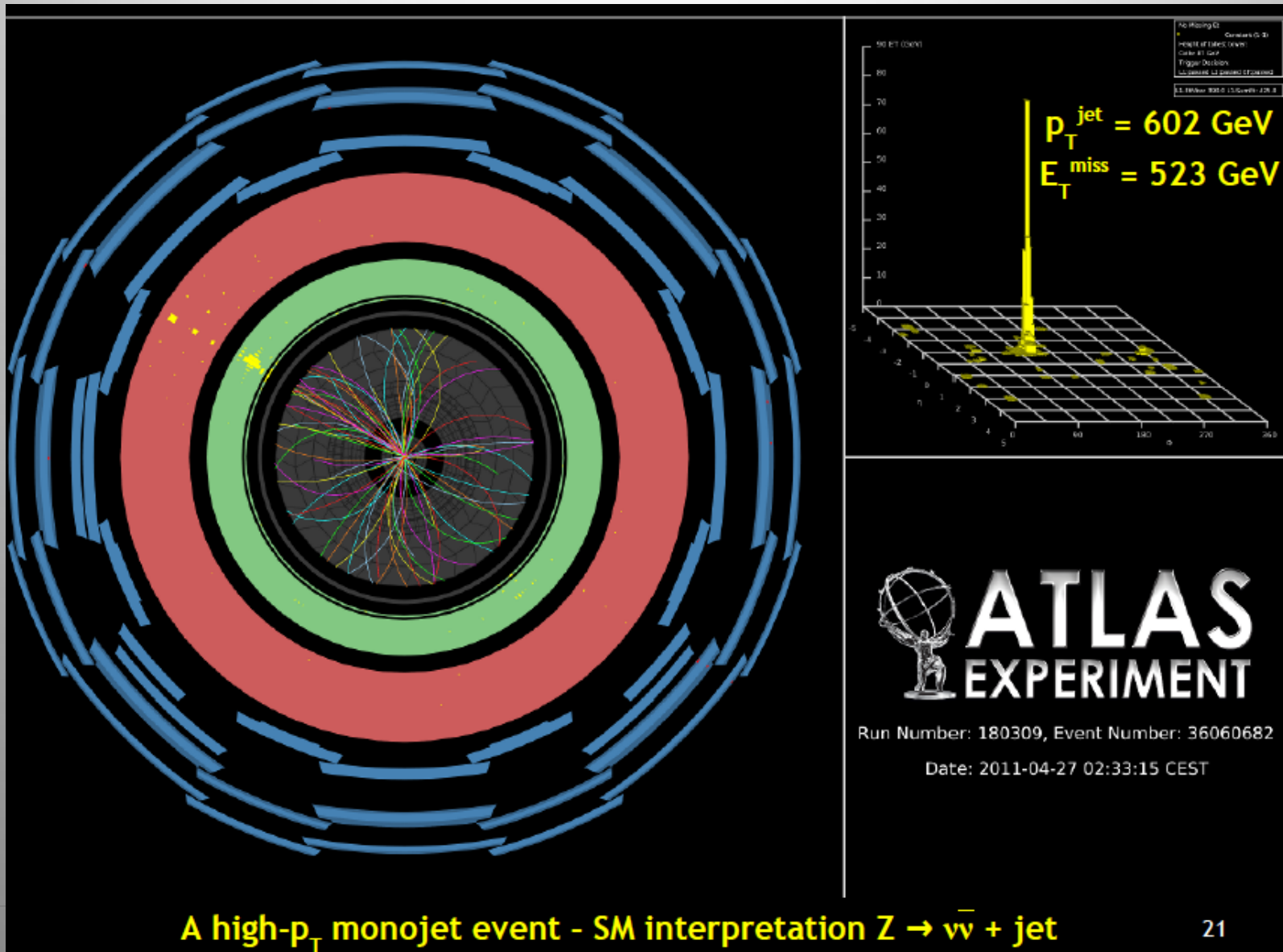


Lower Limit on the Planck Scale
 versus number of extra dimensions



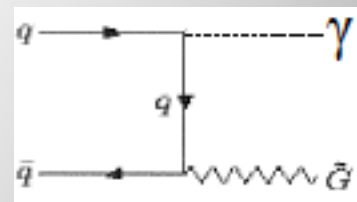
Limits on M_D between 2 and 3 TeV

A High p_T Mono-jet event



Search for Extra Dimensions

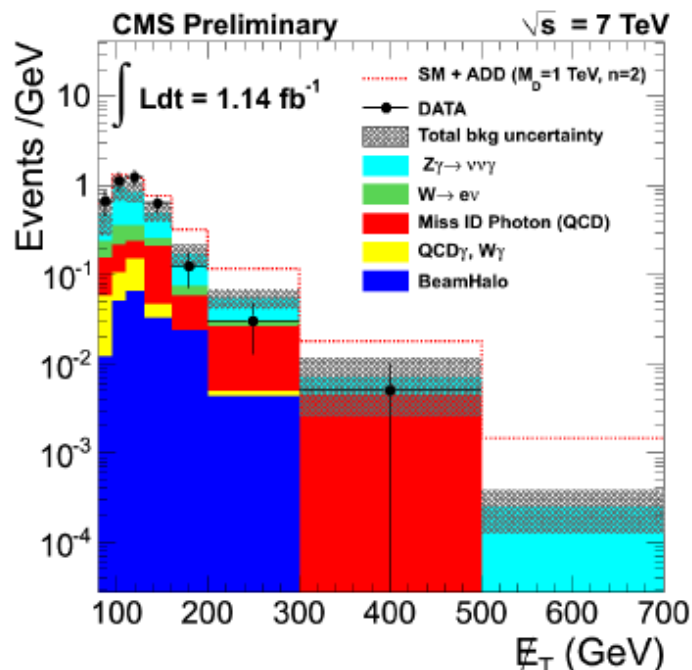
Mono-photon final state + Missing E_T (ADD)



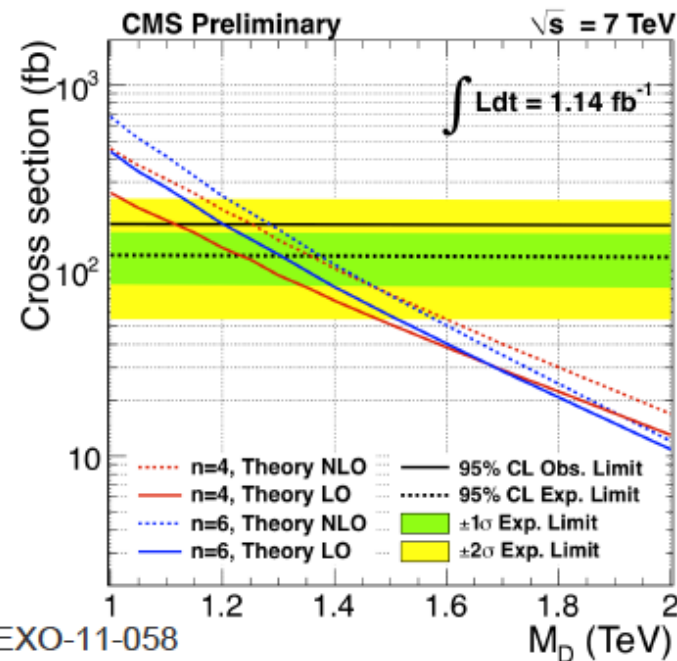
- Large Extra-D (ADD):
→ Graviton escape detector
- Similarly to monojet:
Look for a photon and ~ nothing else

For $n = 2-6$:

$M_D > 1.25 - 1.31 \text{ TeV}$



NEW!



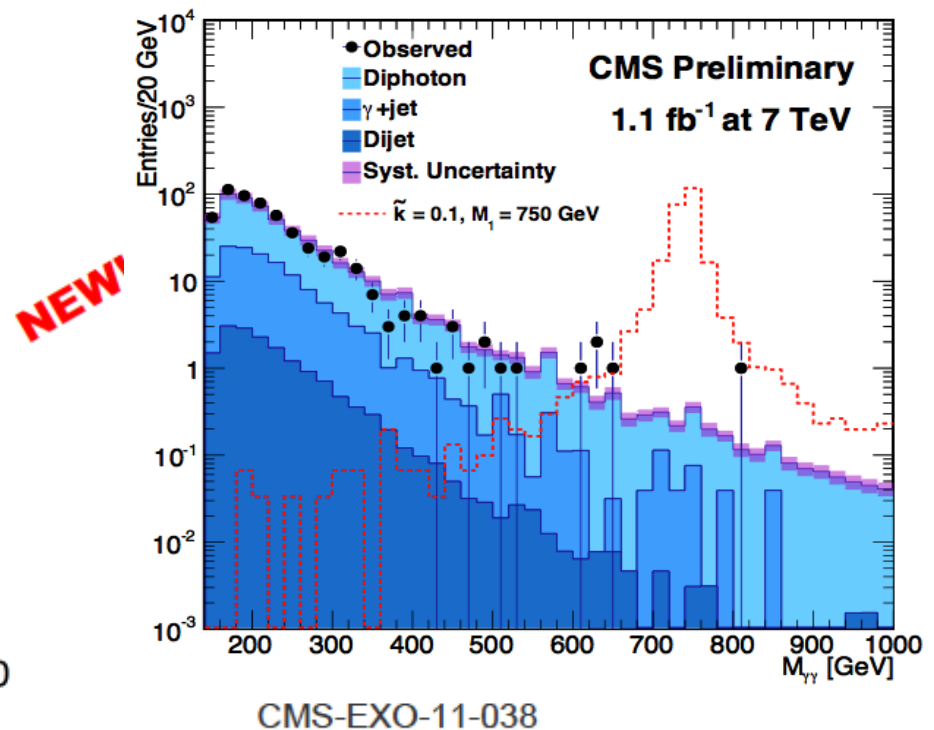
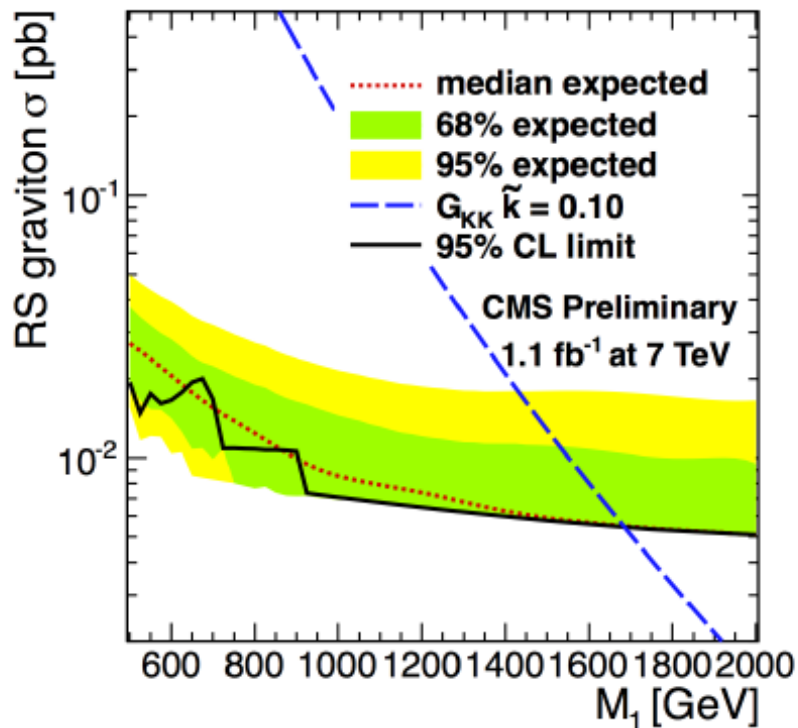
CMS-EXO-11-058

Search for Extra Dimensions

Two Photons Resonances (RS)

- Randall-Sundrum KK graviton excitation

RS graviton ($k/\text{MPI} = 0.1$):
 $m(G) > 1.7 \text{ TeV}$ at 95% C.L.

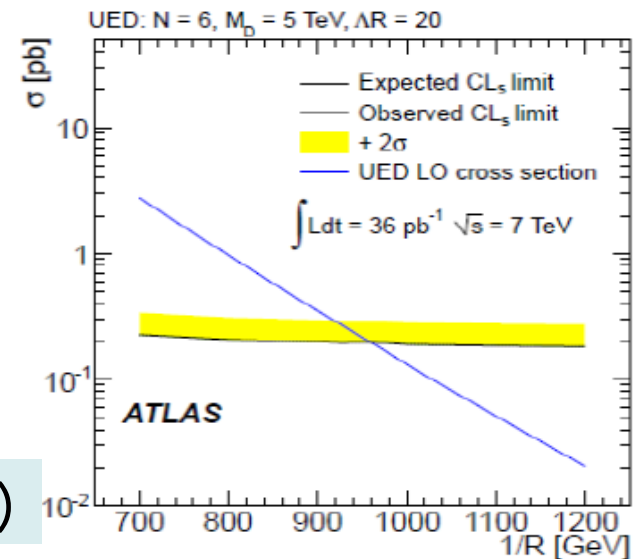
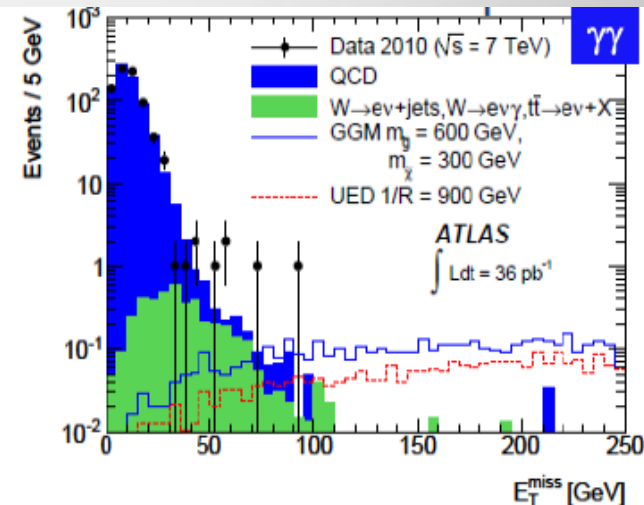


Search for Extra Dimensions

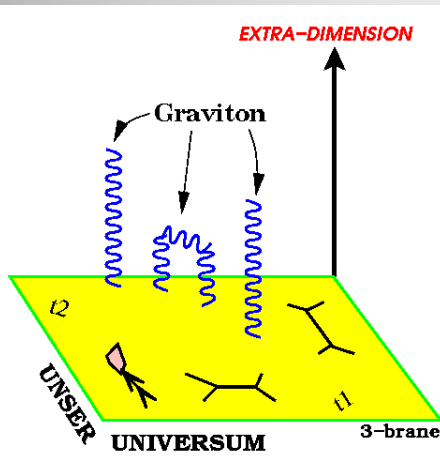
Two Photons and Missing E_T (UED)

- Benchmark: effective theory of one TeV^{-1} size UED valid at $\Lambda > 1/R$ (R = ED size)
 - SM particles in bulk \Rightarrow KK excitations
 - Mass degeneracy of KK excitations broken by radiative corrections
 - Lowest KK particle γ^* decays to γ +Graviton
- Expect excess of UED events at high E_T^{Miss} :
 - No events observed in $E_T^{\text{Miss}} > 125 \text{ GeV}$
 - Background events expected $0.10 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst})$
- UL @ 95% CL on $\sigma < 0.18\text{--}0.23 \text{ pb}$ for $1/R = 700\text{--}1200 \text{ GeV}$ in UED model
- At 36 pb^{-1} exclude @95% CL $1/R < 961 \text{ GeV}$

Same analysis as before !! (GMSB)

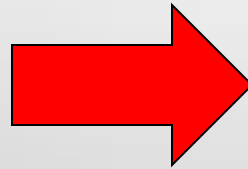


Search for Micro Black Holes

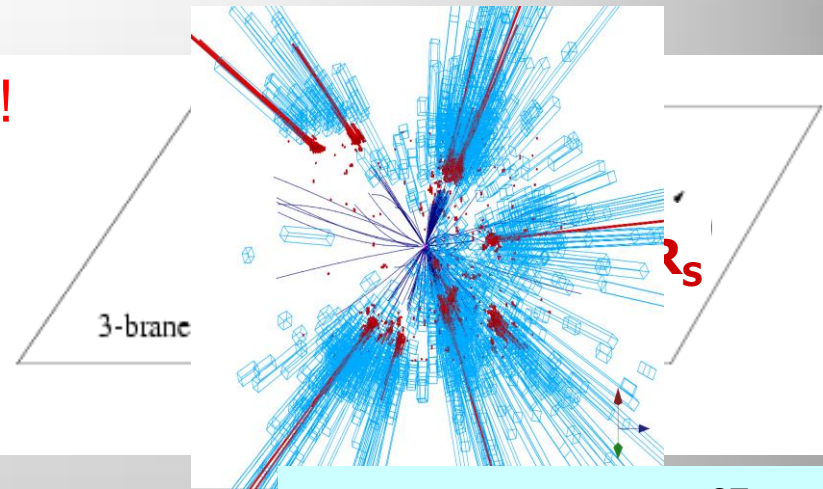


CMS-EXO-11-071

Extra Dimensions!



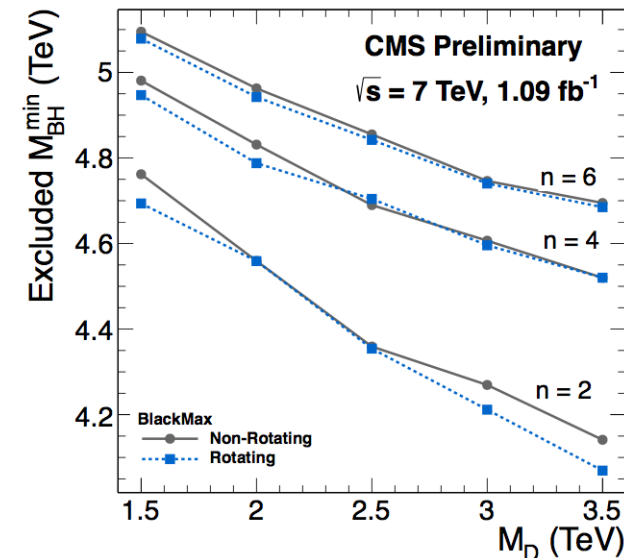
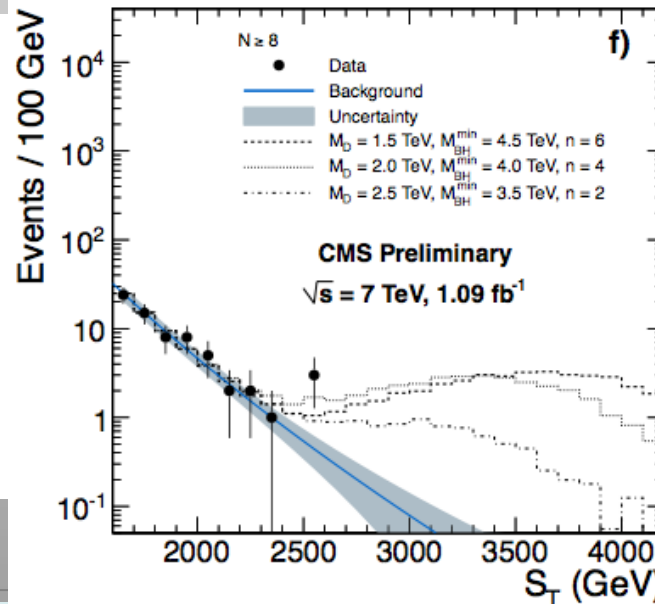
Planck scale
a few TeV?



