

Electroweak Constraints on New Particles

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Outline

Jorge de Blas' PhD Thesis
arXiv:0803.4008 [hep-ph]
arXiv:1005.3998 [hep-ph]

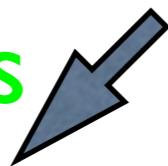
- Introduction
- Model Independent Limits
- Constraints on General Extra Leptons
- Constraints on General Extra Vectors
- Implications on the Higgs mass
- Several New Particles
- Conclusions

New Physics @ LHC

- **BSM**: many models + *unexpected*
- At any rate, **new particles** !

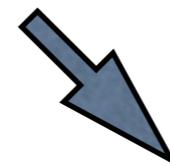
Present constraints on masses and couplings:
Flavour, Tevatron, EW Precision Tests

Searches



Restrict parameter space

Discovery

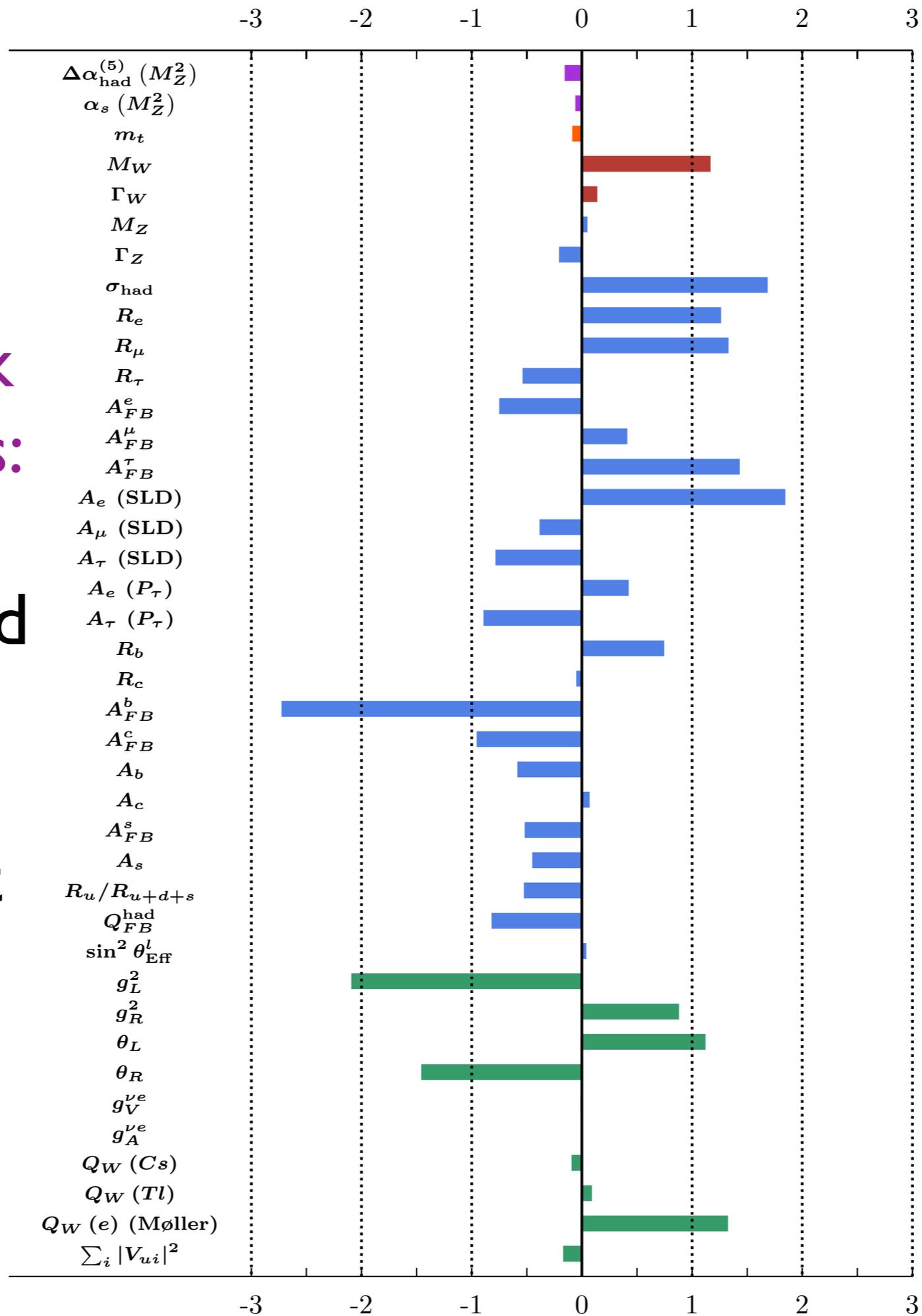


Check consistency

Electroweak Precision Data

- **Z-pole observables:** mass, partial decay widths, left-right and forward-backward asymmetries
- **W properties:** mass, width, leptonic branching ratios
- **Muon decay**
- **Low-energy neutrino scattering:** neutrino-nucleon DIS and neutrino-electron scattering
- **Parity violation** in atoms and in Møller scattering.
- **Unitarity constraints on CKM** (1st row)
- **Fermion pair production off Z-pole** at LEP 2

Precision
Electroweak
Observables:
The Standard
Model
vs
Experiment



Good agreement in general

Effective Description of BSM

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \mathcal{L}_4 + \frac{1}{\Lambda} \mathcal{L}_5 + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{L}_6 + \dots$$

SM

Scale of New Physics

Suppressed at low energies

$$\mathcal{L}_d = \sum_{i=1}^{N_d} \alpha_i^{[d]} \mathcal{O}_i^{[d]}$$

Gauge-invariant operators built with SM fields

Dimensionless coefficients

Unique
Operator of
dimension 5
(lepton number
violating)

Operators of
dimension 6

	Operator	Notation	Operator	Notation
	$\bar{l}_L^c \tilde{\phi}^* \tilde{\phi}^\dagger l_L$	\mathcal{O}_5		
LLLL	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu l_L) (\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu l_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{ll}^{(1)}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu \sigma_a l_L) (\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a l_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{ll}^{(3)}$
	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu q_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(1,1)}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu \sigma_a q_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(1,3)}$
	$(\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu l_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{lq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{l}_L \gamma_\mu \sigma_a l_L) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{lq}^{(3)}$
	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu \lambda_{AqL}) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \lambda_{AqL})$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(8,1)}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{q}_L \gamma_\mu \sigma_a \lambda_{AqL}) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a \lambda_{AqL})$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(8,3)}$
RRRR	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu u_R) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{uu}^{(1)}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) (\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R)$	\mathcal{O}_{ee}
	$(\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R)$	\mathcal{O}_{eu}	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{d}_R \gamma_\mu d_R) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{dd}^{(1)}$
	$(\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu u_R) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{ud}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{e}_R \gamma_\mu e_R) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)$	\mathcal{O}_{ed}
	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu \lambda_{AuR}) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu \lambda_{AuR})$	$\mathcal{O}_{uu}^{(8)}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\bar{d}_R \gamma_\mu \lambda_{AdR}) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu \lambda_{AdR})$	$\mathcal{O}_{dd}^{(8)}$
	$(\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu \lambda_{AuR}) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu \lambda_{AdR})$	$\mathcal{O}_{ud}^{(8)}$		
LRRL	$(\bar{l}_L e_R) (\bar{e}_R l_L)$	\mathcal{O}_{le}	$(\bar{q}_L e_R) (\bar{e}_R q_L)$	\mathcal{O}_{qe}
	$(\bar{l}_L u_R) (\bar{u}_R l_L)$	\mathcal{O}_{lu}	$(\bar{l}_L d_R) (\bar{d}_R l_L)$	\mathcal{O}_{ld}
	$(\bar{q}_L u_R) (\bar{u}_R q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qu}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_L d_R) (\bar{d}_R q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qd}^{(1)}$
	$(\bar{l}_L e_R) (\bar{d}_R q_L)$	\mathcal{O}_{qde}		
	$(\bar{q}_L \lambda_{AuR}) (\bar{u}_R \lambda_{AqL})$	$\mathcal{O}_{qu}^{(8)}$	$(\bar{q}_L \lambda_{AdR}) (\bar{d}_R \lambda_{AqL})$	$\mathcal{O}_{qd}^{(8)}$
	$\epsilon_{ABC} (\bar{l}_L^A i \sigma_2 q_L^c) (\bar{d}_R^B u_R^c)$	\mathcal{O}_{lqdu}	$\epsilon_{ABC} (\bar{q}_L^B i \sigma_2 q_L^c) (\bar{e}_R u_R^c)$	\mathcal{O}_{qqeu}
	$\epsilon_{ABC} (u_R^A u_R^c) (\bar{d}_R^C e_R^c)$	\mathcal{O}_{uude}		
LRLR	$(\bar{q}_L u_R) i \sigma_2 (\bar{q}_L d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(1)}$	$(\bar{q}_L \lambda_{AuR}) i \sigma_2 (\bar{q}_L \lambda_{AdR})$	$\mathcal{O}_{qq}^{(8)}$
	$(\bar{l}_L e_R) i \sigma_2 (\bar{q}_L u_R)$	\mathcal{O}_{lq}	$(\bar{l}_L u_R) i \sigma_2 (\bar{q}_L e_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{lq'}$
	$\epsilon_{ABC} (\bar{l}_L^A i \sigma_2 q_L^c) (\bar{q}_L^B i \sigma_2 q_L^c)$	\mathcal{O}_{qqql}	$\epsilon_{ABC} (u_R^c d_R^B) (u_R^c e_R)$	\mathcal{O}_{udue}
	$(\phi^\dagger \phi)^2$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi 4}$	$\frac{1}{3} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^3$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi 6}$
SVF	$(\phi^\dagger i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu l_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi l}^{(1)}$	$(\phi^\dagger \sigma_a i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{l}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a l_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi l}^{(3)}$
	$(\phi^\dagger i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi e}^{(1)}$		
	$(\phi^\dagger i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi q}^{(1)}$	$(\phi^\dagger \sigma_a i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{q}_L \gamma^\mu \sigma_a q_L)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi q}^{(3)}$
	$(\phi^\dagger i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi u}^{(1)}$	$(\phi^\dagger i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi d}^{(1)}$
	$(\phi^T i \sigma_2 i D_\mu \phi) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{\phi ud}$		
SF	$(\phi^\dagger \phi) (\bar{l}_L \phi e_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{e\phi}$		
	$(\phi^\dagger \phi) (\bar{q}_L \tilde{\phi} u_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{u\phi}$	$(\phi^\dagger \phi) (\bar{q}_L \phi d_R)$	$\mathcal{O}_{d\phi}$
Oblique	$\phi^\dagger \phi (D^\mu \phi)^\dagger D_\mu \phi$	$\mathcal{O}_\phi^{(1)}$	$(\phi^\dagger D_\mu \phi) ((D^\mu \phi)^\dagger \phi)$	$\mathcal{O}_\phi^{(3)}$
	$\phi^\dagger \sigma_a \phi W_{\mu\nu}^a B^{\mu\nu}$	\mathcal{O}_{WB}		