Evaporates in 10^{-27} sec

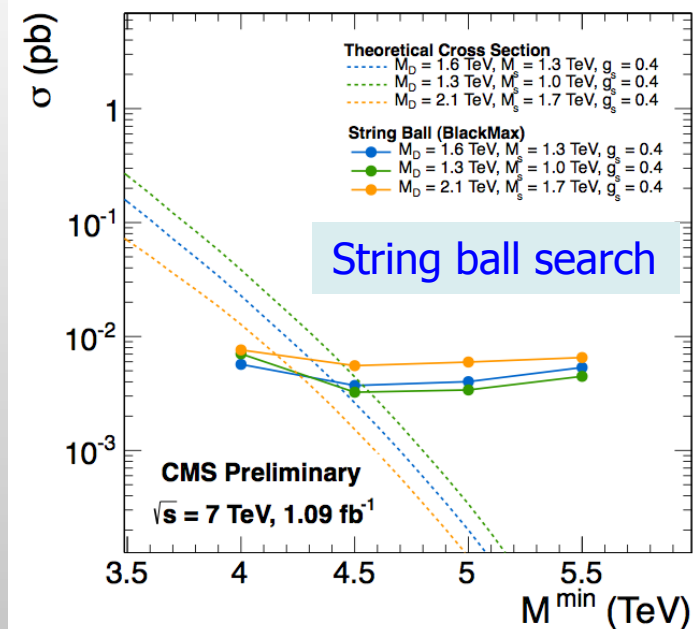
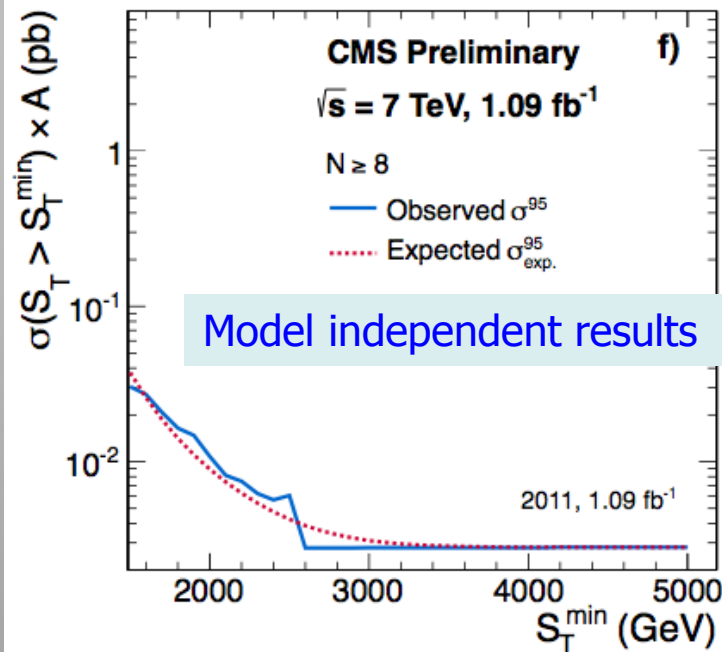
Look for the decay products
of an evaporating black hole

- Define S_T to be the scalar sum of all high p_T objects found in the event
- Look for deviations at high S_T

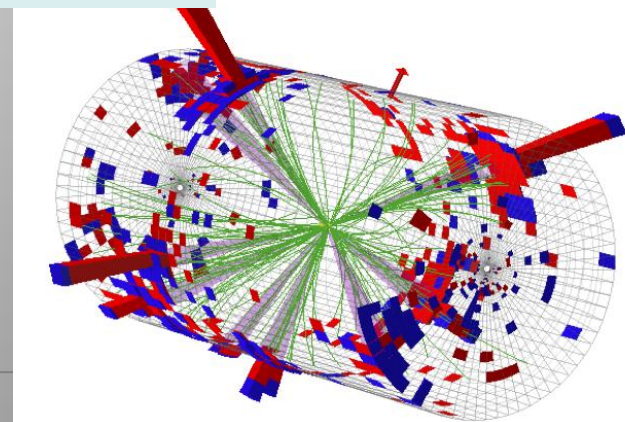
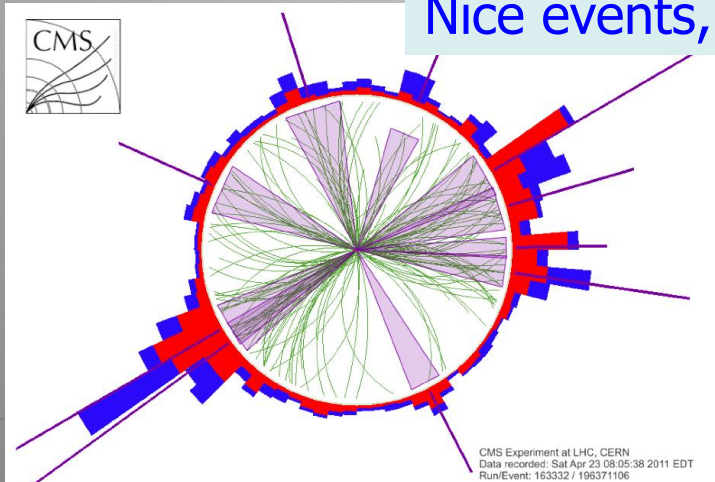


Black hole masses excluded in range ~ 5 TeV depending on assumptions

Search for Micro Black Holes

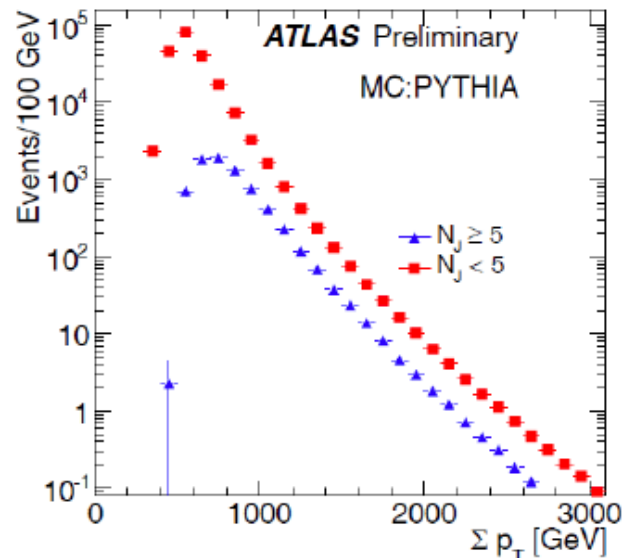


Nice events, eg this 10 jet event



Search for Micro Black Holes

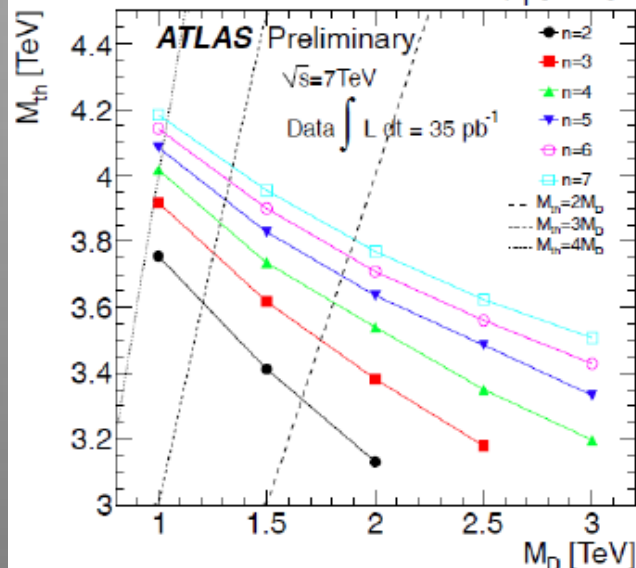
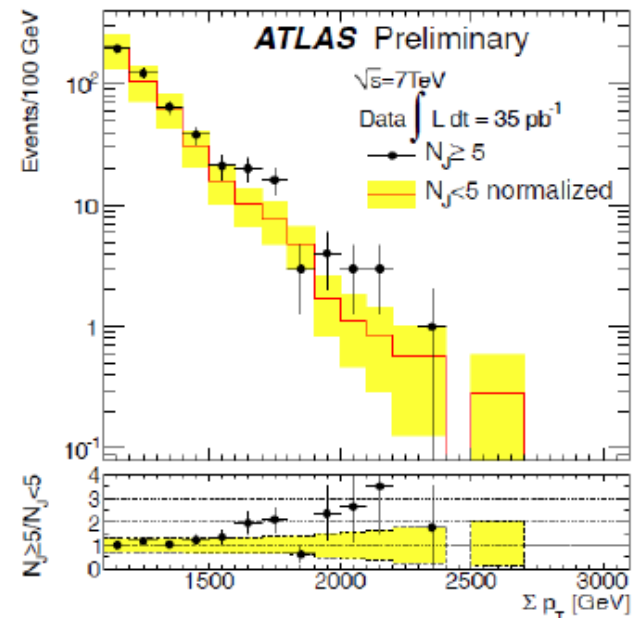
Multi-jet search



Require $E_T^{j1} > 250$ GeV
for good trigger
efficiency

For N_j , count jets with
 $p_T > 50$ GeV

To good
approximation, the
shape of Σp_T is the
same in QCD for
 $N_j < 5$ and $N_j \geq 5$.

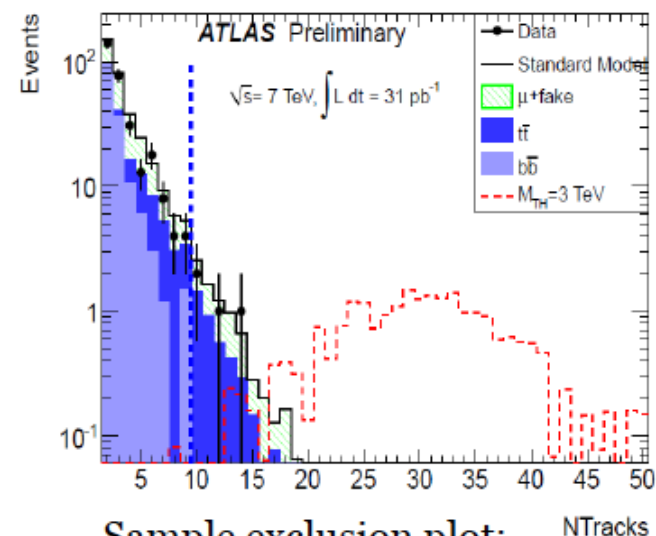


- Use $1.1 \text{ TeV} < \Sigma p_T < 1.2 \text{ TeV}$ region for normalization, then compare the $N_j < 5$ shape to $N_j \geq 5$ data
- Predict number of events in **signal region: $N_j \geq 5$, $\Sigma p_T > 2 \text{ TeV}$**
 - 3.7 ± 1.0 (stat) ± 1.1 (syst) compared to 7 data
 - Largest syst is 24% due to QCD modelling
- At **95% CL cross section \times acceptance $< 0.29 \text{ pb}$**
- Set model-dependent limits in M_D , M_{th} , n space

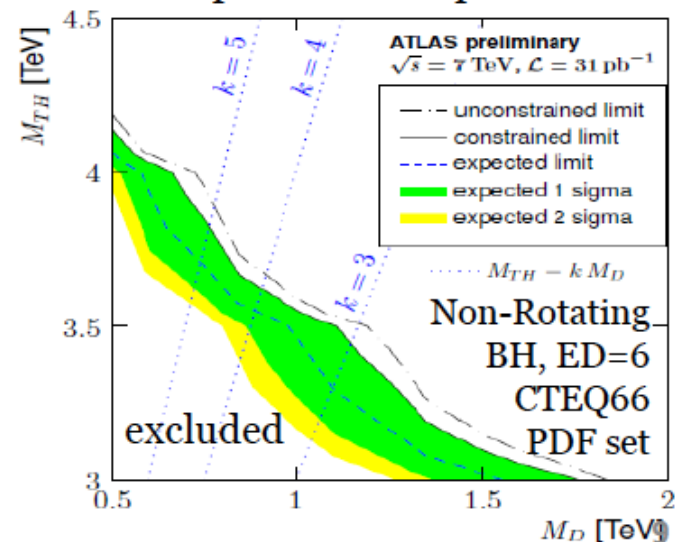
Search for Micro Black Holes

Same sign dimuon search

- Benchmark Model: Large ED ADD Model
- M_D is the Planck scale in $n+4$ D ($M_D \ll M_{Pl}$)
- If there are ED and $M_D \sim 1$ TeV, microscopic black holes (BH) can be produced at LHC
- Assume continuous BH production from M_D to LHC $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV, but remove mass region (M_{TH}) close to M_D where classical BH production and semi-classical BH decay approximations are not valid
- Strategy:
 - Select events with same sign di muons, with at least one being isolated, to minimize SM bkg
 - Look at track multiplicity distribution
- No excess over SM expectations seen
- 95% CL limit on $\sigma \times A \times BF$ of new physics in this final state is 0.184 pb
- Exclusion plots in low scale gravity model



Sample exclusion plot:

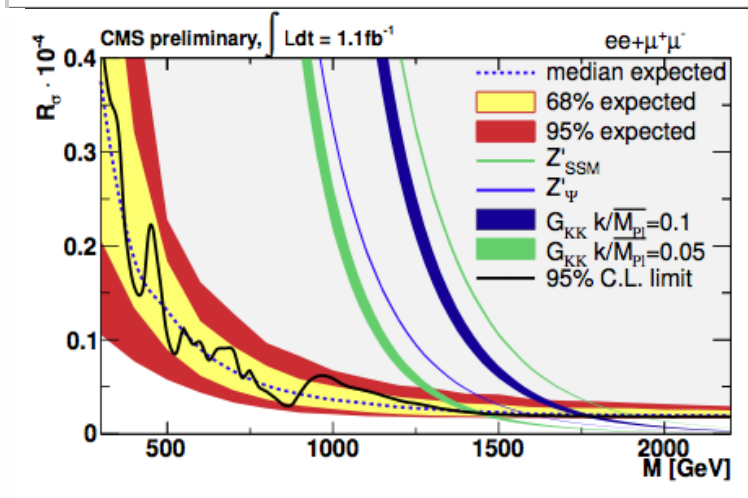
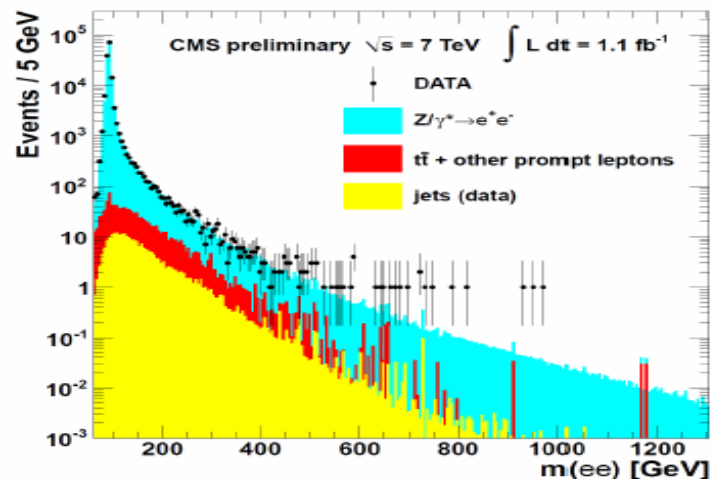
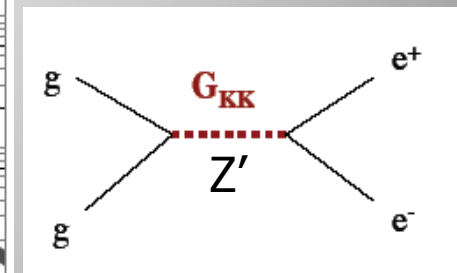
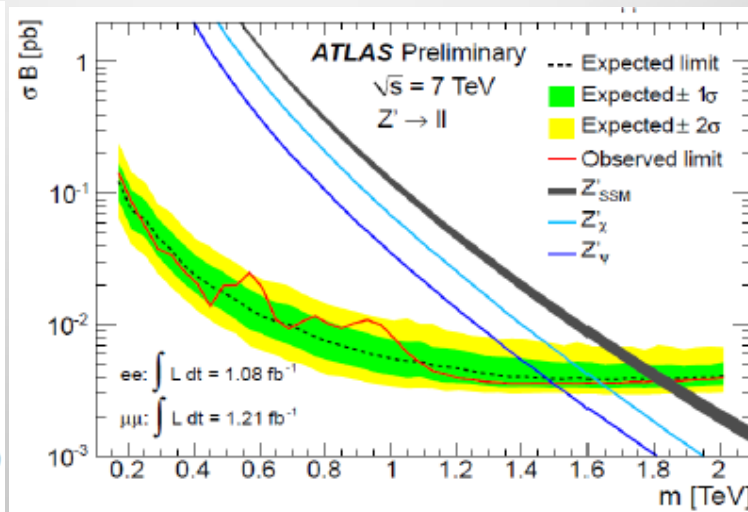
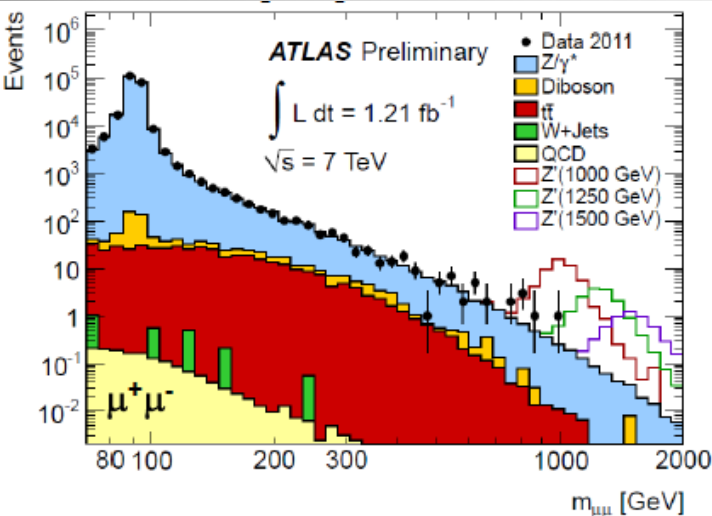


Other Searches

- New Gauge bosons
- Colored resonances
- Objects decaying into top quarks
- Strong EW symmetry breaking eg topcolor
- 4th Generation of quarks and leptons
- Substructure /contact interactions
- Technicolor
- Long lived particles
- Dark/Hidden Sector particles
- ...and more...

Search for G_{KK} or Z' Gauge Bosons

Study of the channels $Z' \rightarrow \mu\mu, ee$



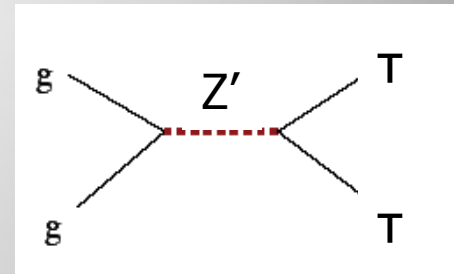
CMS-EXO-11-019

$G^* (k/m_{\pi} = 0.1)$

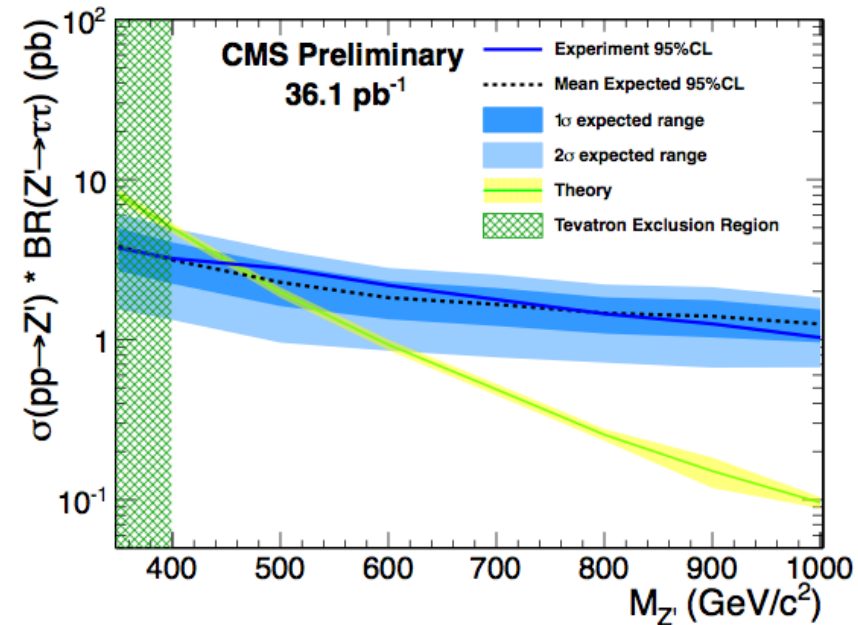
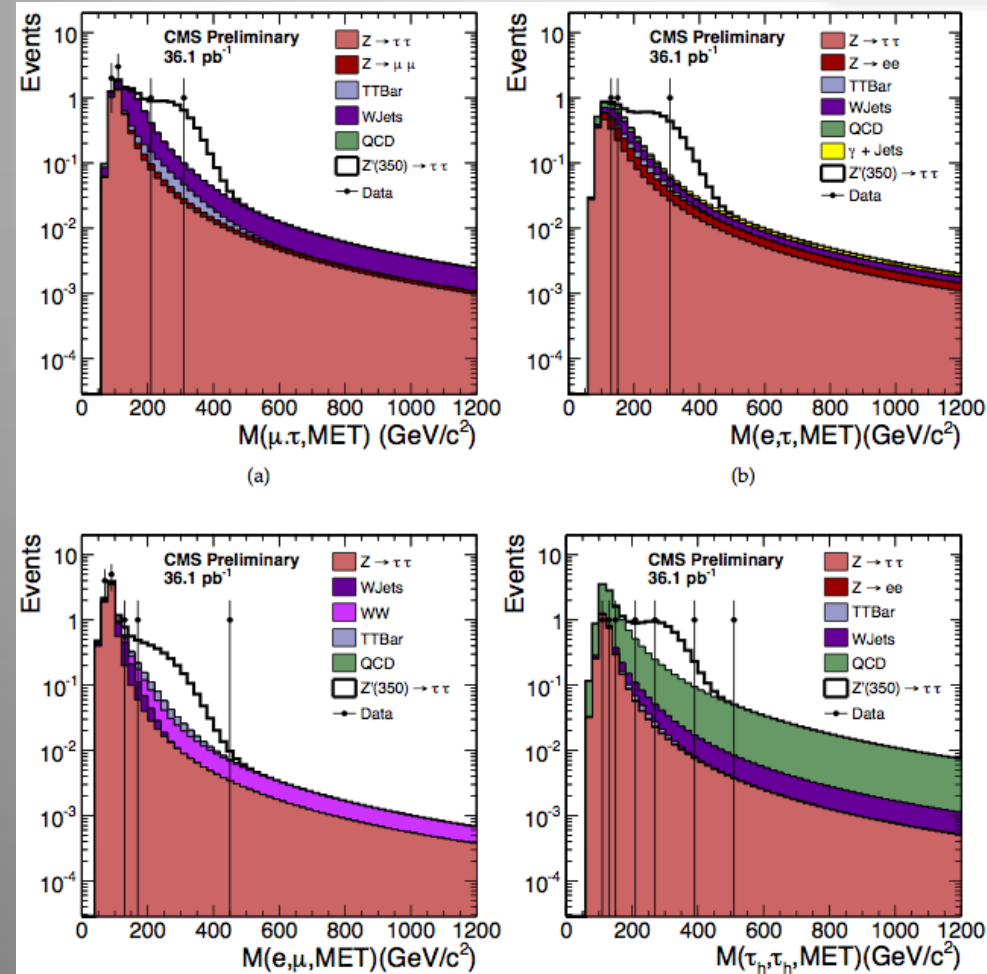
Exclude (SSM) Z' up to 1.94 TeV and G_{KK} up to 1.7 TeV or @ 95% CL

Search for Z' Gauge Bosons

Study of the channels $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$



Using 4 different tau-tau channels

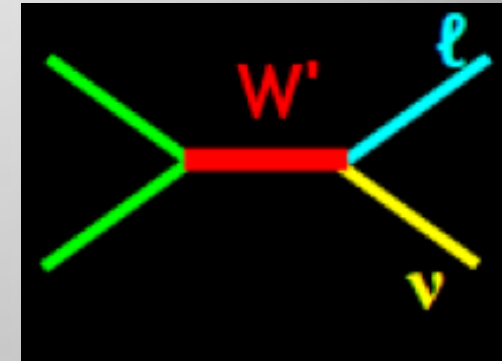
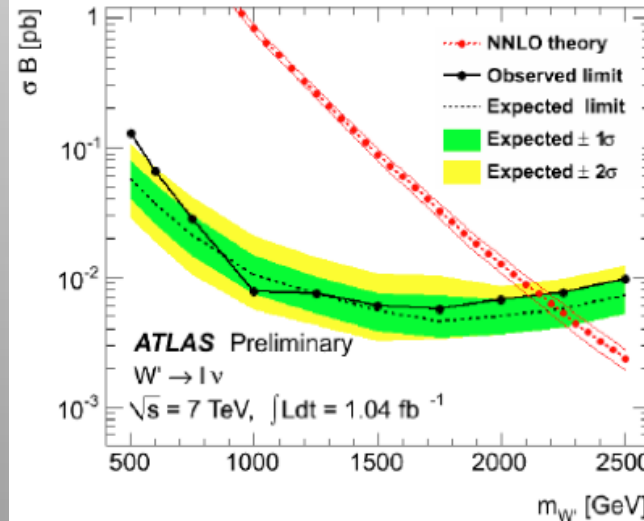
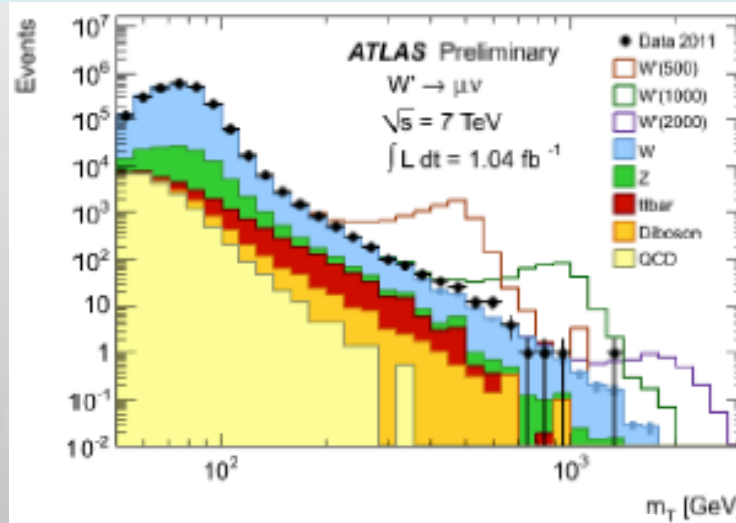
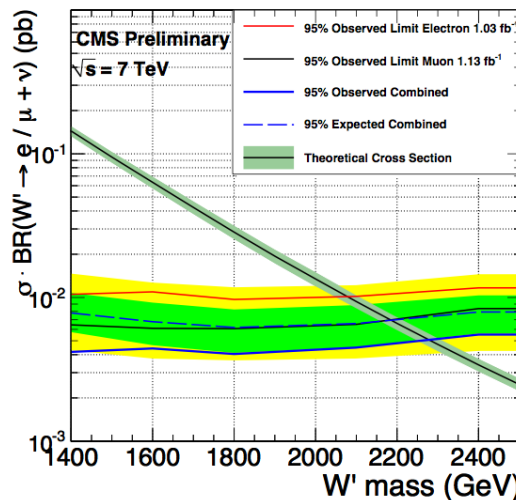
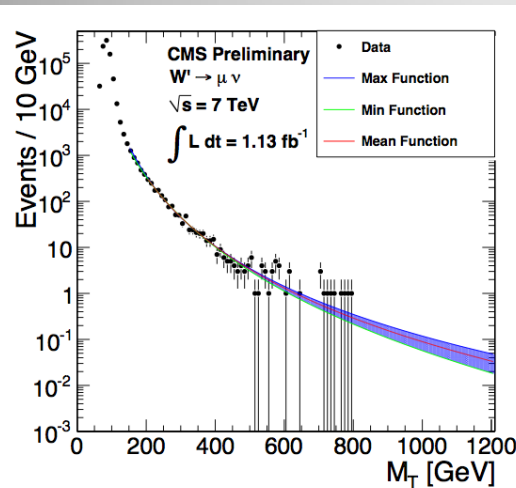


CMS-EXO-11-022

Exclude (SSM) Z' up to 468 GeV @ 95% CL

Search for W' Gauge Bosons

Study of the channels $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu, e\nu$



$$M_T = \sqrt{2p_T^l E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{l, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

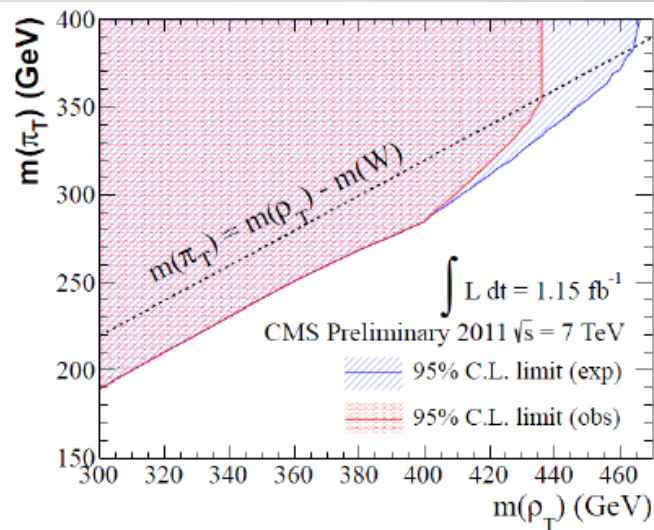
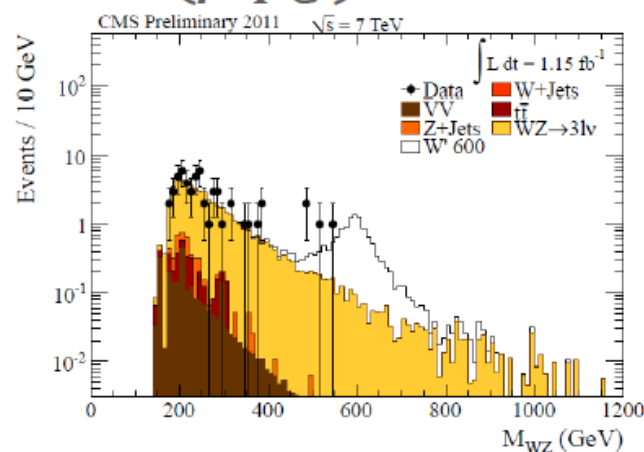
CMS-EXO-11-024

Exclude new W' bosons up to $\sim 2.27 \text{ TeV}$ @ 95% CL

Searching for Technicolor

$$W'(\rho_{TC}) \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow 3\ell\nu \quad (\ell = e, \mu)$$

Technicolor \sim QCD (color force); Higgs is composite



$W'_{SSM}: 784 \text{ GeV}$

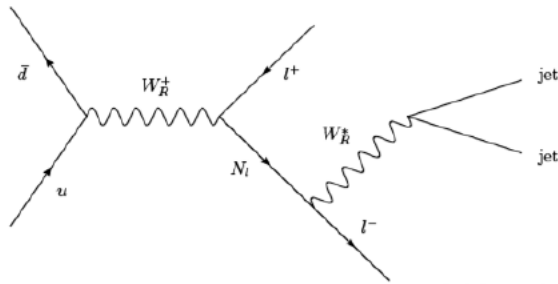
$\rho_{TC}: 382 \text{ GeV} \quad (M_{\pi_{TC}} = \frac{3}{4} M_{\rho_{TC}} - 25 \text{ GeV})$ **EXO-11-041**

$\rho_{TC}: 436 \text{ GeV} \quad (M_{\rho_{TC}} < M_{\pi_{TC}} + M_W)$

First search after TeVatron; Exclusion limits on SSM (784 GeV) and techni-color models (382-436 GeV)

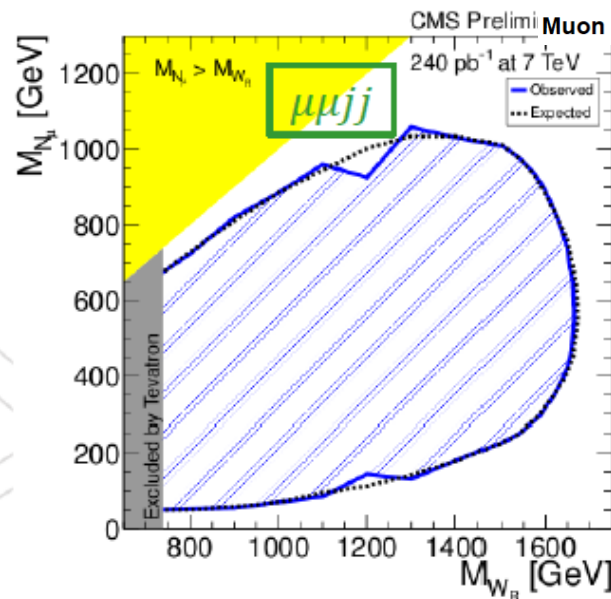
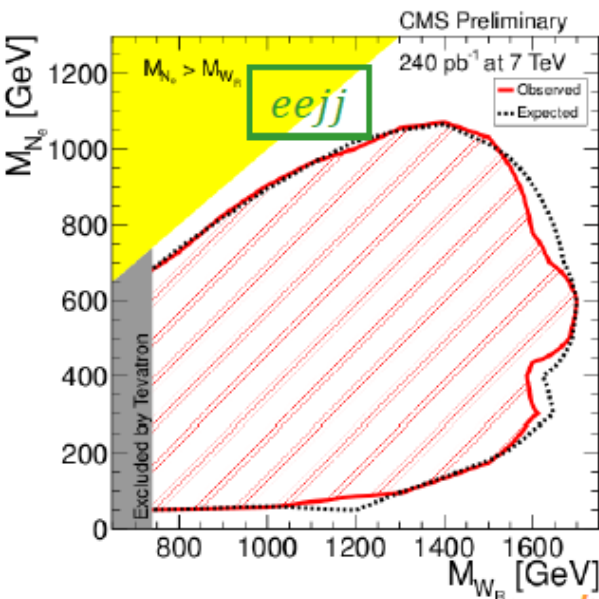
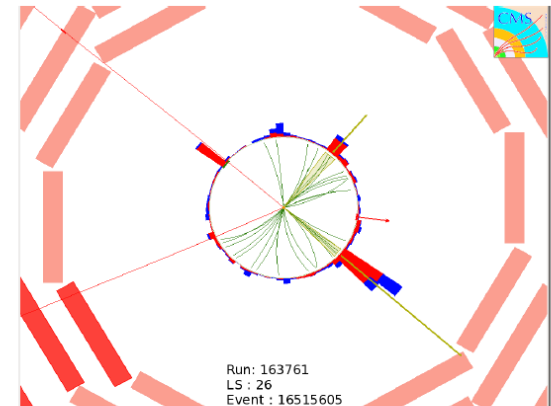
Heavy Neutrinos in W_R Decays

Left-right symmetric extension of the Standard Model



CMS-EXO-11-002

Select events with
2 leptons and 2 jets



Muon channel: Event with $M_{\mu\mu} = 331$ GeV, $M_{\mu\mu jj} = 881$ GeV

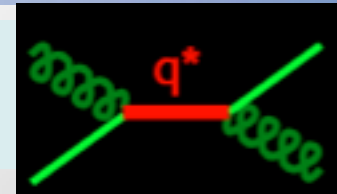
Large exclusion range
in mass of the W_R and
heavy neutrino