EW limits on
coefficients

Operator coefficient		Z pole	W data	Low Energy 95% C.L. limits [TeV ⁻²]	LEP 2	Global fit	
LLLL	$\frac{\alpha_{ll}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.033, 0.245]	[-0.089, 0.024]	[-0.065, 0.040]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{ll}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.010, 0.012]	[-0.007, 0.009]	[-0.088, -0.007]	[-0.046, 0.041]	[-0.007, 0.006]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{lq}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.027, 0.020]	[-0.007, 0.433]	[-0.024, 0.022]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{lq}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	[-0.007, 0.009]	[-0.003, 0.090]	$[-6 \cdot 10^{-4}, 0.056]$	[-0.003, 0.012]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{ee}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.257, 0.031]	[-0.057, 0.011]	[-0.060, 0.006]	
RRRR	$\frac{\alpha_{eu}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.040, 0.057]	[-0.195, 0.001]	[-0.057, 0.030]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{ed}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.041, 0.048]	[-0.002, 0.260]	[-0.025, 0.059]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{le}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-1.146, 1.132]	[-0.059, 0.101]	[-0.059, 0.101]	
LRRL	$\frac{\alpha_{lu}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.090, 0.100]	[-0.005, 0.947]	[-0.070, 0.116]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{ld}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.078, 0.098]	[-1.263, 0.007]	[-0.089, 0.085]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{qe}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	-	[-0.052, 0.041]	[-0.006, 0.561]	[-0.044, 0.048]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi l}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.004, 0.009]	-	[-0.023, 0.072]	[-0.037, 0.170]	[-0.003, 0.010]	
SVF	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi q}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.021, 0.033]	-	[-0.025, 0.023]	[-0.014, 1.149]	[-0.013, 0.022]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi e}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.011, 0.006]	-	[-0.147, 0.053]	[-0.233, 0.103]	[-0.012, 0.006]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi u}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.054, 0.066]	-	[-0.035, 0.060]	[-0.076, 2.796]	[-0.026, 0.048]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi d}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.130, 0.032]	-	[-0.060, 0.046]	[-3.727, 0.101]	[-0.049, 0.028]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi l}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.007, 0.006]	[-0.009, 0.006]	[0.010, 0.068]	[-0.151, 0.008]	[-0.005, 0.004]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi q}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.008, 0.011]	[-0.009, 0.007]	[-0.090, -0.003]	[-0.002, 0.305]	[-0.007, 0.006]	
	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi ud}}{\Lambda^2}$	-	[-0.015, 0.018]	[-0.006, 0.208]	-	[-0.012, 0.020]	
	Oblique	$\frac{\alpha_{\phi}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.031, 0.019]	[-0.041, 0.003]	[0.024, 0.174]	[-0.344, 0.033]	[-0.031, 0.008]
		$\frac{\alpha_{WB}}{\Lambda^2}$	[-0.006, 0.006]	[-0.019, 0.001]	[0.007, 0.068]	[-0.155, 0.017]	[-0.006, 0.004]

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Problems

- Ignores relations among coefficients
- No clear lessons about New Physics or direct relation with Specific Models
- No direct connection to Collider Searches

We would like to be more specific but retain, as far as possible, model independence

“Particle” approach

Explore all possible extensions of the SM with new particles (fields) that can give observable contributions

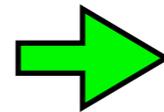
- Need to be systematic
- Need sensible assumptions
- Direct connection to particle searches
- Simple relation to Models

General Extensions of the SM

Impose Symmetries!

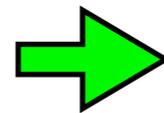
- Classify particles
- Restrict interactions

Lorentz Invariance



Scalars
Spinors
Vectors

$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$
Gauge Invariance

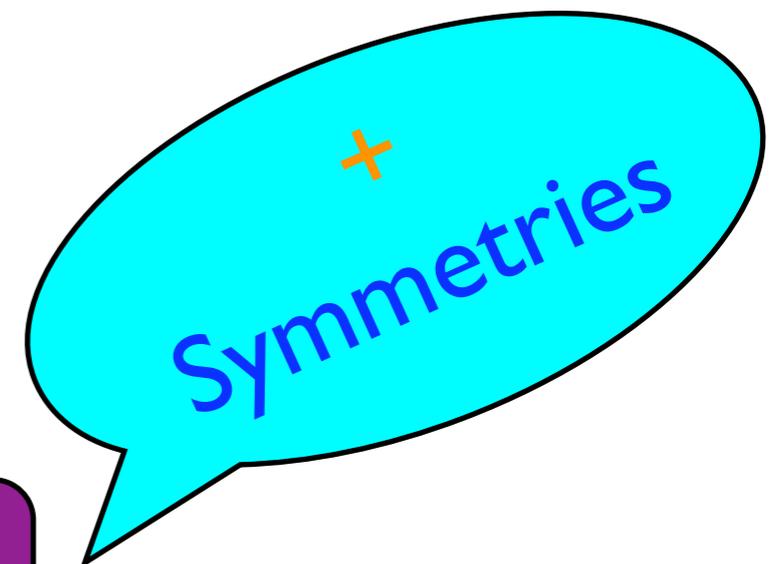


EW singlets,
doublets, triplets
Hypercharged
Coloured

Condition: *Sizable effects*

- **New Physics enters at Tree Level**
(Theories with R-, T-, KK-... parity not studied here)
- **Renormalizable Interactions**

It is possible to write a general
Lagrangian



General Extra Leptons

- Spin $\frac{1}{2}$ uncoloured particles
- Vectorlike
- GUT, Xdims, seesaw
- Contribute to EWPT via mixing with SM leptons, induced by Yukawa couplings

flavour structure
not explicit

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \sum_L \left\{ \eta_L (\bar{L} \not{D} L - M_L \bar{L} L) - y_{Le} \bar{L}_L \Phi_{Le} e - y_{Ll} \bar{L}_R \Phi_{Ll} l \right\} + \text{h.c.}$$

All Types of Extra Leptons

Leptons Notation	N	E	$\begin{pmatrix} N \\ E^- \end{pmatrix}$ Δ_1	$\begin{pmatrix} E^- \\ E^{--} \end{pmatrix}$ Δ_3	$\begin{pmatrix} E^+ \\ N \\ E^- \end{pmatrix}$ Σ_0	$\begin{pmatrix} N \\ E^- \\ E^{--} \end{pmatrix}$ Σ_1
$SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$ Spinor	$(1, 1)_0$ Dirac or Majorana	$(1, 1)_{-1}$ Dirac	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{1}{2}}$ Dirac	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$ Dirac	$(1, 3)_0$ Dirac or Majorana	$(1, 3)_{-1}$ Dirac

Seesaw
Messengers

{ Type I \rightarrow singlet N
 Type III \rightarrow triplet Σ_0

Global Fits

Quality of the fit (compared to SM)