Tevatron excludes
 $W_R \sim 780$ GeV

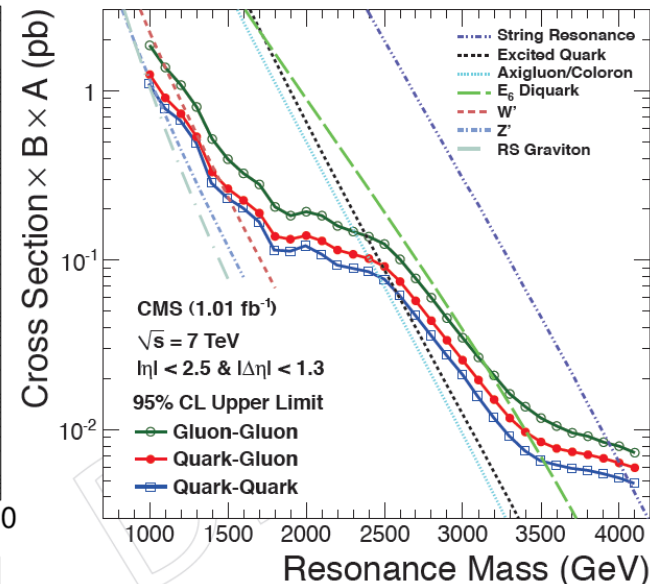
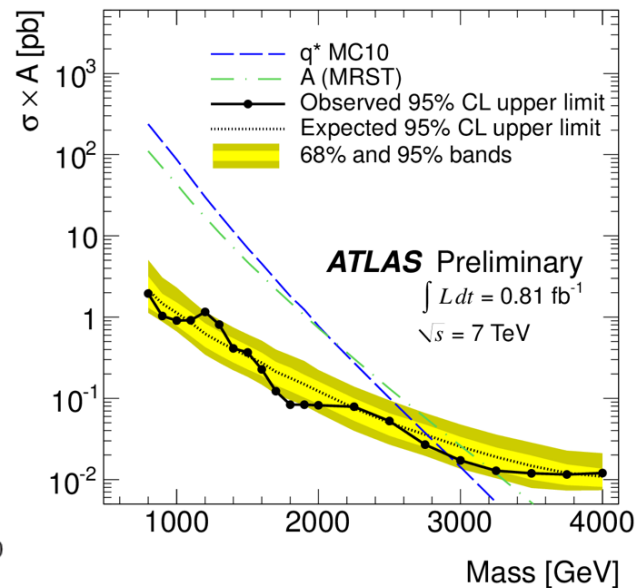
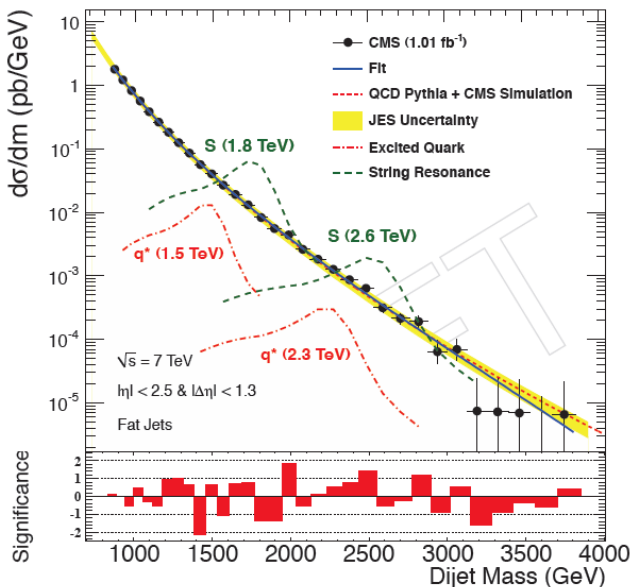
Search for Dijet Resonances

Select events with 2 jets with $p_T > 180$ GeV (ATLAS)
Search for a bump in the invariant jet mass

No bump found Limits $\rightarrow \sim 1\text{-}4$ TeV Range



CMS:arXiv:1107.4771: Sub. to PLB
ATLAS-CONF-2011-95



The data exclude new particles predicted in the following models at the 95%CL (CMS)

String resonances with mass $M(S) < 4.00\text{TeV}$, E_6 diquarks with $M(D) < 3.52\text{TeV}$, excited quarks with $M(q^*) < 2.49\text{TeV}$, axigluons and colorons with $M(A,C) < 2.47\text{TeV}$, and W' bosons with $M(W') < 1.51\text{TeV}$

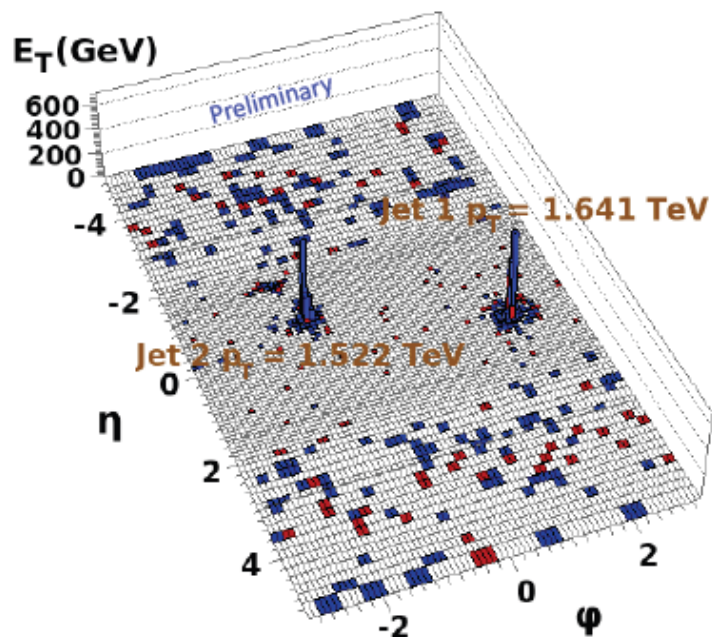
ATLAS

Model	95% CL Limits (TeV)	
	Expected	Observed
Excited Quark q^*	2.77	2.91
Axigluon	3.02	3.21
Color Octet Scalar	1.71	1.91

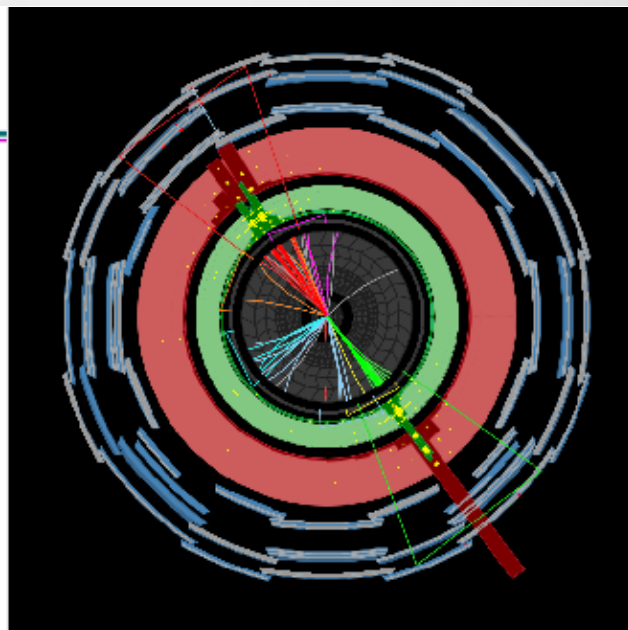
High p_T Dijet Events



Run : 166895
Event : 367873378
Dijet Mass : 3.835 TeV



❖ Well balanced dijet event



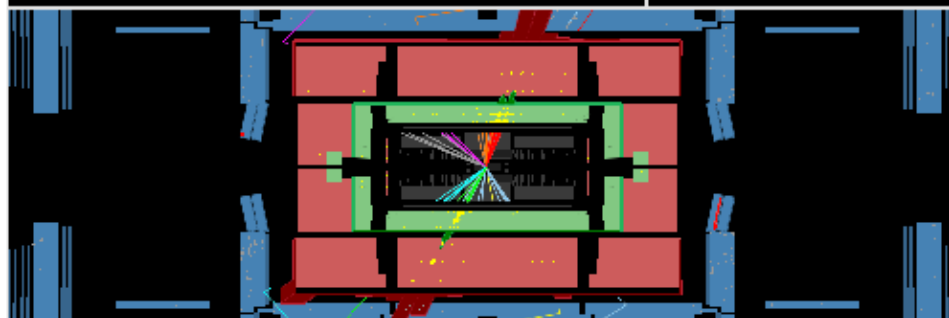
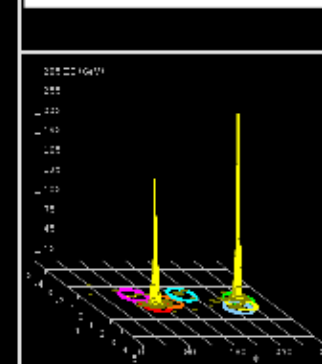
Very high energy jet event

$m_{jj} = 4040$ GeV

$p_T^{j1} = 1850$ GeV

$p_T^{j2} = 1840$ GeV

ATLAS-CONF-2011-081

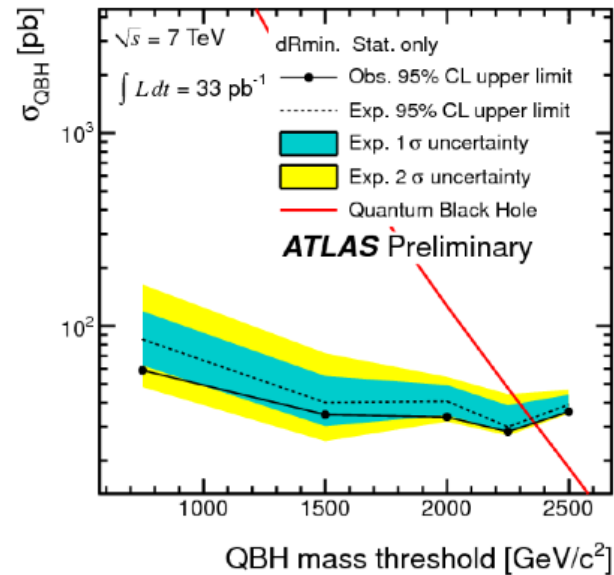
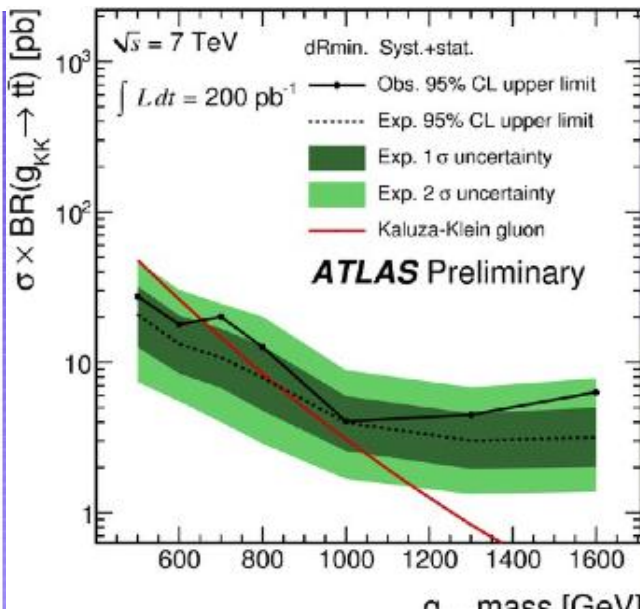
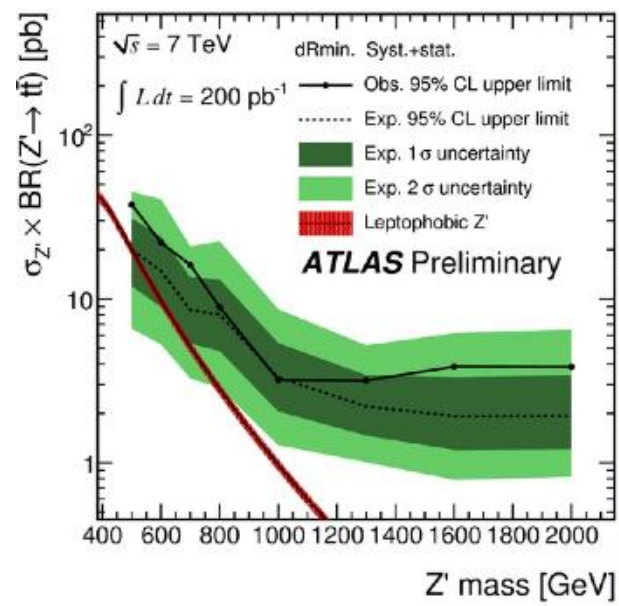
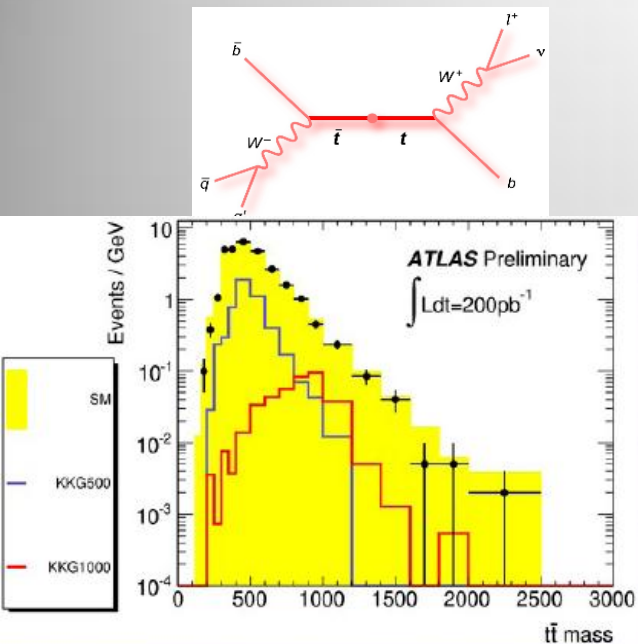


p. 5

Top Resonances

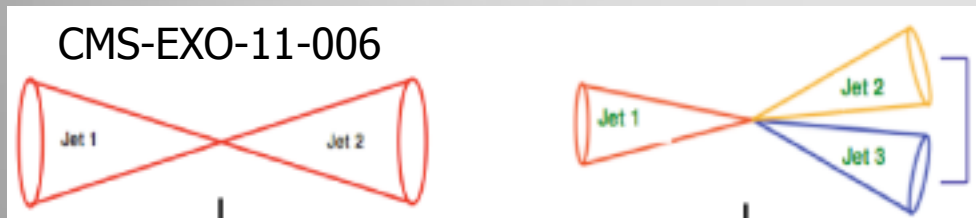
ATLAS-CONF-2011-87

- Select semi-leptonic $t\bar{t}$ event
- Inspect the $t\bar{t}$ invariant mass spectrum
- Search for narrow topcolor Z' and wider KK gluons
- Limit on KK-gluons < 700 GeV 95 % CL
- Black holes near threshold $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$? arXiv:0708.3017
- Limit on 2 body $t\bar{t}$ decay black holes ~ 2.35 TeV



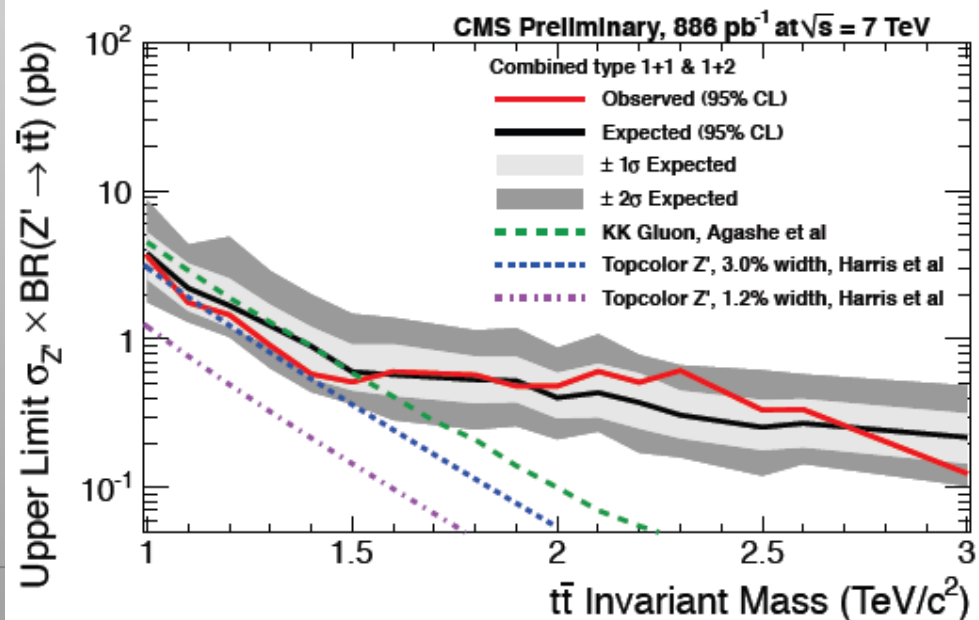
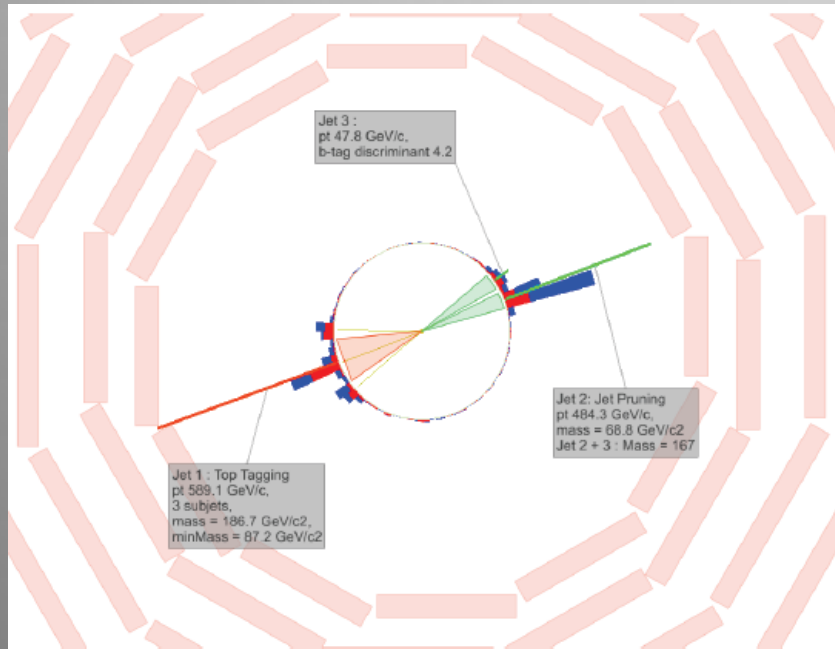
$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Search

- Search in the all hadronic decay channel for the tops
- Tops are boosted for high mass Z' , jets merge
- Start from Cambridge-Aachen FAT jets and apply jet pruning to find sub-jets
- QCD background estimate from data (mistag method)



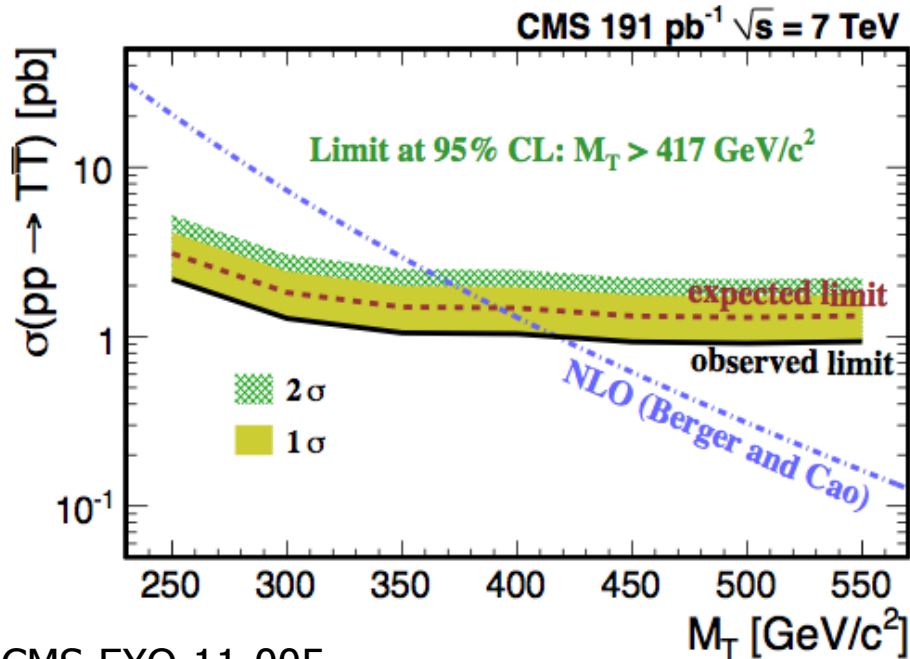
Particle flow an asset for this study!

Exclude KK-Gluons $1 < M < 1.5 \text{ TeV}$



4th Generation: Top partners

$$T \rightarrow tZ$$

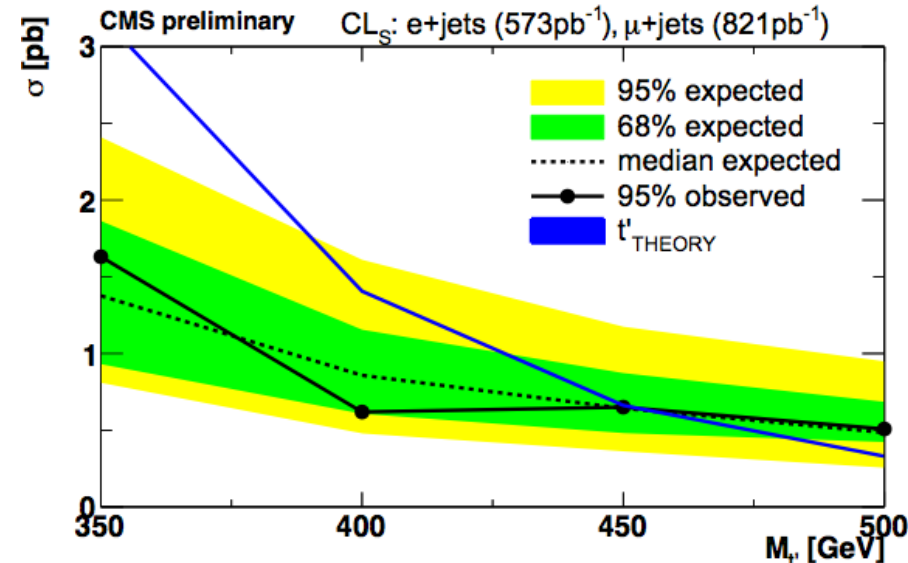


CMS-EXO-11-005

$M(T)$ [GeV/ c^2]	250	300	350	400	450	500	550
Observed limit [pb]	2.18	1.28	1.05	1.04	0.93	0.91	0.94

No top-like quark with tZ decay found with mass < 417 GeV at 95% CL

$$t'\bar{t}' \rightarrow WbW\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell\nu b q \bar{q} \bar{b}$$



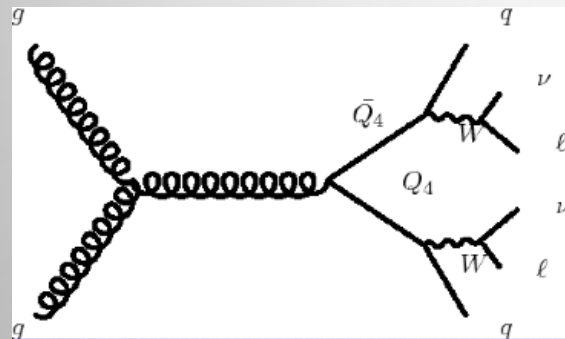
CMS-EXO-11-0051

No t' with found in the region of mass < 450 GeV at 95% CL

$$b'\bar{b}' \rightarrow tW^- \bar{t}W^+ \rightarrow bW^+ W^- \bar{b}W^- W^+$$

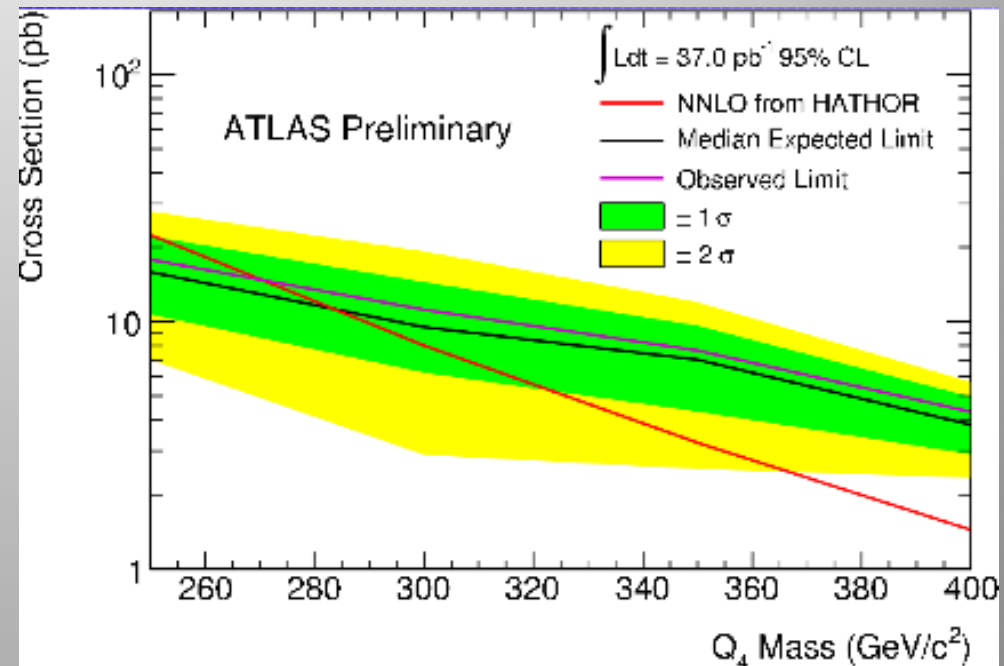
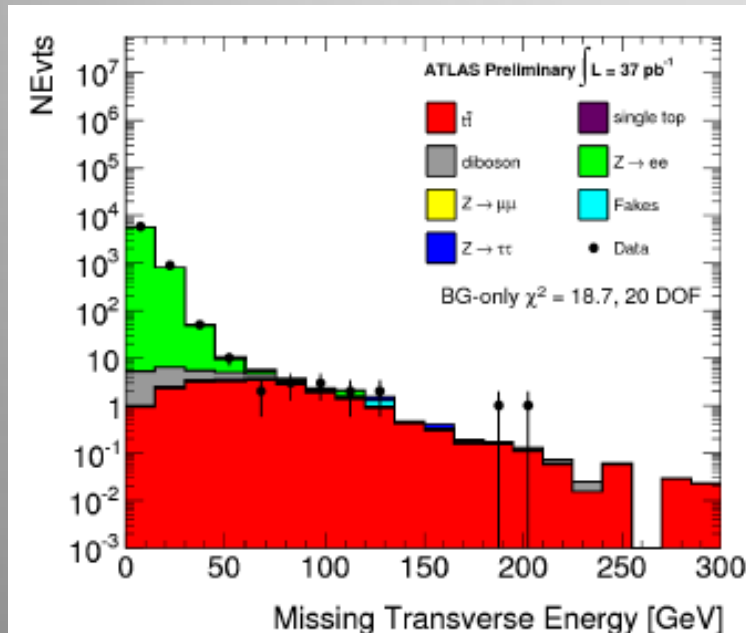
No b' with $255 < \text{mass} < 361$ GeV

4th Generation



Final state has heavy top pair signature:

- 2 leptons
- 2 jets
- Missing E_T (\rightarrow plot for ee)
- higher boost of the decay products



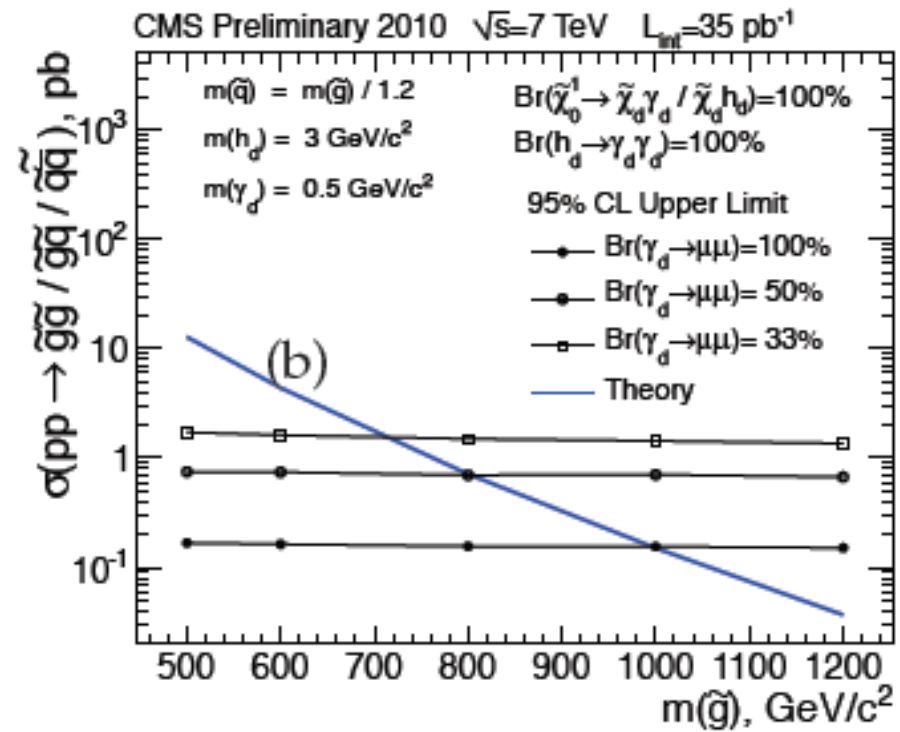
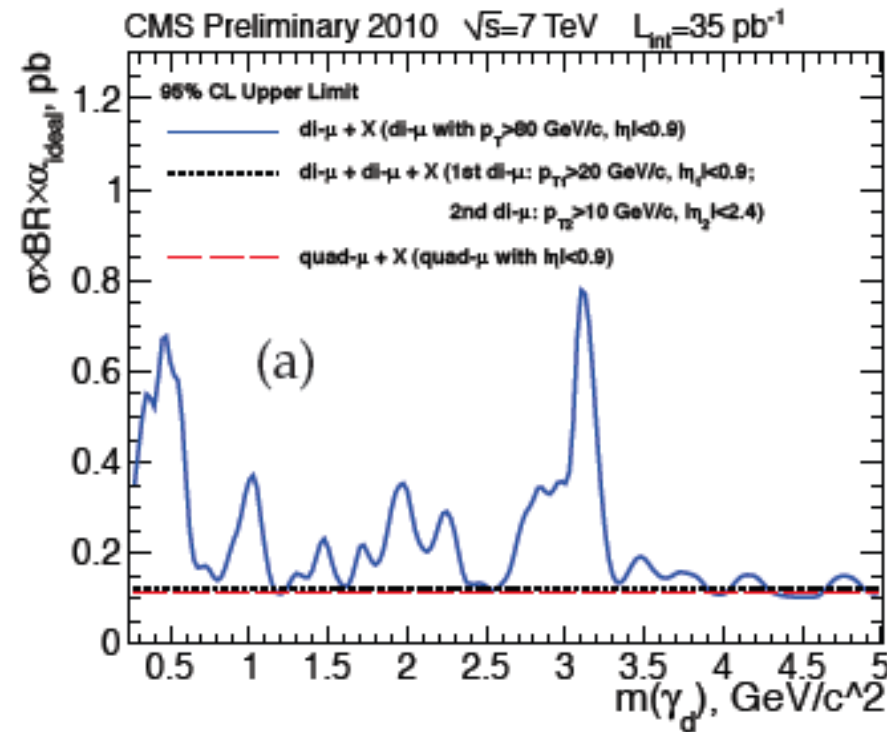
Limit on production cross section of Q_4 for 37 pb^{-1} :
 \rightarrow Translates to lower mass limit: $M_{Q_4} > 270 \text{ GeV}$
 (Best Tevatron limits (CDF, 4.6 fb^{-1} : $m_{Q_4} > 335 \text{ GeV}$))

Search for Dark Photons

Dark photons decaying into muons. Look for muon jets events in data

Arkani-Hamed, Weiner

CMS-SUS-11-13



$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_{\text{dark}} \gamma_{\text{dark}} + \tilde{\chi}_{\text{dark}} h_{\text{dark}} (\rightarrow \gamma_{\text{dark}} \gamma_{\text{dark}})$$

None found so far... Limits set on production cross sections

Long Lived Particles

Split Supersymmetry

- Assumes nature is fine tuned and SUSY is broken at some high scale
- The only light particles are the **Higgs** and the **gauginos**
 - Gluino can live long: sec, min, years!
 - R-hadron** formation (eg: gluino+ gluon): slow, heavy particles

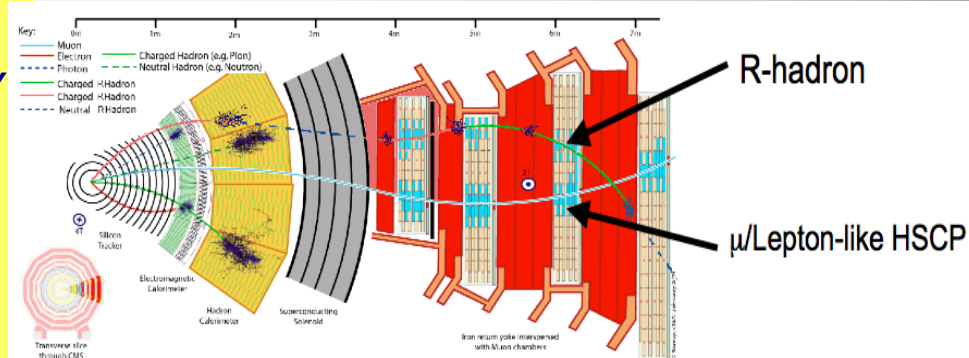
Unusual interactions with material

eg. **with the calorimeters of the experiments!**

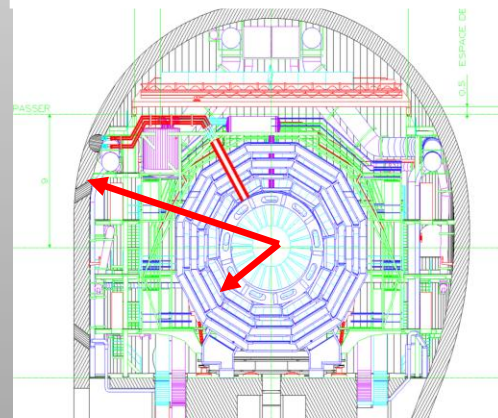
Gravitino Dark Matter and GMSB

- In some models/phase space the gravitino is the LSP
- \Rightarrow NLSP (neutralino, stau lepton) can live 'long'
- \Rightarrow non-pointing photons

\Rightarrow Challenge to the experiments!



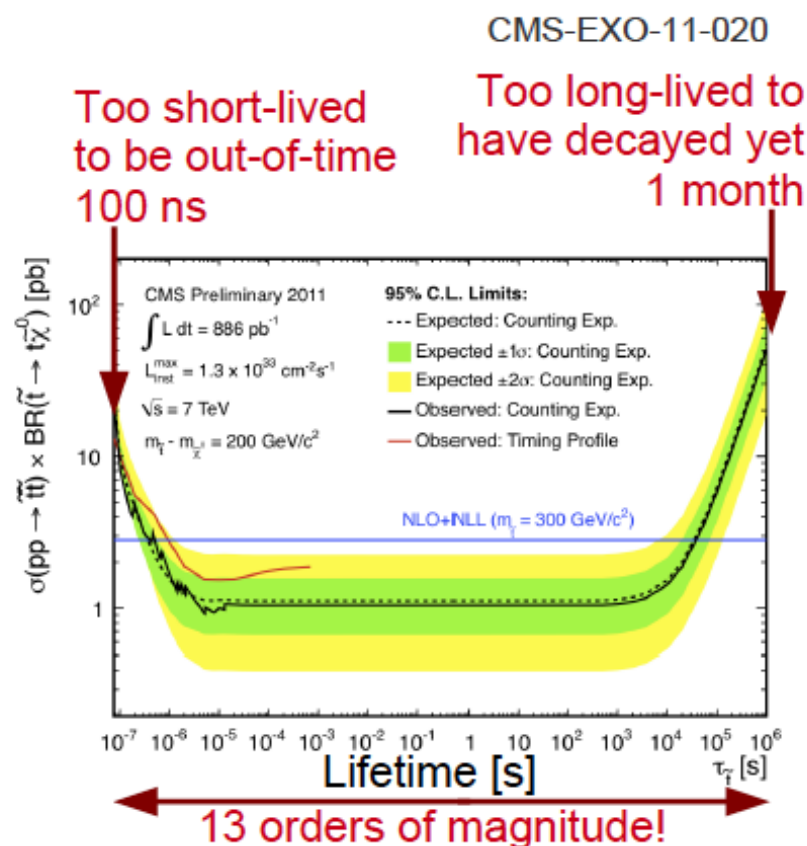
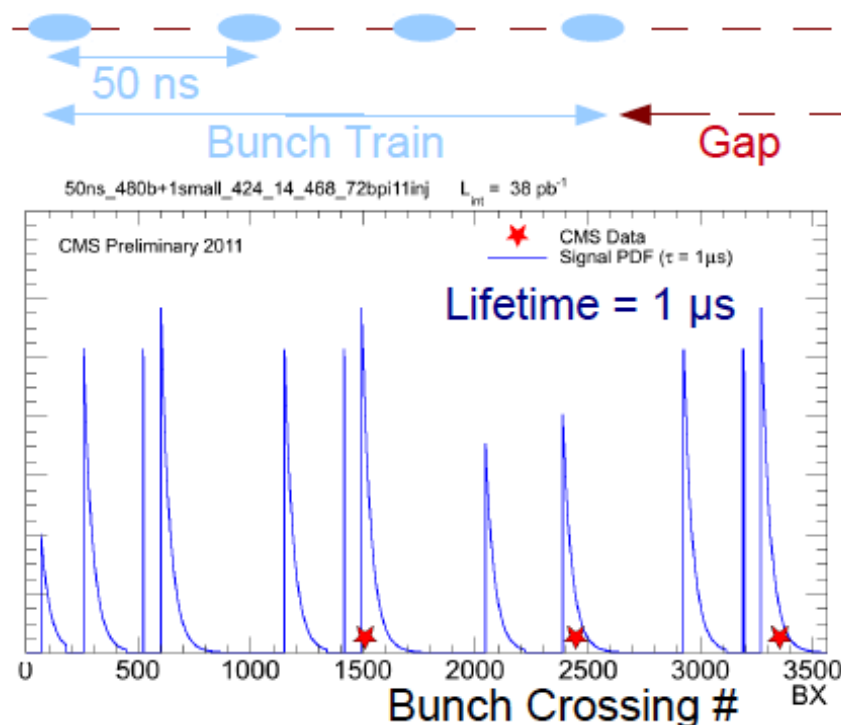
K. Hamaguchi, M Nojiri, ADR hep-ph/0612060
ADR, J. Ellis et al. hep-ph/0508198



Sparticles stopped in the detector, walls of the cavern, or dense 'stopper' detector. They decay after hours---months...