Coupling	$n_{\text{par}}^{\text{new}}$	N		E		$-\Delta\chi_{\text{min}}^2$	$(\chi_{\text{min}}^2/\text{d.o.f.})$	Σ_0		Σ_1	
		Δ_1	Δ_3	Δ_1	Δ_3	Δ_1	Δ_3	Δ_1	Δ_3	Δ_1	Δ_3
General	3	1.2 (1.11)	0.2 (1.13)	1.7 (1.09)	1.7 (1.09)	1.1 (1.11)	0 (1.14)				
Universal	1	0.2 (0.94)	0 (0.94)	0 (0.94)	0.4 (0.93)	0.5 (0.93)	0 (0.94)				
Only with e	1	0.4 (1.07)	0 (1.08)	0 (1.08)	0.9 (1.06)	0.8 (1.06)	0 (1.08)				
Only with μ	1	0.1 (1.08)	0.2 (1.08)	1.7 (1.04)	0 (1.08)	0 (1.08)	0 (1.08)				
Only with τ	1	1 (1.06)	0 (1.08)	0 (1.08)	0.5 (1.07)	0.4 (1.07)	0 (1.08)				

Marginal improvement at best

Constraints on Mixings

$$U \sim \frac{yv}{M}$$

Coupling		N	E	Δ_1	Δ_3	Σ_0	Σ_1
Only with e	$ U <$	0.051	0.020	0.020	0.028	0.020	0.016
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.023	0	0	0.019	0.012	0
Only with μ	$ U <$	0.031	0.029	0.048	0.028	0.018	0.024
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.012	0.014	0.033	0	0	0.005
Only with τ	$ U <$	0.087	0.033	0.035	0.045	0.030	0.029
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.056	0	0	0.027	0.016	0
Universal	$ U <$	0.028	0.019	0.020	0.025	0.017	0.013
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.013	0	0	0.014	0.010	0

Constraints on Mixings

$$U \sim \frac{yv}{M}$$

Coupling		N	E	Δ_1	Δ_3	Σ_0	Σ_1
Only with e	$ U <$	0.051	0.020	0.020	0.028	0.020	0.016
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.023	0	0	0.019	0.012	0
Only with μ	$ U <$	0.031	0.029	0.048	0.028	0.018	0.024
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.012	0.014	0.033	0	0	0.005
Only with τ	$ U <$	0.087	0.033	0.035	0.045	0.030	0.029
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.056	0	0	0.027	0.016	0
Universal	$ U <$	0.028	0.019	0.020	0.025	0.017	0.013
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.013	0	0	0.014	0.010	0

Constraints on Mixings

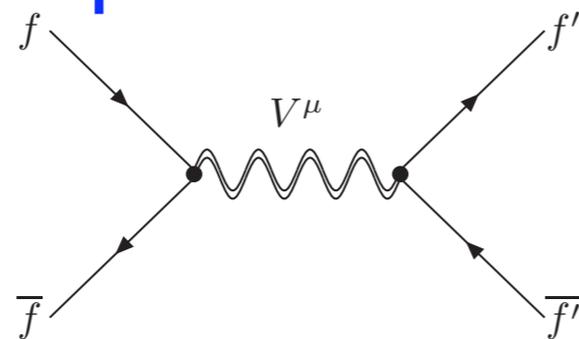
$$U \sim \frac{yv}{M}$$

$M \geq 340\text{GeV} - 3.4\text{TeV}$ for $y = 0.1 - 1$

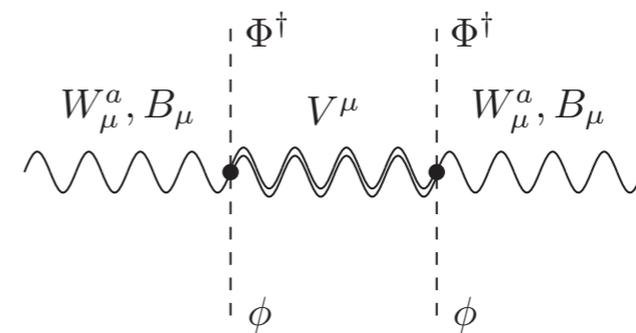
Coupling		N	E	Δ_1	Δ_3	Σ_0	Σ_1
Only with e	$ U <$	0.051	0.020	0.020	0.028	0.020	0.016
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.023	0	0	0.019	0.012	0
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	$ U_{\min} =$	0.056	0	0	0.027	0.016	0
Universal	$ U <$	0.028	0.019	0.020	0.025	0.017	0.013
	$ U_{\min} =$	0.013	0	0	0.014	0.010	0

General Extra Vectors

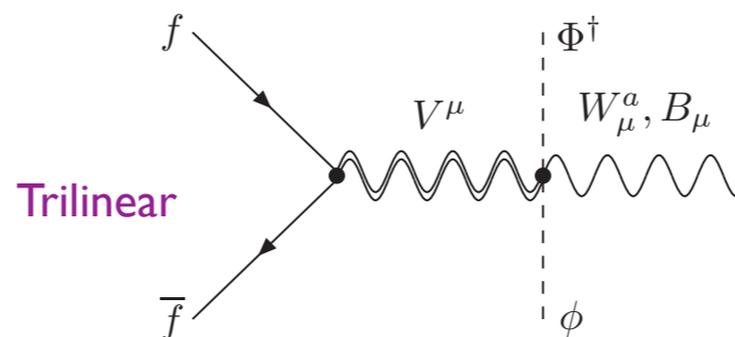
- Spin 1 particles
- GUT, Xdims, Technicolor, Little Higgs, ...
- Candidates for early discovery at LHC
- Contribute to EWPT via mixing with SM gauge bosons and four fermion operators



Four fermion



Oblique



Trilinear

All Types of Extra Vectors

Vector	\mathcal{B}_μ	\mathcal{B}_μ^1	\mathcal{W}_μ	\mathcal{W}_μ^1	\mathcal{G}_μ	\mathcal{G}_μ^1	\mathcal{H}_μ	\mathcal{L}_μ
Irrep	$(1, 1)_0$	$(1, 1)_1$	$(1, \text{Adj})_0$	$(1, \text{Adj})_1$	$(\text{Adj}, 1)_0$	$(\text{Adj}, 1)_1$	$(\text{Adj}, \text{Adj})_0$	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$
Vector	\mathcal{U}_μ^2	\mathcal{U}_μ^5	\mathcal{Q}_μ^1	\mathcal{Q}_μ^5	\mathcal{X}_μ	\mathcal{Y}_μ^1	\mathcal{Y}_μ^5	
Irrep	$(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(3, 1)_{\frac{5}{3}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	$(3, \text{Adj})_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(\bar{6}, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(\bar{6}, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	

Quantum numbers determine possible couplings. For instance,

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mathcal{B}_\mu^1 \left[\left(g_{\mathcal{B}^1}^{du} \right)_{ij} \bar{d}_R^i \gamma^\mu u_R^j + g_{\mathcal{B}^1}^\phi iD^\mu \phi^T i\sigma_2 \phi \right]$$

Electroweak breaking:

- $\mathcal{B}^1 \rightarrow$ Pair of Charged vectors
- $\mathcal{W} \rightarrow$ { One neutral vector +
Pair of Charged vectors
- ...

Examples of Symmetry Breaking Patterns

Vector	Model
\mathcal{B}_μ	$U(1)'$, Extra Dimensions
\mathcal{B}_μ^1	$SU(2)_R \otimes U(1)_X \rightarrow U(1)_Y$
\mathcal{W}_μ	$SU(2)_1 \otimes SU(2)_2 \rightarrow SU(2)_D \equiv SU(2)_L$, Extra Dimensions
\mathcal{W}_μ^1	$SU(4) \rightarrow U(1) \otimes (SU(3) \rightarrow SU(2))$
\mathcal{G}_μ	$SU(3)_1 \otimes SU(3)_2 \rightarrow SU(3)_D \equiv SU(3)_c$, Extra Dimensions
\mathcal{G}_μ^1	$SO(12) \rightarrow (SO(8) \rightarrow SU(3)) \otimes (SU(2) \otimes SU(2) \rightarrow SU(2)_D \rightarrow U(1)_Y)$
\mathcal{H}_μ	$SU(6) \rightarrow SU(3) \otimes SU(2)$
\mathcal{L}_μ	$G_2 \rightarrow SU(2) \otimes (SU(2) \rightarrow U(1)_Y)$
$\mathcal{U}_\mu^2, \mathcal{U}_\mu^5$	$SU(4) \rightarrow SU(3) \otimes U(1)$
$\mathcal{Q}_\mu^1, \mathcal{Q}_\mu^5$	$SU(5) \rightarrow SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$
\mathcal{X}_μ	$SU(6) \rightarrow U(1) \otimes SU(3) \otimes (SU(3) \rightarrow SU(2))$
$\mathcal{Y}_\mu^1, \mathcal{Y}_\mu^5$	$F_4 \rightarrow SU(3) \otimes (SU(3) \rightarrow SU(2) \otimes U(1))$