Search for Stopped Gluinos

- Out-of-time decay of heavy particles stopped in the detector
- Look for signal **without** collisions:
 - When no beam in the machine
 - Between bunch trains

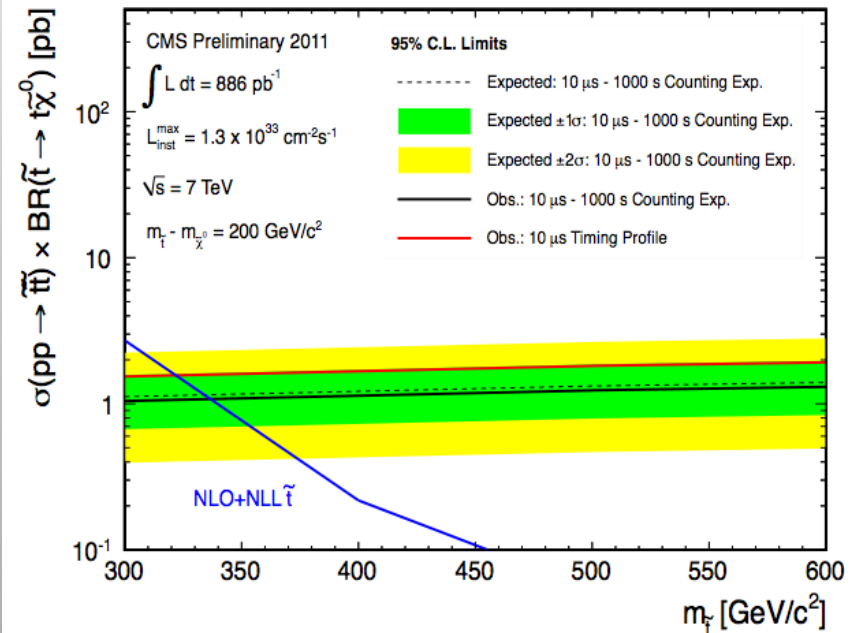
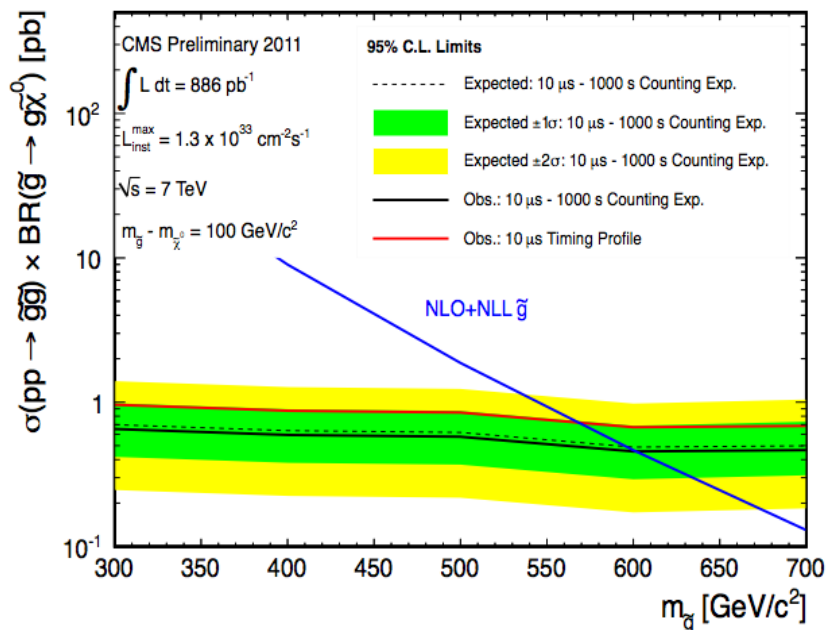


Search for Stopped Gluinos

Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles that **stop in the detectors** and **decay a long time afterwards** (nsec, sec, hrs...)

Special data taking after the beams are dumped and during beam abort gaps

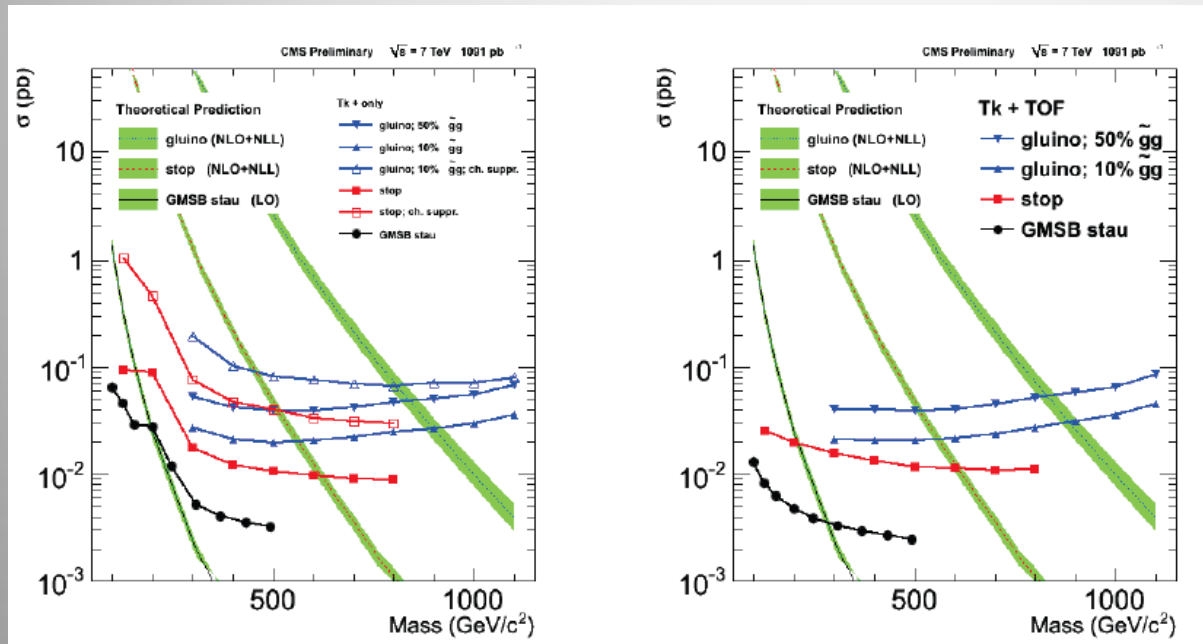
CMS-EXO-11-020



95% CL Limits: Stopped Gluinos > 600 GeV, Stopped Stop quarks > 337 GeV

Heavy Stable Charged Particles

CMS-EXO-11-022



Stable particles that traverse the detector, and move slowly

Eg heavy stable gluino or stop/stau

Search limits using tracker dE/dx and Muon TOF information

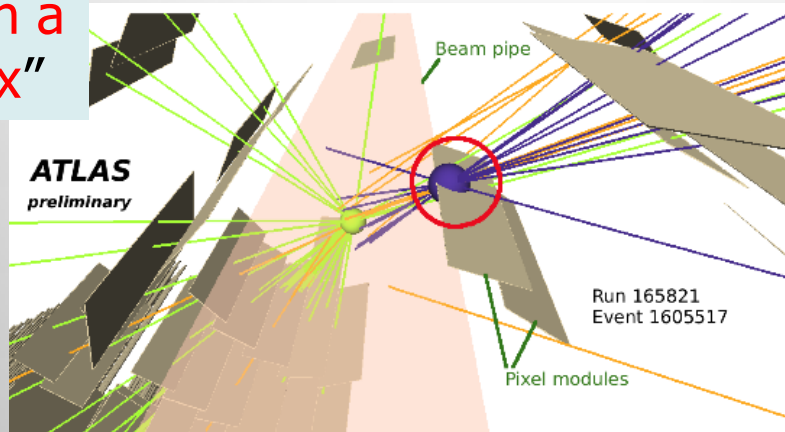
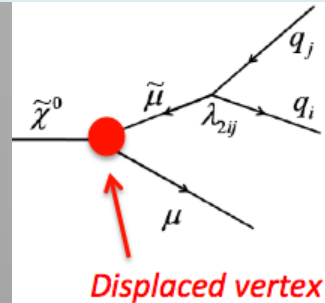
Result for 1 fb^{-1} :
#Events consistent with estimated background

95% C.L. mass limits are set for

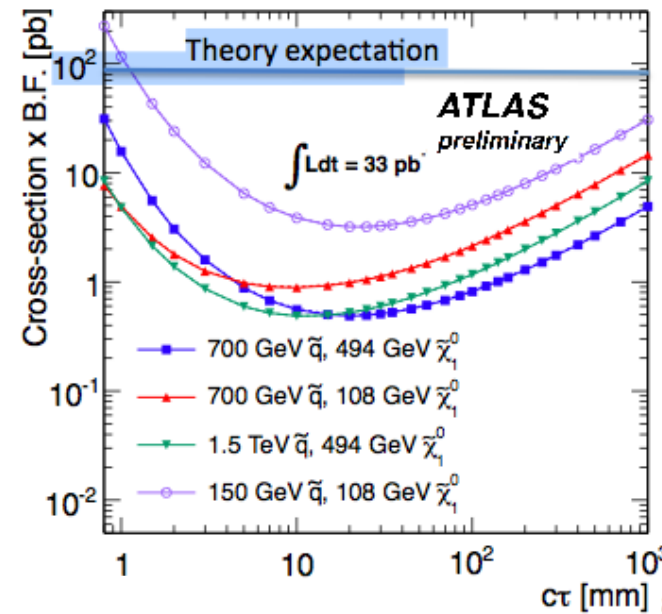
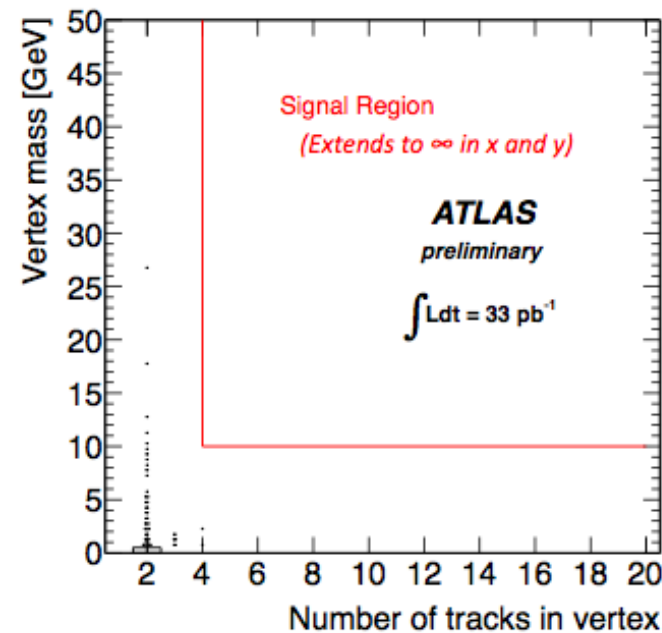
- Cloud model interaction scenario
 - Gluino (10% $\sim gg$): 899 GeV, Gluino (50% $\sim gg$): 839 GeV
 - Stop: 620 GeV GMSB Stau: 293 GeV ← NEW Addition
- Charge suppression interaction scenario
 - Gluino (10% $\sim gg$): 808 GeV, Stop: 515 GeV

Search for RPV SUSY

Using events with a
"displaced vertex"



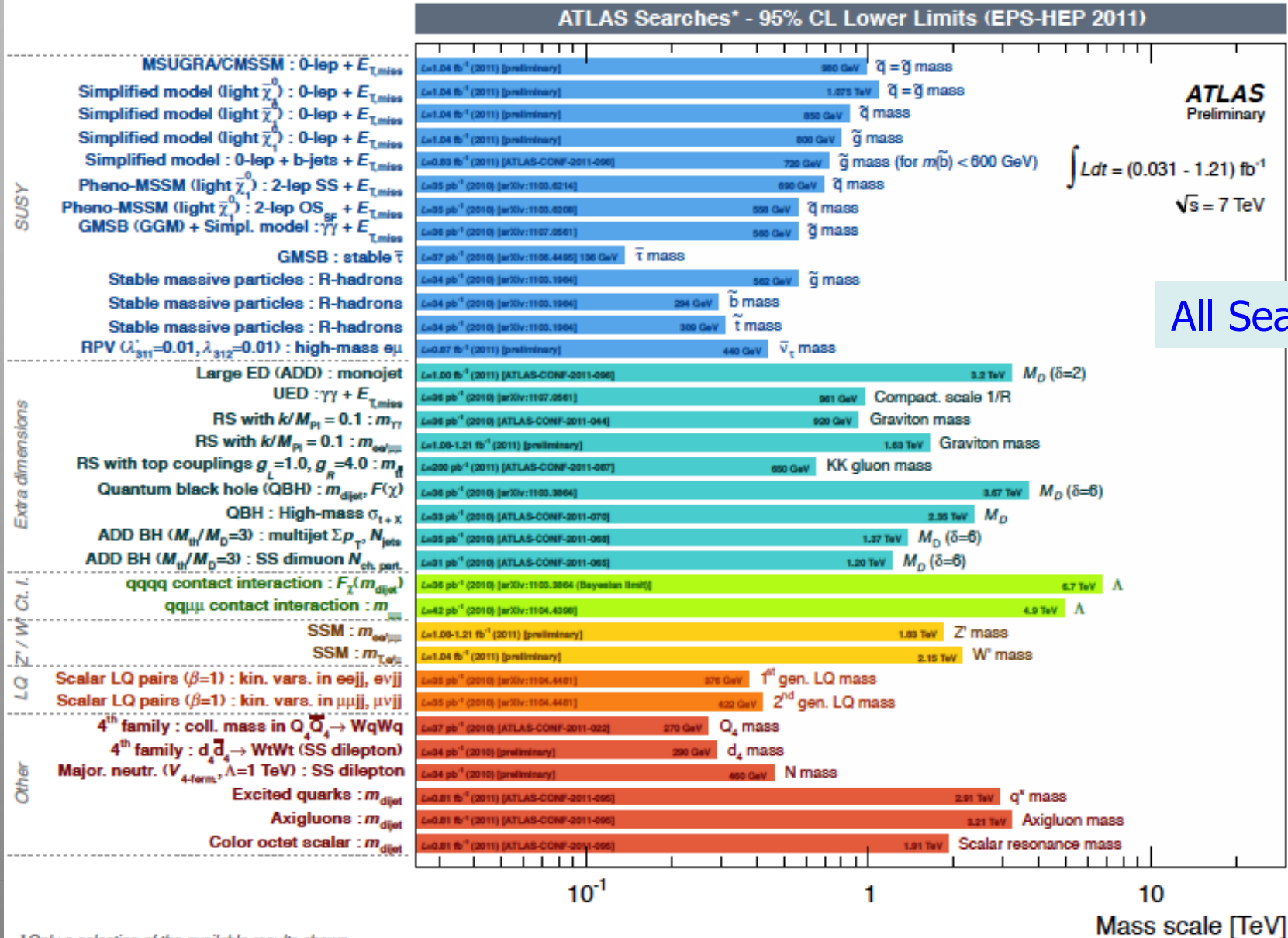
Event from a jet-trigger data sample, where a high-mass vertex (circled) is the result of an apparently random, large-angle intersection between a track and a low-mass hadronic-interaction vertex produced in a pixel module. The beampipe and some pixel modules are shown



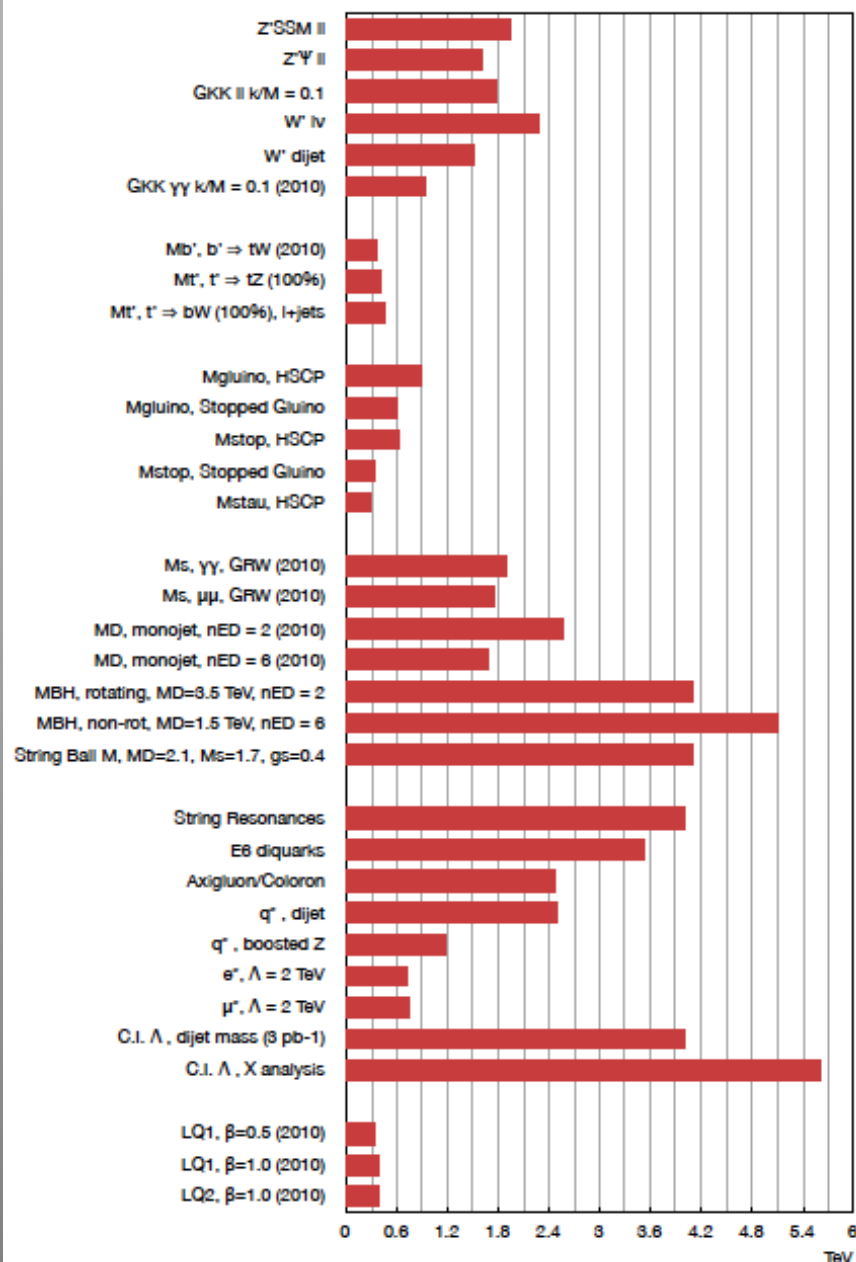
No signal found

- $\sigma * \text{detector acceptance} * \epsilon$
 $< 0.09 \text{ pb @ 95\% Confidence level}$