Limits on General Extra Vectors

$$G \sim \frac{g}{M}$$

Vector V_μ	$-\Delta\chi_{\min}^2$ ($\chi_{\min}^2/\text{d.o.f.}$)	Parameter $G_V^k \equiv g_V^k/M_V$	Best Fit [TeV $^{-1}$]	Bounds [TeV $^{-1}$]	C.L.
\mathcal{B}_μ	7.35 (0.77)	$G_{\mathcal{B}}^\phi$	-0.045	[-0.098, 0.098]	95%
		$G_{\mathcal{B}}^l$	0.021	[-0.210, 0.210]	95%
		$G_{\mathcal{B}}^q$	-0.89	-	-
		$G_{\mathcal{B}}^e$	0.048	[-0.300, 0.300]	95%
		$G_{\mathcal{B}}^u$	-2.6	-	-
		$G_{\mathcal{B}}^d$	-6.0	-	-
\mathcal{W}_μ	1.51 (0.79)	$G_{\mathcal{W}}^\phi$	0.002	[-0.12, 0.12]	1 σ
		$G_{\mathcal{W}}^l$	0.004	[-0.26, 0.26]	95%
		$G_{\mathcal{W}}^q$	-9.6	-	-
\mathcal{B}_μ^1	0.16 (0.79)	$G_{\mathcal{B}^1}^\phi$	$6 \cdot 10^{-4}$	[-0.11, 0.11]	95%
		$G_{\mathcal{B}^1}^{du}$	6.6	-	-
\mathcal{W}_μ^1	0.65 (0.78)	$ G_{\mathcal{W}^1}^\phi $	0.18	< 0.50	95%
\mathcal{L}_μ	0 (0.79)	$ G_{\mathcal{L}}^{el} $	0	$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.29 & 0.33 & 0.39 \\ 0.34 & - & - \\ 0.39 & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%

Limits on General Extra Vectors

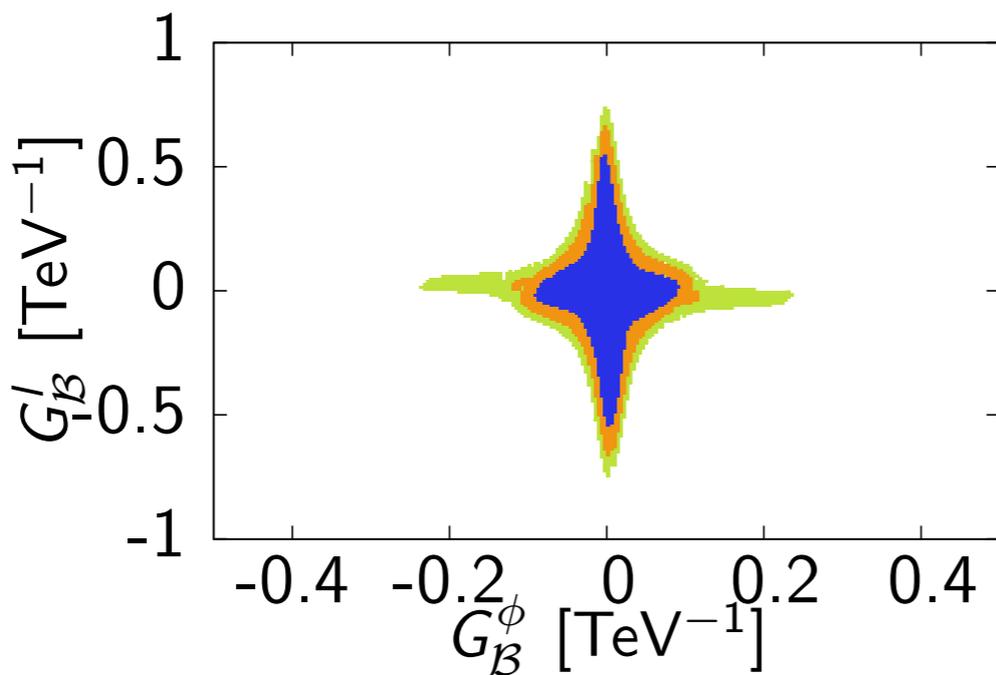
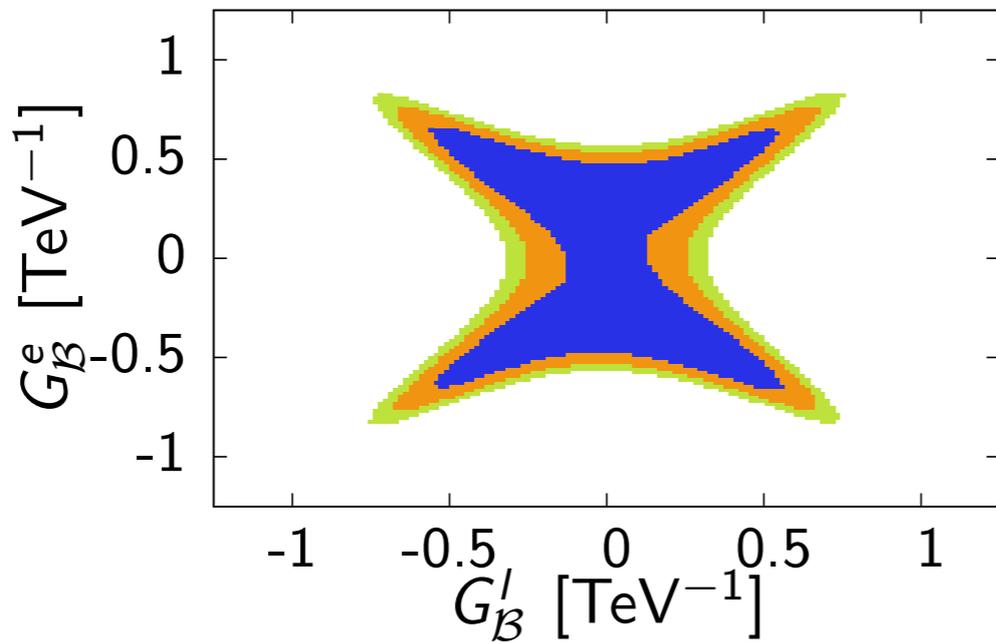
$$G \sim \frac{g}{M}$$

\mathcal{U}_μ^2	0 (0.79)	$ G_{\mathcal{U}^2}^{ed} $	0	$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.21 & 0.49 & 0.49 \\ - & - & - \\ - & - & - \\ 0.12 & 0.29 & 0.29 \\ 0.56 & 0.65 & - \\ - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%
		$ G_{\mathcal{U}^2}^{lq} $	0		95%
\mathcal{U}_μ^5	≤ 2.77 (0.77)	$ G_{\mathcal{U}^5}^{eu} $	0.43 [1, 2]	$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.25 & 0.62 & - \\ - & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%
Q_μ^1	≤ 0.45 (0.79)	$ G_{Q^1}^{ul} $	0.27 [1, 2]	$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.22 & 0.54 & - \\ 0.57 & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%
Q_μ^5	≤ 3.36 (0.78)	$ G_{Q^5}^{dl} $	0.87 [1, 1]	$< \begin{pmatrix} 1.06 & 0.58 & - \\ 1.07 & - & - \\ 1.07 & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%
		$ G_{Q^5}^{eq} $	0.64 [1, 1]		$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.78 & 1.0 & 1.2 \\ - & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$
\mathcal{X}_μ	≤ 2.86 (0.77)	$ G_{\mathcal{X}}^{lq} $	0.65 [1, 2]	$< \begin{pmatrix} 0.27 & 0.93 & 0.57 \\ 1.04 & 1.40 & - \\ - & - & - \end{pmatrix}$	95%

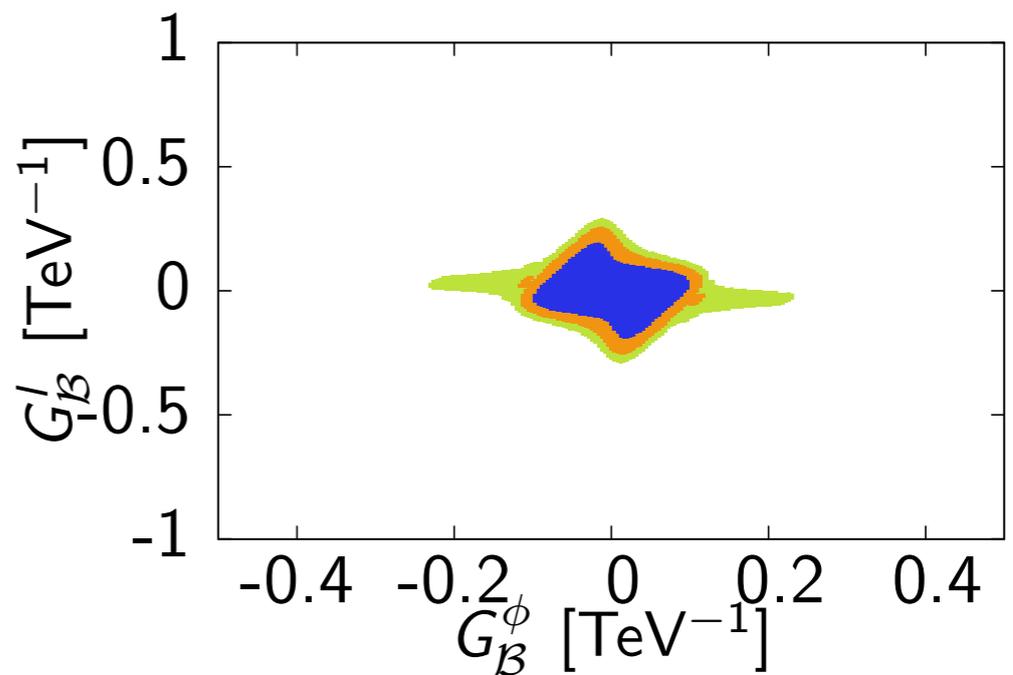
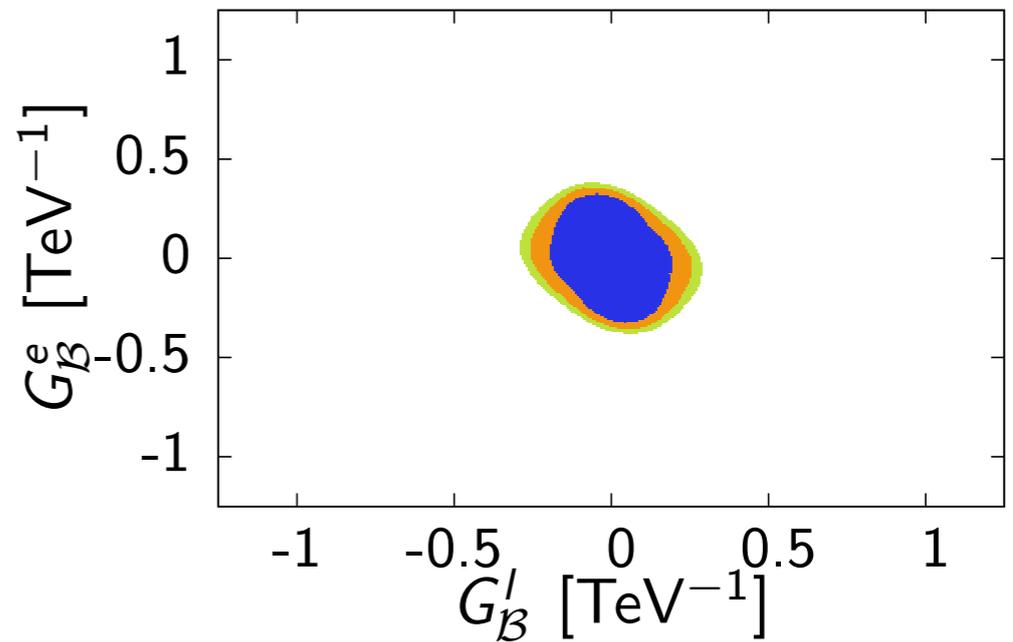
Z' Bosons: New Singlets \mathcal{B}

Lepton and Higgs couplings

Without LEP 2



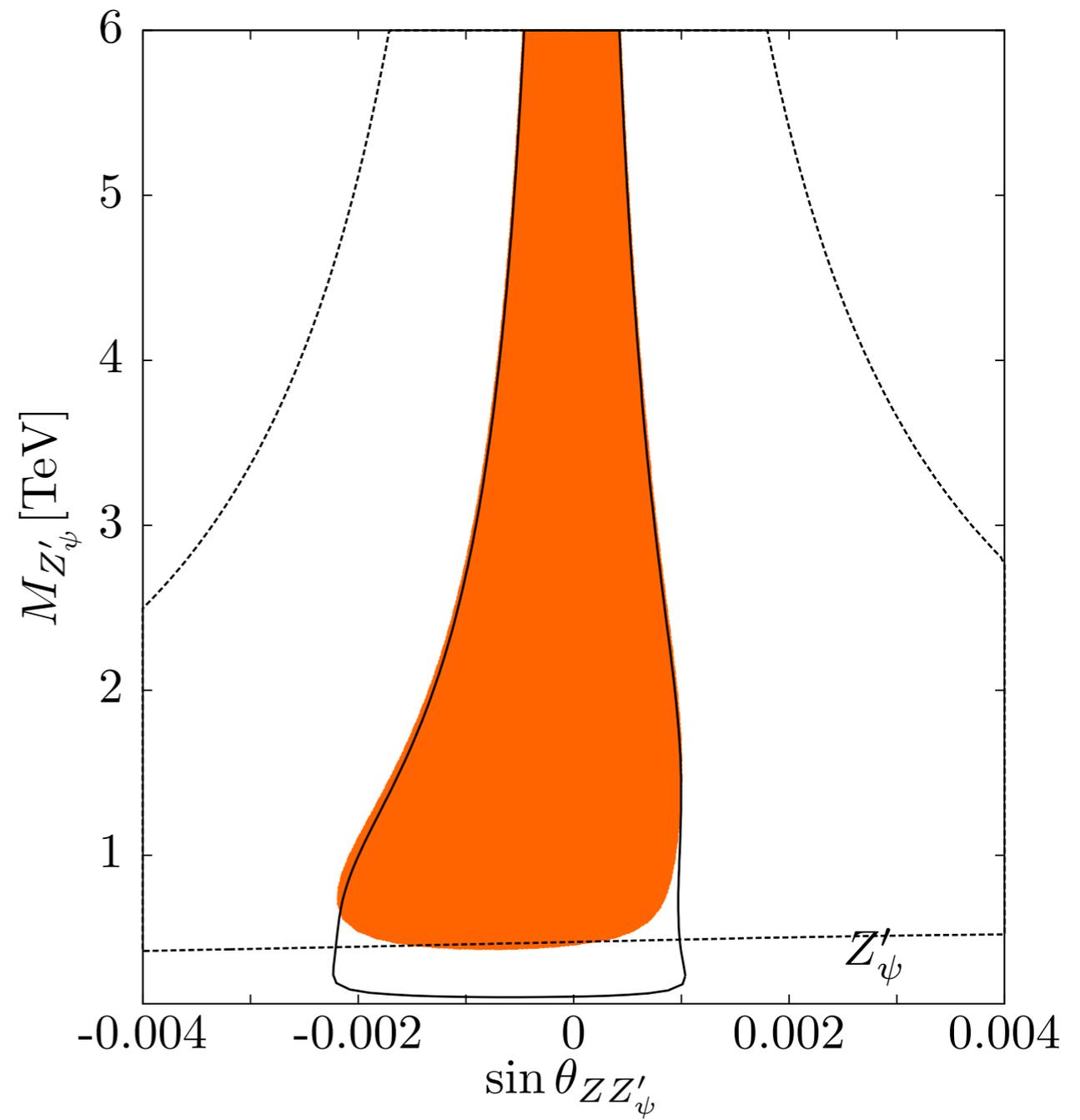
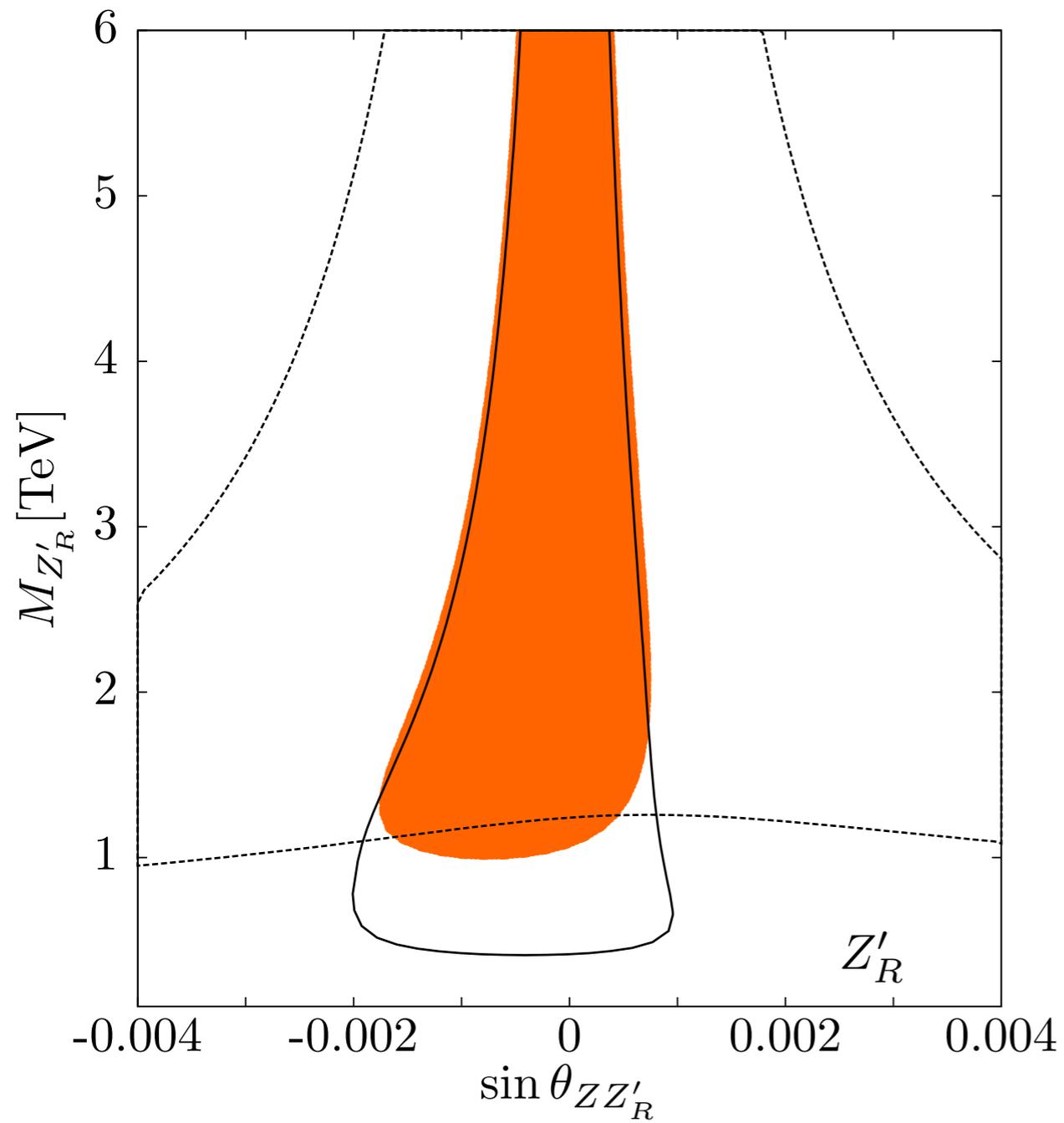
All Observables