The Search Overview (ATLAS)



The Search Overview (CMS)

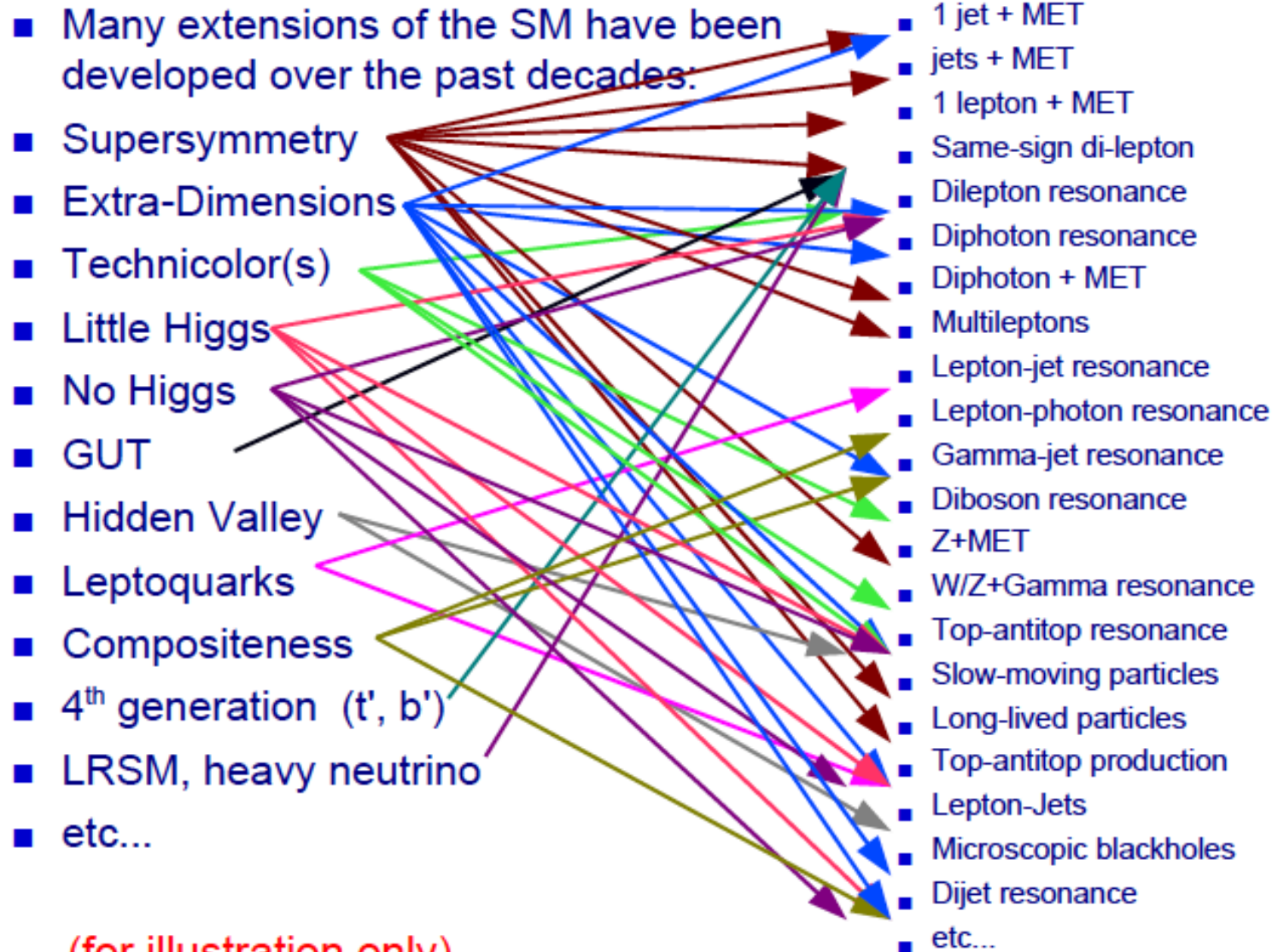


Exotica
Searches

Bottom line: no evidence
for new physics yet @ the LHC

New Physics and signatures

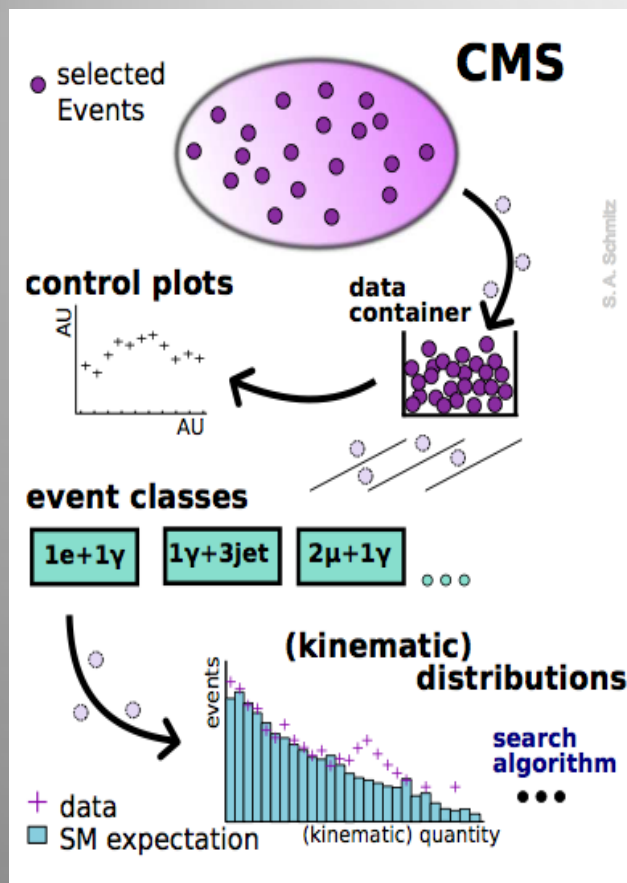
(LP11: H. Bachacou)



(for illustration only)

Can we miss something?

CMS-EXO-10-021



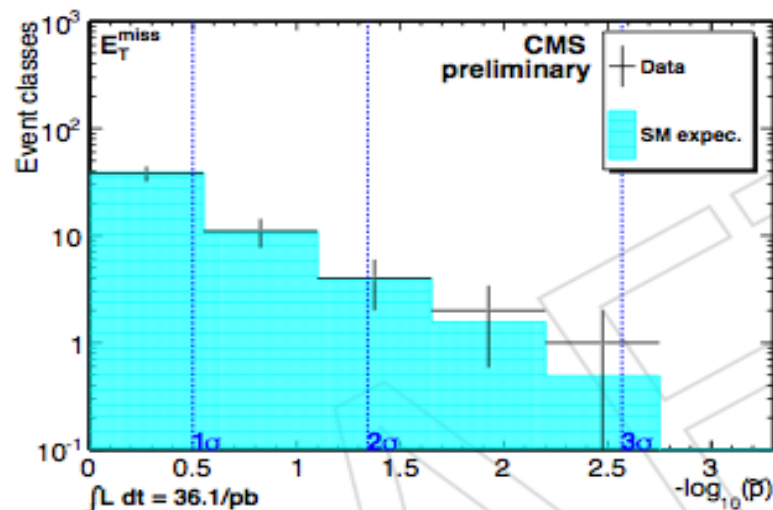
S. A. Schmitz

Model independent search

- Divide events into exclusive classes
- Study deviations from SM predictions in a statistical way

Distributions in each class

- $\sum p_T$ - Most general
- $M_{inv}^{(T)}$ - Good for resonances
- MET - Escaping particles



Probability distribution as expected for 35 pb^{-1}

Look at & watch the outliers...

Summary

New signatures for new physics yet
→ Simple Summary (LP11: H. Bachacou)

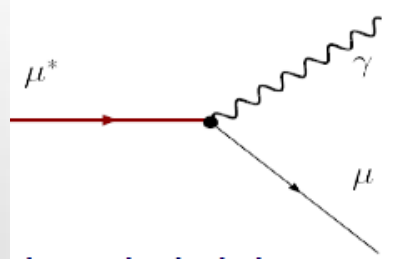
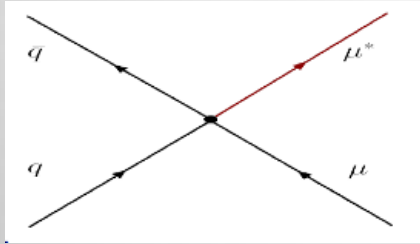
	Lower Limit (95% C.L.)
SUSY ($m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}}$)	1 TeV
Gauge bosons (SSM)	2 TeV
Excited quark	3 TeV

Summary: The Searches are on!

- The LHC has entered new territory. The ATLAS and CMS experiments are ready for searches for new physics. The most popular example is SUSY, but many other New Physics model searches are covered.
- No sign of new physics yet in the first 1 fb^{-1} at 7 TeV.
Starts to cut into the 'preferred SUSY region'. The air for constrained models is getting very thin. We'll need to dig deeper. Input from our theory colleagues welcome!
- Some analyses have been released only with 35 pb^{-1} so far so these have a lot of headroom left.
- The LHC did its part so far with a great first half in 2011
Expect between 10 and 20 fb^{-1} by end of 2012 (optimistic), and maybe a higher energy in 2012, which would help for searches

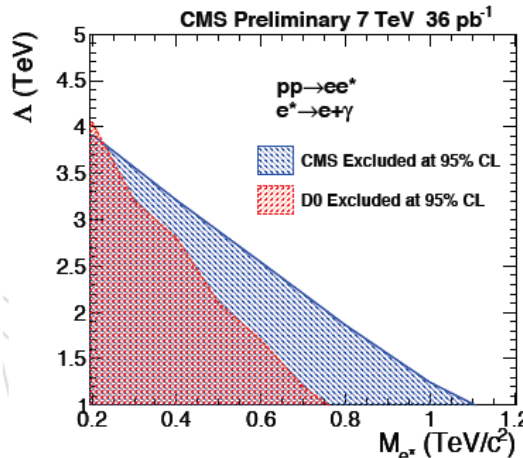
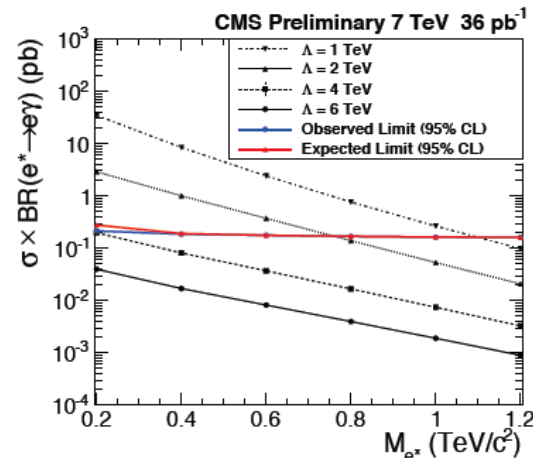
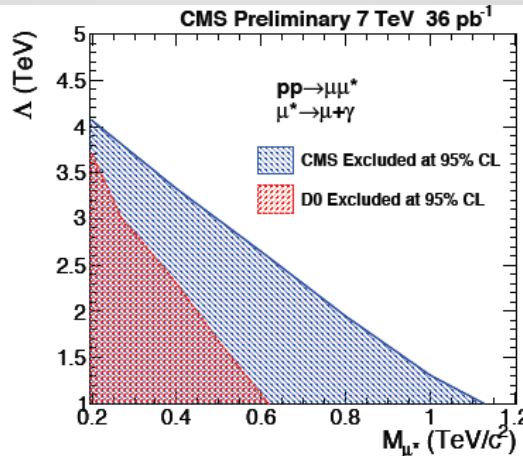
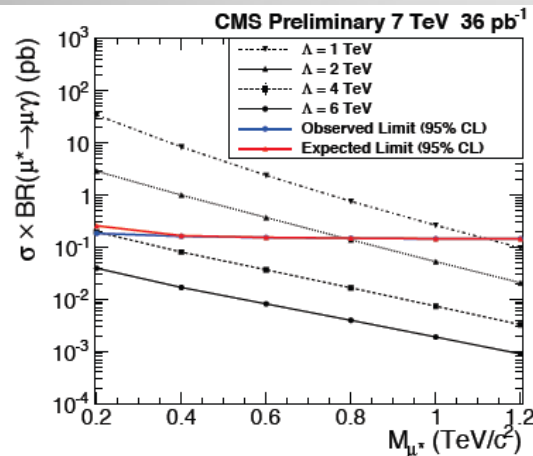
BACKUP

Excited Leptons



Contact interactions

$$\mathcal{L}_{CI} = \frac{g^{*2}}{2\Lambda^2} j^\mu j_\mu,$$



No excited leptons
with mass < 1 TeV
for $\Lambda = M_{e^*}$

No excited squarks
with mass < 1.17 TeV
for $\Lambda = M_{q^*}$
From $q \rightarrow qZ$ study

GMSB SUSY Searches

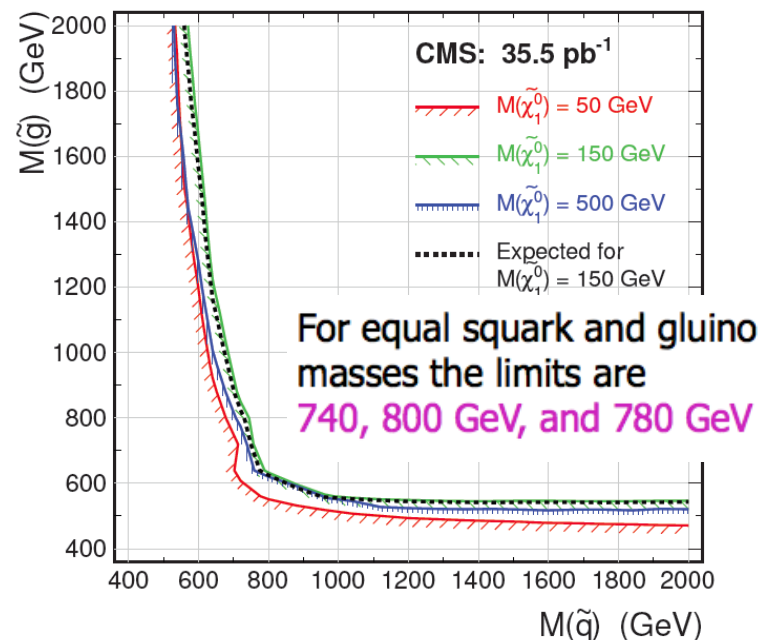
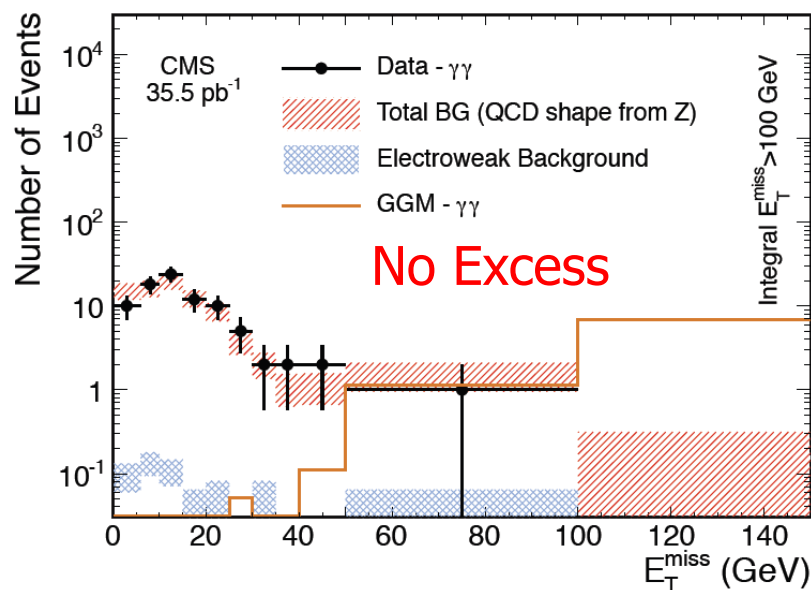
Gauge Mediated SUSY breaking: LSP is the Gravitino

● Phenomenology depends on NLSP

● if neutralino, decays into gravitino and γ , Z^0 , or h^0
(depending on neutralino mixing)

PRL.106 211802,2011

Here analyse collisions with:
two hard photons (30 GeV) , missing transverse momentum and jets

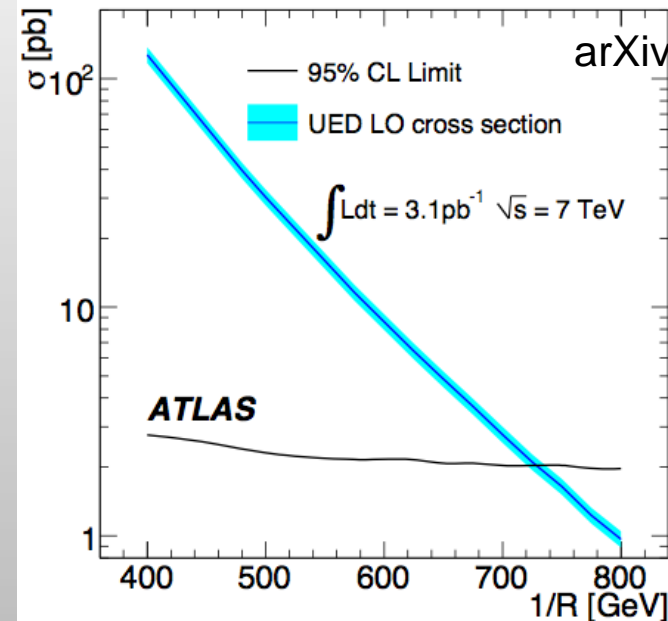
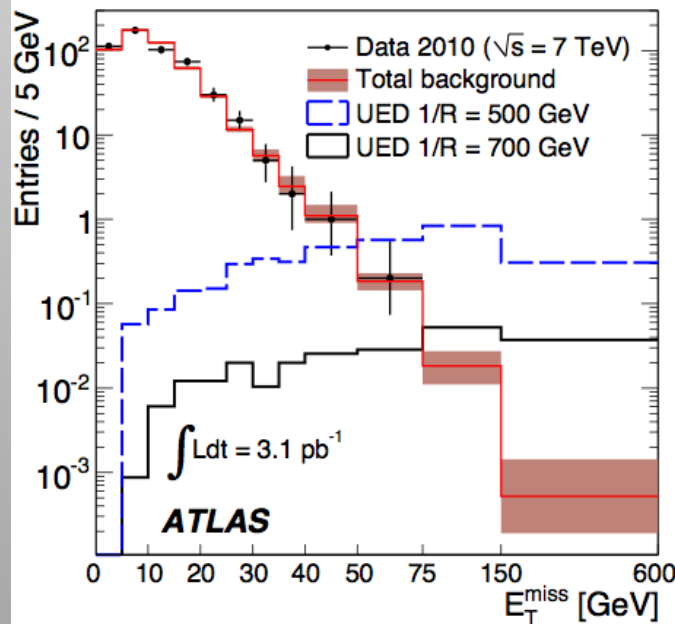


These results can be reinterpreted in Universal Extra Dimensions

Universal Extra Dimensions

Search for events with two photons and missing transverse energy

Limits set for events with two photons with $E_T > 25$ GeV and $MET > 75$ GeV



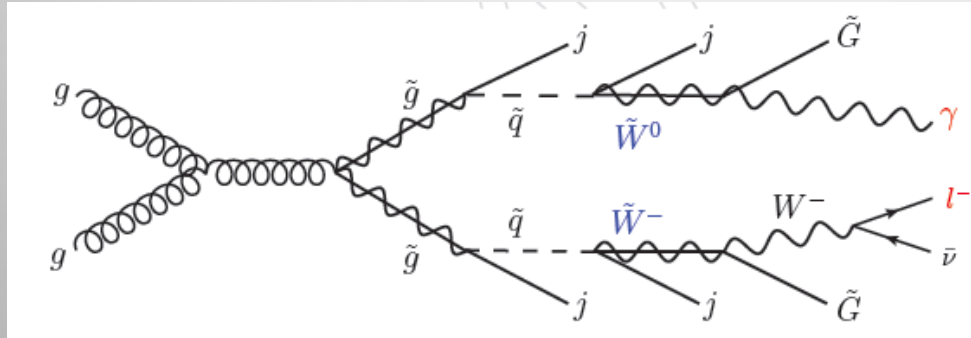
arXiv:1012.4272

E_T^{miss} range (GeV)	Data events	Predicted background events			Expected UED signal events	
		Total	QCD	$W(\rightarrow e\nu) + \text{jets}/\gamma$	$1/R = 500$ GeV	$1/R = 700$ GeV
0 - 20	465	465.0 ± 9.1	465.0 ± 9.1	-	0.28 ± 0.06	0.02 ± 0.01
20 - 30	45	40.5 ± 2.2	40.41 ± 2.17	0.11 ± 0.07	0.45 ± 0.07	0.03 ± 0.01
30 - 50	9	10.3 ± 1.3	10.13 ± 1.30	0.16 ± 0.10	1.60 ± 0.12	0.08 ± 0.01
50 - 75	1	0.93 ± 0.23	0.85 ± 0.23	0.08 ± 0.05	2.84 ± 0.16	0.14 ± 0.01
> 75	0	0.32 ± 0.16	0.28 ± 0.15	0.04 ± 0.03	40.45 ± 0.62	4.21 ± 0.06

No evidence yet for Universal Extra Dimensions...