Popular Z' Models

Model	95% C.L. Electroweak Limits on					
	$\sin \theta_{ZZ'} [\times 10^{-4}]$			$M_{Z'} [\text{TeV}]$		
	EWPD (no LEP 2)	LEP 2	All Data	EWPD (no LEP 2)	LEP 2	All Data
Z'_χ	[-10, 7]	[- 80, 118]	[-11, 7]	1.123	0.772	1.022
Z'_ψ	[-19, 7]	[-196, 262]	[-19, 7]	0.151	0.455	0.476
Z'_η	[-22, 25]	[-150, 164]	[-23, 27]	0.422	0.460	0.488
Z'_I	[- 5, 9]	[-144, 96]	[- 5, 10]	1.207	0.652	1.105
Z'_N	[-14, 6]	[-165, 223]	[-14, 6]	0.635	0.421	0.699
Z'_S	[- 9, 5]	[- 85, 129]	[-10, 5]	1.249	0.728	1.130
Z'_R	[-17, 7]	[-166, 177]	[-15, 5]	0.439	0.724	1.130
Z'_{LR}	[-13, 5]	[-147, 189]	[-12, 4]	0.999	0.667	1.162

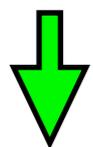
Popular Z' Models



New Particles and the Higgs Mass

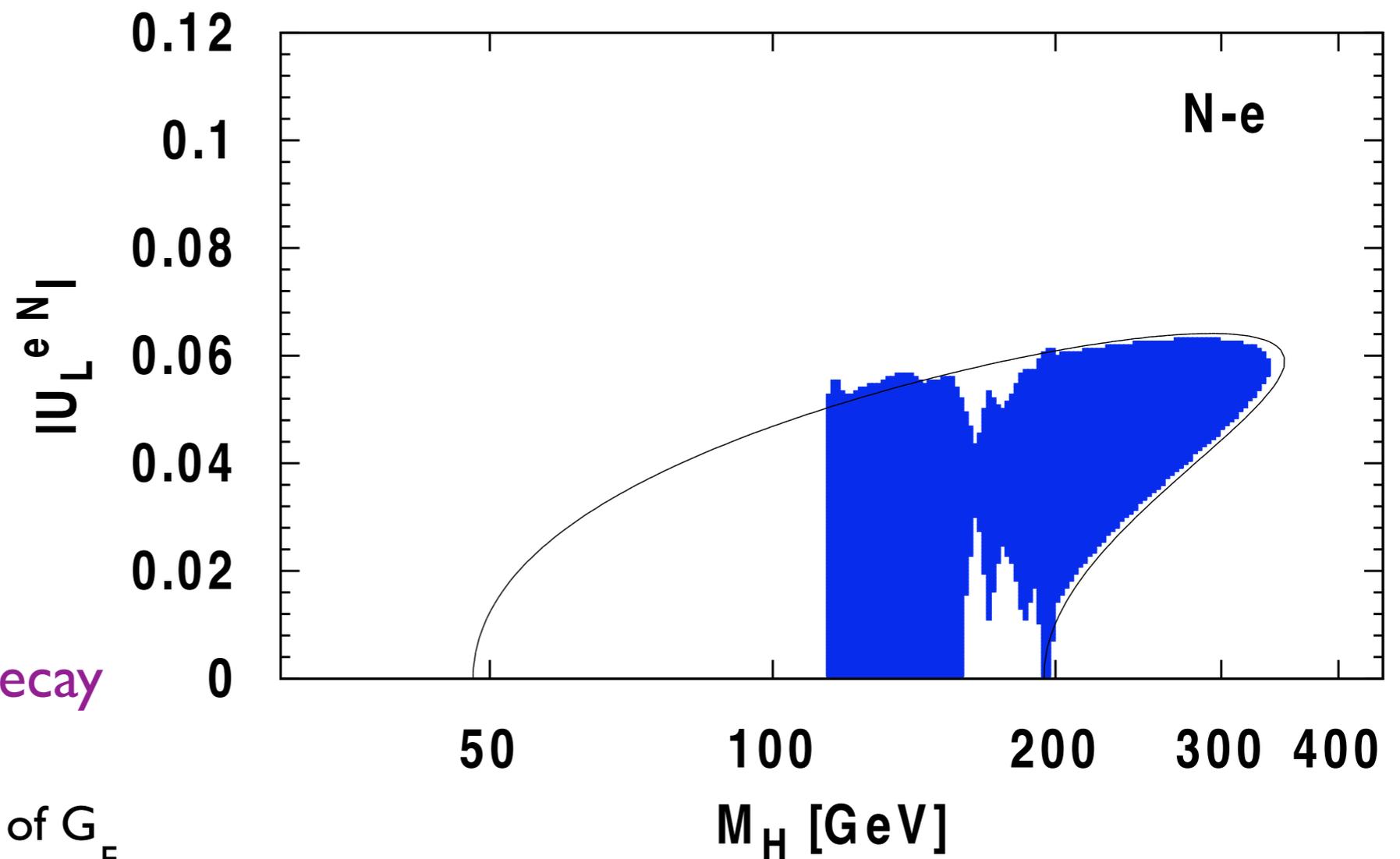
Extra neutrino
singlet, coupled
to electron

Contributes to muon decay



Extraction of G_F

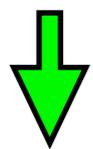
Changes Δr



New Particles and the Higgs Mass

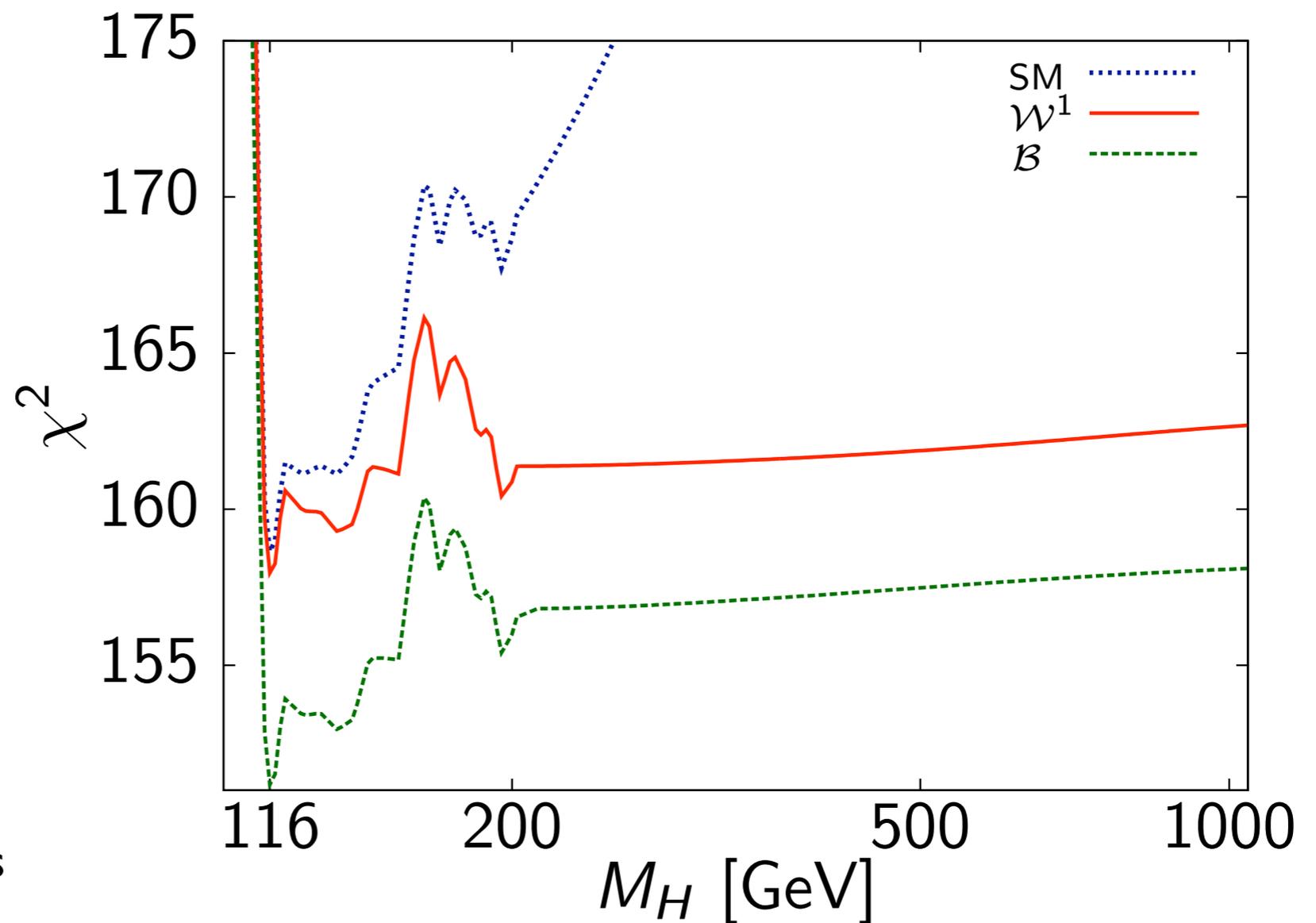
Vector singlet
and
fermiophobic
vector triplet

Mixing with Z (and W)