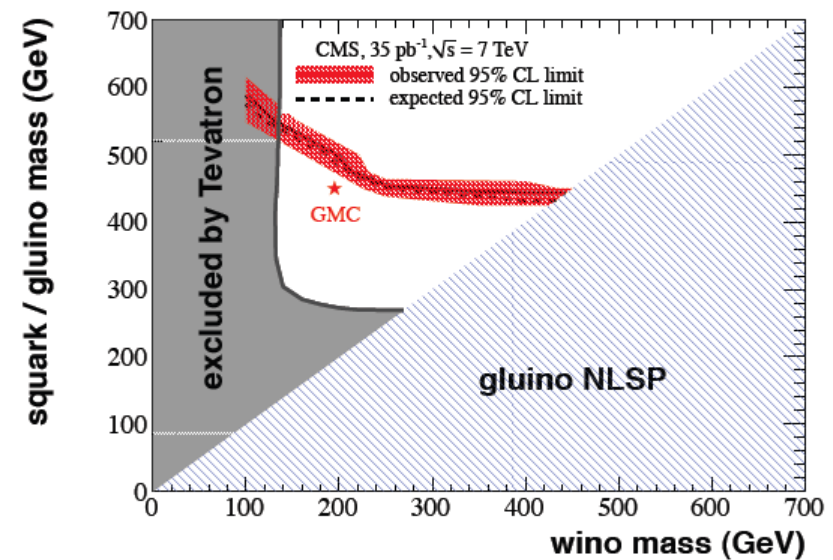
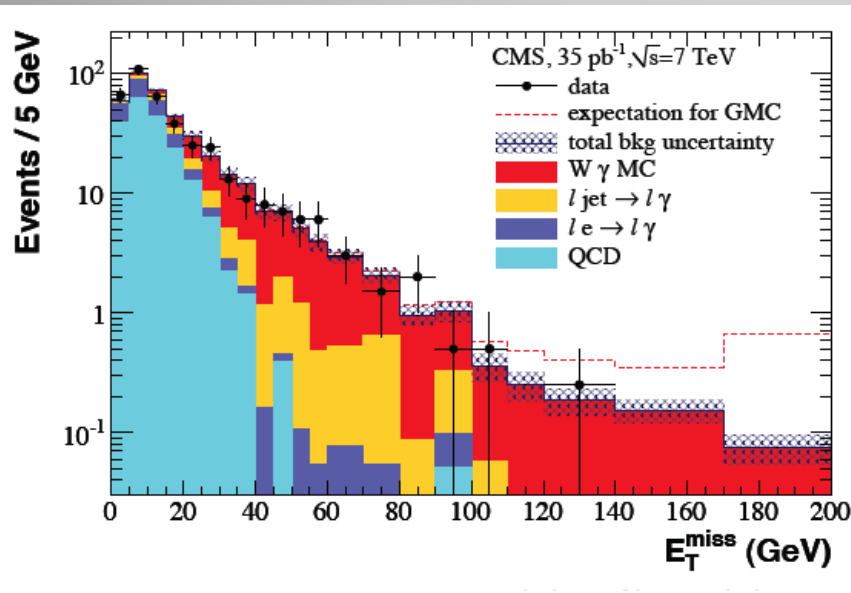
GMSB SUSY Searches

E.G. This channel: A lepton, a photon and Missing Transverse Energy



$P_T \text{ lepton} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
 $P_T \text{ photon} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
 $\text{MET} > 100 \text{ GeV}$

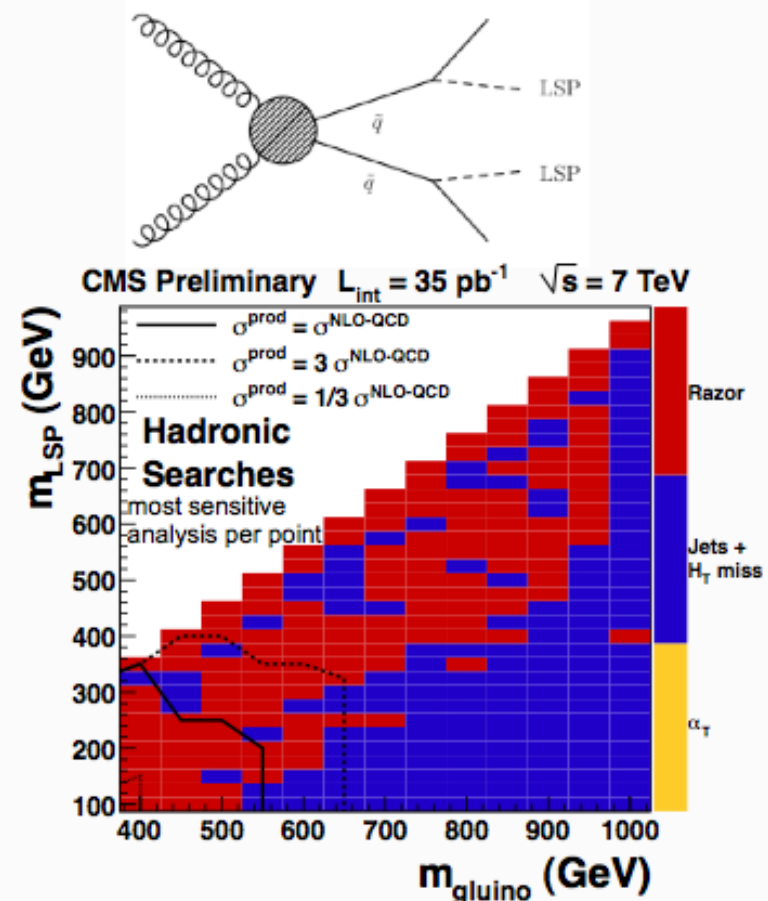
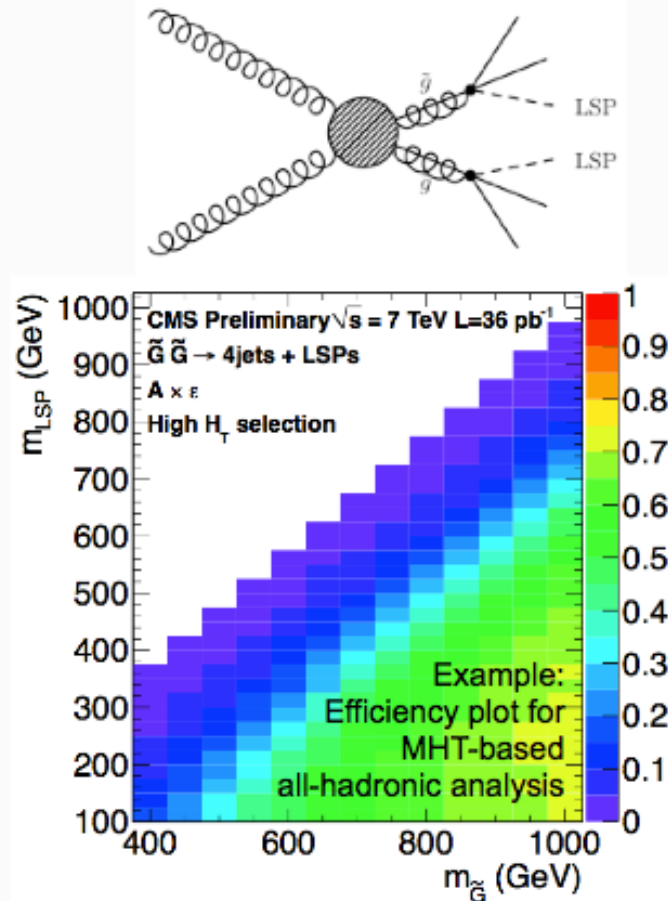
JHEP 1106:093,2011



No excess found... Exclusion in the squark/gluino wino space

Results as Simplified Models

Models proposed at: <http://www.lhcnewphysics.org>



Shows complementarity of hadronic analyses.
CMS will provide these results electronically.
Feedback is welcome.

Are these result representations useful/used?

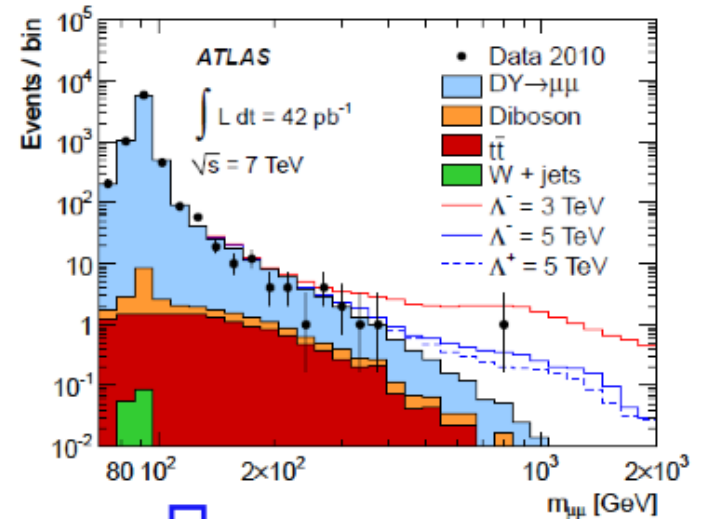
Contact Interactions

Contact Interactions

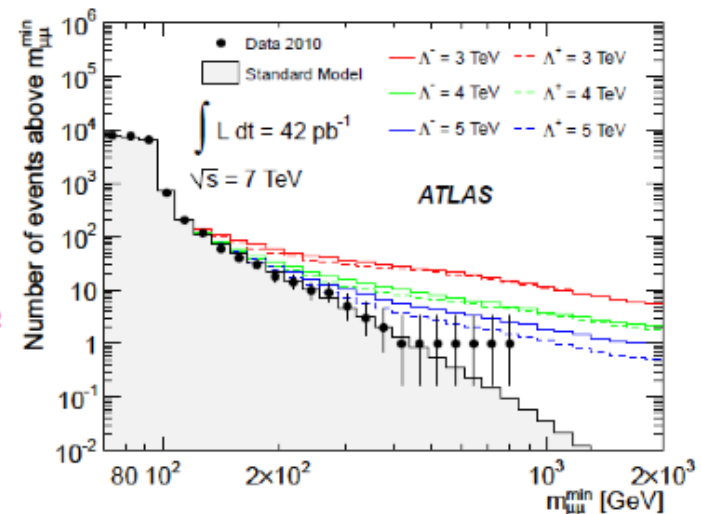
- Four-fermion contact interactions (CI) at low energy limit describe phenomena as:
 - Large Extra Dimension ADD Model
 - Quark-lepton compositeness
- Benchmark: left-left isoscalar model

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{\mu\mu}} = \frac{d\sigma_{DY}}{dm_{\mu\mu}} - \eta_{LL} \frac{F_I(m_{\mu\mu})}{\Lambda^2} + \frac{F_C(m_{\mu\mu})}{\Lambda^4}$$

- $F_{I(C)}$ is interference (CI) term, $\eta_{LL} = \pm 1$
 - Λ is the energy scale (below which fermion constituents are bound)
- No excess, **limits at 95% CL**:
 - $\Lambda > 4.9 \text{ TeV}$ for constructive interference
 - $\Lambda > 4.5 \text{ TeV}$ for destructive interference

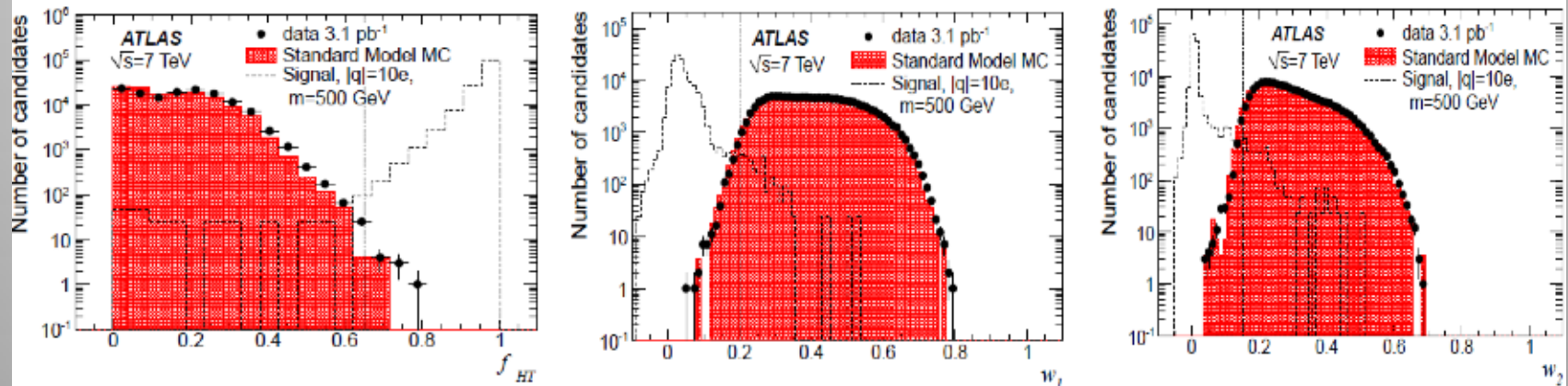


Taking an integral...



Long Lived Particles

Search for Massive Long-Lived Highly Ionising Particles



- Search for massive long-lived HIP: concentrate on large mass ($>100\text{GeV}$), non-relativistic speed, charges 6-17e (Q-balls, stable micro black holes)
- Signal has high ionization in tracker, narrow calorimeter deposits
- No events pass selection shown above (96% efficient for signal)

Cross-section limits @ 95% CL
in pb for any model

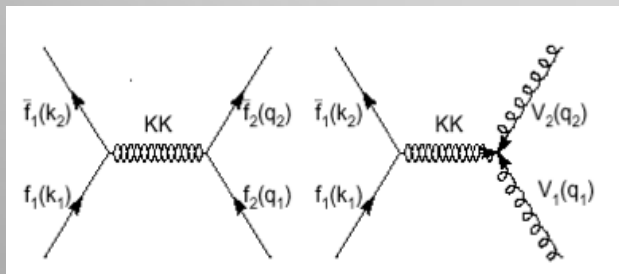
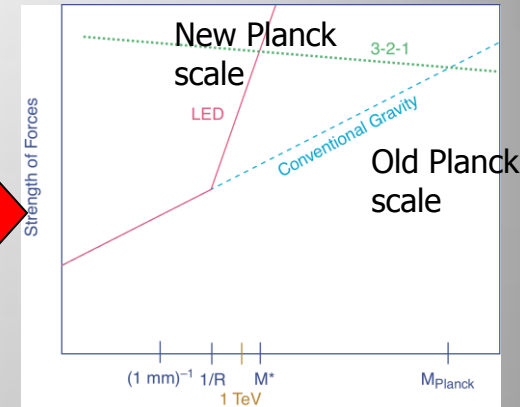
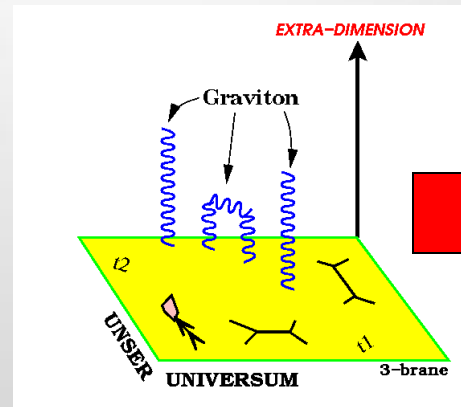
Cross-section limits at 95% CL in pb assuming
Drell-Yan-like production mechanism

m [GeV]	$ q = 6e$	$ q = 10e$	$ q = 17e$	m [GeV]	$ q = 6e$	$ q = 10e$	$ q = 17e$
200	1.4	1.2	2.1	200	11.5	5.9	9.1
500	1.2	1.2	1.6	500	7.2	4.3	5.3
1000	2.2	1.2	1.5	1000	9.3	3.4	4.3

Search for Extra Dimensions

Are there extra space dimensions that open at higher energies?

Example: Experimental signature affects the di-fermion production
Study here: di-photon production



Results (TeV)

$n_{ED} = 2$	$n_{ED} = 3$	$n_{ED} = 4$	$n_{ED} = 5$	$n_{ED} = 6$	$n_{ED} = 7$
1.88	2.29	1.93	1.74	1.62	1.53

New mass scale larger than 1.5-2.3 TeV depending on the number of extra dimensions (similar in the $\mu\mu$ channel)
Tighter limits than from the Tevatron