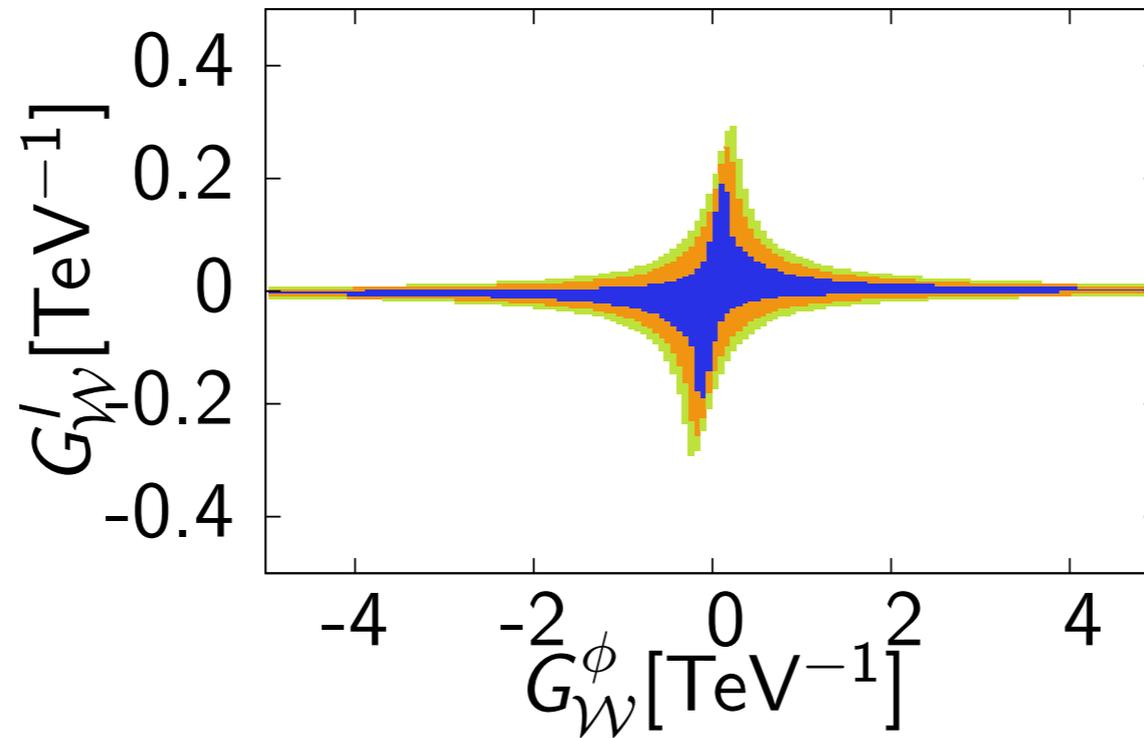
Shift of masses

Positive T parameter

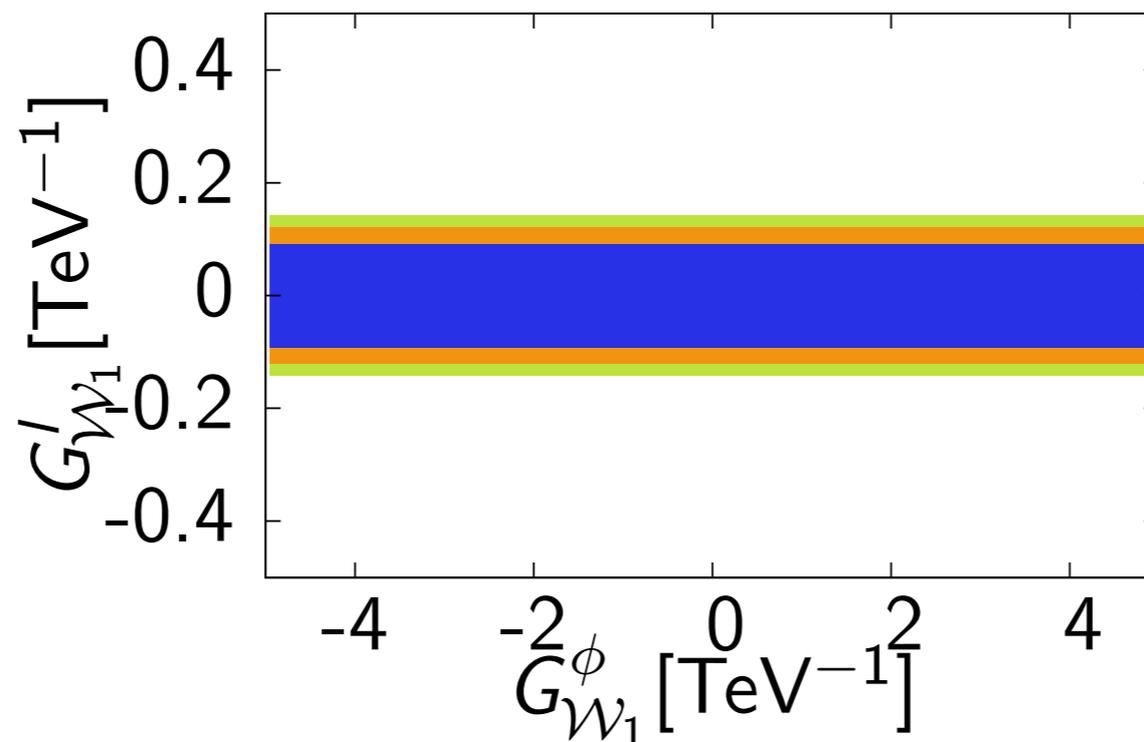


Interplay of several new particles

Vector
triplet:
lepton and
Higgs
couplings



One \mathcal{W}



Two mirror \mathcal{W} s

Solving the A_{FB}^b anomaly with Extra Vectors

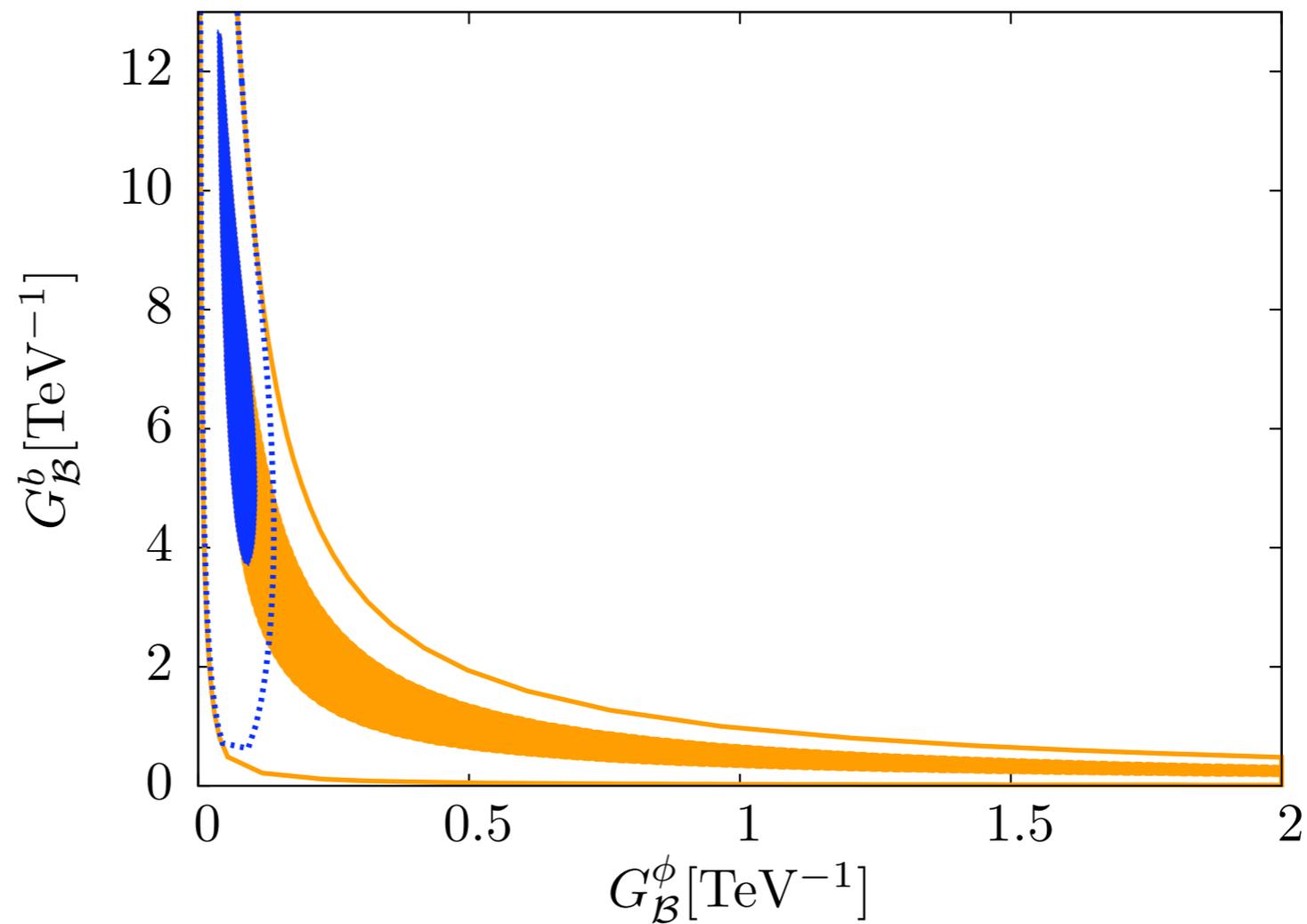
SM with $M_H = 115$ GeV \rightarrow Pull[A_{FB}^b] = -2.6

SM with extra neutral (and charged) singlet vector bosons coupling to 3rd family:

	\mathcal{B}				$\mathcal{B} + \mathcal{B}^1$	
	Free	$G_{\mathcal{B}}^b \equiv 1$	$M_H = 200$ GeV	$M_H = 500$ GeV	Free	$G_{\mathcal{B}}^b \equiv 1$
$-\Delta\chi_{\min}^2$	8.2	2.7	14.1	47.7	8.2	8.2
Pull[A_{FB}^b]	-0.5	-2.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.5
$G_{\mathcal{B}}^b$ [TeV $^{-1}$]	6.4	1	3.8	2.4	3.2	1
$G_{\mathcal{B}}^\phi$ [TeV $^{-1}$]	0.082	0.078	0.13	0.19	0.16	0.53
$G_{\mathcal{B}^1}^\phi$ [TeV $^{-1}$]	-	-	-	-	0.20	0.73

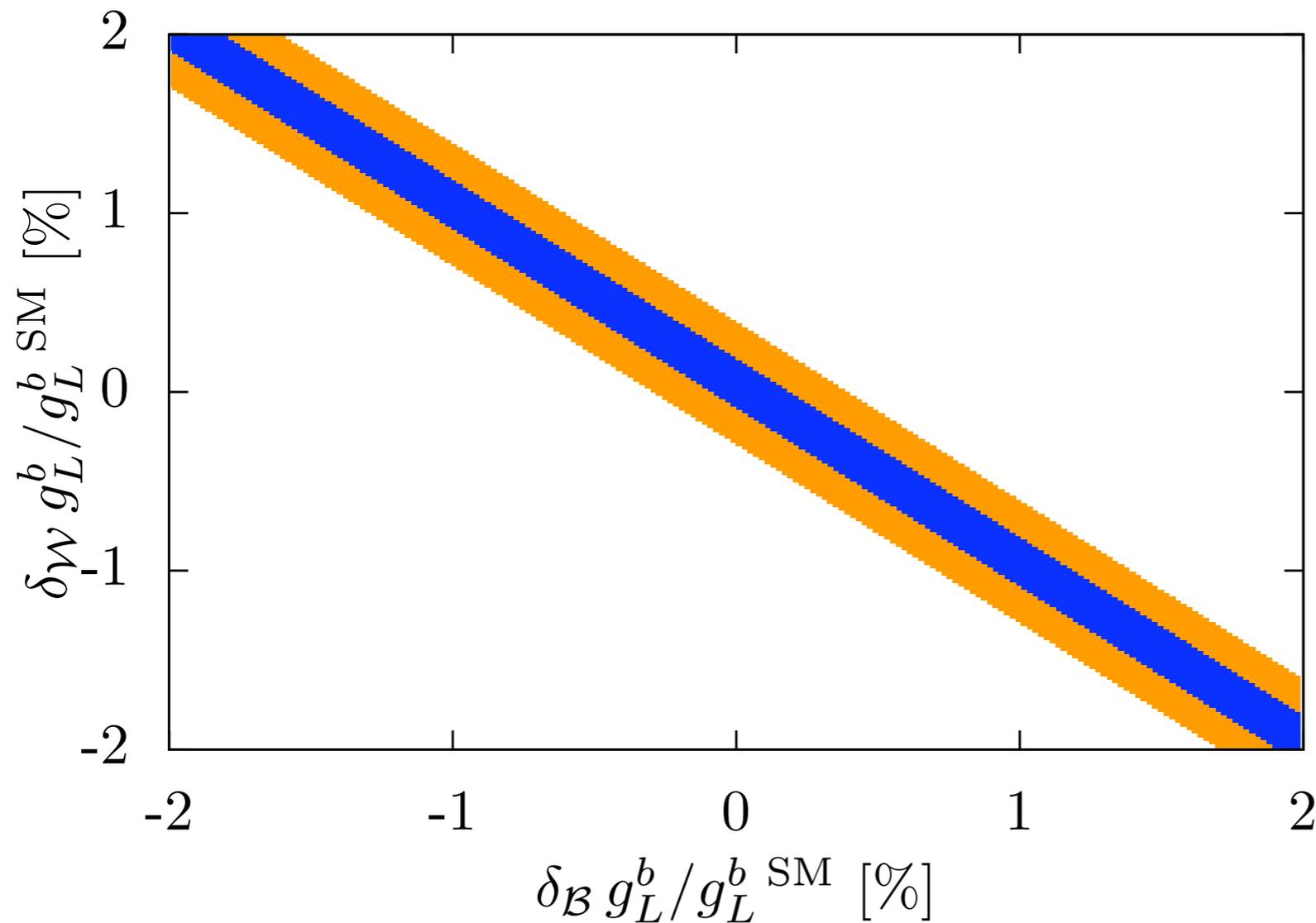
Solving the A_{FB}^b anomaly with Extra Vectors

Including B_1 helps in retaining perturbative couplings



“Custodial” protection of $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Cancel singlet against triplet contributions:



No cancellation for
 $Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
simultaneously

Conclusions

New particles can be classified into **irreps** of SM *full* gauge symmetry

With mild assumptions, explicit **general** Lagrangians can be written

Direct contact with models and with collider physics

Conclusions

Constraints from Precision Electroweak Data

- EWPT place limits on *couplings/masses*
Different dependence at hadron colliders !
- Mixings of extra leptons and SM leptons constrained enough to make difficult to observe heavy neutrino singlets at LHC
- Leptonic couplings of new vectors small (LEP 2), or large masses
- Hadronic couplings can be large
- Cancellations of the effects of different new particles can open new regions in parameter space
- Correlations with the Higgs mass value

Conclusions

LHC searches

Drell-Yan dilepton resonance $V \rightarrow \ell\ell$ (neutral vectors)

- Only for \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{W}
- Requires large enough couplings
- EWPT + Tevatron \rightarrow Little space for discovery at 7 TeV and 1 fb^{-1} (better at 14 TeV and 30 fb^{-1})

$V \rightarrow \ell\nu$ (charged vectors)

- Only for \mathcal{W} (or \mathcal{B}^1 if light RH neutrinos)
- Similar considerations but larger backgrounds

$V \rightarrow jj, V \rightarrow tt, V \rightarrow tb, \dots$

- Main signals for **leptophobic vector bosons**
- Less stringent mass limits